

THE SENTINEL IS A NEWS-PAPER SEEKING TO REPRESENT THE INTERESTS OF THE PEOPLE OF THE PIEDMONT SECTION OF NORTH CAROLINA.

The Western Sentinel.

THE SENTINEL SEEKS TO GIVE THE FACTS FROM WHICH PROPER CAN DRAW THEIR JUST CONCLUSIONS—A PAPER FOR THE HOME CIRCLE

FIFTY-SEVENTH YEAR

WINSTON-SALEM, NORTH CAROLINA, TUESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 1, 1911.

NUMBER 75

Tobacco Sales Here For the Year 22,912,890 Pounds

From August 1, 1910, to August 1, 1911, Total of \$2,078,656.71—Gain Over Previous Year.

Annual report of Mr. Z. T. Byrd, supervisor of tobacco sales, for the year from August 1st, 1910, to August 1st, 1911, shows that a total of 22,912,890 pounds of leaf tobacco were sold on the local warehouse during that period, which sold for \$2,078,656.71. For the previous year the sales aggregated 21,169,329 pounds and brought \$1,883,779.73. This increase of 1,743,561 pounds and \$194,877.00 is the largest gain since the year 1907-8 when the sales were 20,678,911 pounds and brought \$1,833,825.85. The following summary shows the amount of money paid for the tobacco by months from August 1, 1910, to August 1, 1911:

August—1,803,253 pounds; \$165,353.25.
 September—1,918,821 pounds; \$174,862.52.
 October—1,908,572 pounds; \$174,862.52.
 November—2,368,255 pounds; \$217,492.58.
 December—2,418,461 pounds; \$222,322.83.
 January—2,398,466 pounds; \$220,913.87.
 February—2,129,581 pounds; \$196,155.55.
 March—2,107,029 pounds; \$194,133.25.
 April—1,782,217 pounds; \$167,765.95.
 May—1,634,342 pounds; \$152,332.83.

Amount of tobacco manufactured during the past month shows an increase over the corresponding month of 1,494,162 pounds. Revenue derived from the sale of stamps last month aggregated \$36,654.52, which means that 1,494,162 pounds of tobacco were shipped to the local manufacturers, a small amount manufactured by the state and that the 10-cent tax became effective on the first of last July.

For 1910, the revenue amounted to \$3,206,322, when 1,917,079 pounds of tobacco were manufactured. For 1909, the revenue amounted to \$2,922,125, when 3,488,202 pounds were manufactured.

BOND'S PROVISIONS DISSOLVED; COURT ADJOURNS

The ironclad provisions of a very unusual bond were dissolved by an order signed by Judge Lyon in the superior court Saturday afternoon.

The bond in question was given at the February term, 1903, of the superior court by Simon Kiger. The defendant prayed a judgment in a case against him at that time and judgment was suspended on payment of the cost on condition that he would not at any time engage in the manufacture or sale of liquor.

The conditions of the bond made it perpetual.

Mr. S. E. Hall represented Kiger today and stated that Kiger had executed a mortgage on a piece of property instead of giving the bond and that he now desired to sell the property.

Upon investigation it was found that Kiger had faithfully kept the provisions of the bond and the same was dissolved by Judge Lyon.

The present term of court has been one of the most strenuous in the history of Forsyth county courts. Judge Lyon is a hard worker and has had court convene earlier and adjourn later than usual. Almost as much has been accomplished in the last week as is sometimes done in two weeks.

The court affirmed the judgment of Judge Hastings in the case against L. H. Davis, charging him with interfering with an officer. Motions in arrest of judgment and also for a new trial were made by Benbow and Hall, who represented Mr. Davis, but were overruled and an appeal was taken to the supreme court.

In the case of Jim Stewart and Frank Grubb, charging them with having "near-beer" in their place not properly labeled, Hon. J. C. Burton made a motion to quash the bill of indictment and the motion was sustained.

Motions were made by Mr. B. S. Womble, counsel for the defendants, to quash two warrants against J. A. Houchens and Henry Morris, charging them with buying produce without a license, and the motions were allowed.

The warrants were drawn under the old English common law which forbade anyone's "forestalling" the market. The law was repealed in England during the time of Queen Victoria.

Judge Lyon stated that the warrant was following out Blackstone and it was drawn by an able attorney, but that he feared to think how many people would be guilty of it if the law were enforced in this county.

The jury returned a verdict in the case against Horace Bingham late Friday afternoon of guilty of murder in the first degree with a recommendation that his punishment be made as light as possible. Judge Lyon sentenced him to four months on the county roads, the minimum punishment provided for such an offense.

The evidence tended to show that the shooting was accidental. Bingham was charged with killing Alonzo Kizer several weeks ago.

Tom Patterson and Daisy Ware, both colored, were convicted of a first degree murder in the case of William Patterson in the sum of \$200 to appear for two years and show good behavior. The case was originally heard before Judge Hastings, who sentenced Patterson to five months on the roads and Daisy Ware to five months in jail.

The court upheld Judge Hastings' judgment in the case against Connie Ruffin, colored, charging her with keeping a disorderly house. She was given four months in jail, the same penalty imposed by Judge Hastings.

Will Hairston, colored, who was convicted of simple assault on May Lewis, was sentenced to the county roads for 6 months.

Frank Walser, colored, was sentenced to the county roads for 30 days for carrying a concealed weapon and judgment was suspended in the case against him for discharging firearms.

Martha Cobb and Jessie H. Hutchins, colored, were given 60 days in jail each for perjury, and Alice Webster, also colored, was given 20 days in jail for the same offense. The cases arose out of the sale of some liquor.

Dr. Geo. T. Evans, who now resides in Davie county, was fined \$50 and costs for an assault on Enoch Shutt about two years ago.

Mrs. Julia Rector, who resides in the country, was fined \$5 and costs for simple assault.

Grand Jury's Report.

The grand jury submitted its report Friday. Thirty-three bills were acted upon; 25 true bills were found, 6 not true, and 2 were returned to the solicitor for lack of witnesses.

The court house was reported to be in splendid condition and was recently purchased by the Amanda Home.

NO. 3, OLD TOWN, WINS ATTENDANCE PRIZE

A. Ashburn, who offered a dictionary to the rural school, has just been notified by the board of the county that the prize has been won by No. 3, Old Town.

Ramie Sprinkle is the teacher of the school. The enrollment is 26 and average attendance has been 95.75.

No. 1, Old Richmond township, was second in the race and D. S. Beckham township, was third.

NEGROES SHOT CONDUCTOR; 1 IS DEAD

STA. July 31.—H. L. Robert, Pullman conductor, is detained in jail here, accused of shooting a cook and porter. The Pullman train passed through the town north. He declares that he was ordered to shoot the negroes for their duty and that they attacked him. He shot in self defense, and will make that plea in court this week.

old records of value in the basement and racks provided for them for future reference.

The grand jury expressed itself as being heartily in favor of new sidewalks around the court house square in the following paragraph:

"We most respectfully recommend that our Board of County Commissioners be urged to construct, at once, new walks around the square and through the court-house grounds as we find they are in very bad condition and, in fact, dangerous to pedestrians, and not in keeping with our magnificent court house and adjacent property."

The county home was reported as being in splendid condition. A recommendation was made to the effect that the roof of the main building be painted. The water supply was found to be inadequate but it was learned that plans are on foot already to remedy this defect.

The county jail and the convict camps on the High Point and Lewisville roads were reported to be in good condition.

The reports of the justices of the peace have been filed and the fines paid over to the county treasurer.

A recommendation was made to the effect that work-house be established by the county commissioners for female prisoners.

WAR ON "LURE OF LUCRE."

Walter C. Jones Opens Campaign for Illinois Governorship.

ST. LOUIS, July 31.—Sounding the keynote of his campaign as progressive Republican candidate for Governor of Illinois with the words, "This is a war to restore popular government," State Senator Walter Clyde Jones, of Chicago, spoke at East St. Louis under the auspices of the Progressive Republican League of St. Clair county, Illinois.

"This is a war to destroy the boss and his machine, based on the power of patronage and pelf," said Senator Jones. "The spoils system must go. This is a war upon predatory business and its lure of lucre. The special interests must get out of politics."

"It is useless to defeat a few legislators who take bribe money unless we destroy the system that promotes bribery."

"The Republican party in Illinois faces a crisis today brought about by internecine strife for spoils."

"POLITICIANS NOW BIGGEST LIARS OF THE AGES."

CHICAGO, July 31.—"The devil is a reality. He may joke but he is no joke. He is as subtle as the twentieth century politician, the biggest liar ages have produced."

This statement was made by Rev. C. D. King, pastor of the Norwood Park Methodist Episcopal Church, at the closing of the fifty-second annual Dea Plaines camp meeting.

"Man has not changed in the essentials of his character since the days of Adam and Eve," continued Mr. King. "The bold outlines are the same. Adam's program of innocence, sin, guilt, sorrow, struggle and salvation is all our program."

STANDARD OIL CO. GETS AN EXTENSION.

ST. LOUIS, July 31.—A decree modifying the original order for the dissolution of the Standard Oil Company was filed in the United States Circuit Court here.

The modification extends until December 21 the date for the dissolution of the corporation and the privilege of asking for more time should the company find itself unable to wind up its affairs by that time is granted.

The Grasshopper Menace.

TOPEKA, July 31.—A more serious menace to Kansas crops than six weeks of dry weather has appeared in the grasshoppers that are overrunning the western half of Kansas. The menace has become so serious that the Santa Fe, Rock Island and the Union Pacific railways are spreading poison over the entire right of way.

"A barometric depression that is slow in the northwest will advance slowly eastward and be attended by local showers the first part of the week from the Mississippi valley eastward. Another disturbance, which promises to be attended by general showers, will appear in the northwest about Wednesday and move eastward, crossing the central valleys Thursday or Friday and the Atlantic states at the end of the week. This disturbance will be followed by considerably cooler weather in all middle and northern states, from the Rocky Mountains to the Atlantic states."

—Mr. Sam Adams will move to his handsome new residence on the Boulevard tomorrow.

EAST BEND VISITED BY A \$20,000 FIRE

A long distance telephone message from East Bend, Yadkin county says that village was visited by a disastrous fire Saturday night about 10:30 o'clock. The store of Davis & Co., general merchants, and the restaurant of L. Hutchins, also the residences of Mrs. F. G. Joyner and Mr. L. B. Davis, owner of the first-named store, were destroyed.

Very few goods and but little household furniture was saved.

The fire was discovered in the store of Davis & Co. about an hour after the firm had closed for the night. The origin is not known.

The total loss is placed at about \$20,000, with very little insurance.

The residences of J. A. Smitherman and J. F. Williams were badly damaged.

The flames were fought by bucket brigades and the firemen did good work in saving adjoining property.

THE UNION FAVORS FARM LIFE SCHOOLS

Several farmers passed through the city last Friday returning to their respective homes from Salisbury, where they attended the mid-summer state meeting of the Farmers' Educational and Co-Operative Union, which came to a close Thursday night after a two days' session.

At an executive session a number of resolutions were presented and turned over to the resolutions committee. The last Legislature granted the union a new charter which is a business one and the question of adopting this was deferred until the mid-winter state meeting in December. The executive committee to decide upon the place of holding this meeting.

Mr. E. P. Shaw, of Duplin county, addressed the meeting on education, favoring the teaching of the elementary principles of agriculture in the public schools. He was followed by President Hill of the A. & M. College, who extended an urgent invitation to the delegates to attend the State farmers' institute to be held at this college July 29 to 31, inclusive.

The resolutions committee made a partial report. The endorsement of the farm life schools was unanimous by the convention. It was decided that where a county decided to adopt this school the State union would send a lecturer to the county to spend a week making campaign speeches.

National President C. S. Barrett, of Union City, Ga., was given a great ovation. He addressed the convention. A brief business session was also held in the afternoon, the meeting adjourning at 4:30 o'clock, and the delegates went in a body to the Grubb theater where they were the guests for an hour or more of the merchants of the city at a special motion picture and vaudeville show, after which many of them were given a car ride to Spencer. Last night Mr. I. O. Schaub, State President of the Boys' Corn Club, addressed the delegates in the auditorium at the public building where all of the sessions were held.

The Southern Railway good roads train arrived in Salisbury at 3:30 and was sidetracked at the passenger station. Many of the delegates to the farmers' union visited the exhibition as did also hundreds of citizens of the town and county.

IRRIGATION TO BE TRIED IN SOUTH CAROLINA

CHICAGO, July 31.—E. J. Watson, commissioner of the Department of Agriculture, Commerce and Industries, of South Carolina, believes that irrigation is a necessity for the greatest agricultural yield in that state, and the department which he heads has adopted the unusual plan of personally assisting farmers needing irrigation for crop insurance in installing artesian and jumping plants. Commissioner Watson, because of the drought this year, has received many letters from farmers throughout the state who sought advice from the state commissioner. In practically every instance the state official advised irrigation.

Mr. Watson has always taken an active interest in the Irrigation Congress, and has urged Governor Blease to accompany the South Carolina delegation to the 19th annual meeting, December 5 to 9, at Chicago.

In a recent letter to Edmund T. Perkins, managing director of the board of control of the National Irrigation Congress, Commissioner Watson said: "Already the people here are manifesting a lively interest in the congress next December and I have personally urged the governor of the state to accompany the South Carolina delegation. This he no doubt will do. I am in receipt of many letters at this office from farmers who seek information concerning the better methods to adopt in establishing irrigation systems. This makes it imperative that South Carolina take an interest in the congress work this year, both from a drainage and irrigation point of view. One would hardly expect a demand for irrigation here, but we do have a demand for it, and in fact, I am preparing right now to make a trip out into the state to assist a group of farmers, drought threatened, in establishing an irrigation plant. The state should be greatly interested in the accomplishments of other states in this form of irrigation, and our delegates to your congress no doubt will learn much of value of irrigation."

BIG DAMAGE BY DROUGHT IN EASTERN KENTUCKY.

LEXINGTON, Ky., July 31.—The present drought is the worst known in years in Eastern Kentucky, according to reports from that region of the state.

Fleming county has called up neighboring counties for help. Ten thousand barrels of water have been shipped there. Tobacco and other crops are severely affected.

It has been five weeks since a heavy rain. Where the smaller streams are not entirely dry they are at the lowest stage known in years.

WEATHER FORECAST FOR THE COMING WEEK.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—Showers and continued seasonable temperatures will feature the weather generally throughout the country the coming week, according to the weather bureau. The weekly forecast issued says:

"The general barometer pressure distribution shown by the international weather chart is such as to indicate that there will be no unusually high temperatures the coming week in any part of the country except possibly the extreme Southwest and the interior of the south Pacific states. Fairly well-distributed precipitation is probable during the week in all districts from the Rocky Mountains eastward to the Atlantic coast."

Rent the Streets of a City.

NEW YORK, July 31.—Eighteen hotels and clubs last year made \$111,400 by renting city streets, according to Commissioner Fordick, who has tabulated the results of his investigation of "private" hack stands at these hotels and clubs.

The Waldorf Astoria leads with \$30,000 for its privileges. The Knickerbocker \$15,000, the Astor and Imperial \$10,000, and others in a descending scale. The city gets none of this money.

DIES IN ELECTRIC CHAIR; MURDERED HIS DAUGHTER

DANMORA, N. Y., July 31.—Charles L. Green, a farmer, was electrocuted at Clinton prison for murdering his daughter, a fourteen-year-old girl, on his farm near New Scotland, a year ago. The electrocution had twice been stayed by the Governor against the wishes of the condemned man, who told his counsel he wanted to die.

The confession by Green's wife that her unfaithfulness led to the shooting failed to save him.

Green went to his death calmly after expressing great satisfaction with the verdict of the jury convicting him.

At the time of murdering his daughter Green shot his wife and himself. The wife was desperately wounded, but recovered. Green's wound was not serious. His conviction followed.

GRAZED BY DRINK, NEGRO STABS 5 SAILORS

BEAUFORT, July 31.—A negro servant went wild from drink last night and stabbed three sailors aboard the naval reserve steamer Elfrida.

With the exception of the officer of the deck, the officers were ashore. The crew was ordered to subdue the man, killing him if necessary. Armed with axes they knocked him down, broke three of his ribs and cut him in several places. Before being overpowered the negro stabbed two other men. He was placed in jail.

WHAT IS BEER? IS CONGRESS' RECORD DURING EXTRA SESSION

WASHINGTON, July 31.—Having long ago settled the vexed problem, "What is whiskey" the Agriculture Department's board of food and drug inspection, headed by the redoubtable Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, has undertaken to determine "what is beer."

Manufacturers of beer and other malt beverages and barley raisers from all over the country are attending a hearing conducted by the board. Many others have contributed their views by mail.

The object of the board's inquiry is to bring malt liquors within the scope of the pure food and drug act, and determine just what shall and what shall not be contained in liquids sold under the labels, lager beer, bock beer, ale, porter, stout and malt extract.

The board has propounded a series of questions as to ingredients, fermenting, coloring, carbonating, etc. The application of foreign names to domestic products will also be inquired into.

Barley and malt producers are responsible for this effort to determine "what is beer." The Consumers' National League, of Chicago, and the Society of Equity, the latter composed largely of farmers, are aiding the movement.

It is claimed much beer sold in this country is made of corn or rye and that some of the malt extract and other beverages are not what their names lead consumers to think them.

GIRL'S PLAN FOR A CITIZEN.

WANTS TO NATURALIZE ALIEN FIANCÉ BY MARRIAGE TO SAVE TIME.

NEW YORK, July 31.—A novel and extraordinary reason was given by Miss Nora Waters, a buxom Irish girl, for her desire to become a citizen of the United States when she appeared before Judge Geiger. She balked when the judge insisted on knowing her reasons for desiring naturalization, but when he explained that it was "his duty to learn, she finally said:

"When I went home to Ireland on a visit last summer I met a young man who had been a playmate of mine, and we became engaged to be married. He cannot come here for another year, because he is winding up a little estate in which he is interested. The laws say that a person who marries a citizen of the United States becomes a citizen without having to file papers or wait five years, or stand an examination, or anything like that, so when we get married here he will become a citizen right away and qualified to run for alderman or assemblyman or anything like that."

"But that law only applies to women who marry male citizens," Justice Geiger explained.

"Oh, I think what's sauce for the goose should be sauce for the gander," observed the young woman, unflinching of what the law might say. She got her papers and promised to send the judge a wedding invitation.

HUMANITARIAN DRIVER OF MOTOR ALSO ALMOST KILLS HIS BROTHER.

PHOENIXVILLE, Pa., July 31.—While speeding along the turnpike between Valley Forge and Phoenixville H. M. Brown, of Chestnut Hill, quickly swerved a big touring car from the center of the road in order to avoid running down a chicken.

His humanitarian instinct resulted in the wrecking of the car and serious injury to its owner, brother of the driver and the owner of the machine, John T. Brown, Jr., 24 years old, of Prospect Avenue, Chestnut Hill. He is in the Phoenixville Hospital, suffering from a broken collar bone and possibly internal injuries.

Two women and a child, also of the party, escaped injury.

HURT BY SHOWER OF GOLD.

AGED BANK CLERK CAUGHT WHEN COIN CRASHES DOWN UPON HIM.

NEW YORK, July 31.—James Heeman, 75 years old, employed for many years as a shipping clerk by the American Exchange National Bank, was severely bruised in his work at the bank. The hoist loaded with several boxes containing gold coin was being lowered from the sidewalk to the basement. Waiting to receive the gold in the cellar was Heeman, who stood looking up through the shaft. When the hoist was six or seven feet from the bottom the chain controlling it snapped and the bags of gold crashed to the bottom, striking the clerk.

ANGLER HOOKS A MERMAID.

TROLLING FOR BASS HE CAUGHT A SUMMER GIRL SWIMMING.

WINSTED, Conn., July 31.—While trolling for bass in Lake Mahkeenc, in the Berkshires, yesterday, Frank Parsons got a strike. When he began to take in line a girl bathing 150 yards away shrieked, "I'm hooked!" She had dived off the float after Parsons' boat had passed and the trolling hook had caught her bathing suit. She swam to the boat and was unhooked.

CONGRESS' RECORD DURING EXTRA SESSION

When the first and special session of the Sixty-second Congress stands adjourned about two weeks hence, the following, almost certainly, will be the record of its achievements, says the Washington correspondent of the Charlotte Chronicle:

1.—Canadian reciprocity ratified by both houses and signed by the President.

2.—Schedule K, "keystone of the protective arch," revised by Democratic and insurgent Republican votes, but vetoed by the President.

3.—Farmers' free list bill, granting free agricultural implements, passed by both houses, but vetoed by the President.

4.—Cotton tariff bill, striking the Payne-Aldrich tariff taxes on cotton goods nearly 31½ per cent, passed by the House, but not acted upon by the Senate.

5.—Corrupt practices act, requiring publicity of congressional and senatorial campaign funds before and after the elections, a measure including primaries and limiting the total amount to be expended in campaigns, passed by both houses and signed by the President.

6.—Congressional reapportionment bill passed by both houses and signed by the President.

7.—Resolution ratifying the state constitutions of New Mexico and Arizona passed by both houses and approved by the President.

Direct Elections Uncertain.

In addition, the resolution amending the federal constitution to provide for the direct election of United States senators may get through. There is some chance, however, that the Bristow amendment will sidetrack the direct election proposition. If passed with the Bristow amendment it is feared the measure will fail to be ratified by three-fourths of the state legislatures. In that case the reform would be delayed many years. Therefore, it is possible that the question may be allowed to go over until the regular session next December before a final settlement is attempted.

The Democratic leaders of both houses believe the above slate of results, being measures originated by the Democratic House and all of them put through the Senate by Democratic votes, will redound greatly to the benefit of their party. President Taft will have assumed entire responsibility for killing the efforts to redeem the tariff pledges made in last fall's campaign. By so doing the President, Democrats say, will have proved himself, the voters' stumbling block in the way of a "progressive" tariff policy. Hence the Democrats think they will enter upon the regular session next winter high in popular favor.

64 CASES CLEARED FROM COURT DOCKET LAST WEEK

R. E. Trammor, clerk of the superior court, has forwarded a record of the cases tried in the superior court last week to the attorney general for statistical purposes. It contained the names of the defendants, their age, race, sex, offense and the judgment, sentence or order passed by the judge.

The records show that 64 cases were cleared from the docket. Fines, aggregating \$250, were imposed; eight cases were not prossed; eight defendants were declared not guilty; judgment was suspended on payment of the cost in five cases; prayer for judgment was continued in seven cases.

Road sentences were imposed in 16 cases, the sentences aggregating nine years and 11 months; jail sentences were imposed in eight cases, the sentences aggregating one year and five months; two defendants were sentenced to the penitentiary for an aggregate term of sixteen years.

SAID SUICIDE WAS "COMMON SENSE THING"

CIVIL ENGINEER JERRY REEKS, of Greensboro, was here this morning en route to Stone Mountain to make the survey for the new road to connect it with what is to be a part of the Elkin & Alleghany Railroad.

He left numerous notes to relatives and business friends, assigning among other reasons for his act that poverty stared him in the face. He stated it was the "common sense thing to do" because if he lived longer he would be unable to keep up heavy insurance premiums.