

ADVERTISING IS TO BUSINESS WHAT STEAM IS TO MACHINERY,

THE DEMOCRAT.

IF YOU ARE A HUSTLER YOU WILL ADVERTISE YOUR BUSINESS.

E. E. HILLIARD, Editor and Proprietor. "EXCELSIOR" IS OUR MOTTO. SUBSCRIPTION PRICE \$1.00. VOL. IX. SCOTLAND NECK, N. C., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER, 23, 1893. NO. 52.

Write up a nice advertisement about your business and insert it in THE DEMOCRAT, and you'll "see a change in business all around."

PROFESSIONAL. DR. W. O. McDOWELL, Office North corner New Hotel, Main Street, Scotland Neck, N. C.

DR. FRANK WHITEHEAD, Office North corner New Hotel, Main Street, Scotland Neck, N. C.

DR. A. C. LIVERMON, DENTIST. Office—Over J. D. Ray's store. Office hours from 9 to 1 o'clock; 2 to 5 o'clock, p. m.

DR. J. H. DANIEL, DUNN, N. C. Makes the disease of cancer a Specialty.

DAVID BELL, Attorney at Law, ENFIELD, N. C. Practices in all the Courts of Halifax and adjoining counties and in the Supreme and Federal Courts.

W. A. DUNN, ATTORNEY AT LAW, SCOTLAND NECK, N. C. Practices wherever his services are required.

W. H. KITCHIN, Attorney and Counselor at Law, SCOTLAND NECK, N. C. Office: Corner Main and Eleventh Streets.

I. J. Mercer & Son., 626 East Main Street., RICHMOND VA. LUMBER COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Jewelry Store. After six years experience, I feel thoroughly competent to do all work that is expected of a WATCHMAKER and JEWELER.

Repairing & Timing Fine Watches A SPECIALTY. I also carry a full line of WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS AND FANCY GOODS.

The Standard Sewing Machine THE BEST ON EARTH. SEWING MACHINES CLEANED AND REPAIRED.

J. H. LAWRENCE, Dealer in GRAIN, MILL FEED, HAY, CLOVER AND GRASS SEEDS.

Improved Farm Implements A SPECIALTY. Agent for Clark's Cutaway Harrow and the Deering Mower.

A COPPER PRODUCER. NORTH CAROLINA THIS AS WELL AS A GOLD FIELD.

Also a Silver-Bearing Region, Not to Mention Iron-Ores, Nickel, Mica, etc. ---Mining Suggestions.

(Correspondence Richmond Dispatch.)

SALISBURY, N. C., November 7.—Following up the same chain of thought expressed in my letter to you of the 9th ulto, and published in the Dispatch of the 15th ulto, on the gold fields of North Carolina, it would probably be well to state some of the reasons why the large value of this field (\$247,500,000,000) is unprofitable, and how it can be made available. But let me go further than I did before. The above figures only had reference to the gold values. Assuming that the same reasonings that obtained and were adduced by the mining engineer who reported on the Witwatersrand field of Africa to be admissible here, as regards not only gold but other minerals, I contend that this State is worth as much as a copper-producing field as it is for gold, and that it is worth half as much as a silver-producing field, i. e., that the deposits of copper and silver in this same field, in addition to the gold, can be made to yield the relative sums each. This is independent and apart from the numerous immense deposits of Bessemer iron ores, nickel, mica and the 180 other minerals to be found and produced in North Carolina, the most important of which will be treated in letters to follow this.

I know that I have already laid myself liable to ridicule and disgust, and possibly that lots of it has already been heaped on me for my first letter by those who do not know, by those who have invested and lost, and by those who are trying to solve the problem of how to make these mines a source of profit. But that does not deter me from stating facts.

WHY NOT PRODUCTIVE? The values have been asserted; then, why are they not productive? In the last twenty-five years thousands of people have invested in North Carolina mines. Millions of dollars have been spent on them, and in many—yes, nearly every instance—the investment has been a total failure. No one knows this better than I do, for I am one of the same kind. Then, the wonder is why I write as I do. It is not because of ulterior sinister motives, but of facts adduced by experience. One reason of loss, is that in many instances the mines have been worked and the mills run by incompetent managers. This is the case everywhere but more so here, possibly than anywhere else.

This reason covers the worthless relative of a rich stockholder, who wanted to get him out of the way, as well as the scoundrel whose cupidity kept him from rendering therefore unto Caesar the things which be Caesar's. Another reason with foreign, mostly English companies, is, that instead of permitting a competent manager, or board here, to operate the mine, it usually has been the custom to operate it from the office of the London promoters, and stock speculators, who usually make the most by "liquidating" the old companies and forming a new one for what there is in the stock jobbery, and not in the mine. But what of the honestly-invested and now defunct company? No intelligent victim but that will admit one of two causes: 1. That the company will not have enough capital to make a success; that the ores were too refractory sulphide ores to save the gold by the common amalgamating process that has been almost universally employed in extracting the precious metal. Remember, I am discussing vein mining, not placer mining.

OPERATIONS THAT SUCCEEDED. That all operations when on the brown or oxidized and free-milling ores has been a success is admitted. This was the case and was the source of many a fortune here, and the mines sold on their reputation, but what followed? These brown ores, which are found only above water level, are soon exhausted; then the trouble begins.

Take the largest and deepest mine in this (Rowan) county—and it is also the deepest in the State—as a criterion. Gold Hill. This mine is 850 feet deep and has a book record of \$3,000,000, and it is admitted that it has produced \$3,000,000 more not accounted for. Yet four companies have failed on this mine in the last twenty-five years and it is now idle. The ores at first were free milling, and the gold was saved at a profit by simple amalgamation. The veins now are just as large and larger. The average contents in gold are about the same as in former days, but the gold cannot be saved profitably from the undecomposed pyrite ores by amalgamation. Hence the failure. So with hundreds of mines all over the State, or in this tier of ten counties heretofore named as especially so with the mines in this district, such as the Union, Humnicutt, Troutman, Dutch Creek, Rehmer, Dunn's Mount, et al.

bluestone, and the other sulphide gold ores have their pyrites turned into copers, all at a profit. The acid agricultural fertilizers, for chlorate of lime and generating chlorine. By building a missing link of railroad twenty miles from Norwood to Wadesboro', the South Carolina bone phosphate, that is the base of all fertilizers, can be put down at or near Gold Hill, Salisbury, or convenient works, for less than a dollar a ton freight, and no point can compete in the manufacture of fertilizers. In connection with the works erect cotton-seed oil-mills, right here in the centre of the cotton belt, and make oil at a profit. The oil-cake is a source of ammonia, a plant food, besides being a splendid stock food, or a fertilizer in itself; then steam can be generated for the works by what is left of the oil-cake, and that then turned into potash, another available plant food. What else?

THE ONLY WAY. If Swansea can treat ores from all four corners of the earth (the most refractory ores, that contain almost everything) at a profit, why is it that the same thing cannot be done in a section where practically the same ores are all found in abundance, at no point further than a 100 miles from a suitable place to erect these reduction works? The ores are shown to be in sufficient quantity to supply not only one but many such works. Thus, and only thus, can these fields ever be made to yield up their precious metals at a profit to the stockholder. It would render this the richest country in the world, because the mines would be profitable; the cotton factories of the South, instead of making, as now, only coarse goods, could turn out cheaper than England, or anywhere else in the world, the finest kinds of cotton bleached goods, and, if for nothing else, the difference in freights would be a big dividend. The farmer would be the gainer, as his fertilizers would cost him 50 per cent. less, and he would have a home market for his crops; population would be increased, and all branches of business would be benefited.

AN ILLUSTRATION. Take a ton of ore from the "Big Sulphur Vein," Randolph Shaft, Gold Hill Mine, as an illustration, see what we find from its valuable contents. The vein is 14 feet wide and 850 feet deep. Gold, per ton - - - - - \$15.50 Silver, per ton, 2 1/2 ounce, at 70c. - 1.75 Copper, per ton, 10%; 200 lbs at 10c - - - - - 20.00 Sulphur, per ton, pyrite 50%; sulphur 25%; 500 lbs. 1c - - - - - 5.00 Total value per ton - - - - - \$41.75

As it has been worked heretofore for gold alone, about 33 per cent., or \$5.00 per ton, in gold has been saved, and the other \$36.75 lost. To mine and mill this ore has been costing about \$5 per ton. Hence no profit, and this caused a failure, and it is why no other mines are at work. Does any one wonder, then, why gold mining in North Carolina is a failure? Yet in this Gold-Hill mine alone there are several millions of tons of this ore in reserve above the bottom, left standing in the slopes, because it cannot be worked at a profit. What applies to this mine also does to nearly every other one where deep-vein gold mining is done.

WHAT IS WANTED. What is wanted here are reduction works similar to those of Swansea, Wales, where ores from all over the world are treated, not for one metal, but for all that the ore contains—gold, silver, copper, lead, zinc, antimony, arsenic, sulphur, etc. Then the mines can be made to yield a dividend to the stockholder, and not until then. By this process the sulphur of the gold ores can be turned into sulphuric acid. So also with the copper ores, and the metals saved as by-products, the copper saved as metallic copper, or made into

bluestone, and the other sulphide gold ores have their pyrites turned into copers, all at a profit. The acid agricultural fertilizers, for chlorate of lime and generating chlorine. By building a missing link of railroad twenty miles from Norwood to Wadesboro', the South Carolina bone phosphate, that is the base of all fertilizers, can be put down at or near Gold Hill, Salisbury, or convenient works, for less than a dollar a ton freight, and no point can compete in the manufacture of fertilizers.

Guaranteed Cure. We authorize our advertised druggist to sell Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, upon this condition. If you are afflicted with a Cough, Cold or any Lung Trouble or Chest trouble, and will use this remedy as may return the bottle and have your money refunded. We could not make this offer did we not know that Dr. King's New Discovery could be relied on. It never disappoints Trial bottle free at E. T. Whitehead & Co's Drug Store. Large size 50c. and \$1.00. For water brash and sour stomach take Simmons Liver Regulator.

THE WORLD'S FAIR. Some Startling Figures as to Its Magnitude.

By Southern Associated Press.

CHICAGO, October 31.—With the grand total of 21,147,212 paid admissions, the World's Fair was officially closed last night. Through these figures represent the paid admissions during the time allotted by Congress in which the Exposition should be kept open, yet, it is calculated that at least 100,000 tickets will be purchased before the beautiful white city is dismantled and levelled to the ground. When the Fair closed Sunday night the total paid admissions up to that time were 21,269,039. When the receipts were counted last night the total was 21,147,212. The total number of admissions on passes was 2,052,188. Making a grand total of 23,299,400. After the debt of the World's Fair has been paid there will remain at least \$1,000,000 and perhaps more to be distributed among the stockholders.

Since its organization to yesterday morning the Exposition has paid out \$30,558,491.01, or three times the amount the managers expected to spend when they commenced building the Fair. The gate receipts during the Exposition period proper were little over \$10,000,000. To yesterday \$3,200,000 had been collected from concessionaires by Mr. Blackmar's department, and nearly \$700,000 were paid before he took hold. The returns from concessionaires was one of the big surprises of the Fair. Nobody was reckless enough to predict that that sum would be realized. The Paris Exposition got but \$800,000 from that source, while the Centennial managers, being better traders than the Frenchmen, got \$1,200,000.

A Life for a Billiard Ball. From the Million. The globe of ivory which is knocked about a table in a game of billiards costs, if of good quality, at least £2. This represents its cost in money. There is however a far more important and formidable element in the price which has been paid for it. The billiard ball of pure ivory represents, as it lies white and gleaming upon the cloth an expenditure of human life-blood as well as of money. Elephants' tusks are brought down to the African coast by caravans, generally in charge of Arabs which have been trading in the interior. Very often they have picked up slaves as well as ivory. But this phase of matter may be left out of the account. It is estimated that every large caravan bringing ivory to the coast has lost more than 100 human lives through fights and murders in the course of the expedition. Thirty more men are likely to have succumbed to fever or other diseases and the fatigues of the march. The hunting of the elephants and the capture of the ivory are very likely to have caused the death of ten men altogether. Such casualty are the rule in elephant hunting rather than the exception. An average tusk does not furnish more than enough material for two good billiard balls. Of course the remainder of the ivory in each tusk is made use of in other ways; a perfect cut billiard ball requires special quality, or so called "nerve," which is found only in one part of the tusk. The chances are that a billiard ball of the first quality has cost at least one human life, and there is not one such ball which may not truly be stained with men's blood. They can hardly be considered, therefore, a cheerful accompaniment to a sensitive person's diversions.

Nuffin to Make it Wid. Exchange. A colored cook at Charlestown, expecting company of her kind, was at a loss how to entertain her friends. She decided to explain the matter to her mistress. That lady said, "You must make an apology." "La, misses, how can I make it?" cried Chloe. "I got no apples, no eggs, no butter, no nuffin to make it wid."

MATTERS OF NEWS. Whiteville Sun: We regret to learn that some incendiary set fire to the gin and mill of Mr. Ira Lennon in Tatons township, about three o'clock on Sunday night. We have not been able to get all the particulars but learn that everything is a total loss, nothing was saved.

Kinston Free Press: It was reported by a passenger on the log train over the new road that Mess. Abner Slaughter and Doc Smith, of Swift Creek township, Pitt county, had a dispute about a dividing fence yesterday. They shot at each other with pistols and both were killed. Mr. Slaughter merchandised in Kinston several years ago.

Durham Sun: Durham had a Green-Green love affair this afternoon. Julius Mitchell, of Wake county, loved Minnie Howell, of this place, daughter of H. C. Howell, and the father objected to the match. But love laughs and travels. The couple eloped this afternoon about 2 o'clock and will be married this evening, three miles from Apex, by Rev. William Olive.

Washington Gazette: On Friday last Mr. Ransom Gurganus was run into by a cart driven by a colored boy. One of the thills struck Mr. Gurganus in the side, inflicting severe injuries, from which he has not fully recovered. The carelessness of negro drivers is proverbial and is a constant source of danger to the lives and limbs of our people. Steps should be taken to abate the evil.

Lexington Dispatch: We learn with regret of the painful and horrible death of a little three-year-old child of Mr. J. H. Michael, of near Tyro. It was burned to death Saturday evening. We hear that it was standing in front of the fire in the evening, when its clothing became ignited, from which it died several hours later. The family and other relatives certainly have our sympathy in their sad and untimely affliction.

Monroe Enquirer: A few nights since a fiendish attempt was made to burn Messrs. Stewart, Perry, and Austin's store at Ames. Oil was poured on the steps and on the house and a quantity of wood was put under the house before the fire was put to it. Strange to say the house did not burn. The oil on the steps caught on fire but went out before any damage was done. There is no clue as to who the scoundrel was who attempted to do so foul an act. We hope that the would be incendiary may be brought to justice. Messrs. Stewart and Perry had a gin house and barn fired by the hand of some enemy a year or two ago.

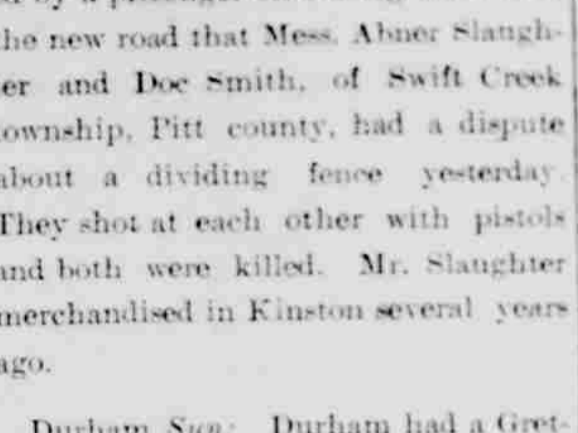
Clinton Democrat: Maj. Wm. N. Peden received a painful injury on last Thursday afternoon at the home of his son-in-law, Mr. R. H. Hubbard, on Fayetteville street. Maj. Peden lives at Mr. Hubbard's and on returning home from a walk down town, his foot slipped on the steps, and he was thrown on his side. His right arm was broken between the shoulder and elbow. Dr. A. M. Lee was immediately summoned and dressed the injured limb. Maj. Peden is something more than eighty years old, but a remarkably well preserved man for his age. He is doing well at this time and it is thought he will soon be entirely recovered from his injury.

A Leader. Since its first introduction, Electric Bitters has gained rapidly in popular favor, until now it is clearly in the lead among pure medicinal tonics and alteratives—containing nothing which permits its use as a beverage or intoxicant, it is recognized as the best and purest medicine for all ailments of Stomach, Liver Kidneys.—It will cure Sick Headache Indigestion, Constipation, and drive Malaria from the system. Satisfaction guaranteed with each bottle or the money will be refunded. Sold by E. Whitehead & Co.

For health and happiness, the boon of all mankind, take Simmons Liver Regulator.

CONSTITIATION. It is called the "Father of Diseases."

It is caused by a Torpid Liver, and is generally accompanied with LOSS OF APPETITE, SICK HEADACHE, BAD BREATH, Etc. To treat constipation successfully



It is a mild laxative and a tonic to the digestive organs. By taking Simmons' Liver Regulator you promote digestion, bring on a regular habit of body and prevent Biliousness and Indigestion.

Take only the Genuine. Which has on the wrapper the red 25 Trade-mark and Signature, J. H. ZEILIN & CO.

"How to Cure All Skin Diseases." Simply apply "Swayne's Ointment." No internal medicine required. Cures tetter, eczema, itch, all eruptions on the face, hands, nose, etc., leaving the skin clear, white and healthy. Its great healing and curative powers are possessed by no other remedy. Ask your druggist for Swayne's Ointment.

FOR OVER FIFTY YEARS AN OLD AND WELL-TRIED REMEDY Mrs. Winslow's SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea. As pleasant to the taste. Sold by Druggists in every part of the World. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Its value is incalculable. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. Do not take any other kind.

English Spavin Liment removes all Hard, Soft or Calloused Lumps and Clemsishes from Horses, Blood Spavin Swells, Splints, Sweeney, Ring-bones, Sprains, and Swollen Worm-tiles. Sprains, and Swollen Through, Goggles, Etc. Save 50 by use of one bottle. Warranted the most wonderful Hemorrhoid Cure ever known. Sold by E. T. Whitehead & Co., Druggists, Scotland Neck, N. C.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE. The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Chloas, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 52 cents per box. For Sale by E. T. Whitehead & Co.

FIT'S—All fits stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No fits after first day's use. Marvellous cures. Treatise \$2.00 trial bottle free to fit cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, P.

Central: Market. I have just opened at my old stand and ask the patronage of the public. I shall keep Beef, Pork, Fresh Fish And Oysters in season. I will pay highest cash prices for NICE FAT STOCK. Respectfully, K. ALLSBROOK, 8 31 3m Scotland Neck, N. C.

LADIES' MRS. VIOLA STARR'S "GOLDEN CAPSULES" A safe and Always reliable medicine for all ailments of the Female System. Guaranteed to cure all irregularities of the Menstrual System, and all other ailments of the Female System. Sold by E. T. Whitehead & Co., 82-84-86 Market St., Chicago, Ill.