

copper sheathing, conduits and pipe is a mystery that local WPB oficials refused to clear up. E. J. Huss, head of the priorities division of the WPB in Fairfield county, said he was not free to discuss the details. Raymond L. French, WPB chief in Bridgeport, said: "As far as I know, Mr. Pegler complied with regulations---if he told us the truth."

Pegler's building of a mansion for himself, his wife and a dog at a time when war workers in this area are forced to live in trailers and shacks did not make him any more pleasing to union workers.

An exponent of unrestricted reporting, the columnist flatly refused to

talk with a reporter who tried to question him. Pegler's non-union contractor, Robert J. Martin, was equally uninter-ested in seeing that the public got the story. "No Trespassing" signs deco-rate trees surrounding the mansion and a photographer for the Bridgeport Sunday Herald was chased by the contractor's men but not before he got trace trees is the story of the story of the story of the bridgeport of the story o some interesting pictures.

An examination of the premises revealed new copper flashing around each chimney, yards of copper pipe, a bright new boiler, houndreds of feet of lead pipe, 4 bathtubs, 3 showers, laundry tubs, 5 sinks and busins, 7 water closets, 100.000 square feet of lumber, 220-foot artesian well, and a new furnace with automatic stoker.

All this in face of a WPB ruling issued last April that "all construction which is not essential, directly or indirectly, to the war effort . . . be deferred for the duration of the emergency.

# WHAT ARE THE WOLRD'S **GREATEST BOOKS?**

#### By HARRY GOLDEN

The current week-November 8th to November 15th is known as NATIONAL EDUCATION WEEK-a subject of the most vital interest to all of us.

For instance very few people know that Samuel Gompers the great leader of the American Federation of Labor was instrumental in establishing some 500 free schools-this was done in the following manner:

In many localities the A. F. of L. organized workers found that there were no free schools in the vicinity, or if there were any schools the particular place was entirely out of reach of the children in the particular vicinity. Then through the efforts of the local Central Bodies in the vicinity, the particular state was petitioned to open a free school. In many instances it was practicable to do this at once, in many more, annual meetings, amendments to be voted upon a few years later and other details held up this most necessary function of

Have been sleuthing around a few | few days ago; found in the first ofdays to learn Labor's reaction to the fice, Mrs. Ethel Collins, who is doing change in meeting nights of Central a great big job for the Carpenters. Labor Union. Wonder why we waited this long? All organizations that I bucket, yet she finds time to be courhave heard from so far are well teous to all with whom she comes in pleased. This will give us, me espe-cially, an opportunity to renew our Electricians. Very efficient are these acquaintance with our midweek Church services, as many of our deleand were deprived of one, either the Union-made money, buying Union-Church or their Union each week. made goods and War Savings Bonds o attend both.

It was my good fortune to have an opportunity to attend a meeting of the Film Exchange Clerks a few the Film Exchange Clerks a lew nights ago, I have never attended a better labor meeting. Everything was handled strictly in a business manner. In their deliberations the future of labor was of prime import-ance and the attitude of the members in attendance was real value to every-

She was as busy as a bee in a tar contact. In the next office was Miss two young ladies, and attractive, too. All local Unions report all members working, no men idle, making and Stamps. I believe they are patronizing Journal advertisers, if not they should, because the advertising

makes our paper possible. I am attempting to write a short news article each week, in these articles I will try to treat with the subjects that our Unions are interested in but not with the minutes of any of the meeting that I attend, and what I write will be as a Layman in the movement, certainly not as an officer,

us another tax. The man earning over \$5,000 a year gets a better break than the man the lower bracket, but it has been ever thus. There are many classes of workers though who are far much better off than in past years. There are millions of war workers earning around \$40 a week, or more, who not so long ago were doing well to average \$10 a week, working only six to eight months during the year at that, and we are all in better shape to pay our part. Of course many will have to borrow to meet the tax bill, but that should have been taken care of as time passed. The farmers are better off than they have ever been, that this writer can remember. The crafts are all working full time at top-notch wages, and it is the opinion of The Journal that they are doing less squealing than those in the higher brackets. And there are going to be heavier taxes, regardless of the length of this war. The longer it lasts, the more taxes we will have to pay. But what of that? The war will be won—it is being won now-regardless of Hitler propaganda to the contrary. But it is our duty as citizens to call for strict economy by our various governmental agencies, both nationally, state and locally, in all administrative agencies. It is the salaried worker, with a fixed income, commonly called the Middle Class who are really taking a beating from the tax set up, having to meet the ever-increasing dent, theirs is second to none, and their business agent is always on the alert—a man with a vision. Dropped by the Labor Temple a



## **Army Is Quick To Classify Craftsmen**

Skilled craftsmen, who enter the U. S. Army, are quickly placed in duties for which their civilian jobs have fitted them, but it is up to the Army personne, experts to find the proper niche for millions of other Americans whose skills, talents and inguenity must be blended into the varied pattern of Army life, accord-ing to Maj. Gen. James A. Ulio, Adjutant General.

Interviewers, by patiently questioning newly inducted soldiers, are

our daily lives, and that is WHERE THE A. F. OF L. stepped in and OPENED THE SCHOOL WITH FUNDS COMING OUT OF THE WORKERS DUES.\_ This was done in 436 instances-union dues which went to establish free schools-(Mr. Pegler, please copy) in every instance the A. F. of L. was not reimbursed by the state for laying out money for what is beyond a doubt a state function.

Which brings us to the matter of education: You know many thousands of our boys will be taken right from High School into the Army-many more thousands will be taken out of their first year in College-and their education along academic lines must never suffer. This war and the fighting of it is necessary-and the drafting of these boys is necessary.\_ In order to win we must use the weapons employed by our enemies—match them weapon for weapon—man for man—and they are taking 15-year-old boys for their tanks and aeroplanes. We must do the same at least with 18-year-olds. But we think that with a little intelligence, a boy can keep in touch with his educational pur-We do not say that the few books we mention here are the suits. world's greatest books, neither do we say that in our opinion, that they are equal to a college education is correct. Many teachers and many scholars will have a different opinion and a different list. It is all right. We know that some others may be put in place of some we have mentioned; but we do believe that a good Christmas present for a young boy who will soon be in the Army would be the few books (cost very, very cheap) that will keep him in touch with the world, its wonders, its history and its philosophy.\_ We do not mean to stick our chins out by trying to say that our five books represent the learning of the world—but this list will do until another one comes along—so if you cannot continue in high school or college, be sure to read and understand the following five volumes—read them twice or three times if necessary. You'll get more out of them the third time than the first and you'll have something that you can never buy or never have taken away from you.

- THE BIBLE-OLD AND NEW TESTAMENTS. "LIVES," BY PLUTARCH. "FOURTEEN DECISIVE BATTLES OF THE WORLD," BY CREASY.
- "LES MISERABLES," BY VICTOR HUGO. "HAMLET," DRAMA BY WILLIAM SHAKESPEARE.

Here you will learn-and keep in touch with the spirituality and the soul of man-the history of man-the war for empire or freedom of man-the sturggle of man to earn a living-and the philosophy of man. Take them with you to the army—spend a few minutes a day with them—and you'll acquire a wealth that no money can buy and you will acquire a viewpoint that will help you greatly when you return.

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### ... to Save 100% Save 10%

All over the nation, patriotic Americans are spending less and saving more -putting at least 10% of their incomes into War Bonds and Stamps. So our boys can have the planes and tanks and guns they need to fight and attack and WIN for us!

So the Nazis and Japs will wish they hadn't

tried to enslave America, too-and won't ever try it again!

And it's going to take 10% in War Bonds to do it! -

So, if you've been postponing buckling down, remember, it's "Everybody 10%" or "Nobody (except our Axis masters) having a cent."

NOTE-Now You Can Buy War Bonds Through Your Rural Postman!



**The Charlotte Labor Journal** Free Labor Will Out-Produce Nazi Slaves

charged with the duty of finding "The Right Man for the Right Job," the slogan that hangs on the wall of each reception and replacement trainng center.

New soldiers frequently have hobbies that enable the interviewers to classify them for assignments in which their avocations are much more valuable to the army than their main occupations in civilian life would have been.



INVEST IN VICTORY!

Our boys can take the War to the enemy, if we back them up with ships and tanks and guns! But that takes money!

that takes money! Help your Government to put the tools of war into the hands of our soldiers by purchasing War Sav-ings Bonds and Stamps. And re-member . . . just one Bond can't lick the Axis any more than just one gun! It takes millions of Amer-icans buying War Savings Bonds and Stamps every pay day! Bonds cost \$18.75 and up . . . and they pay you back one-third more in only 10 years! Stamps cost 10¢, 25¢, and up . . . soon total the price of a Bond if bought regu-larly.

Help our boys on the fighting fronts wherever they may be! Buy War Savings Bonds as an investfor yourself and your country

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