

600 LIVES LOST IN TERRIFIC HURRICANE

Storm Raging for Last Two or Three Days Along Cuban and South Florida Coast.

LOSS OF LIFE MAY REACH 1,000

A Number of Fishing Vessels and Trading Ships Believed to Have Been Lost in Terrific Storm Which is Now Central On Carolina Coast.

NEW YORK, Oct. 20.—Six hundred lives lost and property loss approximately \$4,000,000 is a conservative estimate of the damage to Cuba and Southern Florida by the hurricane tidal wave Wednesday night and on Thursday. The number of deaths may even reach a thousand.

Centered Off Carolina Coast.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20.—The storm is still centered off the Carolina coast. It now appears it will deflect southward. The situation on the Carolina coast is greatly unsettled. The storm warnings are still displayed at the Atlantic seacoast ports.

Damage at Havana.

HAVANA, Oct. 20.—Contradicting reports continue to arrive at the offices of the Havana newspapers as to the extent of damage wrought there by the cyclone. According to most reliable reports in Havana will be between thirty and forty, while the total casualties on the island will exceed a hundred dead and five hundred injured. All estimates of property losses are mere guesses so far but the damage to shipping and buildings in Havana alone is believed to be upwards of \$3,000,000.

Damage in Southern Florida.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Oct. 20.—Five hundred lives lost and property damage of upwards of a million dollars are estimates of the cyclone devastation given here today. The most appalling disaster so far reported was that at Ellipsis Key, a little coral island twenty-five miles south of Miami, where it is reported three hundred were lost. It is believed other keys may have been swept by the tidal wave and the inhabitants lost. Dozens of gangs of laborers and employes of Flagler railway interests constructing extension of Florida East Coast Railway were housed on the stem of these islands.

Fishing Vessels Lost.

ST. AUGUSTINE, Fla., Oct. 20.—It is reported that practically the entire fishing fleet of the Florida Fish and Produce Company, was lost. Many of the boats were at sea when the gale struck them and not since have they been heard from. It is possible that some of the boats may have weathered the gale but it is not probable. Much wreckage from the boats has been picked up. If the fleet has been lost it means an addition of several scores to the list of dead.

Landed at Key West.

KEY WEST, Oct. 20.—About forty-nine workmen engaged on the East Coast extension work were landed here by a steamer which picked them up near Bahama coast. An engineer in the party said nine barges containing a hundred men are not heard from and it is believed all were lost in the great hurricane.

Steamer Capsizes.

HAVANA, Oct. 20.—The steamer Elmira, engaged in coasting trade, was caught outside the harbor by the hurricane and capsized. Five are reported drowned. Scores of vessels in coast trade have not been heard from. Grave fears are entertained that many instances they foundered and the crews were lost.

Report From General Bell.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20.—The war department this morning received four dispatches from General Bell, commanding the army of Cuban pacification at Havana, regarding effects of the recent storm. He says light shipping in the harbor was considerably damaged, twenty-five lighters having sunk at the wharf. The ship Caban, which arrived at Havana this morning, came into port in a very sorry plight.

—In the mayor's court Friday afternoon, two young white boys were sent to jail in default of bonds of \$50 each for carrying concealed weapons. They were Tom Smith and Henry Jordan. A report was sent to the police station that they were shooting their guns promiscuously out in the suburbs, and later they were found in a saloon and searched and the weapons found.

John F. Reynolds Resigns; H. E. Nissen His Successor

From Saturday's Daily.
Mr. John F. Reynolds has tendered his resignation as stamp clerk of the Winston-Salem office and the same has been accepted by Collector Geo. H. Brown, of Asheville, who arrived here this afternoon to transfer the office to Mr. Harry E. Nissen, who has been appointed stamp clerk to succeed Mr. Reynolds.

When seen by a reporter this afternoon Collector Brown was busy in the office taking a list of the stamps in stock preparatory to making the transfer.

Collector Brown stated that a successor to Mr. Nissen as assistant

FAIR OPENS ON APRIL 26 NEXT

President Roosevelt To Open Jamestown Exposition at That Time.

This Announcement Was Made Officially from the White House Saturday.—Arrangements for the Big Event Are Being Made On An Elaborate Scale.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20.—It was officially announced at the White House today that President Roosevelt will open the Jamestown exposition with a speech on April 26th next.

Elaborate preparations are being made for the big exposition which promises to be one of the greatest events of its kind ever held. The work of preparation is progressing rapidly.

POLICE RAID REBEL JUNTA AT EL PASO

EL PASO, Texas, Oct. 20.—A raid was made upon local junta of alleged Mexican revolutionists by policemen last night, and Pedro Gonzales was taken into custody. Simultaneously with raid on American side of the line the police of Juarez raided several places of that city where revolutionists were thought to meet. Fifteen men were arrested. It is asserted that documents were secured at El Paso showing connection of local organization with those of St. Louis, Douglas, Del Rio, Laredo and Eagle Pass.

ACCUSED OF ROBBING A CIRCUS MAN IN OHIO

A special from Cincinnati, Ohio, to the Charlotte Observer, says:

Andrew Bodenhamer, aged 19, claiming as his home Kernersville, N. C., was arrested in company with John O'Meara, also 19, on suspicion of having sand-bagged and robbed William Dutton, a veteran bare-back rider and circus man, Thursday night. Two blood-spattered coats, identified as the property of the young men, is the evidence with which the police hope to fix the crime upon them. Dutton made the rounds of the saloons with Bodenhamer and O'Hearn who, owing to the fact that he always had money and was never known to work, was under police surveillance. On a quiet street, it is believed, they beat him into unconsciousness. He will die. Both youths protest innocence, but cannot explain the condition of the coats.

A citizen of Kernersville, who was here Saturday stated that he did not know Andrew Bodenhamer and that if such a party ever resided in or near that town he was not aware of it.

APPEAL TAKEN IN THE SURRY MANDAMUS CASE

Judge Ward heard argument here Friday night in a mandamus case from Surry county, wherein citizens were endeavoring to compel the county commissioners to rebuild a bridge across Stewart creek, near Mt. Airy, to take the place of the one washed away a few months ago. Judge Ward ruled with the commissioners—holding that building of the bridge was optional with the board. An appeal was taken to the supreme court. The plaintiffs were represented by W. F. Carter, of Mt. Airy, while W. L. Reece, of Dobson, appeared for the commissioners.

Sam Jones' Estate.

From the Atlanta News.
Mr. Jones leaves to his family a substantial estate, estimated to be worth several hundred thousand dollars. He was a great believer in life insurance and carried upon his own life policies aggregating about \$50,000. He owned property here, in Atlanta and in Nashville, beside several other places. The larger part of the estate consists of realty, which has advanced much in value during the last few prosperous years. Nothing is known of the will of the deceased, but it is believed that he left one. It is generally believed that the larger share of his estate goes to his wife and to charity. Several benevolent enterprises throughout the state and country were recipients of his constant aid and exalted opinion. It is believed that many of these will share in his bequests.

MANY ARE KILLED

Terrible Cyclone Raging Along The Cuban Coast Does Much Damage.

Nearly One Hundred Persons Killed And Many Injured at Havana.—Big Property Damage.—Storm Now Central On the Carolina Coast.—May Extend as Far North as New England.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—The navy department is not particularly alarmed as to the safety of the American warships lying in Havana harbor and other places in Cuba. The officials say the harbors are well protected and the vessels will be able to ride any kind of storm. As to vessels that may be at sea there is some speculation. There is considerable uneasiness as to what may have happened at Camp Columbia, outside Havana, where a thousand marines are encamped.

The weather bureau received no reports from further south than Jacksonville on the east coast and Tampa, on the west coast of Florida. Dispatches from these places this morning report a severe gale but contain no detailed information of damage done.

The bureau states the storm is now central off Carolina coast and that indications are it will progress with considerable severity close to the coast line as far north as New England. Storm warnings are displayed all along the Atlantic coast.

HAVANA, Oct. 19.—As a result of one of the worst cyclones in the history of this city upwards of a hundred persons are known to be dead and hundreds others injured. The United States cruiser Brooklyn was torn from its mooring in the Havana harbor and is thought to be hard aground. Other ships in the harbor are said to be badly damaged. It is believed there is some loss of life among members of the fleet. Camp Columbia was practically wiped out, the gale leveling every tent. One soldier was fatally hurt and a number injured.

SON OF SIR HENRY IRVING IN N. Y.

NEW YORK, Oct. 20.—The one notable event of the week was the opportunity presented of comparing Henry B. Irving with his distinguished father. He essayed two characters made famous by Sir Henry—Dubose and Lesurques—in "The Lyons Mail." It was an able performance he presented but it seemed to lack at times the lower and more penetrating notes of pathos and the curdling touch of horror tinged with devilish mirth. It was as Lesurques that Mr. Irving showed to the best advantage. The plight in which Lesurques finds himself is terribly tragic and marked by a pathos that would wring the hearts of an audience. All his life he has lived honestly esteemed by all. Suddenly amid his adoring family, he is charged with murder and convicted of the crime. Not all the protests, pleadings and prayers of the man can sway his accusers, the chief of whom is his own father. In this role Mr. Irving seemed to make one forget the comparison. But in the more trying role of Duboc, the captain of the thieves, the real murderer, the double of the innocent but condemned Lesurques, the sense of short coming was apparent. There was little of the effect of the savage and of the thrill of grotesque horror. But in the final scene in which the drunken bravo watches from his garret window the execution of his innocent double, Mr. Irving rises to considerable heights. He gloated and he danced with the glee of anticipation. He was racked by doubt, made desperate by fear and finally gave way to brutish despair. The climax, in which Lesurques appears triumphantly vindicated, he carried off with fine stage effect.

As a curtain raiser to "The Lyons Mail" a one-act drama by Edmund Phelps entitled "King Rene's Daughter" was produced. In it, Miss Dorothy Baird, who in private life is Mrs. Irving, took the part of Iolanthe, the blind daughter to the king, who meets and loves Count Triatram de Vaudemont, to whom she is betrothed. Neither lover knows the other as the party to the prearranged contract. The girl dwells on her ideas of the blessings of sight and there is much tender beauty in the distorted pictures she draws. When the truth comes out that the whole-hearted lover is none other than the count there is much rejoicing. Happily, the court physician restores the maiden's sight and the curtain falls as she is clasped to the breast of the gallant youth.

NEW YORK CENTRAL IS HEAVILY FINED.

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—Fines totaling \$108,000 on each of six counts were today imposed upon the New York Central Railway in the United States district court on charges of granting rebates to the American Sugar Refining Company.

—The Norfolk & Western is handling some very heavy trains on this division these days. From Walnut Cove to this place it requires three large engines to pull some of the coal trains while double-headers are used on the entire line in the freight service.

GRAVES MAKES STRONG SPEECH

Solicitor Addresses Audience Of Goodly Proportions at The Court House.

Discusses National And State Issues In a Thoroughly Convincing Manner.—Exposes Fallacy of "Republican Prosperity" Argument.—Shows That Republican Government In This State Has Never Been For Best Interests of Its People.—Shows That Republican Party Has Not Been The Friend of the Confederate Soldier.

Hon. S. Porter Graves, Democratic candidate for re-election to the solicitorship of eleventh district, made a strong speech to several hundred voters at courthouse Friday night. He was introduced by Mr. W. T. Carter, candidate for the legislature. Mr. Graves devoted much of his speech to a discussion of national issues, the tariff being the main topic. He also discussed State issues, concluding his admirable speech with an earnest appeal to the Democrats to go to work and roll up a big majority in Forsyth county.

Tariff Is Discussed.

After thanking the voters for their confidence in him and pledging them his best efforts in the discharge of the duties of solicitor, Mr. Graves launched into a discussion of national issues. He declared that the Democratic party has always been the party of the masses; that the Democratic party believes in every man having a voice in the government. He declared the present high tariff was robbing the masses of the people today and 'enriching the few. Mr. Graves said in the early days of our country it was necessary to have a protective tariff, as our manufactures were few and had very little capital, but that now these interests had grown to a point where they did not require this protection, and instead of it working to the interests of the country it was doing it harm. He showed that under the present tariff our manufacturers were selling goods cheaper abroad than in this country. He read from a speech delivered in the last Congress by Representative Landis, Republican, of Indiana, to show these articles sold in foreign markets cheaper than in this country were not the rubbish or old-stock of our protected interests. He took the reaper as an example. The machine sells for \$125 to the American farmer, while the same machine is sold to the foreign farmer for \$96. He contended this was not right and said if it could be sold for \$96 on the foreign market it could be sold even cheaper in this country. The reason that it is not done is because the high tariff prevents the foreign manufacturer from placing his machine on the American market. Mr. Graves said the American manufacturer has no right to sell these articles cheaper abroad than at home; that the Republican cry that these articles were the over plus of the mills of this country would not do, that if the American manufacturer would sell his machine for \$96 instead of \$125 more machines could and would be sold in this country.

Taking up the Republican argument that the tariff is responsible for the prosperous condition of the country, Mr. Graves ridiculed it. He said that the Republican party had not given the Almighty credit for anything in ten years; that this country's prosperity was largely due to discovery of silver and gold at Cripple Creek and in Klondike, the output from these regions increasing the money in circulation in this country from \$19 in 1896 to \$31 in 1906 per capita of our population. Again the great wars of recent years had opened up markets for us in all parts of the world, as the armies had to be fed and clothed; ships made a big demand for the output of iron and steel; stock was purchased from us to equip their cavalry, and in addition to this our country has had large crops, while other portions of the earth have experienced famines. These things, he contended, and not Republican policies, are responsible for the present condition of this country.

Democratic Policies Not Responsible For Panic of 1894.

Mr. Graves ridiculed the charge that the Wilson-Gorman bill caused the panic of 1893. He said the panic broke upon this country a year before the election of Mr. Cleveland; that it had been coming for three preceding years and that it had its beginning under Republican administration.

Republican Party and Corporations.

Mr. Graves warmed up to his subject considerably when he discussed the Republican administration and its unholy alliance with the giant corporations of the country. The insurance companies' contributions to the Republican campaign fund were denounced, in scathing terms. He charged the President and Cortelyou with being parties to this act, which was simply stealing from the widow and orphan for the purchasing of votes for the Republican party.

Bryan's Name Heartily Cheered.

Mr. Graves gave President Roosevelt credit for doing some good things in the administration of the country's affairs, but said that the President had opportunities to do even better things if he would. Here he paid a high tribute to Hon. William J. Bryan, and the first applause of the evening rang out. In his reference to Mr. Bryan the speaker said he did not favor the Commoner's idea of government ownership of railroads, but that Roosevelt had made a threat that if the last Republican Congress did not pass the rate bill he would see that even more radical legislation was enacted. Mr. Graves said he did not know what the President meant, but it looked very much as though he meant that the government would be compelled

to step in and conduct the railroads in such a manner that every man and company would be an equal footing.

State Affairs—Judge the Future By the Past.

In the discussion of State issues Mr. Graves showed up the Republican party in a bad light. He said he knew the Republicans called the Legislature of reconstruction days past history, and barred by the statutes of limitation, but the future must be judged by the past, as the Republicans had only had control of State affairs twice he would have to hold up their records on those occasions as an example of what the success of their policies in this State meant. In 1868, after a long and bloody war, our State treasury contained only \$30,000, and this was for the public schools. Throughout the cruel war our soldiers had gone half fed and half clothed, but they refused to touch a cent of this fund for their own use. On the contrary they had suffered that their children might have an education. But no sooner had the war closed than the Republicans, thousands of white men having been disfranchised and thousands of negroes enfranchised, secured control of the Legislature. They took this sacred school money and wasted it. Not content with that they increased the pay of the legislators to \$7 per day and remained in session a year. They increased the State indebtedness over 100 per cent, they sold bonds for practically nothing or stole them he knew not which as the State had nothing to show for it. But the white men of the State re-deemed the commonwealth and for many years good government followed. But in 1896 the State again fell into the hands of the despoilers. The ensuing four years are dark pages in the State history. Scandal followed scandal; those placed in charge of State institutions forgot they were men; one committed acts that made him wander on the face of the earth, though one of them is still a resident of this State and making brick at Raleigh this very day in the State prison.

Treatment Received by Confederate Soldiers from Republican Party.

Mr. Graves showed the fallacy of the Republican claim that it was a friend to the old Confederate soldier. Again he contended that the future can only be judged by the past. The first appropriation made by the State legislature for the pensioning of the Confederate soldier was in 1885. What was the Republican policy on that occasion? When the time came for the vote to be taken on the \$20,000 appropriation for this purpose the Republican members attempted to leave the hall. The speaker ordered the doors locked and the Republicans were compelled to vote. They voted against the appropriation. Again in 1897 they showed their position regarding the old heroes. One of these applied for the humble position of doorkeeper in the legislature. He had lost one leg in his country's service. He had a family to support and the pay of the office would have enabled him and his family to enjoy many comforts of life. Did the Republican party show its friendship for the Southern soldier by giving him this position? No, but they gave it to a negro politician from the eastern part of the State. Now the Republican party says it is the friend of the Confederate soldier, but he is not deceived in this assertion, for it is only made for political purposes.

Marion Butler the Guiding Hand in Republican State Politics.

After paying his respects, which were not very complimentary, to Marion Butler, Mr. Graves declared that this traitor to his State was the guiding hand in North Carolina Republican politics today. He it was who pulled the wires that resulted in the selection of Adams as State chairman; he it was who defeated E. Spencer Blackburn and he it was who will control the affairs of North Carolina should the Republican party succeed in this State.

Urges Forsyth Democrats To Go To Work.

In concluding his strong address Mr. Graves made a timely appeal to the Democrats to go to work. This is no time for indifference. Let petty differences be forgotten. If the Republican party again secures control a repetition of the condition of affairs of 1868 and 1896 may be expected. The Republicans will vote solidly, whether they have petty differences adjusted or not and it is incumbent upon every true Democrat to work for and support the Democratic ticket.

AYCOCK AT ASHEVILLE.

Ex-Governor's Speech Makes a Hit In the Mountain City.

Ex-Governor Aycock, in his speech at Asheville Thursday night said: "My friends, we are right on state and national issues and right on everything except when we get scared. But the Radicals the state never trusted. They went in on bayonets in 1868. What did they do? (A voice, "Nothing.") "Oh, no; you are wrong. They did something. They stole \$400,000 of the school money, for example." He told of Wilmington and sarcastically told how the Republicans were now bragging of being a white man's party. "We washed them," said the governor, "we got you clean with hot water and strong soap and now you are bragging. Who is your leader? I hate to tell it on you—you big talking folks—Marion Butler! There was a man in our town named John Smith, I reckon he is here now, he always is around—and he joined a Presbyterian church to make a row—and you know a man that's looking for row can get it there, for the predestinators are powerful people to beat when you start them, and then he went to the Methodists and then to the Baptists, and one of the members prayed, 'Oh, Lord, if it is consistent with Thy will, send John to Hell,' on the theory that as John had broken up the churches he might break up hell. Marion has broken up everything he has joined and I am glad he is with the Radicals, because you know what will happen." (Tremendous applause.)

Miss Ella W. Rinehardt, of Baltimore, who has been the guest of Miss Edna Maslin for several days, returned home last night.

COUNTESS OF CARLISLE CHOSEN PRESIDENT

BOSTON, Oct. 20.—Countess of Carlisle, president of English branch, resides at Castle Howard, York. She was elected world's president W. C. T. U.

A Happy Home

To have a happy home you should have children. They are great happy-home makers. If a weak woman, you can be made strong enough to bear healthy children, with little pain or discomfort to yourself, by taking

WINE OF CARDU

A Tonic for Women

It will ease all your pain, reduce inflammation, cure leucorrhoea, (whites), falling womb, ovarian trouble, disordered menses, backache, headache, etc., and make childbirth natural and easy. Try it. At all dealers in medicines, in \$1.00 bottles.

"DUE TO CARDU"

is my baby girl, now two weeks old," writes Mrs. J. Priest, of Webster City, Iowa. "She is a fine healthy babe and we are both doing nicely. I am still taking Cardu, and would not be without it in the house."

Commissioner's ReSale of Land

By virtue of an order of remeasurement by the clerk of the Superior court of Forsyth county, I will sell public auction to the highest bidder for cash at the courthouse door, Winston, Forsyth county, North Carolina, on Monday, November 5, 1906, at 2 o'clock p. m., the following land belonging to the estate of H. Grubbs, deceased:

First tract, lying on the waters of Muddy Creek, bought from William McMillen and wife, containing acres, more or less, adjoining lands of Tandy Marshall and others.

Second tract, bought from E. A. Schweinitz, adjoining the above described tract, containing 6 acres and 111 poles, more or less.

Third tract, contained in same description as tract above described, adjoining the lands of John E. Grubbs, lying on the Germantown road, containing 7 acres and 20 poles, more or less.

Fourth tract, bought of E. A. Schweinitz, lying on Five Mile, a branch of Muddy Creek, adjoining the land of John Ensley Grubbs and Ruth V. Vay, containing 11 acres and 51 poles, more or less.

Fifth tract, conveyed in same description as tract above described, lying on the waters of Muddy Creek, adjoining the lands of William Grubbs, Sney Crews and others, containing 3 and 3-4 acres, more or less.

Sixth tract, conveyed by E. A. Schweinitz, lying on the waters of Muddy Creek, and on the Germantown road adjoining the lands of Henry Grubbs and others, containing acres, more or less.

Seventh tract, bought of E. A. Schweinitz, lying on the waters of Muddy Creek, and on the Germantown road, adjoining the lands of C. Day and others, containing 8 acres and 89 perches, more or less.

Eighth tract, bought of Nancy M. Gee, adjoining the lands of H. B. Grubbs and others containing 6 acres, more or less.

Ninth tract, bought from the Board of Provincial Elders, etc., lying on the waters of Muddy Creek, adjoining the McMillen tract, the lands of Tandy Marshall and others, containing acres, more or less.

Tenth tract, bought from the Board of Provincial Elders, etc., lying on the waters of Muddy Creek, and on the Germantown road, adjoining the lands of Henry Grubbs and others, containing 157 perches, more or less.

Eleventh tract, bought from Board of Provincial Elders, etc., lying on the waters of Muddy Creek, and on the Germantown road, adjoining the lands of Thomas Grubbs and others, containing 18 acres, more or less.

The above tracts of land, which are joined each other, will be sold as one entire tract, subject to the widow's dower, which has been duly allotted.

This Oct. 2, 1906.
J. W. CAUDLE, Commissioner.

WANTED—District manager to post signs, advertise and distribute samples, Salary \$18.00 weekly, \$3.00 per day for expenses. State age and present employment. Ideal Shear Co., Randolph st., Chicago.

WANTED AT ONCE—50 men to work in chair factory, finishers preferred, but work for everybody. We will pay good wages. Work every day. Apply at or write Forsyth Chair Co., South side, Winston-Salem, N. C.

WANTED—Men in each state to travel, sell post signs, advertise and leave samples of our goods. Salary \$75.00 per month. \$3.00 per day for expenses. E. Kublan Co., Dept. S., Atlanta Block, Chicago.

WANTED—At once. Good live representative in every village in the Piedmont section of North Carolina to correspond and act as agent for The Daily and Weekly Sentinel. Write particulars.