

LOSS OF LIFE AND PROPERTY WAS VERY HEAVY

BOSTON, Dec. 28.—Wrecks on the New England coast as a result of the storm just ended number twelve.

Twelve men were drowned in the wreck of five-master Davis Palmer. Others of the crew and passengers escaped.

Wreckage All Along Coast.

NEW YORK, Dec. 27.—With the news of the probable loss of the big five-masted schooner Davis Palmer, with her crew of 12 men, off Boston harbor and of the wrecking of nine other vessels along the Massachusetts coast, the opening chapter of the toll taken on the sea by the great storm which swept New England Saturday night and Sunday was bared to the world today.

Cape Cod is still cut off and, with the restoration of communication there, it is feared that a tale of marine disasters and storm damage unequalled in years will be related.

Wreckage borne into Boston harbor today is believed to be mute evidence of the loss of the schooner Davis Palmer, somewhere near the entrance to the harbor.

A signal box among the wreckage contained a burgee with the Palmer's name as also did a quarter board found nearby. The wreck itself has not been located.

The three-masted schooner Nantasket was hurled ashore at Scituate and probably will prove a total wreck. Volunteer life-savers with the breeches buoy rescued her crew of ten men.

With a cargo of lumber she was bound for Boston from North Carolina. The schooner Belle Halliday is ashore at Prant Point, Nantucket, exposed to the fury of the sea.

The work of filling the gaps in telegraph and telephone wire systems and a railroad and trolley lines which had been opened by the blizzard is proceeding. The telegraph companies report capacity of about 2 per cent.

The normal, while the telephone companies' resources have been reduced to the extent of about 75 per cent. Railroad and trolley line schedules were largely filled today, although delays of from one-half to two hours were noted on railroad lines.

Southeastern Massachusetts, Cape Cod's sandy peninsula, particularly Rhode Island, suffered most from the storm and are still in the most demoralized condition as far as wire transportation service goes.

Many lines in southeastern Massachusetts were not witnessed the arrival of a broad train in two days. New Bedford and Fall River have been cut from telegraphic communication with the outside world since Saturday morning.

THE YEAR'S END. Happy is the man who comes at last to the safe completion of his year, gathered the perils of his spring, that blast.

How many blossoms promising and dear! of his summer, with the dread passions fraught, that oft, like fire through the ripening corn,

at all with mocking death and leave distraught, loved ones to mourn the ruined waste forlorn.

now, though autumn gave but harvest slight, grateful is he to the powers above winter's sunshine, and the lengthened night,

heartside genial with the warmth of love, though silvered days of vistas gold and green, tentatively he glides away, serene.

CHRISTMAS WHISKEY POISONED. Man Is Dead and a Negro Is a Serious Condition.—Whiskey "From a Friend Wishing a Merry Christmas."

ARKE, Fla., Dec. 23.—Samuel is dead and a negro is in a serious condition here from drinking whiskey which is alleged to have been poisoned. The whiskey was sent to Bennett, a well-known resident.

in the package was the following: "From a friend wishing a Merry Christmas." Mr. Bennett sent a letter to the express office for the package, giving him a drink upon return. He then passed the bottle to a man who drank. The bottle next passed to Mr. Bennett's son, Frank. Presently all three were taken ill and Hogan died.

GORDON SUCCEEDS M'LAURIN.

Confederate Veteran Is Appointed United States Senator.

JACKSON, Miss., Dec. 29.—Sought at one time by the Federal authorities under a \$10,000 reward for his capture, dead or alive, for alleged conspiracy in the murder of a president of the United States, and now appointed as a member of the legislative body of that country, is the strange experience of Col. James Gordon, of Oklahoma, who has been named by Governor Noel as successor to the late A. J. McLaurin.

Colonel Gordon was one of the several Confederate leaders suspected of being in conspiracy with J. Wilkes Booth to kill President Abraham Lincoln. He escaped arrest and probable death only through the intervention. It is stated of a "Yankee" colonel with whom he had crossed swords in a fight in Virginia.

During the earlier years of the war Colonel Gordon had formed an intimate friendship with Booth and after the assassination of President Lincoln the reward of \$10,000 was offered for his capture. Colonel Gordon went to Canada and it was several months after the close of hostilities before he found it safe to return home.

During one of the campaigns in Virginia Colonel Gordon had crossed swords with the colonel of a New York cavalry regiment. Both were wounded in the conflict, but they afterward became fast friends.

Colonel Gordon wrote a letter to this New Yorker, denying that he had any part in the Lincoln conspiracy, and stating that he desired to return home. The former foe took the matter up with General Dicks, then in command of the army forces in New York, and the latter sent him a passport and invitation to come to New York and surrender, which he did. He afterwards satisfied General Dicks that he knew nothing of the Lincoln conspiracy.

He took the oath of allegiance and returned to his home in Chockasaw county where he has since resided.

THE COMMON COLD. Time for Medical Science to Abate "Scourge of North."

Philadelphia Press. It has probably occurred to innumerable sufferers from what is generally known as the "common cold" that it is about time for medical science, which has coped successfully with much more serious problems in disease, to baste a distressing malady which has been aptly designated "the scourge of the North." In every household there is a favorite remedy, but, as a matter of fact, no effectual cure is known.

In a recent issue of the British Medical Journal it is pointed out that the disease is not one, but many, its symptoms being due to various germs.

The widespread belief in cold baths and the process called "hardening" is rejected. Even the hope held out some time ago by Dr. Benham, in his report to the British Medical Association, that a vaccine may cut short an attack or make it tolerable, is not received with favor, because the microbe of the common cold is not always the same; hence it would be necessary first to discover the identity of the particular bug or use a mixed vaccine.

The writer in the Journal quotes Dr. Kuhn, a German authority on the prevention of colds, who believes that they are not usually contracted from other persons, but that a chill affords to microbes already in the nose, throat or mouth, conditions favorable to their activity by altering the cutaneous circulation.

This is all very well, but it leaves us exactly where we were—with a cold in our heads and nothing to fall back upon but quinine, hot lemonade, nasal sprays or the grandmother remedies of smelling salts and blackberry tea.

NOTES FROM THE LABOR WORLD.

New England cigarmakers' unions will undertake a vigorous label campaign in Vermont and especial attention will be given to the city of Rutland and its vicinity.

The K'nigh of Labor recently recommended that a bill be submitted to congress, authorizing the president to appoint a court of arbitration to settle all strike and corporation matters.

An attempt to prevent a thorough investigation of the St. Paul mine horror at Cherry, Ill., by Coroner Malm through the kidnapping and intimidation of witnesses is ascribed to the Workers.

A campaign to unionize all concert orchestras, those playing in cafes and restaurants, nickel theatres and other places of amusement in the city of Chicago was decided upon by the officers of the Chicago Federation of Musicians.

The wages of several thousand employees of the Bethlehem, Pa., Steel Company will soon be restored to the scale in force before the 1907 depression, according to an announcement recently made by Charles M. Schwab, president of the company.

Employers of labor and business men of Aberdeen, S. D., are signing an agreement in which they pledge themselves not to employ any union labor after February 1, 1910, and not to patronize any firms after that date employing such classes of labor.

Telegraphers on the Illinois Central Railroad are demanding an increase of wages and improved working conditions, and the relations between them and the railroad company have become so strained that the company is making extensive preparations for a strike.

Free to Our Readers.

Write Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago, for 48-page illustrated Eye Book Free. Write all about Your Eye Trouble and they will advise as to the Proper and they will advise as to the Proper Application of the Murine Eye Remedy in Your Special Case. Your eyes in Your Special Case. Your eyes in Your Special Case.

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A MAGAZINE POLL.

Fifteen Thousand Voters Express Opinion on Current Political Questions.

New York Evening Post. Votes of some 13,000 citizens affiliated with the two great political divisions throughout the country, tabulated in Success Magazine for January by states and congressional districts, are interesting, so far as the results may be accepted as giving the opinion of the country upon the first nine months of the administration of President Taft.

Nine questions were submitted to the life subscribers of the magazine, as follows:

1. Do you believe that your vote for presidential candidate last November was wisely cast?

2. Are you satisfied with the first nine months' experience in the administration of President Taft?

3. Do you approve the position of Senator Aldrich in the recent tariff legislation?

4. Do you approve the position of Speaker Cannon in the recent tariff legislation?

5. Do you approve the position of President Taft in the recent tariff legislation?

6. Is it your desire that President Taft should support and co-operate with Senator Aldrich and Speaker Cannon in the general policies they represent?

7. Do you approve the position of your representative in congress in the Speakership contest last spring?

8. Would you vote for him if there should be another election this month, provided that he were opposed by a reputable man of the opposite party?

9. Is it your desire that he support the administration and policies of Speaker Cannon, or would you prefer that he oppose them?

In answer to the first question 5,287 Republicans answered "yes," and 540 "no." Of the Democrats 2,353 answered "yes" and 206 "no."

Replying to the second question, 3,092 Republicans voted "yes" and 2,490 "no." Of the Democrats 500 say "yes" and 2,053 vote "no."

More than half of the 500 Democrats who approve of the administration of President Taft are in the South. Georgia, Alabama and Louisiana show strong for him. The results of the voting on third question give the Republican vote as almost negative. Of the Republicans 6,312 do not approve of Senator Aldrich's position; only 517 Republicans voted "yes." Only 40 Democrats, of whom 22 were in the South, approved Senator Aldrich's position. Only 490 Republicans and 49 Democrats voted approval of Speaker Cannon's position. Republicans to the number of 6,485 voted against Mr. Cannon, and 2,447 Democrats recorded negative votes.

Replying to question five, 2,102 Republicans voted approval of President Taft's position, and 3,580 voted "no." Of Democrats 244 approved and 2,361 disapproved of Mr. Taft's policy. Few desire that the President shall co-operate with Senator Aldrich and Speaker Cannon in the public policies they represent, according to the vote. Only 689 Republicans voted in the affirmative as against 6,293 negative. A question appended to this: Do you desire that he shall oppose them, resulted in a thundering affirmative, 6,219 votes. There were 461 votes in the negative.

Some of the other results of the poll are:

In Massachusetts there were only two insurgents last spring—Representatives Gardner and Lovering. Mr. Gardner's Republican constituents approve his course, 20 to 0, and Representative Lovering's 18 to 3. Mr. Gardner's neighbors would vote for him 20 to 2, and Mr. Lovering's 19 to 3. In both districts there is found but one Republican who desires support of Mr. Cannon.

In New Jersey Representative Fowler, the only insurgent Republican, is supported by his party 26 to 1 on both questions.

In Maryland Representative Pearre, one of the "cold-foot insurgents," who was taken into camp by the Cannonites, is condemned by his Republican constituents 21 to 2, and 14 out of 19 would vote for a reputable Democrat instead of Mr. Pearre.

In Ohio Representatives Johnson and Hollingsworth, who are partially insurgents, are supported by their districts 14 to 2 in the one case, and 12 to 1 in the other, and but two of their constituents desire them to support Cannonism.

Illinois, the Speaker's own state, is anti-Cannon to a degree, only 13 out of 363 Republicans being in his favor.

In Wisconsin nine insurgent representatives are all given virtually unanimous votes of approval, there being in their districts only ten requests that they support Cannonism, out of 226 votes cast. The only regular Republican representative in Wisconsin, Mr. Stafford, is almost unanimously condemned by his district, nineteen of his constituents stating that they would prefer to vote for a Democrat were he renominated, as against one only who would vote for him.

Parts Negro's Hair With a Bullet.

At a Christmas tree frolic in the negro church at Wentworth Monday night Dan Wooten, a half-drunk negro quarreled with an enemy and in attempting to shoot him fired two shots. A bullet parted the colored minister's hair on the side and the other lodged in a by-stander's arm. Wooten retired with his weapon across the Virginia line.

A Pioneer Citizen Passes.

ATLANTA, Ga., Dec. 28.—Anthony Murphy, aged 80, a pioneer citizen of the South and one of the two men who pursued and captured the famous engine "General," when the late war had been seized and carried off to the north, died here today.

After exposure, when you feel a cold coming on, take Foley's Honey and Camphor, the great throat and lung remedy. It stops the cough, relieves the congestion, and expels the cold from your system. It is mildly laxative. E. W. O'Hanlon.

ALL RECORDS BROKEN.

Sales of Craddock-Terry Co. Pass the Three-Million-Dollar Mark.

From the Lynchburg, Va., News. For some time past it has been evident to the Craddock-Terry Company and their employees that the high-water mark sales of three million dollars for this year would be gained and passed before the end of the month. Monday it was known to all that the breaking of the record was near at hand, and the office employees were prepared for the announcement which was made shortly after 10 o'clock, that "the flag had been nailed to the North Pole," or, in more reliable language, that the firm had then passed the \$3,000,000 mark.

Of all the horn-blowing and bell-ringing, and cheering ever heard on lower Ninth street the celebration which followed for a few minutes was the liveliest. Every one in the office wore a smile that wouldn't come off and felt personally that it was something of which to be justly proud, an achievement which no Southern jobber or manufacturer of shoes has ever attained, and for which each from the president to the office boy had been striving.

Mr. Charles G. Craddock, the sales manager of the concern, in commenting on the event, said that of the goods sold which helped to make up this sum, 1,296,000 pairs of shoes had been made in the company's factories here, which had run on full time during the whole year. Over \$2,000 had been paid to their employees every day in the year, or over \$250 for every working hour. One hundred and fifty thousand dollars in salaries was paid to traveling men and representatives during the year. The actual amount paid out in Lynchburg was \$651,000, a sum greater than the total revenue of the city government, which is estimated to be \$516,390 for 1909.

It was stated that for three years the company had been aiming at the three million dollar mark in sales. It could have been reached in 1907 had not the panic of that year and the industrial depression of the following year interfered. Mr. Craddock stated that now that this mark was passed, the future increases of the company would be stated in millions, not thousands of dollars.

The significance of this event is such that it marks an era in Southern shoe manufacturing and distribution. Today no shoe concern in Philadelphia, for example, one of the oldest shoe markets in the country, sells more than a half of the amount sold by one company alone in Lynchburg, although Philadelphia shoe distributing and manufacturing firms had been established before the founders of Lynchburg shoe concerns were born. This one Lynchburg firm, the Craddock-Terry Company, moreover, has reached a point where it alone manufactured more shoes than were manufactured in the sixteen largest cities of the South combined, as follows: Richmond, Petersburg, Roanoke, Norfolk, Knoxville, Chattanooga, Nashville, Atlanta, Augusta, Savannah, Charleston, Birmingham, Montgomery, Mobile, Jacksonville and New Orleans.

The company has been pursuing a large publicity policy during the past year in an advertising campaign in which it is estimated that the eyes of the consuming public will be reached during the coming year something like 40,000,000 times.

Butler Ames, the Massachusetts congressman, has announced himself as a candidate for the United States Senate to succeed Senator Lodge. He is a West Point graduate, was an officer in the Spanish-American war, and is also a graduate mechanical and electrical engineer.

CURE FOLLOWED YEAR OF AGONY

Intense Itching Eczema Drove Him Nearly to Despair—Chief Surgeon of a London Hospital Called It Worst Case He Had Ever Seen—Got Little or No Relief Until

CUTICURA STOPPED HIS UNBEARABLE TORTURE

"About four years ago, in London, I was troubled by a severe itching and dry, scurfy skin on my ankles and feet. The same, in a few days, was the case with my arms and scalp. I could hardly keep from scratching, which, I need hardly say, made it worse. Then large red patches appeared, with inflammation and soreness. After ten days, thousands of small red pimples formed. On becoming dry, these caused intense itching. I was advised to go to the hospital for diseases of the skin. I did so, and was an out-patient for a month or more, the chief surgeon saying: 'I never saw such a bad case of eczema. But I got little or no relief. Then I tried many so-called remedies, but I became so bad that I almost gave up in despair. On coming to this country I heard so many accounts of cures by Cuticura Remedies that I received, as a last resource, to give them a trial. This was after suffering agonies for twelve months, and right glad am I that I did so, for I was relieved of the almost unbearable itching after two or three applications of Cuticura Ointment. I continued its use, combined with a liberal use of Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Resolvent Pills and am more than thankful to say that after using three sets of the Remedies, I was completely cured. I can only add that should any one be suffering as I did, I am sure of the results.' Henry Searle, 2022 Cross St., Little Rock, Ark., Oct. 8 and 10, '07."

Every humor of infants, children, and adults consists of Cuticura Soap (2c) in Cuticura Resolvent Pills (2c), or in Cuticura Ointment (2c), or in Cuticura Resolvent Pills (2c), or in Cuticura Ointment (2c), or in Cuticura Resolvent Pills (2c), or in Cuticura Ointment (2c).

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS TODAY — READ THEM

Sickness is Unnecessary to demonstrate the value of the telephone in the farm home. In any emergency the telephone performs a function which no other agency can equal. The doctor can be called quicker than the horse can be hitched up. Neighbors can be summoned instantly. It is invaluable for the convenience and protection of the housewife. For information and booklet about the Bell plan write to nearest Bell telephone manager or to Farmers' Line Department Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Co. South Pryor Street ATLANTA GEORGIA

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To Mill Owners: we carry a full line of Mill Supplies, Pullies, Shafting, Hangers, Couplings, Belting, Packing, Pipe, Fittings, Valves, wire, Rope, &c. Sell Boilers, Engines and Machinery. Give us an opportunity to quote you before buying. Call to see :: :: Crawford Plumbing Co. Winston-Salem, N. C.

GUNS Almost Given Away Ever Johnson Single Barrel Guns... \$3.75 Each Harrington & Richardson Guns... \$3.75 Each Hopkins & Allen Guns... \$3.75 Each Other Makes... \$3.50 to \$4.50 Each Double Barrel Hammer Guns... \$7.00 to \$18.00 Double Barrel Hammerless Guns... \$13.00 to \$30.00 Marlin Take-Down Repeating Shot Guns... \$16.00 Hunting Coats... 75c to \$2.50 Each ROBERTS HARDWARE CO. The Bargain Givers Winston, Salem, N. C.