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Wilmington, N. C., Port And Resort Center

Wilmington is the leading port city for North Carolina, located on the east bank of the Cape Fear River, about 30 miles from the Atlantic Ocean.

The first settlement was made here in 1730, and in 1800 it was a village with a population of 1,689. Evidence of its progressiveness lies in its increased population to 33,401 in 1910, and today it is estimated to be a city of 50,000.

Industrially, Wilmington possesses a well-balanced economy with 120 manufacturing firms producing a well diversified line of finished goods. It is an important center for the manufacture of fertilizer, wood and wood products, cotton goods, creosoted products, hosiery, neckties, other chemical products, etc. Wilmington is the second largest distribution point on the Atlantic seacoast for bulk petroleum products.

Its retail trading area extends inland for seventy-five miles, with a population of 275,000. Its wholesale area covers a radius of 150 miles and has a population of 385,000.

Wilmington is easily accessible by air, land, water and rail. It is served by two railroads, five freight trucking companies, the Inland waterway, three highways, bus lines and passenger and freight airlines.

The Port of Wilmington is 174 miles northeast of Charleston, South Carolina, and 412 miles south of Norfolk, Virginia. The harbor of the city occupies the entire width of the Cape Fear River and extends south from a point about one mile north to Hilton Bridge, to about two miles below the south boundary of the city and about 30 miles to the ocean bar.

A depth of 30 feet at mean low tide is available across the bar and up the river to Wilmington. Contemplated Federal waterway project for Cape Fear River will increase the depth to 35 feet. Fifty-seven wharves of various lengths and depths are in operation at Wilmington. Ocean terminals have a capacity of 635,000 square feet and can serve 11 steamers and 165 cars. These terminals are equipped to handle and expedite general cargoes with dispatch via water, rail and motor carriers. Wilmington's harbor channel is navigable throughout the year.

The imagination and interest of tourists and vacationists are captured by Wilmington's natural beauties, famous gardens and plantations, beautiful Greenfield Lake in the heart of the city, its historic ruins and landmarks, sport fishing grounds and miles of excellent ocean beaches.

Its mild southern climate allows for year-round activity at nearby beaches, exciting exercise in the Gulf Stream for game fish, and for spring garden tours when the azaleas and camellias burst into bloom at beautiful Orton and Airline plantations, and with thousands of such plants unfolding a panorama of riotous color at scenic Greenfield Lake studded with old cypress trees covered with Spanish moss.

Wilmington has many famous historical buildings and landmarks, including British General Cornwallis' Revolutionary War Headquarters. Several of the oldest churches in America, the church where Woodrow Wilson worshipped as a youth, the site birthplace of Whistler's mother, historic Fort Fisher, Orton Plantation and its magnificent old mansion built in 1725.

Wilmington is the center of one of the greatest farm producing centers in the United States. In the area are located the principal tobacco, corn, potato, soybean, strawberry, lettuce and peanut producing counties of North Carolina. The nearby Castle Hayne district is world-famous for its

millions of beautiful daffodils and gladioli. Cut flowers from these fields are sold throughout the United States.

In addition to its famous fishing grounds where an annual fishing rodeo is held each fall from September 15 through October 31, with thousands of dollars in cash prizes for the best fish caught. Wilmington is blessed with excellent schools, and churches of all denominations, parks and playgrounds well kept, swimming, golfing, sailing, boating and riding. Wilmington and its beaches has many hotels and cottages which maintain moderate prices.

Wilmington is an ideal location for new industrial branch plants. It has many excellent land sites for manufacturing purposes. Skilled and semi-skilled labor is readily available, and there are ample housing facilities for industrial employees.

Wilmington is proud of its excellent health facilities, including its medical center, modern hospitals, prominent doctors, dentists, and surgeons. Its excellent mild climate makes for a healthy place to live.

For Women Only

Glean of Copper

After March 1, manufacturers cannot use copper in the making of a long list of goods—including house numbers, andirons, gutters and downspouts, ordinary pots and pans, costume jewelry, bases of lamps, and the like. Supplies of such goods now on the markets are pretty good, but the chances are they won't last very long. We regret to report that some of our friends, who never thought much about copper one way or the other until they heard it was going to be scarce, have bought up whole sets of expensive kitchen ware. Afraid they wouldn't have anything to leave their grandchildren, we suppose. Ah, well, some people are like that.

Screening

Copper insect screening still can be made because screening is considered a civilian necessity—for health reasons. Supposedly aluminum screening will continue to be made, too—although the order limiting non-essential uses of aluminum is not out yet.

We talked to a building materials man who thought screening might get scarce later on, however, because so much of it is needed for new plants, training camps and the like. He advised taking good care of the screens you have and said it would help if persons putting up new screens would screen only half the window—if they live in houses where this is satisfactory.

At our house we've been living for the day when we could have all-aluminum screens and awnings to prevent that awful take-down and put-up time which comes each spring and autumn. Sacrifice Number One, we suppose it is, that we now must wait a while longer. But we imagine we can live, since we're old enough to remember when the first aluminum pots came on the market.

CONNOLLY APPOINTED

Washington—Secretary of Labor Maurice J. Tobin appointed William L. Connolly, director U. S. Bureau of Labor Standards, as chairman of the Federal Safety Council. He takes over his new assignment in addition to his present duties.



AERIAL VIEW OF DURHAM, N. C. —Courtesy Durham Chamber of Commerce

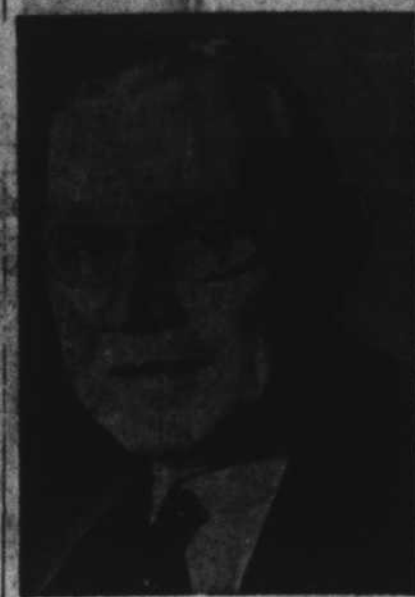
A Tribute To William Green

On January 11th, over a thousand members of the American Trade Union Council for Histadrut gathered at the Waldorf-Astoria in New York City to pay tribute to the 77-year-old president of the American Federation of Labor, William Green, for his three decades of unstinting service to the cause of Histadrut and the State of Israel. Highlight of the occasion was the presentation to Mr. Green of a specially cast bronze statuette entitled "The Israel Pioneer" by Dr. Joseph Bursin, Histadrut delegate.

Tributes to Mr. Green were sent by President Harry S. Truman, President Chaim Weizmann, Prime Minister David Ben Gurion, and many other Israeli and American statesmen and labor leaders. Dr. John R. Steelman, assistant to the President, spoke as the personal representative of Mr. Truman.

A comprehensive address on the role of Israel in world affairs was delivered by Ambassador Abba S. Eban, who stressed the unique character of Histadrut in the creation of a democratic state in the Middle East. Ambassador Eban remarked:

"It is natural that the labor movement in this country should devote special interest to those unique labor and co-operative organizations which are the very foundation of Israeli democracy. In industry, in agriculture, in defense and cultural achievement the labor organizations of Israel have been the pioneers of every progress, the defenders of every barricade, the leaders in every hazard. Wherever there is struggle, wherever there is toil, wherever there is danger, wherever there is agonizing and terrifying responsibility, there you find the representatives of Israel labor at the helm, not taking refuge in the tempting byways of facile criticism, but leading their movement and the whole nation towards the fulfillment of their historic destiny. Here was a full system of social security, not introduced into a ready-made prosperous state, abundant in re-



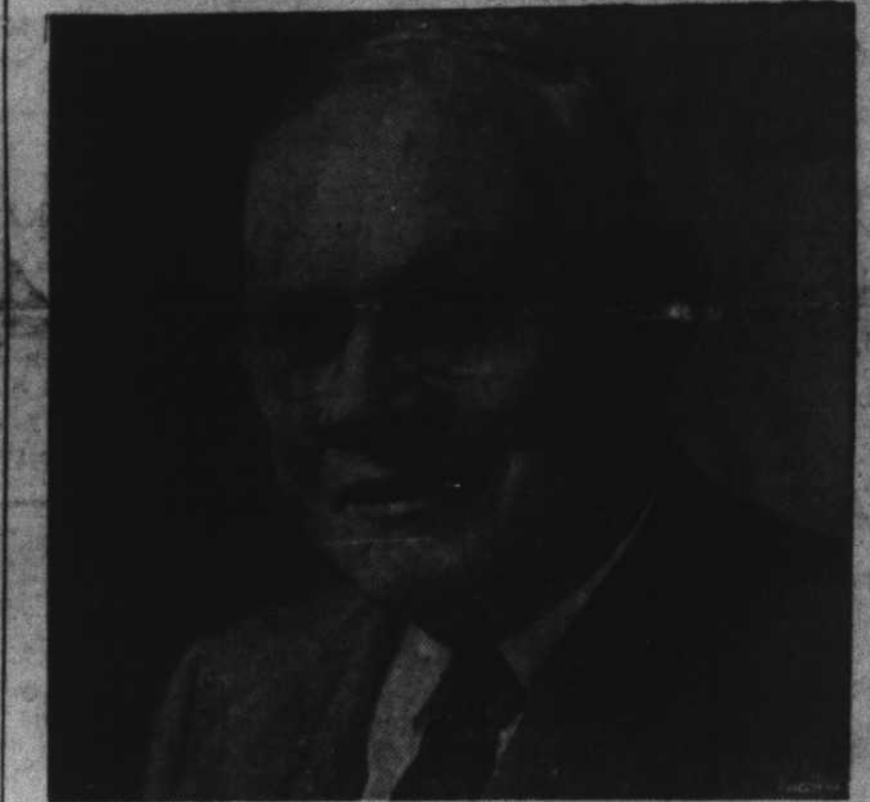
MR. GREEN

sources and complete in institutions, but something which grew up organically with the State from its very infancy. Social equality has not been added to our edifice like the roof of an already constructed building. It is part of the very foundation, it is the cornerstone and the cement on which everything rests. Therefore the American labor movement may be proud of its special contribution to the stabilization and consolidation of the institutions of Jewish labor in Israel, whose influence reaches out far beyond the normal purviews of union organization and comprehends and dominates every constructive aspect of the national life."

In response to the acclaim of his well-wishers, Mr. Green reaffirmed his affection for the people of Israel, and stated:

"The American Federation of Labor is proud of its close fraternal ties with Histadrut. Histadrut has triumphed over the most formidable obstacles that any labor movement has ever faced. It has brought order out of potential chaos, without compromising its democratic principles. It has inspired the free world by demonstrating a vivid and practical way that security, welfare and economic progress can best be achieved in an environment of freedom and democracy. We have gloried in its victories as though they were our own."

"In a country where capital is at a premium, Histadrut has established co-operative industries to help maintain a high rate of employment and production. Over half the hospitals and health centers of Israel were built and financed by Histadrut. Its housing co-operatives have taken over the job of providing low-cost housing,



WILLIAM GREEN, PRESIDENT

AMERICAN FEDERATION of LABOR

and have built more than half of the new housing.

"These are all inspiring accomplishments. But the most inspiring aspect of this magnificent record lies in the fact that all of this was done without yielding to temptations, which surely must have arisen, to abandon the principles of liberty, democracy, and equality and to resort to authoritarian methods. Even in the face of crisis and danger, Histadrut adhered to the democratic principles upon which it was founded."

Joseph Breslaw, chairman of

(Continued On Page 3)

Home

The warden of a large prison was escorting a party of five MPs through the institution. They passed through a room where two women were busy sewing. "My, what hard-looking women," one of the MPs remarked as they left the room. "What are they in for?"

With ice in his voice the warden replied: "They are here because they have no other home. This is our private living room and these are my wife and mother-in-law."

Labor's Voice In Gov't Is Small

By Joseph Keenan

Since the November elections, and long before, there has been a continuous attack on organized labor for its activities in the political field. It even has been suggested by some that labor get out—that it leave the misery of the country in the hands of groups willing to pay the price to control it.

Just recently a nationally known columnist fired a broadside as to the control that unions wield in the federal government. Anyone informed knows labor influence is very small. In fact, there are but three or four outstanding labor men in important posts in the federal government.

Big business has seen to it that it controls every person it has placed in important positions in the government—one of its own can keep big business informed on who holds great influence. That includes the President's cabinet and every defense agency. Big business always has had top men in defense posts.

In my time in Washington in the past 10 years there have been such powerful figures as Forrestal, Patterson, Stimson, Lovett, Draper—all bankers or industrialists.

They kept control of all war agencies in the hands of national industrialists.

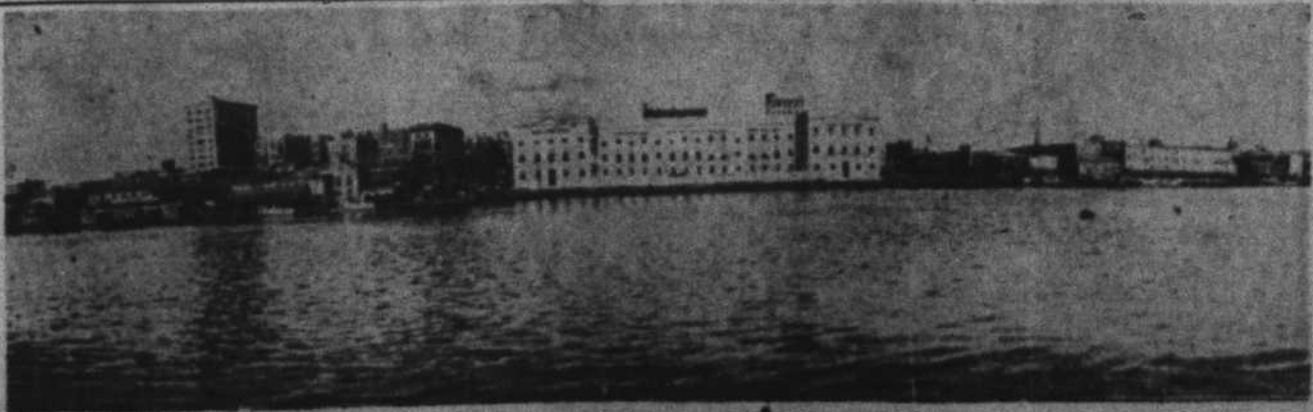
One thing should be pointed out: In the last 10 years there has never been any opposition in the Senate to Bush, men who have received presidential nominations. Many of them never had to go to hearings. That has not been the case with men of liberal points of view. Buchanan, Bowles, Walgren and a number of others all have had long hearings. In a couple of cases the Senate refused to confirm the appointments. Just recently we saw the smear case against Anna Rosenberg, a liberal, before she was confirmed as assistant secretary of defense.

In the last couple of days we have received the report on the campaign expenditures for Senator Taft in Ohio. They totaled \$2,067,000.

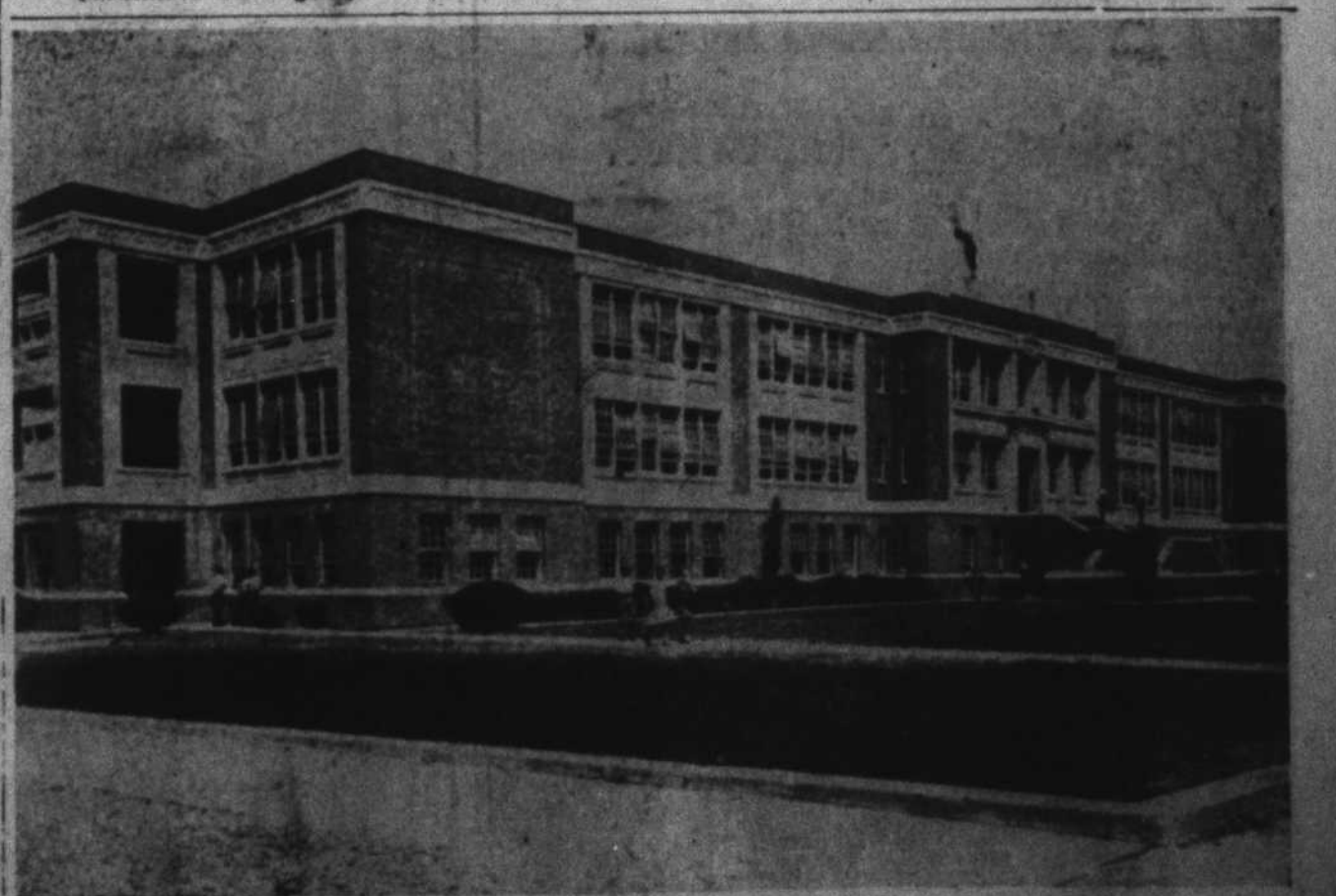
State Auditor Joe Ferguson was our candidate. We accepted him as a candidate resulting from the democratic processes of a primary election in Ohio. We also pointed out in that campaign that the senior senator from Ohio was a bad security risk. He was on every side of every question. The important point is that he was always wrong when the chips were down.

In the last few days we have heard him make speeches and have seen him on television. And again he is just as blind as he ever was. We feel we were right then and are right now—although we lost.

(Continued On Page 3)



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