THE DEMOCRAT.

R. E. HILLIARD - - - - - Editor
Published Every Thursday.

THURSDAY JAN. 21, 1892.

ENTERED AT THE POST-OFFICE AT SCOTLAND NECK, N. C., AS SECOND CLASS MATTER.

AFTER FEBRUARY 2ND.

In the first issue of this year we announced that the subscription price of THE DEMOCRAT for 1892 would be reduced from one dollar and a half to one dollar. We also announced that we should adopt the cash in advance system, and that the paper would be sent to no one without the money in advance. Time was promised, however, in which to give all full notice of the change before cutting down our list to cash subscribers. We have given three weeks' notice already, and will extend the time two weeks' longer which will take us to the 2nd of February. After that time we shall have a new mailing list and the paper will be sent to no subscriber who has not paid at least a part of the year in advance.

A WORD OF EXPLANATION.

As we have before stated everyone will be treated alike, and we beg our readers and friends beforehand not to take offense if we drop their names, for we do not make this change in our system as a reflection upon anyone, but simply in accordance with our own views of newspaper business after several years of strict and laborious attention to it. So we make it plain once more, that no matter what may have been the relations heretofore existing between the editor and anyone of our readers; and no matter how promptly anyone may have been paying at the end of the year, the paper positively will not be sent to any one after the 2nd of February without the money, unless for some consideration we choose to give him the paper, and in such case the person so receiving it will be credited ahead just as if he had paid the money.

We hope all our readers understand the matter, and will take advantage of our dollar rate and renew for 1892, for we do not want to part with a single one of them.

PRESIDENTIAL TIMBER.

The New York Herald of 14th surveys the field for democratic presidential timber and finds a large number of able men in the West and East who, it says, would fill the bill. Of New York possibilities it mentions only Mr. Cleveland, and Mr. Whitney. Of Cleveland it seems to have serious misgivings. It says of him:

"Mr. Cleveland may force the democrats to nominate him, and that, in our belief, would be very pleasing to the republicans. Cleveland against Harrison—a repetition of the last ticket—would not displease the republicans. Nor would it encourage the democrats, who would naturally say to themselves that a candidate beaten when he was in the Presidential office may be far easier to beat when he is out."

This able newspaper says nothing whatever for the man who seems to most of the people the big democrat of New York just now; namely, David B. Hill. After mentioning a list of Western and Eastern men of possible availability for the presidency, the *Herald* concludes thus:

"There is sound statesmanship and 'good politics' in almost every one of these names. All are in harmony with the democratic policies; there is no man in the list we have named for whom any citizen could not vote with the assurance that if the battle were won the nominee would make an honorable, honest and patriotic administration.

Nor does this random list conclude the matter; there are a dozen other democrats conspicuous, able and popular enough to make good candidates, New York has Whitney, and we have reserved to the last one name whose owner has the esteem, confidence and admiration alike of North and South, East and West, Henry Watterson, of Kentucky. In our belief Mr. Watterson would be the most universally popular candidate who could be named by the democrats. To nominate him would conciliate the opposition of thousands of republican voters. He would secure, beyond a doubt, the whole independent vote. His name would disarm all violent opposition. His election would please and even delight a multitude of prominent republicans.

Why not Watterson?"

Itch on human and horses and all animals cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. This never fails. Sold by E. T. Whitehead & Co's Drug. store, Scotland Neck, N. C. 10 8 1y

DEPLORES CRUELTY.

EDITOR DEMOCRAT:—I want to commend your repeated editorials relative to treatment of stock, or dumb animals. There is too much abuse of dumb animals, and societies should be formed to see that the law is strictly enforced against it.

To abuse a horse or an ox unnecessarily by beating or keeping exposed to the cold blasts of winter, is a mean and cowardly act, and deserves the severest condemnation.

Or to mercilessly cause any animal, or even an insect, to suffer shows a spirit of cruelty far removed from what should actuate us in our treament of such of God's creatures over which he has given us control.

A noted physilogist has said that even a worm "feels a pang when trod upon as great as when a giant dies."

Continue to defend the cause of humane treatment to all such, and surely you shall have your reward.

G. E. MATTHEWS.

Death of Gen. Robert Ransom

General Robert Ransome died at his home in New Berne Wednesday night, Jan. 13th.

The New Berne *Journal* of 15th gave the following sketch of the honored hero:

Gen. Ransom was born at Bridle Creek, Warren county, N. C., February 12, 1828, and was the third child of his parents, the oldest, a daughter, dying in her tenth year, and the second child is the present United States Senator, Hon. Matt. W. Ransom.

General Ransom was appointed a cadet at West Point Military Academy in 1846. Graduating therefrom in 1850 he was assigned to the 1st Dragoons. He was with Col. E. V. Sumner in New Mexico, and was engaged in scouting over the Western frontier for four years. He is said to have been the best horseman in the army in his earlier days, and age caused him to lose but little of his powers in that line.

In 1854 he was placed on duty at West Point as Instructor of Cavalry, while R. E. Lee was Superintendent, and in 1855 he was made 1st Lieutenant with a view to his special appointment as Adjutant, and he was with his command through the border troubles in Kansas and Colorado up to 1861.

Upon North Carolina's leaving the Union he resigned his commission and tendered his services to his native State. His appointment as Colonel of the First North Carolina Cavalry was made by Governor Ellis, and the regiment was formed at Ridgeway as rapidly as possible, and on October 13th started to Virginia. There he participated in the guarding of the line about Manasses, and led in the firet encounter between the cavalry forces of the two armies.

He was promoted Brigadier General in 1862 for the special purpose of being sent to organize the cavalry of Generals A. S. Johnson and Beauregard in the West and Southwest, but New Berne having fallen the purpose was changed and he was directed to the eastern part of North Carolina, where he was engaged in keeping the Federals at New Berne from penetrating to the westward.

After the outbreak of hostilities he rose regularly in rank to that of Major General, and was in active service throughout the war in the Army of Northern Virginia or in that of the West.

After the war he was agent for the National Express Company at Wilmington, and was Marshal of that city in 1866. From Wilmington he moved to Richmond and thence to New Berne, where he has lived ever since, a period of about fifteen years, and during which time up to the close of his life he was Assistant Engineer in charge of River Improvements upon the water courses of North Carolina.

The Invisible Army { Of microbes (micro organisms) is a mighty host which indeed no man can number. Invisible to the naked eye, the poisonous part of this army is the cause of four fifths of all the diseases of the human family—they destroy more lives than war, famine, fire murder and shipwreck combined, and they actually abbreviate the average term of human life by three fourths. The way to relieve the human body of these microbes is to take Swift's Specific. When this medicine gets well into the system the poisonus germ must leave—he cannot exist there, hence he seeks an exit through the pores of the skin. After he departs, a continued use of the Specific will force out the poison and the patient is well.

Treatise on blood and skin Diseases mailed free.

SWIFT SPECIFIC Co., Atlanta, Ga.

FITS.—All Fits stopped free by Dr Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No Fits after first day's use. Marvellous cures Treatise $2.00 trial bottle free to Fit cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St. Philadelphia, Pa.

THE MAN WHO CANNOT WIN.

(Written for THE DEMOCRAT.)

It has been the custom of the Democratic party through its leaders to commit some fatal mistake or blunder each Presidential year. And while some of us hope it will cease to blunder and fall, it is hardly to be expected from the present outlook. A judicious selection of a candidate in 1892, whose ability to organize, lead and win has been demonstrated to the satisfaction of all men of all parties in this country would insure success.

No candidate for the presidency in the next campaign will have a walk-over. The contest will be a desperate one. The best generalship with the best disciplined and organized army will win.

A general, or leader on the democratic side with disaffection among his lieutenants or among the rank and file of his army, will be driven from the field with drooping colors if not trailing in the dust. A leader who will not listen to the wise counsels of the wise men of his party cannot win. A leader who ignores any faction of his party cannot win. A leader who is known to believe himself more honest, and who sets himself up as wiser and greater than his party cannot win. A leader who is known to be self-willed, stubborn, and revengeful cannot win. A leader who has heretofore committed blunders and under whose leadership his party has been driven horse, foot and dragoon from the strongest and best fortified position on the American continent cannot win in 1892. One who won a victory without a record against the most stupendous odds with the enemy thoroughly fortified, and after he had made a record, and posted his artillery and infantry and fortified (or ought to have fortified) his position was by that same defeated, demoralized ememy flanked, routed and driven from the field cannot win.

No leader who has more confidence in his own wisdom and statesmanship than in the accumulated wisdom and statesmanship of his party can win. No man who treats one half of his party with contempt and defiance because, forsooth, they differ with him on finance, taxation, mugwumpism or civil service reform can win in 1892. No man who came to the presidency of the United States through the patriotism, honesty, bravery and wisdom of the democratic party, after the party had been banished from power for more than twenty four years, and had at his disposal the whole patronage of the government, and the privilege as well as the power to open the books and turn the rascals out, and did neither and was thereafter defeated for the same position before the American people, can win in 1892. No man who appointed republicans and mugwumps to office instead of democrats can win on the democratic side. No man can win as the nominee of the great democracy of this country who filled all the offices in all the territories with carpet-baggers from New England and the Middle states instead of appointing citizens from the territories, thereby recognizing and practicing local self-government can be elected president of the United States in 1892. No man who kept from forty to sixty millions of the people's money on deposit in the National Banks without entries during four years simply to aid the speculators and monied powers of the country to oppress the people can be elected by the voters of Jaffersonian democrats. No man who refused to coin four million ounces of silver per month when he had the power to do so, but did all in his power to prevent the coining of two million ounces (the minimum) per month can be elected by democratic votes.

No man who followed or would follow in the financial footsteps of the republican president ought to be nominated or can be elected by the democracy of the country in 1892.

No man who indorsed the demonitization of silver in 1873, and condemned its remonetization in 1879, and who still condemns it ought to be nominated or elected in 1892 by the democracy. No man who was President of the United States four years with the army, navy and patronage of the American government at his back consisting in part of the distribution of a little less than five hundred million dollars annually and was nominated by the democracy for the second term and defeated ought ever to be nominated for the third term. No man ought to be nominated in 1892 by a convention of democrats who belongs body, soul, and mind to the gold bugs of the country.

And if such a man as we have described should be the nominee of the democratic party in 1892 it will be the signal for dissolution of the democratic party and he and the fellows who forced him upon the party would sink so deep under a storm of indignation that the hand of resurrection would never reach them.

The people are tired and sick of Wall Street.

They are tired and sick of National Banks. They are tired and sick of mugwump democracy. They are tired and sick of a 74 cent dollar for the poor man and a 100 cent dollar for the rich man. They are sick and tired of being taxed sixty per cent on all they consume in their families. They are woefully sick and tired of the republican party and all its doings. They want no more blunders and mistakes. They want a new deal and a clean sweep. They want the tariff system and the financial system of this country reformed from the root of the tree to its topmost branch.

They want a tariff for revenue only, knowing that any other kind of a tariff or tax is wrong in principle, unjust in practice, and is robbery in substance.

They want a parity established between gold and silver and place them on the same footing as to coinage and make a dollar out of both metals a legal tender in the payment of all debts public and private. They know it is utterly impossible to inflate the currency with either metal or with both. They know there is not gold and silver enough in the world outside the bowels of the earth to perform the money functions of the world or to inflate the currency of the world. If all the gold and silver that could be spared from all the nations of the earth, were dumped down in America to-morrow, it would not be enough to discharge the money functions of the American people, and the people fell and know this and you cannot convice them otherwise.

Gold and silver were on an equality in this country for nearly one hundred years, and neither drove the other out nor inflated the currency. And during all that time silver was oftener than otherwise at a small premium. The very day British gold induced Mr. Sherman and others to demonetize silver, a silver dollar would buy a gold dollar and have three cents to spare. To-day Mr. Sherman says a silver dollar is worth only seventy-four cents. If this is true, and we believe it is, Mr. Sherman and every republican leader ought to be in the penitentiary making stones or cracking stone. They are responsible for the demonetization of silver and for every 74 cent dollar in circulation.

It is a disgrace and a fraud for any government to put any kind of money in circulation in times of peace worth less than gold, collar for dollar.

Now you will see from what we have said that every big man in the party is not available as a candidate for 1892. If we make a fight in 1892, we ought to win. And to nominate a man not in accord with the people is to scatter the people. To disregard the wishes of the people and treat there petition with contempt, is to invite defeat which will be sure to come.

ABOUT HOME SUPPLIES.

Farmers are more than ever willing to diversify their crops, but many of them are unable to do so, unless the merchants whom they owe and who will supply them this year will permitt them to to do so.—Roanoke *News*.

The rule has been in the majority of cases in this county to plant a cotton field and a corn patch, and as a consequence the farmers have been going behind ever since. Reverse this rule, plant a corn field and a cotton patch, and you will have plenty to eat and a surplus to sell. They must look their condition squarely in the face and turn their attention to more hog and hominy or they will certainly go to the wall —Windsor *Ledger*.

Several farmers have been in town saying that so far they had been unable to make arrangements for the year. They expected to do so eventually, but were impatient over the delay of the merchants in giving them definite answers. One said to me, "I am ready to commence work if I can only get something to feed my labor. I have engaged all I need. They are dependent upon me, and I upon a merchant. These days are too fine to be idle in." The merchant, of course, should relieve uncertainty as soon as possible, but there is another moral to be pointed. Raise enough meat for the labor and the farmer will not be so hampered. —Tarboro *Southerner*.

The Best Authorities.

Such as Dr, Dio Lewis Prof. Gross and others agree that catarrh is not a local but constitutional disease. It therefore requires a constitutional remedy like Hood's Sarsaparilla, which effectually and permanently cures catarrh. Thousands praise it.

The State Reviewed.

HAPPENINGS HERE AND THERE

LABOR PLENTIFUL.

The Goldsboro correspondent to the Wilmington *Messenger* 14th, says: "At one time it was thought that farm laborers would be scarce in this section; but there will be enough for this locality. Farmers are disposed to hire as little as possible."

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A PASTOR CALLED

(Kinston Free Press.)

The Baptist church of Kinston has called Rev. A. L. Stough, of Lancaster, S. C. as pastor, which call has been accepted, and the pastor is expected to come and enter upon his duties here by the first of next month.

There is scarcely another town of the size of Kinston anywhere but what has lock-boxes in its postoffice. Kinston has no lock boxes, but the people have to pay $2 a year for a common call box, which is a bigger price than most any other town of the same size has to pay for lock boxes.

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GRADING FINISHED.

A Tarboro correspondent to the Norfolk *Virginian* 14th, says:

"The Atlantic Coast Line has completed the grading from the junction on the Albemarle and Raleigh Railroad to Washington, a distance of 23 miles, and the track laying has commenced. When finished solid trains will be run from Washington to Rocky Mount, making connection at that point with the Atlantic Coast Line north and south."

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NEW BERNE STREET RAILWAY.

(New Berne Journal 14th)

The contract for the construction and operation of an electric street railway in the city of New Berne, the franchise for which was granted last November to Wm. C. Clark, of Wakefield, Rhode Island, and his associates and assigns, has been perfected by the acceptance of the bond of the company under date of December 7th. Giving stability to the agreement and a reasonable certainty of the early construction and operation of the road. The work is to be commenced within 5 months from Dec. 7th, and the cars are to be running within 12 months of the same date.

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NEGROES GOING AND COMING.

(Goldsboro Argus.)

Several car loads of negroes left this city on the afternoon train yesterday, southbound, to work in the turpentine fields of South Carolina and Georgia. They are being hired by the hundreds right here among us by agents from the turpentine regions, and yet we have not heard of a single one of such being arrested. Why?

Quite a bevy of returning colored exodusters who left here a year or so ago with the notorious "Peg-Leg" Williams for Arkansas, arrived in this city yesterday, and rejoiced to get back to Old North Carolina again. This is the second installment that has returned within a week. Experience has taught them that "there is no place like home."

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WILL HAVE HIM AGAIN.

The Goldsboro correspondent to the Wilmington *Messenger* 16th, says: "The local Young Men's Christian Association has secured Rev. Sam Jones to deliver one of his enjoyable lectures in our city in the near future. Mr. Jones' lecture was so well liked on the occasion of his former visit here that a great many persons expressed themselves as desirous of hearing him again.

Our enterprising Young Men's Christian Association became aware of the existence of this sentiment and at once determined to bring the celebrated lecturer here again, if possible. Considerable correspondence has resulted in Mr. Jones' consenting to come at an early date.

$100 Reward. $100.

The readers of THE DEMOCRAT will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer one hundred dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, jaundice biliousness, sick headache, constipation and all troubles of the digestive organs.

Catarrh is not a local but a constitutional disease and requires a constitutional remedy like Hood's Sarsaparilla to effect a cure.

PERSONALS

Mr. W. B. Wilson, a merchandise broker of Greenville, was in town Monday taking orders. He says he will make monthly visits to Scotland Neck henceforth.

Mr. B. J. Pulley, of Pitt county, was up on a visit last week. He likes Pitt, he says, and Pitt is a good county.

Miss Lizzie Rogerson who has been visiting Sheriff Atkinson's family has returned to Williamston.

Miss Hattie Everett, of Robersonville, is visiting Sheriff Atkinson's family.

Miss Madeline Higgs, of Greenville, has been the guest of a week of Misses Annie and Lulu Shields.

Mr. Hal. Wood, of Edenton, was seen on a visit to Dr. James B. Hall's family.

Mr. A. P. Hill, Jr., is home on a visit to his father's family. He has recently been in West Virginia.

Dr. B. F. Manning, who has been living in Dakota for about twenty years, was here last week on a visit to his sister, Mrs. C. W. Dunn.

Mr. J. J. Medford, of Oxford, was in town last week. He says he likes Oxford and business is fair there.

Mr. Chas. H. Cooke went to Petersburg Saturday on business.

The many friends of Miss Annie Mizzell, of Williamston, will be glad to learn of her arrival. She is visiting the family of Prof. W. C. Allen.

Mr. and Mrs. M. R. Lang, of Greenville, spent part of the day here yesterday with Mr. M. Hoffman's family. Mr. and Mrs. Lang were on their way to Wilson.

Mr. F. P. Shields spent Tuesday night in Tarboro, visiting Dr. Hufham who has been quite sick. Dr. Hufham's friends here will be glad to learn that he is improving.

Dr. O'Hagan, of Greenville, this week visited Dr. W. O. McDowell, whose improvement is rather slow.

Mr. E. W. Herman has moved his family from Palmyra, and welcome back to Scotland Neck. Our people know Mr. and Mrs. Herman very well, and give them a most cordial welcome. They love old home and all are delighted at their moving back.

HOOD'S COMPOUND EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA

The importance of purifying the blood cannot be overestimated, for without pure blood you cannot enjoy good health.

At this season nearly every one needs a good medicine to purify, vitalize, and enrich the blood, and we ask you to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. It strengthens and builds up the system, creates an appetite, and tones the digestion, while it eradicates disease. The peculiar combination, proportion, and preparation of the vegetable remedies give to Hood's Sarsaparilla peculiar curative powers. No other medicine has such a record, such wonderful cures. If you have made up your mind to buy Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to take any other instead. It is a peculiar Medicine, and is worthy your confidence.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is sold by all druggists. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Peculiar To Itself

100 Doses One Dollar

-NOTICE-

By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of Halifax County made in the action in said Court wherein Benjamin Pettitt is plaintiff and Noah Biggs and R. M. Johnson, partners as Biggs & Johnson, and W. A. Dunn trustee, are defendants, I shall sell for cash at public auction at the Court House door in Halifax on the 7th day of March 1892, and land described in said decree, being that land whereon the said Pettitt now resides and bounded by the lands of A. Garnaldy, Mrs. Nancy Lewis, J. O. Lewis and others, and containing 30 acres, more or less.

Jan. 16, 1892. W. A. DUNN, Commissioner.
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NOTICE.

By virtue of power in me vested by a deed of trust executed to me by R. R. Owens and wife on the 25th day of March, 1888, and which is duly recorded in the Register's office for Halifax county, in Book 74A, on page 496, at the request of Norman & Everett, I shall sell for cash to the highest bidder at public auction, in the town of Scotland Neck, on the first day of March, 1892, the land particularly described in said deed, being that land in the Greenland part of Scotland Neck where Mr. Lathan now resides, bounded by the land of W. H. Kitchin, J. Y. Savage, H. I. Atkinson, W. N. Steptoe and others, and by Main street, and containing one hundred and seventy-five acres, more or less.

This sale will be subject to a prior deed of trust on said land made by said Owens and wife to W. A. Dunn, which is of record in Book 74A, on page 571, to secure the debt therein mentioned, the amount of which will be made known on day of sale.

This Dec. 1st, 1891. NOAH BIGGS, Trustee.
12 3 ts.

$100 PER ACRE CLEAR PROFIT

WHY NOT KNOW HOW?

Potatoes, Peas, Corn, Cotton

Practical Fertilizer Book sent free. Address

W. S. POWELL & CO.
Chemical Fertilizer Works,
BALTIMORE, MD.

SCOTLAND NECK MACHINE SHOPS.

Engines and Boilers, and Repairs of all kinds. Shafting, Pulleys, Hangers, Belting, Steam Gauges, Injectors, Lubricators, Oils, etc. Agents for Leffel's Celebrated Turbine Water Wheels. Also Agents for Leffel's Celebrated Turbine Water Wheels. Also Agents for Leffel's Celebrated Turbine Water Wheels. Also Agents for Leffel's Celebrated Turbine Water Wheels.

FOR ALL WORK AT REASONABLE RATES

Hines & Kitchin
Scotland Neck, N. C.

TOBACCO SEED.

The New and Improved Sorts, and Pedigree Seed of the Best Varieties, Prices reduced to suit the times, and the best Seed at Lowest Prices. Also Plants in season. Start right and get the best. Catalogue Mailed Free.

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No. 10 THE DEMOCRAT

Cobb Bros & Gillum,
COTTON FACTORS
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
FAYETTE STREET
Norfolk, Va.

JOHN O. GAYLORD,
Wood-life's Wharf, Norfolk, Va.

LIME, LATHS, CEMENT
PLASTER STATUARY
SEWER AND CHIMNEY PIPE
—DRAIN TILE,—
Shell Lime, Land Plaster

NOTICE.

Having qualified as executor of the last will and testament of Aaron Cook of Halifax county, N. C., this is to notify all persons having claims against the said Cook to exhibit them to me for payment on or before the 15th day of Dec. 1892, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment.

W. V. THORNTON, Ad'r.
1-14-6t ANNA ADAMS.

NOTICE.

Having qualified as Administrator on the estate of William Hyman, deceased, late of Halifax county, N. C., this is to notify all persons having claims against said deceased to exhibit them to me for payment on or before the 15th day of Dec. 1892, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate will please make payment. This Dec. 15th, 1891.

MARY E. HYMAN, Adm'x.
1-14-6t.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.
All dealers keep it. $1 per bottle. Genuine have trade-mark and crossed red lines on wrapper.