Opinion

A plea for information about a UNC student's death

am writing to ask for help from my fellow Tar Heels. This is a last resort to get some answers to questions that haunt me daily, questions which can only be answered by UNC-CH students.

On March 26, 1988, I lost what I loved most in this world — David Mantey. The only thing I know about his death is that it was due to injuries sustained from a fall from Granville Towers West. (I do not even know from which floor or which window he fell.) David was a wonderfully inquisitive person who told me several times that sometimes his curiosity drove him crazy because there was so much that he wanted to learn, but so little time to learn it. I was told after his death that David had become curious about the effects of hallucinogenic drugs. In particular, he was interested in hallucinogenic mushrooms, so he thoroughly researched them. Believing that he knew every possible effect to expect, David supposedly ate "shrooms" the night of March 26. Just before his death, which occurred

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approximately four hours after ingestion, David supposedly began to act unusually. He then ran out of a door on the ninth floor of Granville West. never to be seen alive again.

To fill in a little background information, the night of David's death there was a terrible thunderstorm with terrific lightning and there were parties, as usual, in Granville West. David was wearing socks but no shoes. The lounge windows on every floor of Granville West were open. (David's body was found in front of lounge windows.) No one reported to the police that they had seen David after he ran out of a friend's room that night.

I have a real problem believing that no one saw anything. I have been to Granville on weekends when there were parties and I know people are everywhere. I know it is possible that results only when the drug is present

no one saw David just before his death, but I do not believe that it is probable. This raises many questions in my mind about exactly what went on the night of March 26. I want to address some of these questions. Not only do I have to deal with the pain of losing David, I have also had to listen to campus rumors of students seeing "the whole thing" and to read poor, tasteless journalism about his death. As David's family, friends and I were hounded by the press, we were sickened at the dramatic sentimentality with which some journalists reported their stories. The last straw seemed to be when the results of the last drug test were finalized. The test was for psilocybin, the hallucinogenic ingredient of "shrooms." The results were negative for alcohol and several drugs, including psilocybin. When the results of the psilocybin test were reported by the press, however, most of the journalists failed to explain what the negative results meant. According to the medical examiner, the test for psilocybin shows positive

psilocybin results and still have enough in the bloodstream to affect behavior. It was reported that David's behavior was unusual when he was last seen. Therefore, the drugs could have been directly or indirectly responsible for his death.

I would like to review some possibilities of the circumstances surrounding the fall. The thunder and lightning may have been part of a hallucination that enticed David to go out the window. He may have been sitting in the window or leaning out of the window and his shoeless feet may have slipped out from under him, possibly due to drug-impaired perception. Another possibility is that someone pushed him out of the window, either accidentally or intentionally. How many times have we all seen someone leaning out of a window and another person walk up behind him and pretend to push him out?

A final possibility is suicide, but I will never believe that because

in extremely high concentrations. It David had too much going for him. is very possible to have negative He was about to graduate Phi Beta Kappa with a bachelor of science in mathematics and was to attend Bowman Gray School of Medicine at Wake Forest University on a full scholarship this fall. There he wanted to pursue radiology so that he could combine his love for computers with his desire to help others. His relationships with me, his family and friends were all great. I saw David the day of his death and he was very happy and looking forward to graduation.

Now that I have presented some of the questions I must live with daily, I am begging each of you to think about losing the one you love most in this way. Think about knowing that all of your beautiful dreams of a future together can never come true. Think about not being able to hear that loved one's voice, see his smile, or hold his hand ever again no matter how much you want or need to. Now, if you can imagine all of this, imagine that you don't even know how you lost that person. What would you do if you thought there was a possibility

that someone knew more than you did about the circumstances surrounding that death? You would probably do what I am doing, and appeal to the hearts of others.

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I know that it is only human not to want to get involved. I also know that if there were others involved in David's death it would be natural not to come forward but to cover up in an effort to stay out of trouble. But who could honestly live with his conscience? All that David's family, friends and I want is the truth. If someone else was involved, we are not after an indictment. We just want a little peace of mind. Please put yourself in my place. If you have any information, please contact me at the following address: Jackie Moore, 209 Brandon Avenue, Tarboro, N.C., 27886. Or contact my brother, Mark Moore, at 545 Hinton James on the UNC campus. I will appreciate this more than you will ever know.

Jackie Moore is a 1988 graduate of UNC with a bachelor of science

hose walking innocently by the South Building on Wednesday had to have been awed by the majesty of the event. There in the cool mid-day sun stood an impressive array of students, professors, officials and other notables, many decked out in their finest regalia and wearing their proudest smiles.

Banners adorned the lampposts, and toward the rear of the seating arrangement catering tents had been erected to facilitate the distribution of lunch. The brochures outlining the program were very stylish indeed; the seat cushions imprinted with the University logo a delicate touch. I heard they were begging students to take entire boxes of leftover pastries from Memorial Hall. No doubt the University Day festivities were deemed a great success by almost everyone concerned. A new chancellor was installed, and he delivered the almost obligatory assurance of progress and change. Several outstanding citizens were awarded honorary titles. The original UNC charter was brought from Raleigh for display. Oh, and the food was very, very good.

Bradley Levinson Guest Writer

But there was a darker side to the University Day festivities, a side tainted by the absence of those students struggling to gain access to the University. Chancellor Paul Hardin announced that under his leadership no student will be denied entrance to the University for economic reasons. However, the very pomposity of the University Day spectacle underscored a sad irony: every year some students must forego their education because they are unable to pay off "debts" from the previous semester. Let me give you an example: A friend of mine was unable to receive financial assistance last year. Not wanting to interrupt his studies, he enrolled and completed his coursework while working full-time nights, weekends and some weekdays. What he earned, however, was only enough to support himself and pay for books. He could not cover tuition and fees.

This year he did receive financial aid. But when he went to the office to claim his check, he was told that it would not be available until he had paid the tuition and fees from the previous semester. Thus, not only was he unable to use the check to pay for the previous semester, he couldn't use it for the present semester, either.

Ultimately, there is no excuse for a national or state education policy

University Day wasn't for everyone We must utilize resources at the University in a more equitable manner.

> Many other universities with far smaller budgets provide such a service.



which drains valuable funds from the assistance of economically disadvantaged students. Indeed, if my friend had received the assistance he so deserved in the first place, he wouldn't be forced to postpone his education indefinitely.

Until we elect sympathetic administrations, however, we must utilize resources right here at the University in a more just and equitable manner. If the University is truly committed to free and equal access for qualified students, it will take some steps to remedy this situation. There is no reason that students with legitimate economic hardship cannot be provided with interest-free loans for a term of at least six months or a year.

Some of us were fortunate to be here Wednesday to partake of the University Day festivities. Others were off working to save enough money for the coming semester. I suggest that the University's rhetoric would have a far greater force of sincerity if it channelled half the funds it spends on University Day each year into a special assistance account. Perhaps then the glory of University Day would not be tainted in the way it presently is.

Bradley Levinson is a graduate anthropology student from Van Nuys, Calif.

specific goals in mind to end the punishing of groups for individual wrongs.

Starnes only gives one example of a case where an administration punished a group for the wrongs of its members; in that case the members were breaking the law by selling cocaine on the fratenity house property in Alabama. He is blowing the administration's position out of proportion by claiming they were "getting the word to thousands of campus groups." Administrators aren't out to get anybody. They only want to make sure the groups associated with the University are obeying the law and respecting the rights of others. Who ale and the

Starnes falsely assumes that the reason officials would suspend an organization is because they believe the organization causes the behavior of its individuals. The real reason is not that groups cause the individuals to do wrong, but that they either condone or don't concern themselves with such wrongs. A threat to the group makes it more likely to be responsible for its members.

Furthermore, the example of the two fraternity brothers at UNC who were accused but not convicted of rape does not show any official university involvement. The problem there was with students bringing down the fraternity, and isn't this to be expected? This happens all the time - people are judged by the company they keep. Fraternities choose the people they want to represent them; maybe they should choose a little more carefully. In any case, Starnes also says that "organ-izational responsibility . . . could easily be abused because no clear limits exist; it works strictly by precedent and inclination." What does he want the administration to do, punish the entire group only if the crime is drugs or rape? What standards does he wish to set and who should decide on them? If precedence works for our national court system, why can't it work in this situation?

Lastly, Starnes says that "standards of behavior already exist in our society - for individuals." We all have standards of behavior; it's just that not everyone abides by them, and this means society must pay as a whole. Groups have standards of behavior, too. Athletes have a code of play, and Christians have different standards from non-Christians. A movie star who is a homosexual is more likely to be accepted than a priest who is a homosexual because the groups they belong to have different standards. It's a shame all the individuals don't live up to the standards of the groups they are a part of because it has to hurt the group as a whole to get changes made.

The editorial concludes that "colleges should refrain from punishing the hand for its fingers," but maybe if the fingers did what they were supposed to do and respected the hand, the hand wouldn't have any worries; it would just be happy.

Stephanie Smith is a freshman business administration major from Greensboro.

Put warning labels on alcoholic beverages

am writing in response to the editorial, "Boos for labeling booze," (Sept. 30). In the editorial, Sandy Dimsdale argues against legislation to place warning labels on alcoholic beverage containers. Dimsdale feels the Senate commerce committee is "missing the mark" by unanimously accepting this new proposal. In actuality, she is the one missing the mark. Not only does she have no proven authority on the subject, her unaccommodating tone allows no contradictions to her views.

Dimsdale boldly states that even "the most uninformed person in the nation" knows the dangers of drinking and driving. However, how can she accurately make this statement when it is possible that there are people who are presently unaware of the risks? For instance, how can a

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the rest of civilization possibly realize the dangers? This question may seem exaggerated but all extremes must be taken into consideration. Uninformed people run the risk of never fully realizing the dangers of drinking unless they are printed plainly and clearly.

Cigarettes are a good example of how labels can increase awareness of a product's dangers. The labels catch the attention of many buyers. Some smokers used to be unaware of the risks, but now they are informed each time they buy a pack of cigarettes. The labeling may not stop the person mountaineer who is separated from from smoking but it just may help.

The same idea applies to drinking. Even though the labeling may go unnoticed by some, it could stop one person from putting his key into the ignition and driving while under the influence. The one person whose life is saved constitutes the reason for this new proposal. Since labeling is only one more step in educating the people, I see no reason not to put the proposal into action.

The tone of the editorial also detracts from the effectiveness of the argument. Dimsdale stereotypes all types of people in a condescending manner. From "the woman who reads nothing but Glamour or Cosmo" to "the most uninformed person in the nation," she neglects the idea that any walk of life may not realize the dangers of alcohol. If she had been considerate to the individuals who are not aware, her argument

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would have been more appreciated by the unknowledgeable.

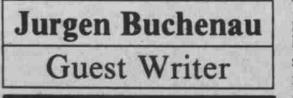
Sandy Dimsdale had a chance to present a convincing editorial, but as it is written it convinces no one. Her unaccommodating tone and inaccurate evidence leaves the reader with no other position but to argue against her editorial.

Catherine Nelson is a freshman undecided major from Jacksonville,

Campus Watch ignores proper channels for defunding CGLA

Editor's note: The author is speaker pro tem of Student Congress.

ampus Watch is a conservative lobbying organization headed by Edward Cottingham, a UNC alumnus. This new group recently approached the North Carolina legislature in an effort to stop Student Congress funding of the Carolina Gay and Lesbian Association from above. As a Student Congress Finance Committee member who sat through more than 50 hours of budget deliberations last year, I would like to say a few words to Campus Watch sympathizers. Conservatives, moderates and liberals alike should stand up and defend our University against Campus Watch's allegations. This group not only threatens student selfgovernment at UNC, but it is woefully ignorant of the avenues open to monitoring and challenging congressional decisions without interference from outside the UNC campus. Its public statements are an insult to the intelligence and integrity of the elected representatives who form Student Congress. If Cottingham and his friends had their way, student activities fees would no longer be available to student congress for allocation. Instead, UNC student issues would be inserted into the statewide political scene. Student representatives would no longer decide whether a few cents of your money (not that of the North Carolina taxpayer) would be appropriated to the CGLA. The buck would stop in Raleigh, not the Student

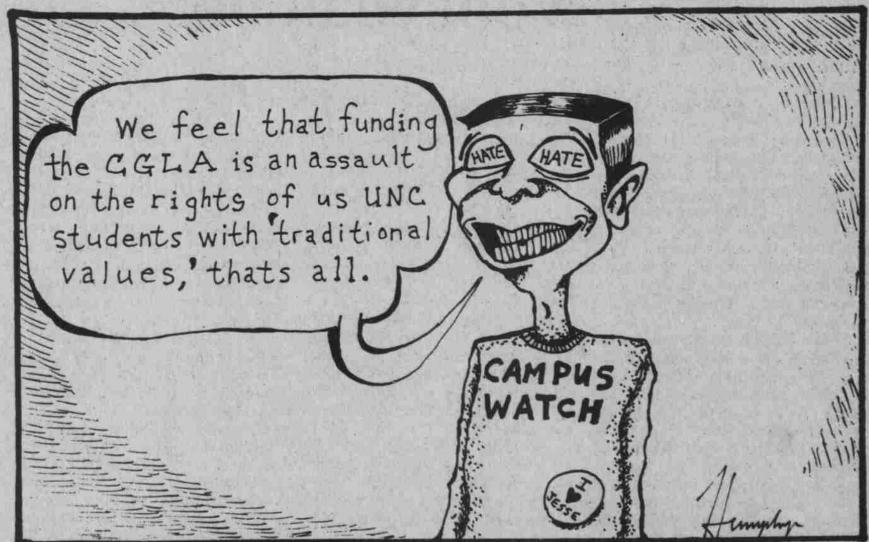


Union. This is the first point I want to make against Campus Watch: stay and social lives than with activism. out of our affairs.

You say we are financing a political organization in violation of Title V of the Student Code? Take your case to the Student Supreme Court. That body is the impartial arbiter in the

There is no such thing as a rise in radicalism on the UNC campus. We have a protest here and there, and some of our campus activists are radicals, but on the whole, students at this University are far more concerned with grades, basketball I would even hazard that we could be much more aware and much more active. The existence of Campus Watch is a good example of the

misconceptions about UNC. Cottingham's statement that the 19 CGLA case, as well as in any other Congress members who voted in



grievances with the legislative branch favor of CGLA funding last year of Student Government. Or, even bowed to intense political pressure better, come to our meetings, get informed and listen to our debates. only reveal ignorance; it is also a But don't come in and say we are blatant insult to people who had very guilty of unconstitutional behavior different reasons to vote in favor of without having taken your complaint funding. I voted for CGLA funding to the appropriate people.

in Campus Watch know full well that Student Congress acted in complete money for AIDS education, for their compliance with our Treasury Laws, for none of our members who were opposed to CGLA funding filed such a complaint with the judicial branch of Student Government. Second point: inform yourselves and get students, not outsiders, to take re-election in February, so I think I appropriate action.

It is obvious that Campus Watch the budget process came around. is a community-based group rather than a student organization. Cottingham's comments and the declared purpose of the group - to oppose "campus radicalism" - reveal the blatant ignorance of campus affairs prevalent in much of North Carolina.

from gay-rights activists does not because the group's use of student fees The truth is that informed people was in compliance with the Treasury Laws. The CGLA is using their newsletter Lambda and for activities promoting the inalienable human rights that homosexuals possess as much as "straight people." Also, I stated my intention to vote for CGLA funding very clearly when I ran for had a mandate for my decision once Other congress members brought forward different arguments for funding, such as the need to sponsor minority groups and the fact that the CGLA does more than any other group for awareness about venereal diseases. In any case, none of us acted

in response to liberal pressure groups Congress does not represent your budget process.

My final point: trust democracy at UNC. If you think the Student

at UNC. There was no pressure on interests, act within our system. There us to vote for CGLA funding during are congressional elections every year, the budget process, and we made our and all students at this University will decisions based on our varying have an opportunity to make their interpretations of the Student Code voices heard next February. If you and its application towards the think we are funding any group in violation of our student laws, there are a lot of things you can do besides turning to the North Carolina legislature.

Whatever your opinions and emotions about CGLA funding - let students decide where our money goes.

Jurgen Buchenau is a graduate student in history from Cologne, West Germany.