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The Western Sentinel.

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SIXTY FIRST YEAR

WINSTON-SALEM, NORTH CAROLINA, TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 20 1916

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE, ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

TROOPS OF ALL STATES PREPARE TO MOVE

North Carolina Guard Members Are Assembling

NOT SINCE SPANISH WAR HAS THERE BEEN SUCH MILITARY ACTIVITY AS THERE IS NOW

Virtually Entire Military Strength of the Country Under Orders to Mobilize for Service On Mexican Border—Only Drilling and Recruiting at Present—Additional Warships Prepare to Go South—No Offensive Attack Contemplated.

Washington, June 19.—Not since the Spanish war has the nation seen such military activity as that of today. More than 100,000 national guardsmen in 45 states constituting virtually the entire military strength of the country were under orders to mobilize, President Wilson issuing the orders late yesterday when it became apparent that the threatening conditions in northern Mexico were not improving. Only drilling and recruiting will be in order for the present. All must be mustered into federal service. Later they will be sent to the border for duty, releasing 30,000 regulars for service in Mexico, if necessary. Additional warships also were preparing today to hurry south and stand Mexican ports to protect Americans. Secretary Daniels, after the militia order was issued ordered seven destroyers and nine other small vessels to join the American warships already in Mexican waters. No offensive attack on Mexico is contemplated. President Wilson only a stronger force to protect the border and to be prepared if Carranza tries out his threats to strike at American forces south of the border. With about 100,000 militiamen under mobilization and about 50,000 troops already at the border the United States reply to the last Carranza demand for withdrawal of troops is ready to go forward. It announces refusal to withdraw until Mexico ceases its own bandits and is emphatic. Unofficial reports received here today indicated that national guardsmen are mobilizing with a zest. In each state they are preparing to meet a single concentration camp where they will drill pending further orders. Units will have to recruit up to the standard required by the government. Infantry, cavalry, artillery, signal and sanitary troops are included in the call. Coast guard militia is not being mobilized. General Funston, commanding the border forces, will determine when the militia organizations will be dispatched from their home states and to what points on the border.

RESPONSES TO CALL ARRIVING RAPIDLY.
Washington, June 19.—Responses from governors of the states to President Wilson's call on the national guard for service on the Mexican border reached the war department today in rapid succession. By the time Secretary Baker was at his desk 17 replies had been heard from, announcing that mobilization was in progress. The messages were identical, following the form: Telegram received and mobilization progress as directed. Some contained any estimate as to time required to get the troops unarmored. Secretary Baker repeated the statement that none of the national guard units by the order would be sent to the border until general Funston decided where and when they are wanted. The men will be held in their homes until mustered into federal service.

The entire force is not immediately required for border service. The units sent south will be granted furlough until such time as they may be required to relieve the border line of real hostilities. It is certain that the entire force minimum strength of which is 100,000 men, will be held under processes of muster into federal service and equipment are being worked out. Chairman Chamberlain, of the Senate military committee, and Chairman Hay, of the House military committee, were summoned to the White

MILITIA COMPANIES IN STATE MOBILIZE AT HOME STATIONS

Full Strength of the North Carolina National Guard, With the Exception of Six Companies of Coast Artillery, Ordered to Be in Readiness at Noon.

Raleigh, June 19.—With the exception of six companies of Coast Artillery the entire strength of the National Guard was ordered to be on duty at home stations today at the home stations of the several units preparatory for enlisting for Camp Glenn at Morehead City. Troops consist of three regiments of infantry, two troops of cavalry, one hospital corps and one ambulance company. Adjutant General Young said the orders thus far were for the mobilization at home stations and that no instructions have been received as to where the troops would be concentrated. The troops will be held in their armories pending further instructions. Major Young this morning received replies from all organizations stating they would be ready at noon. Without a single exception each company of militia is already recruited in excess of the minimum peace strength. Conditions at Camp Glenn are perfect and no preparations other than those of the commissary will be necessary before the arrival of the troops.

ANSWER WILL GO FORWARD TODAY

American Policy As to Mexico Unchanged, Says Secretary Lansing.

Washington, June 19.—Secretary Lansing announced today that the reply to Carranza would go forward during the day. The secretary also declared the American policy in Mexico remains unchanged. In regard to the general situation in Mexico Secretary Lansing allowed it to become known that dispatches showed increasing excitement and irritation in many sections below the border. The texts of the dispatches were withheld.

(Continued on Page Seven)

CARVING AND SHOOTING HERE SATURDAY NIGHT

A carving and a shooting affair marred what otherwise would have been a peaceful, quiet and uneventful night in police circles Saturday. Both were serious, although it is believed that the victims in each affair will recover. The first of the events occurred early in the evening in the bottom beyond Chestnut street, near Second. Pattie Echols, a daughter of Ham, became enraged at "Sis" Jenkins, also a daughter of Ham, it is said, and stabbed her in the back with a "frog sticker" that the police claim was "some knife." Patrolman Dalton, who returned from Norfolk Saturday morning, was on the job, and had Pattie in the "cooler" in just a few minutes, while "Sis" was rushed to the city hospital, from which she was discharged late Sunday afternoon, according to the police. The case will be tried in the city court as soon as "Sis" is able to appear and swear against Pattie. There was nothing much to the shooting affair which occurred at a later hour except that a dingy named Hunt shot Jim Williams, also of color, the result of which is that Jim is now in the hospital with a hole in his nostril, while Hunt is languishing in a cell in the municipal building. Hunt claims the shooting was entirely accidental. Patrolman R. W. Bryan arrested Hunt, who will be tried in the municipal court as soon as the victim is able to stand trial.

REPORT OF REFUGEE IN DRAINAGE CASE

Attorney D. H. Blair, appointed referee in the case of Stafford, et al. vs. Enoch, et al. to find the facts and conclusions of law in the matter in which the establishment of the Muddy Creek drainage district in this county is being contested, has completed his investigation and filed his report with Clerk of the Superior Court McKaughan.

Mr. Blair's report shows that the application for the formation of the district is in legal form, and that 15 of the persons involved in the proposition have not been properly served. It is stated by those who are in touch with the proceeding that the report of the referee, if approved by the court, will close the litigation and make it possible to begin operation in the district. It is said that the matter will not be further contested by anyone of the fifteen who have not been legally served with notice of the application for the district.

CHARLOTTE YOUTH SURPRISES PARENTS

Charlotte, June 17.—Charlotte has a young genius in Master Ralph Jackson of 415 North College street. Although only seven years old, he is a sculptor of phenomenal talents and his work in moulding forms and figures from clay or plaster of paris is considered a mark of unusual significance in a boy so young. The boy never had a lesson, nor do his parents know where he acquired his natural adeptness for such work. He surprised his father and mother recently by going out into a lot and bringing back a pan of clay from which he worked a dozen figures that astonished everybody. One or two artists who have viewed his work in clay pronounce it that of a young genius. He will be encouraged to make this his life's work.

MEXICANS CUT PHONE WIRES INTO NOGALES.

Nogales, Ariz., June 19.—All telephone and telegraph wires leading from the American to the Mexican side of the border have been cut in Sonora. Americans are being brought to the border in automobiles from Narcozari, where an anti-American demonstration occurred yesterday. Carranza authorities previously had refused a train for the refugees. Immediate arrangements for bringing out American employees in mines in Sonora met with opposition by General Calles, military commander of the State of Sonora, who arrived at Agua Prieta last night. The American mining men here are apprehensive for the safety of their employees. The general said: "I give you my absolute personal guarantee that in the event of hostilities I will go in person by special train to Nacoari and see that every American there reaches the border in safety."

ORDER AMERICANS OUT OF COUNTRY

Radical Action Taken by Mexican Government in Yucatan, Say Travelers.

Galveston, Texas, June 19.—The Mexican government in Yucatan has issued a proclamation ordering all Americans out of the country and declaring a state of war in existence between the two countries, according to passengers arriving this morning on the Norwegian steamer Nils from Progresso. Americans and other foreigners are being taken aboard an American gunboat at Progresso. Great excitement prevails.

SENATOR OVERMAN ON MEXICAN MATTER

Washington, June 19.—"I don't believe it will amount to much," said Senator Overman, "unless Mexico declares war on us or attacks our troops. Calling out the National Guard is simply a precautionary measure to take care of the border. It is near time when they go on their summer training duty and this will give them a good opportunity to see good work."

"In my opinion the Mexican government is not going to declare war on the United States. If they do we will be ready for them. While this move is merely a precautionary measure it will make us prepared for anything that takes place. "Whatever happens I don't believe will require a great length of time." Hunter Crech, of Selma, who is in Congressman Pott's office, is a member of the National Guard.

CZERNOWITZ IN RUSSIAN HANDS

Capital of Bukovina Is Finally Evacuated by the Austrian Forces.

Petrograd, June 19 (Via London).—The capture by the Russians of Czernowitz was officially announced yesterday by the Russian War Office. Vienna, June 18 (Via London).—The evacuation of Czernowitz by the Austrians after the Russians had forced the truth and penetrated the city was announced by the War Office yesterday.

"Yesterday," says the official statement, "the garrison of the bridgehead at Czernowitz withdrew before superior enemy fire. During the night the enemy at several points forced a passage of the Pruth and penetrated Czernowitz, which was evacuated." London, June 19.—Czernowitz, capital of the Austrian Crownland of Bukovina, is in the hands of the Russians, and the Austrians who had been holding it are in retreat toward the Carpathian mountains. Hard fighting took place in the capture of Czernowitz bridgehead and in the passage of the River Pruth, but when finally the Russians gained the right bank of the river the Austrians evacuated the capital, leaving one thousand prisoners and some guns in the hands of the Russians.

To the north in Galicia and Volhynia, the Russians are meeting with desperate resistance on the part of the Austro-Hungarians and Germans, some of the latter of whom are declared by Petrograd to have been brought from the French front in an endeavor to aid in stemming the Russian advance. While Petrograd asserts that the Russians are repulsing the counterattacks, pressing the Teutonic Allies farther back and taking from them large numbers of prisoners and quantities of war material, both Vienna and Berlin report victories in Galicia and Volhynia.

Vienna says that north of the Lipa river, in Galicia the Austrians put down a Russian attack, gaining ground and took 900 prisoners, while Berlin asserts that along the Styre on both sides of Kolko and between the Lutsk road and the Turry sector, the Germans under General von Linsingen repulsed Russian attacks and captured 3,446 Russians and some guns.

EXCITING TIME NOW ON BORDER

It Is Said Every Preparation Has Been Made for Any Eventualities.

El Paso, June 19.—Developments crowding on the heels of each other in the last 36 hours caused excitement today paralleling that following the Columbus raid three months ago. Military authorities admitted that every preparation had been made for eventualities.

General Bell, commanding this military district, seems confident today that with the 3,500 troops on station here he is prepared to cope with any emergency. Some consideration, however, was given a rumor that a body of Carranza soldiers, estimated at 5,000 is encamped 20 miles south of Juarez, prepared if necessary to reinforce the garrison of 4,000 and 8,000 Carranza troops left Villa Ahumada, 83 miles south, yesterday for El Valle, southeast of Dublin, one of General Pershing's field bases. This report could not be confirmed and was not generally believed.

Reports were also current today that General Trevino, Carranza commander of the army of the north, is arming all male citizens over the age of 18, following the recruiting command issued recently by the Mexican war minister.

News that the fourth expedition had been withdrawn from Mexico after a brief command and Secretary Baker's statement that the new draft for national guardsmen is for border duty only as needed and not for increasing General Pershing's command had a quieting effect today. While large numbers of persons gathered around the Plaza in Juarez the excitement as in El Paso was confined largely to speculation as to eventualities. With the military on both banks of the river taking increased precautions, no demonstrations were attempted. Americans just out of Mexico expressed the belief today that the war fever in the northern states of the republic is likely to cool as suddenly as it has arisen. They base their opinion on the harsh reality of economic conditions there.

UNION MEN WON'T SUPPORT MR. HUGHES

Charlotte, June 19.—Several well known Democrats were discussing State and National affairs Friday in one of the central drug stores when a commercial salesman, who had just returned to Charlotte from Asheville, engaged in the conversation with the positive declaration that he had found from many inquiries about the State that union laboring men would not support Mr. Hughes for president. "I asked the head of the labor union organization in Asheville about this," said the commercial salesman, and he replied that union laboring men of this State would not support Mr. Hughes because they believe him to be against their interests and they saw no reason why he should change what they called a life-long policy.

SOUTH CONTINUES TO PUSH TO THE FRONT

Washington, June 19.—"The South continues to push to the front in cotton manufacturing," said President Harrison, of the Southern Railway Company, today. "The report of the Census Bureau on the consumption of cotton in the month of May and the ten months ended May 31, shows that for May, 1916, consumption in the South was 324,444 bales, as compared with 250,423 bales in the mills of all other States. "For the ten months the consumption in the South was 2,534,903 bales, as compared with 2,406,679 bales in all other States. The increase in the South over the corresponding ten months last year was 17.93 per cent, as compared with 14.4 per cent in all other States."

Rifleman Notified to Be in Readiness

Members Ordered By Captain Wooten to Report in Full Uniform at Armory; Call for Volunteers; Several Enlist Within Hour After Call is Issued Here.

U. S. SAILORS AND MEXICANS CLASH

Mexican Embassy Asks That No Men Be Landed From Warships.

Washington, June 19.—Communication from the Mexican embassy announcing there had been a clash between a boat crew from the gunboat Annapolis and Carranza soldiers at Macatlan yesterday and asking that in the present tense situation no men be landed in Mexico from American warships under any circumstances were delivered to the State Department today.

The secretary sought an engagement with Secretary Lansing but was informed that Mr. Lansing was very busy and was making no appointments for the day.

Brought The First News.
Soon afterward it became known that the reply to the Carranza note demanding the recall of General Pershing's expedition would go forward today. The reply will inform Carranza that the American troops will not be recalled until the de facto government is in position to protect the American border from invasion by bandits.

The embassy communication brought the Washington government the first news of trouble at Mazatlan. According to the Mexican version, confusion followed attempts to land marines from the warship. There was an exchange of shots and two American officers were held under arrest until explanations could be made.

The report said the men landed at Mazatlan were marines but as the gunboat Annapolis the only ship stationed there had no marines aboard it is presumed bluejackets were involved. The report says:

A boat from the warship approached a wharf and was warned off until permission to land could be obtained. It departed but several hours later returned with its crew. The officer in command was told permission for landing had not been given and arguments ensued. Soldiers and civilian had gathered and in the midst of the discussion a drunken Japanese fired a shot at the Americans who fired into the crowd. Carranza soldiers returned the fire and the boat withdrew leaving behind two officers who were arrested. Explanations were then exchanged and the American officers were released.

The report makes no mention of American casualties but says two Mexican soldiers and one civilian were injured.

DESIRES MILITIA OF THREE STATES FIRST

San Antonio, Texas, June 19.—It was indicated today that Gen. Funston would request the war department to send him first the militia of New York, Pennsylvania and Illinois. The designation of militia units for service along the border will be made by the war department but General Funston believes he could make good use immediately of the organizations from those states.

The general and his staff were quite content that the work of organizing and equipping the militia be done at home stations. Many of the officers here who witnessed the work of getting the guardsmen of Texas, New Mexico and Arizona in shape certainly hoped none would be sent out until they had been drilled for a time.

TO GIVE ALL POSSIBLE AID TO GOVERNMENT

New York, June 19.—The Aero Club of America announced today that it would give all possible aid to the government in the Mexican crisis by providing aeroplanes and aviators for patrol work. Allen R. Hawley, president of the club, telegraphed to Washington that some 30 national guard officers sent to aviation schools are ready to take the field at the orders of the government and it is believed that many of these men will be accepted and sworn in as officers of the guard.

Grouped around bulletin boards in the courthouse, at the municipal building and in other public places around town Monday were little knots of men, all talking with great earnestness about one subject: President Wilson's call for the militia of the United States to do patrol duty along the Mexican border. This call is of great interest locally, inasmuch as Capt. J. G. Wooten, commanding Co. C, of the North Carolina National Guard, better known as the Forsyth Riflemen, this morning received official notice from Adjutant General Lawrence W. Young, of Raleigh, to assemble his company and be ready to respond to President Wilson's call to do duty at the front.

Adjutant General Young's order, which was received by Captain Wooten, about 9 o'clock Monday morning, Raleigh, N. C., June 18, 1916. Capt. J. G. Wooten, Commanding Co. "C" 1st Inf., Winston-Salem, N. C.

General Orders No. 9-1—In accordance with the proclamation of the President of the United States, dated the 15th day of June, 1916, calling forth under the constitution and laws of the United States the organized militia of the State of North Carolina to be employed in the service of the United States, the members of said organized militia prescribed by circular No. 8 division of militia affairs, War Department 1912, as hereinafter prescribed, will assemble at their respective home stations at 12 o'clock noon on the 19th day of June, 1916, under the provisions of General Order No. 33, A. G. O. 2: the coast artillery and the naval militia are not included in this call.

3. All officers of the adjutant general's department, quartermaster's corps and medical corps duly recognized as pertaining to the State headquarters, under table No. 1, tables of organization, organized militia 1914, will hold themselves in readiness to report to duty when directed to do so by proper orders. By order of the commander-in-chief.

LAWRENCE W. YOUNG,
The Adjutant General.
Captain Wooten and his men are getting ready. A few minutes after the order was placed in his hands, the head of the Riflemen was in his office at the armory, summoning his men by telephone and by messenger, ordering them to report at the armory in full uniform at 12 o'clock Monday to respond to the roll call.

A call has been issued for volunteers. Captain Wooten said this morning that he would proceed at once to recruit his company to full war strength, the minimum of which is 108 men. There are now only a few over fifty men on the roll. While the order received this morning may not mean anything, Captain Wooten is taking no chances. He is going to be ready in the event that he is ordered to Camp Glenn, where the North Carolina troops who are picked for duty on the border will mobilize.

Recruiting Station.
First Lieutenant H. Beck, the recruiting officer of the local company, has opened a recruiting station in the armory and within an hour after the order was received by Captain Wooten, he had enlisted three men. At this rate it will not take the company any great length of time to have the enlistments total 100 men.

A number of the members of Company C moved their homes to the Armory today and will sleep there for the next few nights until it is learned whether they will be ordered to Camp Glenn. This is in compliance with a general order received by Captain Wooten some months ago.

Captain Wooten said this morning that he would continue to recruit until his force totalled 108 enlisted men. When sixty has been reached, he will telegraph the office of the adjutant general. If they are to be ordered to Camp Glenn at all, the moving orders probably will reach the city within the next five days. All the field equipment on hand will be taken, and all of the men except a small recruiting detail which will remain at home provided the full fighting force has not already enlisted.

Transportation for every member of Company C has been in the hands of Captain Wooten for two years or more. This transportation is good to any point in the United States.