

World and Nation

Soviets urged to cease arms flow

From Associated Press reports

WASHINGTON — The Bush administration on Thursday stepped up its appeal to the Soviet Union to change course in Central America, urging the Soviets to take steps to further peace in Nicaragua and halt the flow of arms to the region.

In remarks by Secretary of State James Baker and by spokesmen at the White House and State Department, the administration signaled that the upcoming visit to Cuba by Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev would be a good opportunity for the Soviets to indicate a new direction.

"We are looking for signs of new thinking," Baker said in a speech in Atlanta. "The Soviet Union now has an opportunity to demonstrate it in Central America."

White House press secretary Marlin Fitzwater said Gorbachev has

been made aware "in the past and recently" of President Bush's thinking that the Soviets should stop shipping arms to the region, or use their influence to push Nicaragua's ruling Sandinistas to abide by regional peace accords and make democratic reforms.

Fitzwater, when asked what the United States might be willing to do for the Soviets in return, told reporters the administration sees Soviet performance in the region as "interrelated" with other aspects of U.S.-Soviet relations.

While stating he could not discuss specific diplomatic overtures, Fitzwater said, "The president has made his views known to Secretary General Gorbachev on this issue. We would like to see the Soviet Union . . . use its influence in Nicaragua to bring

about a peaceful settlement of the situation."

"We would like to see the Soviet Union withdraw their resources and support in Nicaragua," he said. "And we would like to see Secretary Gorbachev take an active role in furthering both of those objectives."

Baker, speaking to a conference in Atlanta hosted by former presidents Jimmy Carter and Gerald R. Ford, said of Central America: "We must send a clear message to others outside this hemisphere: this is not a dumping ground for their arms or their failed ideology."

And, at the State Department, spokeswoman Margaret Tutwiler said the Soviet Union and Cuba, "through their continued aid and support of violence and subversion in the region have been undermining the prospects for peaceful resolution

of the Nicaraguan war.

Fitzwater said Baker had discussed that position recently with Soviet Foreign Minister Eduard Shevardnadze.

Bush on different occasions has voiced his feeling that the Soviet Union has less of an interest in the region than does the United States.

The Central American peace efforts are expected to be central to separate meetings Bush will hold next week with El Salvador's incoming president, Alfredo Cristiani, and with Costa Rican President Oscar Arias, who has been a leader in pushing regional peace solutions in Central America. Bush also is expected to discuss the issue on Saturday when he meets with Venezuela's President Carlos Andres Perez to talk about the Latin debt crisis.

Captain of Exxon oil tanker found to have been drunk

From Associated Press reports

VALDEZ, Alaska — The captain of a supertanker was drunk when the ship veered off course and ran into a reef, causing the worst spill in the nation's history, federal investigators said Thursday.

Exxon Valdez skipper Joseph Hazelwood had a blood-alcohol reading of .061 when measured nine hours after the ship rammed Blight Reef, said William Woody, head of a four-man National Transportation Safety Board team investigating the spill. Hazelwood's urine sample reading was .09.

The Coast Guard limit for operating a commercial vessel at sea is .04, Woody said.

Hazelwood was not on the bridge when the tanker ran aground March 24. Third mate Gregory Cousins, who the Coast Guard says lacked proper certification, was giving the orders.

Threat preceded Moslem death

BRUSSELS, Belgium — The Moslem cleric slain in his Brussels office had been threatened with death for opposing Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini's order that author Salman Rushdie be killed as a blasphemer, officials said Thursday.

Vice Premier Willy Claes said Abdullah Ahdal, who was killed Wednesday, received a telephone threat March 24 because of his disagreement with Khomeini's death sentence on the Indian-born British novelist for writing "The Satanic Verses."

Rushdie has been in hiding in Britain since Khomeini issued the

News in Brief

proclamation Feb. 14.

Claes said "the Islamic world is deeply divided" by Khomeini's execution order, which Iranian clerics accompanied with a reward of \$5.2 million, and the threat "clearly referred to the moderate viewpoints" Ahdal had expressed.

Prisoners' revolt ended

SANTA CATARINA PINULA, Guatemala — Rebellious inmates Thursday ended a five-day uprising that left at least seven people dead and subjected hundreds of women and children trapped inside the prison to hunger, cold and fear.

The government signed an accord with the mutinous inmates that calls for replacing Pavon prison's authorities and entire guard corps and guaranteeing "the absolute physical integrity" of the rebels.

At least four guards and three inmates were killed in the uprising at the country's largest prison, 15 miles east of Guatemala City. The rebels had demanded guaranteed pardons for crimes committed during the revolt, but the government said only Congress can pardon crimes.

Interior Minister Roberto Valle Valdez, the government's special attorney general for human rights, and three representatives of an estimated 100 rebel inmates signed the accord a day after authorities cut off food, water and electricity to the overcrowded prison.

Federal takeover tally rises for ailing S&Ls

From Associated Press reports

WASHINGTON — Federal regulators took over nine more savings and loan associations in six states on Thursday, bringing the total under government control to 175 in 28 states.

The institutions in Alabama, Georgia, North Carolina, Ohio, Virginia and Wisconsin had assets totaling \$3.5 billion at the end of 1988. The largest of the nine, Broadview Savings Bank of Cleveland, had \$1.8 billion in assets.

Meanwhile, the Bush administration moved to meet congressional worries about the government's sale of billions of dollars in real estate repossessed from failed associations.

In a section-by-section analysis of amendments to President Bush's savings and loan plan, the Treasury

Department said the agency that would be created to handle failed institutions will "consider the effect of transactions on property values in local real estate markets and on local banking markets."

Legislators from states such as Texas and Colorado, where much of the repossessed real estate is located, are looking for a guarantee that the government won't sell off the real estate too quickly.

The administration, seeking to preserve as much flexibility as possible, is hoping a general statement of intent regarding the real estate will head off more detailed amendments to its bill.

The Federal Deposit Insurance Corp., which regulates commercial banks, is going into the sickest associations with the goal of minim-

izing losses until Congress appropriates the money to shut them down or sell them to new owners.

It began the takeover program Feb. 7 and plans to assume control of 57 more associations within the next few weeks.

In another development, consumer activist Ralph Nader said Thursday he will launch a grass roots effort to persuade Congress to force corporations and the wealthy, rather than small depositors and individual taxpayers, to pay for the savings and loan rescue.

Hoping to repeat his recent success at stopping the congressional pay raise, Nader is asking consumer groups around the country to demand that members of Congress representing their areas sign pledges promising not to burden taxpayers

and depositors.

The nine institutions involved in Thursday's action by the FDIC were: Alabama: City Federal Savings and Loan Association, Birmingham; and Baldwin County Federal Savings Bank, Robertsdale.

Georgia: Cartersville Federal Savings Bank of Georgia.

North Carolina: Great Atlantic Savings Bank, Manteo; and Heritage Federal Savings and Loan Association, Monroe.

Ohio: Midland-Buckeye Federal Savings and Loan Association, Alliance; and Broadview Savings Bank, Cleveland.

Virginia: Community Federal Savings and Loan Association, Newport News.

Wisconsin: Durand Federal Savings and Loan Association, Durand.

Protest

"They have no damn business on this campus, whatsoever."

Segal said the CIA's actions directly violate the U.S. Constitution. "Our Constitution says the government must rule with the consent of the governed. They (CIA) destabilize countries and overthrow governments."

"They do it without asking everybody here. That ain't cool. If we don't defend the Constitution we might as well shred it up and throw it away."

The CIA not only violates international law, but U.S. law as well, said CIAAC member Graham Entwistle. "They play around a lot with drugs. They've done experiments with LSD to see if it could be used for mind control."

Entwistle said the CIA was guilty

of wiretapping, theft, burglary and break-ins. "They are not a lawful organization. The only thing they know about law is how to get around it, yet we still allow them on this campus and let them use our buildings, time and people. This is nasty. This is sick. This has got to stop."

Members said they did not oppose students interviewing with the CIA, as long as interviews are not conducted on the University campus. "If students want to interview with the CIA, they can go to Pennsylvania Avenue, or whatever hole they're in," Segal said.

Entwistle said the average student was adequately informed to decide whether the CIA should be permitted to recruit on the UNC campus. "The average student has enough informa-

tion in his head to know the CIA is nasty business. They know they (CIA employees) are not Boy Scouts."

Most students want to stay distanced from the CIA issue, Entwistle said. "Even if the students knew, there is an incredible amount of inertia on this campus. They (students) would say 'I don't want to know about it. Give me a beer.'"

The protesters marched to the law school, stood with their faces against a wall and recited a series of wrongs they believe the CIA has committed.

Link, acting law school dean, met with the protesters in a hall of the school and discussed their reasons for demonstrating against the interviews. "I appreciate your point," he said.

"We'd defend your right to have that point of view."

Recruits from the law school will do basic legal work for the CIA, Link said. "An organization, whether it's broken the law or not, has a right to assistance of counsel."

If the problems exist with the CIA, then the oversight is in Congress funding the organization, Link said.

He also said the protesters were assuming that all the students who signed up to interview with the CIA agreed with all of the CIA's actions.

Members asked Link if he would write a letter to Chancellor Paul Hardin urging him to hold a debate on campus between representatives from the CIA and CIAAC, and Link said he would consider such an action.

Debate

from page 1

statements by explaining that she did not support the Holocaust, and that many Jewish groups supported the right to choose abortion.

She asked whose responsibility it was to decide when life begins. "Rights don't begin at conception," she said. "The government should not make the decision when there is only one solution."

But Schlafly continued her defense by saying, "The government did not force you to get pregnant." The unborn baby is a human life, not just a part of the woman, she said.

Schlafly said she did support the death penalty because the person receiving the punishment had been tried by a jury, but an unborn baby is not on trial. "Killing the unborn life in a woman is not a liberation, but a form of killing."

A member of the audience asked the debaters if contraceptive education was a solution to the large number of abortions. Schlafly responded to the question by stating her approval of contraceptive use, but

she criticized education of young children on contraceptive use, in public schools, claiming that sex education imposes others' views on impressionable young people.

Weddington said the responsibility was to prevent pregnancies, rather than prohibit the option of having a choice.

Another audience member asked why a law should restrict abortion if women do not receive equal rights in the Constitution. Weddington said the Constitution said nothing about abortion because the issue was not one that was addressed when it was written.

Schlafly, an expert on constitutional issues, said, "Women have all the freedoms men do in the Constitution, and have since the beginning."

The final question proposed "births on demand," a hypothetical situation in which all men have vasectomies and women can request a sperm implant if they wish to become pregnant.

Schlafly responded by saying that rather than handling the problem of abortion in that manner, women should understand the risks involved in sexual relationships, and compared the risks to that in the movie "Fatal Attraction," in which the lead characters become sexually involved for a weekend and the woman becomes pregnant, much to the man's distress.

Weddington responded, "I really don't think 'Fatal Attraction' is the normal relationship. I don't understand why some people put so much energy into prolonging the pregnancy instead of working on quality of life here."

For 25 years, our people have endured long hours and tough working conditions for virtually no pay.

And 9 out of 10 would do it again.

Peace Corps offers you the opportunity to completely immerse yourself in a totally different culture while helping to make an important difference in other people's lives.

And . . . educational institutions, international firms and government agencies value Peace Corps experience.

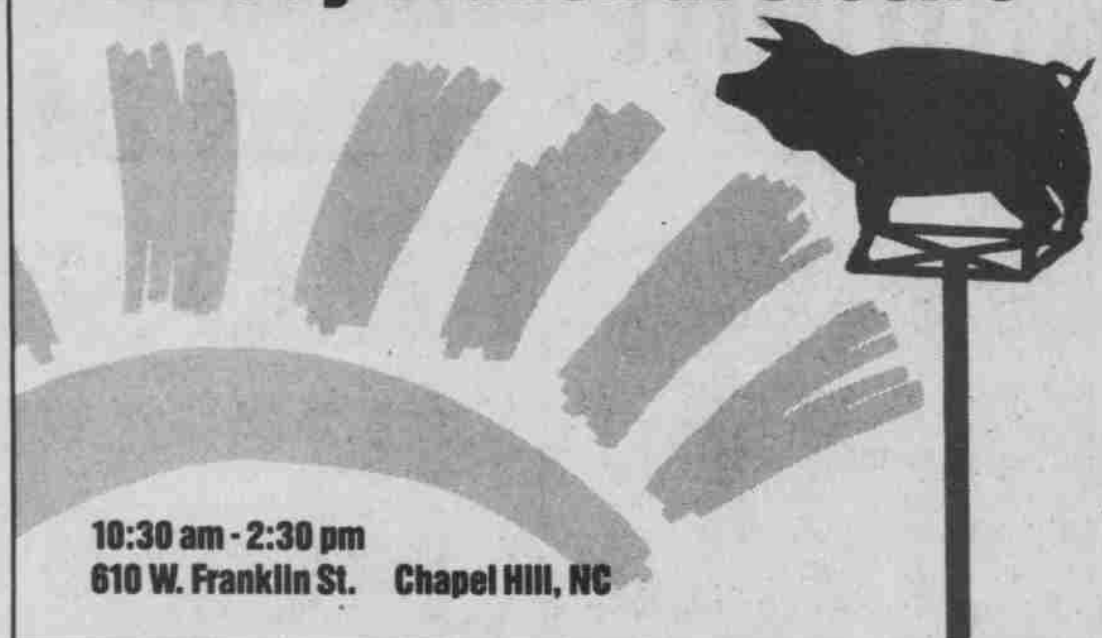
Sign up for an interview with a Peace Corps recruiter at the the Student Union in the Frank Porter Graham Room for interviews to be held April 4-6 from 8:30am until 4:30pm. If you have any questions, a recruiter will be at the The Pit from 8:30am until 4:30pm on April 4-6.

Come see a FILM about Peace Corps; April 4th and 5th starting at 7pm in the Hanes Hall.

Peace Corps.

Still the toughest job you'll ever love.

Sunday Brunch at Crook's



10:30 am - 2:30 pm
610 W. Franklin St. Chapel Hill, NC

Get Your Thesis Done In A Day.

- High quality copies
- Choice of bindings
- Guaranteed deadlines
- Open 24 hours
- 7 days a week

COPYTRON
It's on time. Or it's on us.

105 N. Columbia St.
933-2679

The Yackety Yack Offers You A Night To Remember.

Win a free dinner for two at the Pyewacket Restaurant or Colonel Chutney's Restaurant *plus*

Free tickets for two to the ArtsCenter.

(A \$45 Value!)

Order a 1989 Yackety Yack this week!



1989 Yackety Yack
Sights and Insights

SUBSCRIPTION FORM

Name _____

Permanent Address _____

City _____ State _____ Zip _____

☐ cash ☐ check ☐ money order

Fall 1989 Returning Students \$25.00 ☐

Non-Returning, Graduating \$28.00 ☐

Out-of-Town Subscribers (shipping)

Send check or money order (payable 1989 Yackety Yack) to

1989 YACKETY YACK,
Box 50, Carolina Union, Chapel Hill, NC 27514

Salesperson _____ Date _____

You must pick up your Yackety Yack within 4 weeks of the book's delivery to campus. The 1989 Yackety Yack is delivered during the 1989 fall semester and its delivery will be advertised on campus.

No Purchase Necessary to Enter

ΠΚΦ

Hawaiian Tropic

13th ANNUAL

BURNOUT

Friday, March 31
1:00 p.m.

BANDS

The Pursuit Of Happiness

AND

waxing poetics

Hawaiian Tropic Bikini Contest
Chick-fil-A Refreshment Stand

Bus Shuttle begins at 12:30

Bus Stops at Planetarium, Big Frat Court, Union, Morrison.
UNC ID required.

A recycling event sponsored by Keep N.C. Clean & Beautiful and Carolina Glass Recyclers; coordinated by UNC Recycling Program.