JOURNAL'S POLICY

The Charlotte Labor Journal welcomes suggestions and constructive criticism. Its object is to promote organization of the unorganized, to help bring about a better understanding between employer and employe, thereby gaining a better standard of living for the worker.

Progress shall always govern The Journal's opinions.

The Charlotte Labor Journal

THE VOICE OF ALL A. F. OF L. MEMBERS IN CHARLOTTE AND VICE



VOL. XV: NO. 20

PUBLISHED WEEKLY

CHARLOTTE, N. C., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1945

Official Organ of the Charlotte Central Labor Union and Endorsed by the North Carolina State Federation of Labor, Approved by American Federation of Labor

Price 5c Per Copy

Subscription Price \$2.00 Per Year

AFL STRIKES AT SLOW ACTION OF CONGRESS

California Unions Fight CIO Raids To U. S. Consumers

San Francisco. - The executive ouncil of the California State Federation of Labor has pledged the federation's "entire resources" and the resources of its affiliated unions to move as one united force to crush the disruption and jurisdictional invasion attempts by CIO unions."

It accused the CIO not only of lanning "raids" but of conducting a "vicious campaign of slander, lies and abuses of AFL unions and their leaders."

"The AFL organizations in California represent more than 1,000,-000 members and the CIO represents a total of not more than 100,000," the council asserted,

"The AFL cannot tolerate or permit the disruption and jurisdictional invasions at a time when it must rally its forces to meet employers in collective bargaining for the basic interests in tradeunion affairs of its dues-paying, working members."

The resolution did not refer to any specific CIO unions, but a spokesman for the council said the AFL was especially concerned with CIO inroads in the Hollywood film industry, and with similar inroads by CIO organizers among the vegetable and fruit cannery

Release Of Veterans Increases In Tempo For North Carolina

releasing veterans from the service in recent months, the numbers of veteran visits to local U.S. Employment Service offices have almost doubled, reaching 17,314 in August, as compared with 9,034 in March, for example. The increase in recent months has been gradual but important, it is shown by Dr. J. S. Dorton, State director of the War Manpower Commission.

Local placements of veterans on jobs have increased, reaching 2,-094 in August, the first month in which the number has exceeded 2,-000. Of those completing applications for work in August, 317 were classed as handicapped, and 162 such veterans were placed in

Local U. S. Employment Service offices directed veterans to proper agencies to handle their problems during August as follows: Veterans Administration, 1,088; State Vocational Rehabilitation agency, 52; Selective Service, 58; training agencies 238, and other agencies,

IN-PLANT SNACKS CUT

ABSENTEEISM RATE Washington, D. C. - Accident and absenteeism rates have decreased as much as 30 per cent in plants which make between-meal snacks available to workers, Dr. Robert S. Goodhart, chief of the Department of Agriculture Industrial Feeding Programs Division, disclosed.

He cited as examples the Thermoid Company, Trenton, N. J.; the Westinghouse plant at East Pittsburgh, Pa., and the Avondale Mills in Alabama. At the Thermoid company, workers decreased their accident rate 30 per cent after the company began serving free pints of milk to 1,-500 employees during 5-minute recesses. In addition, the workers cut down their absenteeism rates, increased their production.

"From practical experience large segments of labor and management have learned that betweenmeal snacks during regularly scheduled rest periods benefit the worker," said Dr. Goodhart. "Better morale, labor relations, and efficiency have been found to accompany this practise, along with program, the War Labor Board is regulations. In addition, applica-

NATIONAL BIBLE WEEK

OCTOBER 15 - 21-



These boys, coming back from the fox-hole and the jungle drew courage and inspiration from the Book their mothers read. They won the victory in the name of the Prince of

Let us honor them and the country to which they

give the full measure of devotion by turning the

Guide Book of Human Conduct for our inspiration, our strength — our victory.

Read your Bible during National Bible Week,
October 15—21.

Read your Bible EVERY WEEK.

The Laymens National Committee, sponsors of National Bible Week, urges America to turn again to the Book Our Mothers Read.

WHITE HOUSE CLARIFIES JOBLESS PAY PROPOSAL

WASHINGTON. - The White | States from 40 to 66 per cent of House said formally last week that President Truman's proposal for \$25 of jobless pay for 26 weeks "does not mean that everybody would get \$25 a week."

Declaring some of the commen on the President's unemployment compensation proposal has indicated a "complete misunderstand ing" of the significance of the \$25 weekly maximum, the White House statement said:

"As the President sought to make clear in his message to Congress on September 6, the \$25 is a GEORGE CUTTER ceiling and does not mean that NAMED TO MILL everybody would get \$25 a week." loss would remain in effect. Per- last week. centages of wage loss which are Mr. Cutter is also vice president

the average weekry wage.

"Therefore," the statement said, in a State that pays 50 per cent of the weekly wage loss but has a \$20-a-week ceiling on the amount of benefit payable, the only effect of the President's proposal would be to enable workers who have earned more than \$40 a week to draw more than the present maximum amount. In such a State only a worker who would earn \$50 or more a week would receive the maximum of \$25 a week."

George K. Cutter has been The statement said that all elected vice president in active State laws which figure weekly charge of the Cutter Manufacturbenefits on a percentage of wage ing company at Rock Hill, S. C.

compensated range in the various of J. H. Cutter, Inc., of Charlotte.

Labor Department Reorganization **Fails To Solve Many Major Problems**

Truman's initial reorganization of the Senate has voted to return the Labor Department failed to ease tension in the nation's troubled labor-industrial situation. The President transferred to the Labor Department the National War Labor Board, the War Manpower Commission and the U.S. Employment Service. Secretary of Labor Schwellenbach said these changes would strengthen his

authority in dealing with disputes. Thus far, the agency shifts have resulted in no visible improvement, while a certain amount of confusion did develop.

Immediately after the War Labor Board was moved, its chairman George W. Taylor resigned For a few days it appeared that there would be a wholesale wave of additional resignations but Schwellenbach called an emergency conference and prevented dis-

work is completed. said on the AFL Labor-USA radio alleged violations of stablization decreases in accidents and absen- preparing to go out of existence, tions are coming in for permission

Washington, D. C. - President already has wound up its work and the U.S. Employment Servcie to state control. He therefore called the reorganization only "half a step in the right direction - and no more."

WLB members were prevailed upon to remain on the job after Schwellenbach assured them he would refrain from interfering with the board's decisions or pol-

The Secretary of Labor revealed that he felt continued operation of the WLB is vital until the labormanagement conference, due to open on President Truman's call on November 5, fashions some substitute procedure for settlement of industrial disputes.

Although few disputes have been certified to the board since the Japanese surrender, between integration of the board before its 2,000 and 3,000 unresolved disputes remain on the docket. The board As AFL member Robert J. Watt also has a docket of thousands of the War Manpower Commission to reduce wage rates.

LABOR, USA

Washington, D. C. - The twelfth edition of the American Federationist of the Air, broadcast on the "Labor, U.S.A." program over the American Broadcasting Company network, presented the following outstanding feature articles to supplement the news:

POVERTY OR PLENTY The Senate adopted an unem ployment compensation bill which falls far short of the standard urgently recommended by President Truman.

The bill as passed has three good features. It extends the duration of unemployment benefits throughout the nation to 26 weeks. The limit now in some states is only 15 weeks. Further, the new measure grants jobless benefits to almost 3,000,000 government employes and 400,000 maritime workers, hitherto excluded. Finally, the bill allows up to \$200 to send stranded war workers back home to new jobs.

These are desirable improvements, but they do not go far enough to meet human needs during reconversion. The Senate killed the President's key recommendation, which called for supplementing the present, inade quate state unemployment benefits with federal funds to reach a nation-wide maximum payment of \$25 a week.

Those who opposed the President's recommendation, have served notice that they intend to fight for an economy of poverty and scarcity in America. That challenge is accepted by the liberal forces in Congress who are determined to press for legislation which will encourage full production, full employment and an economy of plenty in our land.

The provision for a \$25 maximum payment was buried under an avalanche of misinformation and misunderstanding. The argument was made that paying the unemployed \$25 a week would encourage idleness. Yet the law specifically provides that applicants must declare their willingness to accept suitable employment before they can become eligible to receive compensation. The im-

(Please Turn to Page 4)

Green Urges Truman To Show Congress Error Of Its Ways For Blocking Needed Labor Bills

Rankin Legislation Would Create Strife Between American Workers

(Special Dispatch) torial writers of the Hearst- "union-busting tactics. McCormick - Patterson axis who work overtime conjuring up new

The truth might twinge their

Lambasting Mississippi's hatemonger, John Rankin, for his introduction of legislation purportedly aimed at permitting veterans to gain employment without union affiliation, but actually designed to legalize the open shop and fo- gram to give veterans jobs and ment strife between labor and veterans, the young West Coast progressive listed true facts which the anti-labor press has garbled so willingly.

"Thousands upon thousands of our servicemen were union men before they were soldiers. Many unions have provided free stamps for their dues books or other means to keep servicemen in good standing while in the armed forces . . . Servicemen are proud to have

books," said Representative Sav-

"If we make strike breakers out of returning servicemen by law, they will no longer have the protection from their brother union men. They would be the potential threat to the American standard of living. On the other hand, servicemen have no greater friends than their fellow workers who have remained on the home front. In many cases, unions have suspended the requirement of initiation fees for servicemen. As far as dues are concerned a union that has no money is of no service to its membership. He pointed out, too, that unions have established special committee to handle veteran problems.

The Washington Congressmen warned that enactment of this bill could lead to vast unemployment, buttressing this argument by explaining that once employers had broken unions through use of veterans and wage scales were lowered they could undersell com-

petitors, forcing them to shut Washington, D. C. - The equ- down plants or else join in the

Representative Savage poopoohed claims that veterans want schemes to pit veterans against to see themselves established as labor should read the recent Con-; a separate class when they return gressional remarks of Representa- to civilian life. "They desire to tive Charles Savage of Washing- come back to this country and get back into their respective walks of life. They want jobs and opportunities all right, but they want jobs and opportunities for all the people." Speaking in language which could not be misconstrued, he repeated the premise which labor has stated time and time again: "They know that any proleave the civilian population unemployed is an impossibility. They realize that their only security lies in full employment for all the workers."

The Congressmen told the members of the House that these facts weren't concocted in a dream. "I returned from Europe last month servicemen and came back on a ship loaded with 7,000 troops, with whom I was at sea for 11 days. those service stamps in their It was from the veterans themnot want to be cast aside as a separate group."

Representative Savage reminde that Hitler's first move to establish fascism in Germany was to destroy labor unions-the core of opposition to fascism - and that the Rankin bill was a "fascist measure." It is unjust for the "boys returning home from fighting fascism, to ask them to start fighting for fascism at home, in America," he said. He urged that industrial disputes be settled in the American way, across the negotiating table, "instead of fomenting induutrial disputes by pitting one worker against other as this bill would do." added that the passage of Rankin bill would prevent any further peaceable negotiation in regard to veterans welfare in labor

An added twist was the interjection of Representative Ramey who noted that the Rankin bill was (Please Turn to Page 4)

New McMahon Labor Relations Bill **Emphasizes Voluntary Settlements**

Mahon of Connecticut introduced a new labor relations bill in Congress along with three colleagues. The measure proposes to

strengthen the mediation and arbitration machinery of the government without introducing any compulsory features into collective bargaining procedures.

In contrast with the sponsors of the Ball-Burton-Hatch bill, Senator McMahon consulted at length with AFL President William Green and other labor and industrial However, the AFL has made no

commitment to support the bill. One feature of the McMahon measure at which labor looks somewhat askance is the proposed establishment of boards of inquiry force of law. by the President to determine and make public the facts in any labor mediation and arbitration. These made by a majority of the arbitraboards, the Senator said, would tion board.

Washington, D. C .- Senator Mc- | hold public hearings to "provide a public forum so that the factual argument of each side would be available to the public." While labor does not fear this plan, it contains a new wrinkle which requires careful study.

First emphasis in the McMahon bill is placed on free collective bargaining. To handle disputes which are not settled by such negotiation, the measure set up a Division of Mediation and Conciliatoin in the Labor Department. Should these steps also fail, the leaders before drafting this legis- McMahon bill paves the way for NEW RADIO FIRM the voluntary submission of the OPENS IN CITY questions at issue to arbitration by a board to be named by the Prestdent. Once the board's services are engaged by both sides, its decisions is to be final and have the

In order to enter arbitration under the McMahon bill, the dispute which cannot be resolved parties must stipulate in advance by the preliminary methods of that they will accept the award

WASHINGTON, D. C .- A. F. of L. President William Green charged that Congress is striking against the best interests of the nation by killing unemployment compensation legislation.

He warned that the hostile attitude of Congress is contributing in large measure to unrest and uncertainty and is driving the American people to the left.

Mr. Green called upon President Truman to "show Congress the error of its ways" and lead the nation through the problems of reconversion into "the economy of plenty which America can and must achieve."

The AFL chief's blast followed the sudden and shocking action of the House Ways and Means committee in killing the unemployment compensation bill passed by the Senate.

Mr. Green called the House move defiance of President Truman's urgent recommendations and "a slap in the face" to millions of war workers who are now losing their jobs.

His statement, which also took cognizance of growing Congressional opposition to the Full Emwhere I talked to thousands of ployment bill and other key measures on the AFL's list of "must" legislation, follows:

"By killing unemployment compensation legislation the House defied the President of the United States and slapped in the face millions of loyal American workers who are losing their war jobs.

"These workers responded to the urgent appeals of the government and patriotically remained at their machines in vital war industries when they could have taken safer and more permanent employment. They were assured by the government that they would not be made to suffer for their loyalty.

"Now that victory has won, Congress has let them down and repudiated the solemn pledge of the government. First the Senate struck out from the Kilgore Unemploymnet Compensation bill the key provision recommended by President Truman for lifting maximum benefits to \$25 a week. Now the House Ways and Means committee has tabled the rest of

"This hostile attitude by Congress is contributing in large measure to the unrest and uncertainty that is sweeping the country. Congress is in no position to complain about strikes, when it deliberately goes on strike itself against the best interests of the nation.

"Nothing is better calculated to destroy the free enterprise system and drive the American people to leftist extremes than the callous disregard shown by Congress toward human needs during reconversion.

"The American Federation of Labor calls upon President Truman to show Congress the error of its ways and to exert the kind of progressive leadership necessary to guide the nation through the problems of reconversion and into the economy of plenty which America can and must achieve."

The Radio Sales & Appliances company, a new Charlotte firm opened for business Monday in quarters in the Addison Storage Garage building at 222 South Church street. W. A. Barber. well-known Charlotte radio man will be manager, and J. B. Jones. operator of the Addison Storage Garage, will be co-manager.