

NEWSPAPER CREDIT SYSTEM. "We have recently sent out statements of accounts to those subscribers who are in arrears, and shall expect them to settle at once. After this issue we will not send the paper any longer to those who are as much as one year behind. We would like for you to have the paper, but we are unable to furnish it free."

There is much discussion with the State press about the credit system in running newspapers. We clip the quotation above from an exchange, and think it just what every man who reads a newspaper without paying for it ought to see. We are ever ready to say anything that we think is to the interest of our readers. And now we will say a word about the newspaper credit system with reference to the interest of newspaper readers. The majority of the comments on the system by editors is in defense of their own interest, which is right and proper. But we denounce the system not only because it is as much an impossibility to run a newspaper without money as it is to run any other business on the same principle; but because it has a tendency to injure our readers as well. It encourages a spirit of carelessness about business matters. Any one knows that carelessness in one thing begets carelessness in another. Business is business—with a newspaper as well as anything else. We denounce the system for a still greater reason. It is unfair to those engaged in the business. But perhaps some one will say, why not the editor wait for his money as well as the merchant? This is an unfair view of the matter. The merchant takes mortgages in many cases from the very men that take the newspaper without paying for it.

In this view of the matter the merchant has the advantage in two particulars. In the first place, he is safe, for he gets his pay at the fall before the editor does even if the editor gets his at all—the mortgage must be raised first, you know. In the second place, the merchant can much better afford to wait for the money for the goods he sells, for he buys them on time himself in many cases. But who ever heard of an editor ordering paper, ink, coal, postage stamps &c., and letting the account run till the fall, or till the crop is gathered? And well may the vendors of paper, ink, coal, &c., refuse to wait for their money till the "crop is gathered" for the newspaper, for if they should trust to such pay as that the "fall" would not be long off with them. Then there is no "cropping it" with printers and "levies" in a newspaper office. They must have the cash at the end of every week. The truth is the newspaper man must have the money for his paper, advance the money without much hope of ever getting it back, or let his paper suspend. Now, what would be the comments upon the members of the editorial fraternity if every man who does not pay up promptly for his paper should fail to get it any longer? And yet we think this is exactly what ought to be done. It is just as great a wrong to subscribe to a newspaper and not pay for it as it is to hire a man to work a year in your shop or in your field and then not pay him. Let the press speak out and say whether or not newspapers shall still flood the country at the expense of the editors. We are willing to cut down our list to those who pay. If every press will set right down on every man who does not pay for his paper in advance or make some satisfactory arrangement about paying for it in the future, there will be more profit to newspaper men and less remorse of conscience with delinquent subscribers. We want to see an expression from every newspaper in the State.

COMMON SENSE IN POLITICS. No man who can think for himself will ever object to the practice of common sense in anything. By common sense we mean that which is practical, and presents things in such a way as to make them tangible. The political issues of the day are ever engaging the attention of our party leaders, and it is very right that this should be the case. But too often the common sense view of things is laid aside, and instead some blubbery, fanatical outburst of prejudice or unnecessary enthusiasm seizes upon them with such force that they lose their equilibrium entirely. We deem it very important that the common sense view of things should always be taken. The Charlotte Journal-Observer has the following

to say on the subject: "There is one intellectual element, which, allowed procedure in Democratic councils for the next twelve months, will insure success, and that is what is usually called common sense. It must be confessed that, for many years past, it has not prevailed to any very conspicuous extent in the management of the Democratic party, but has rather been suppressed and kept in the background. The chief prominence has been given to gentlemen with an idea, and the regular and invariable result has been an important gushing of teeth among the faithful over their defeat. This process has become very fatiguing, not to say demoralizing, and unless it is stopped, will end in the dissolution of the Democratic party. There is, practically, no serious difference amongst the leaders or masses of the party upon the great economic questions which have gradually risen into prominence in the country, but the danger which threatens, from the inordinate ambition and conceit of certain would-be leaders to whom experience conveys no wisdom and disaster serves only as an irritant. This ambition and conceit must be chastened, and the gentlemen who have displayed it must be stripped of their parquets, otherwise the winds of November, 1884, will be more heavily laden than ever with the wails of discomfited Democracy."

To one who has carefully read and analyzed the speeches of Democratic Senators and Representatives in Congress, and the newspaper essays of Democratic editors throughout the country, it is apparent that there is almost entire unanimity of judgment as to the principle on which taxation for Federal purposes should be levied. They all agree that the object to be kept in view, and that which was contemplated by the framers of the Constitution in providing for tariff taxation, was the raising of the revenue necessary for the purposes of the government. This is the vantage ground, and the only vantage ground as to the tariff which they have over their opponents, who insist that the protection of American industry is the chief object to be aimed at. These are the antagonistic principles involved—upon which, respectively, as the one or the other prevails, the schedules of a tariff are constructed. Why, then, should any Democrat insist in the face of adverse experience, upon a reinvestment of the principle upon which his party is agreed, and a more precise definition of the dogma which everybody understands? There is a far more important issue between the parties—more complicated. We have been gradually led to see that certain of our contemporaries who at first insisted on the use of the same phrase—"a tariff for revenue only"—which was incorporated in the Cincinnati platform, seem willing to forget it, and adopt other language, of course without any abandonment of principle on their part, and we are sanguine that such will be the sense of the whole party when the time comes to formulate their views upon the tariff question. We would not if this matter was being discussed for the first time, and in the least to the use of the words employed at Cincinnati, but they have been falsely interpreted to mean free trade, and that is their popular significance today. They, therefore, are not to be used as the battle-cry of the Democratic party, because they do not fairly represent its aims while they do serve to recruit the ranks of its enemies. The party is not half so badly divided upon this or any other question as the Republicans, and therefore it would be suicidal to make unnecessary issues. Let common sense prevail in its councils and all will be well."

INTERNAL REVENUE REGULATIONS.

The regulations prescribed by the Internal Revenue Department for preparing claims for rebate of the taxes on tobacco, snuff and cigars held by dealers on the 1st day of May, prox., provides that such claims must be prepared on that day upon blanks to be furnished by the department, which will be sent out prior to that date; that each package of tobacco or snuff weighing one pound or more and each box of cigars shall have pasted thereon a label in these words, to-wit:

United States Internal Revenue. REBATE. Inventoried for Rebate May 1, 1883. By _____ of _____ of the _____ District of _____ Act of March 3, 1883.

These labels will be furnished by the Collector of Internal Revenue and it is suggested that parties desiring more than ten write at once to the Collectors for them. It is the intention of the Collector of this district to send ten labels to each dealer in tobacco; if more are needed they should be ordered from him. As these claims must be made on May 1st, it is important that dealers should be fully prepared to inventory and prepare their claims on that day. The Rebate applies only to full factory packages. Rebate on tobacco and snuff is eight cents per pound; on cigars three dollars per thousand; on cigarettes one dollar and twenty-five cents per thousand. The aggregate of the claim must amount to ten dollars or more.

HERE AND THERE.

CUMBERLAND FAIR.—The 21st Annual Fair of the Cumberland County Agricultural Society will be held at Fayetteville on the 6th, 7th, 8th and 9th of November, 1883.—Fayetteville Observer.

Ruleigh Visitor: There is a lady living in Warren county, 82 years old who is cutting her second growth of teeth. She has already cut nine new ones, and her gums are very sore, and she is expecting to cut others soon.

Clayton Bud: Eight prisoners, confined in the guard house at Smithfield, made their escape on Thursday night last by cutting a hole through the floor. Nothing, as we are aware of, has been heard of their whereabouts.

Caucasian: The Register of Deeds informs us that there have not been more than half as many mortgages registered this spring as there were by this time last year. We are gratified to announce that Col. Wal-

ter, of Raleigh will deliver the address at the commencement of Clinton Collegiate Institute on the 18th of May.

COMPLIMENT TO A NORTH CAROLINIAN.—Mr. Jarvis C. Buxton, nephew of Judge Buxton and Mrs. S. S. Lutterloh, of Fayetteville, and son of Dr. Buxton formerly of Fayetteville, now of Asheville, has been elected city attorney of Cleveland, Ohio, a city of 160,000 inhabitants, by over 3,000 majority.—Fayetteville Observer.

Tarboro Southern: Mr. S. K. Fountain has patented a new and named it the "Advance" in honor of the Wilson Advance. Barbecues are coming thick. Capt. W. C. Jeffries will give one to-day to the Edgecombe Guards, and to-day a week the Odd Fellows celebrate their Anniversary in win the scorched pig will figure most prominently.

Central Protestant: A terrible railroad accident occurred on the North Carolina road just this side of High Point, at 8:30 Wednesday. Capt. Geo. H. Coble was conductor and escaped unhurt, as the caboose did not leave the track. Engineer John T. Gayle, of Clover, Va., was instantly killed, and the colored fireman and one colored brakeman slightly injured.

Wilson Advance: The Democrats will nominate John A. Gilmer for Governor next year and will be elected by 5,000 majority. Mark the prediction. Mr. John Curtis, of Richlands, says the Lenoir Topic, 84 years old and can split 200 rails per day. He says he has not tasted liquor for 65 years. The editor of the Goldsboro Bulletin wants a telephone line from Snow Hill to Goldsboro. He wants to cuss a man in Snow Hill; wants him to hear it, but wants about twenty miles between them.

Farmer & Mechanic: We object to the Palace because it will ruin every poor man who is chosen to the office, and many of our ablest, noblest, and most deserving people are very poor. It is a singular fact that for twenty years no Governor of North Carolina has seen fit to live in the Governor's Mansion. They all preferred to take the furniture and the rent (\$300 a year) and live in a private building, or hotel. It has been said the old palace is unhealthy, yet 600 children of all ages are occupying it, in all sorts of weather, year after year!

Western Sentinel: A series of meetings will begin in the Baptist Church next Sunday. Rev. Mr. Baldwin, of Greensboro, will assist the Pastor, Rev. H. A. Brown. Samuel Mickle, living near Elkin, Surry county, died a short time since. He is said to have been 107 years old. Animal affection is quite peculiarly portrayed at the stables of the Salem Academy. There are two young coach dogs who have formed a strong attachment to a milk cow, choosing this one bovine out of a drove of six or eight. The dogs occupy the same stall at night, and not only accompany the cow to and from the pasture, but remain with or near the animal throughout the entire day.

Greensboro Patriot: A wealthy young farmer from Butler county, Nebraska, went to Omaha last week to find a wife. He was introduced to a young woman, proposed and was accepted. On his second visit he took his betrothed out to ride, and on returning to the house apprised her that he had concluded not to marry. Being importuned to give a reason he said he had discovered that she powdered, and he thought no woman who powdered could possibly make a good wife. The District court will decide whether powder is a sufficient cause to break an engagement. The train from Raleigh last night brought up twenty two convicts who were on their way to the Western Railroad. They were all colored.

NEW BERNE GRADED SCHOOL.—Five hundred and nine children are enrolled and they continue to come in from the country and surrounding counties. Seven states and sixteen counties are represented. The Board of Trustees have been compelled to secure another building beside the two now occupied for the accommodation of pupils. No houses in the city are vacant and property has been enhanced in value. Truly the Graded School is worth more to New Berne than her trucking interests which have proved a bonanza in the last ten years. New Berne rejoices in her factories, mills, fisheries and truck farms, but she holds above all as her pearl of inestimable value—the Graded School.—New Berne Journal.

FORT WORTH, TEXAS, April 17.—Telegraphic inquiries have been made during the past twenty-four hours about the accuracy of the special report that a meteor fell near Williams' Ranch, Brown county, doing great damage. Careful investigation shows that the story was utterly baseless. Sheriff McNeill, of Wilkes county, yesterday brought to this city Fred Sexton, and obtained free board for him at the State hotel for two years. Raleigh can boast of three strong young men, who can level in either hand at arms length from fifty to sixty pounds. Two of them are unmarried, and would be a good catch for some unprotected damsel, as they are all clever fellows.—News-Observer.

Amusement Gleaner: The Graham Normal has received their uniforms. They are navy blue, and present an elegant appearance. At his invitation of Mr. H. A. Weber, just a visit to his Ice Cream Saloon last Thursday. LaFayette Mills, Company Shops, are increasing their facilities in their hosiery department.

Recently an order was received for one thousand dozen pairs of socks. The sock turned out is of good quality. The Board of Agriculture has done what the Legislature ought and perhaps would have done had it not feared being taunted with extravagant ideas. The Board held a meeting in Raleigh a few days ago and appropriated \$10,000 for the purpose of making a display of the resources and products of the State at the Mechanics' and Manufacturers' Fair to be held at Boston next September.

Roanoke News: We regret to have to chronicle the death of Mrs. Sarah V. Coker, the wife of Mr. Wiley D. Coker, of Northampton county. She passed from this life on last Friday morning in the 47th year of her age. The protracted meeting still continues and the interest has been unabated. The church received six more accessions on Sunday, being in all thirteen who have connected themselves with the Methodist church. Rev. Dr. Andrews was here Sunday and preached two very able sermons. The Baptist church at this place has extended a call to the Rev. G. B. Moore of Virginia. He is at present a student of the Baptist Theological Seminary of Louisville. He will finish his course in May. Mr. Moore has not yet been heard from, but it is thought that he will accept and if so will have charge of the Baptist churches here and at Jackson, making Weldon his home.

Elizabeth City Fulcon; Mr. G. W. F. Dashiell, a venerable citizen of this town, died at the residence of his son Mr. L. C. Dashiell in this city, last week. Mr. James Pritchard of Mt. Hermon township, this county, died at his home on Saturday last, aged about 61 years. Mr. Pritchard was an honest, good man, and many friends will be pained to hear of his death. The fire escape invented and patented by our former townsman, R. S. Dashiell is coming into general use as a really effective appliance for removing persons from a burning building. It is recommended by heads of fire departments, and will, we think, before long come into very general use. The government of the town is now in the hands of the Democrats, or, more precisely speaking, will be in a very short time, and the people have a right to expect a wise and economical administration of the municipal affairs. We are confident that their expectations will be fully realized.

How to Know an Editor.—A young lady friend asks: "How can I tell an editor when I see him?" Why, bless your sweet, sparkling eyes, it is the easiest thing in the world. You can tell him by his august air, by the perfect fit of his clothing, by his elegance of manner, and his profound silence when surrounded by the common herd of promiscuous society. You may recognize him by the way he spends his money, scattering greenbacks as lavishly as shavings from a planing machine. He generally drives a double team to a park buggy and makes things hum. He also keeps setters, pointers and a pet bull-dog with a brummet nose. He is decked in profusion with the most expensive jewelry, and sports a gold-headed cane with a rose solitaire in the centre. He is as modest as a school girl. But the chief point is, he always speaks the truth. Follow these directions and you cannot mistake.—Exchange.

Wil. Star: The venerable Mrs. John Brown got quite a serious fall on the stone pavement at the corner of Front and Market streets yesterday afternoon. The uniforms for the city letter carriers arrived yesterday morning. They consist of regulation gray cloth, with a black stripe. We are glad to learn from Mr. G. Z. French that the fruit and vegetables at his Excelsior Plantation at Rocky Point are very promising. The "Wilmington Tarentine Manufacturing Company" is the name of a new organization which has recently filed a plan of incorporation with the Clerk of the Superior Court, in accordance with the act of the General Assembly of this State, being chapter 26 of Battle's Revision. A correct list of the city lamps has just been taken, and we learn from Chief of Police Brock that they now number 189 gas lamps and 81 oil lamps, or a total of 270. Four more gas lamps will be added in a few days, which will make 193, or a total of 274.

Goldsboro Messenger: The pea fields of our truckers are white with blooms, and in a very short time the shipping season will be fully opened. There are more new comers in the city at the present time than we have ever known at any one time before. Goldsboro is rapidly growing up. Mr. John Robinson, an old citizen of this city, died of paralysis Sunday morning, aged 71 years. Mr. Robinson was a native of Ireland, a brother of the late Mr. Wm. Robinson, and a man of fine education. The report of Prof. Moses for the 8th month of this popular school, shows the whole number of pupils enrolled to be 608, average number belonging 463, average daily attendance 438. The stone given by the State for the foundation of the Confederate monument has been shipped and is daily expected to arrive. There seems to be no doubt but that everything will be ready for the unveiling on the 20th of May. There is some talk that the Ya-kin Valley Railroad has an eye on the Smithfield road and is aiming for Goldsboro from Fayetteville. Sooner or later Goldsboro must have direct railroad communication to Fayetteville. A pig was captured by one of our police and incarcerated in the town pen. After searching for it, its owner discovered its prison and straightway arising, herself with a hatchet cut a place in the

pen and released her porker, as well as others beside, and carried it home. This shows that even the town pig pen is not so strong as it might be, and can be carried by vigorous assault.

Journal Observer: Tryon street, near the city hall, looks like a big rock quarry. Workmen are laying a stone pavement in front of the hall, while a gang of rock breakers are pounding macadam in the street. Rev. T. H. Strohecker, of Salisbury, was married in this city last night, at 9 o'clock, to Miss Julia S. Davidson, at the residence of the bride's father, Mr. A. B. Davidson. Dr. A. W. Miller, of the First Presbyterian church performed the ceremony. Mr. J. B. Clark, who lives near Tuckasee Ford, together with some neighbors, killed a mad dog, on Tuesday, at Wilson's mill. The corner stone of the new Episcopal church for the colored people, will be laid with appropriate ceremonies this afternoon, at 4 o'clock. The church is located on Mint street. Rev. J. B. Cheshire will officiate, assisted by Rev. M. C. Quinn. Rev. George Howe, D.D., L.L.D., who has been for the past fifty years connected with the Theological Seminary, of Columbia, died suddenly at his residence in Columbia Sunday evening at 5:30 o'clock. He was a man known and loved throughout the Southern States and his death will be universally lamented.

to vigorously push a business, strength to study a profession, strength to regulate a household, strength to do a day's labor without physical pain. All this represents what is wanted, in the often heard expression, "Oh! I wish I had the strength!" If you are broken down, have not energy, or feel as if life was hardly worth living, you can be relieved and restored to robust health and strength by taking BROWN'S IRON BITTERS, which is a true tonic—a medicine universally recommended for all wasting diseases.

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LUTHER SHELDON, DEALER IN SASHES, DOORS AND BLINDS, Mouldings, Brackets, Stair Rails, Newels, BUILDERS' HARDWARE. Paints, Oils, Glass, Putty and Building Material of every Description, Nos. 16 W. Side Market Sqr. & 49 Roanoke Ave., NORFOLK, Va.

EVANS, BURWELL & TAZEVELL, COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND DEALERS IN FLOUR, GRAIN, & C. Standard Fertilizer Company, 6, 8 & 10 ROANOKE SQR., NORFOLK, VA.

SEASON OF 1883. R. R. BRIDGERS, Pres't. DONALD MACRAE, Treas. C. L. GRAFLIN, Supt. W. L. DEROSSET, Gen'l Ag't. NAVASSA GUANO COMPANY'S HIGH GRADE NAVASSA GUANO AND ACID PHOSPHATE.

Table with 2 columns: GUANO and ACID PHOSPHATE. Lists various chemical products and their prices, including Phosphoric Acid Soluble, Ammonia, and Potash.

For Sale By BRYAN & WHITEHEAD, Feb. 15, 24—3m. SAVAGE, SON & CO., COTTON FACTORS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, 77 Water Street, NORFOLK, Va.

Liberal advances on Consignments on hand. Produce held subject to order of shippers. KEEP A FULL SUPPLY OF BAGGING AND TIES, PEANUT and GRAIN BAGS. Standard Fertilizers and Chemicals.

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PARSONS' PURGATIVE PILLS. MAKE NEW MEN OF OLD.

DR. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP. The great superiority of DR. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP over all other cough remedies is attested by the immense popular demand for that old established remedy. D' BULL'S COUGH SYRUP. For the Cure of Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Croup, Asthma, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Incipient Consumption and for the relief of consumptive persons in advanced stages of the Disease. For Sale by all Druggists.—Price, 25 cents. PROFESSIONAL CARDS. W. H. KITCHIN & W. A. DUNN, ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS-AT-LAW. DOLISON WHITEHEAD, TONSORAL ARTIST. Main St., Near 10th. Dr. R. M. Johnson, DENTAL SURGEON.