ADVERTISING
IS TO
BUSINESS
—WHAT STEAM IS TO—
Machinery,
THAT GREAT PROPELLING POWER.

The Whole Truth!

There's nothing so bad for a cough as coughing.

There's nothing so good for a cough as Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

The 25 cent size is just right for an ordinary, everyday cold. The 50 cent size is better for the cough of bronchitis, croup, grip, and hoarseness. The dollar size is the best for chronic coughs, as in consumption, chronic bronchitis, asthma, etc.

PROFESSIONAL.

DR. A. C. LIVERMON,
Dentist.
OFFICE—Over the Staton Building.
Office hours from 9 to 1 o'clock; 2 to 4 o'clock, p. m.
SCOTLAND NECK, N. C.

DR. J. P. WIMBERLEY,
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Office over Harrison's Drug Store.

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Practices wherever his services are required

EDWARD L. TRAVIS,
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HALIFAX, N. C.
Money Loaned on Farm Lands.

PAUL V. MATTHEWS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Collection of Claims a specialty.
WHITAKERS, N. C.

Compare our Work with that of our Competitors.

ESTABLISHED IN 1865.
CHAS. M. WALSH
Steam Marble and Granite WORKS,
Sycamore St., PETERSBURG, VA.
Monuments, Tombs, Cemetery Curbing, &c. All work strictly first-class and at Lowest Prices.

I ALSO FURNISH IRON
FENCING, VASES, &C.
Designs sent to any address free. In writing for them mention age of deceased and limit as to price.
I Prepay Freight on all Work.

Cypress Shingles.
I shall keep a nice lot of—
Cypress Shingles
all the year.
Prices to suit purchaser.
W. H. WHITE.
Scotland Neck, N. C
4-19-tf

THE COMMONWEALTH.

E. E. HILLIARD, Editor and Proprietor. "EXCELSIOR" IS OUR MOTTO. SUBSCRIPTION PRICE $1.00.

VOL. XVI. New Series---Vol. 4. SCOTLAND NECK, N. C., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 18, 1900. NO. 42

IF YOU ARE A HUSTLER
YOU WILL
—ADVERTISE—
YOUR
Business.
SEND YOUR ADVERTISEMENT IN NOW.

THE EDITOR'S LEISURE HOURS.

Points and Paragraphs of Things Present, Past and Future.

Affairs in China are still an unknown quantity. There had been a little hope that matters could be somehow adjusted soon; but the news that South China is soon to engage in a general uprising, causes one to lose hope of any speedy settlement of the troubles. It has been in the prints that the month of November will witness perhaps even greater disturbances there than we have known at all. But let us hope that it will not be so.

The estimate that the cotton crop will be 250,000 bales less than the necessary amount to supply the world's demand, is indeed significant. This means that even a large crop next year could not reduce the price to 4, 5 or 6 cents which was the price a few years ago. It means that the farmers of the South have a chance to place themselves on a solid basis of independence. It takes only half as much cotton now to pay "an old debt" as it did five years ago; and with a good prospect for this state of affairs to continue at least one or two years longer, the farmers ought to be able to "get straight" again.

It is simply a wonder how much information the world gets out of newspapers. Whoever reads even one good newspaper regularly and carefully finds enough information to give him a fairly good education in two decades. To be sure, one does not learn the principles of mathematics and the like in a technical way, but the general fund of information gathered is really surprising. The fact that newspapers tell so [illegible] people do not [illegible] any other source, ought to cause those who publish papers to be careful what they print.

The world has never yet come to realize what its newspapers are worth. Perhaps with the coming of the new century, when people expect to make so many improvements and do so much more and learn so much more, the real value of newspapers will be appreciated.

Four years ago William Jennings Bryan astonished the world by his physical endurance, to say nothing of his wonderful intellectual grasp. His campaign of 1896 was the most remarkable ever known in this country, or perhaps in any country. His present campaign is regarded as even more remarkable than that of 1896. The Memphis Commercial Appeal says:

"Mr. Bryan is now making the most remarkable campaign witnessed in the history of American politics. Four years ago he canvassed the country, and astonished the people by the number of speeches he made. Merely as a test of physical endurance that campaign was remarkable; but though he varied his speeches somewhat to suit local conditions, he had a central theme which he emphasized everywhere. Naturally this gave a sameness to his speeches and took away the keenness and interest. We do not mean in any way to belittle his achievements four years ago, but simply to call attention to the fact that his campaign this year outclasses his campaign of 1896.

"What has particularly impressed us is the readiness he has shown in meeting every issue. Some of the best speeches he has made have been in answer to questions propounded to him from the audience. It has been supposed that Bourke Cockran was unrivaled in this line, but Mr. Bryan has shown himself even apter and quicker at countering upon a querist than the famous New York orator. Every address that he has made is full of new ideas and arguments, and goes to prove that he is not only the most eloquent but the readiest orator now before the American people."

Do not get scared if your heart troubles you. Most likely you suffer from indigestion. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests what you eat and gives the worn out stomach perfect rest. It is the only preparation known that completely digests all classes of foods; that is why it cures the worst cases of indigestion and stomach troubles after everything else has failed. It may be taken in all conditions and cannot help but do you good.—E. T. Whitehead & Co.

BOY WANTED.

A FAITHFUL BOY'S FORTUNE.

He Was Willing To Handle Rubbish.

Boys and Girls.

People laughed when they saw the sign again. It seemed to be always in Mr. Peters' window. For a day or two—sometimes for only an hour or two—it would be missing, and passers-by would wonder whether Mr. Peters had at last found a boy to suit him; but sooner or later it was sure to appear again.

"What sort of a boy does he want, anyway?" one and another would ask, and then they would say to each other that they supposed he was looking for a perfect boy, and, in their opinion, he would look a good while before he found one. Not that there were not plenty of boys—as many as a dozen used sometimes to appear in the course of a morning, trying for the situation. Mr. Peters was said to be rich and queer, and for one or both of the reasons, the boys were anxious to try to suit him.

"All he wants is a fellow to run on errands; it must be easy work and sure pay"—this was the way they talked to one another; but Mr. Peters wanted something more than a boy to run errands. John Simpson found it out, and this is the way he did it. He had been engaged that very morning, and had been kept busy all the forenoon at pleasant enough work; and although he was a lazy fellow, he rather enjoyed the place.

"It was toward the middle of the afternoon that he was sent up to the attic, a dark and dingy place, inhabited by mice and cobwebs.

"You will find a long, deep box there," said Mr. Peters, "which I want to have put in order. It stands right in the middle of the room—you can't miss it."

John looked doleful.

"A long, deep box? I should think it was!" he said to himself, as the attic door closed after him. "It will weigh almost a ton, I guess; and what is there in it? Nothing in the world but old nails, and screws, and pieces of iron, and broken keys, and things—rubbish, the whole of it. Nothing worth touching; and it is as dark as a pocket up here, and cold besides. How the wind blows in through the knot-holes! There's a mouse. If there is anything I hate, it's mice! I tell you what it is, if old Peters thinks I am going to stay up here and tumble over his old rusty nails, he's much mistaken. I wasn't hired for that kind of work."

"Whereupon John bounced down the attic stairs three at a time, and was found lounging in the show window an hour afterwards when Mr. Peters appeared.

"Have you put the box in order already?" was the gentleman's question.

"Didn't find anything to put in order; there was nothing in it but old nails and things."

"Exactly. It was the nails and things that I wanted put in order. Did you do it?"

"No, sir. It was dark up there and cold; and I didn't see anything worth doing. Besides, I thought I was hired to run on errands?"

"Oh, I thought you were hired to do as you were told."

But he smiled pleasantly enough, and at once gave John an errand to go down town; and the boy went off chuckling, declaring to himself that he knew how to manage the old fellow; all it needed was a little standing up for his rights.

Precisely at six o'clock John was called and paid the sum promised him for a day's work; and then to his dismay, was told that his services would not be needed any more. He asked no questions. Indeed, he had time for none, as Mr. Peters immediately closed the door.

The next morning the old sign, "Boy Wanted," appeared in its usual place.

But before noon it was taken down, and Charlie Jones was the fortunate boy. Errands—plenty of them! He was kept busy until within an hour of closing. Then, behold!—he was sent up to the attic to put the long box in order. He was not afraid of a mouse nor of the cold, but he grumbled much over the box. Nothing in it was worthy his attention. However, he tumbled over the things, growling all of the time, picked out a few straight nails, a key or two, and finally appeared with this message:

"Here's all there is worth keeping in that box. The rest of the nails are rusty, and the hooks are bent or something."

"Very well," said Mr. Peters, and he sent him to the postoffice.

What do you think? By the close of the next day Charlie had been paid and discharged, and the old sign hung in the window.

"I've no kind of a notion why I was discharged," grumbled Charlie to his mother. "He said he had no fault to find, only he saw that I wouldn't suit. It's my opinion that he doesn't want a boy at all, and takes that way to cheat. Mean old fellow!"

It was Crawford Mills who was hired next. He knew neither of the other boys, and so did his errands in blissful ignorance of the long box until the second morning of his stay, when in a leisure hour he was sent to put it in order. The morning passed, dinner-time came, and still Crawford had not appeared from the attic. At last Mr. Peters called him. "Got through?"

"No, sir; there is ever so much more to do."

"All right. It is dinner-time now. You may go back to it after dinner." After dinner he went back. All the short afternoon he was not heard from; but just as Mr. Peters was deciding to call him again he appeared.

"I've done my best, sir," he said, "and down at the very bottom of the box I found this."

"This" was a five dollar gold piece.

"That's a queer place for gold," said Mr. Peters. "It's good you found it. Well, sir, I suppose you will be on hand to-morrow morning?"

This he said as he was putting the gold-piece in his pocket-book.

After Crawford had said good-night and gone, Mr. Peters took the lantern and went slowly up the attic stairs. There was the long, deep box in which the rubbish of twenty-five years had gathered. Crawford had evidently been to the bottom. He had fitted shingles to make compartments, and in these different rooms he had placed the articles with bits of shingles laid on top, and labeled thus: "Good screws," "Picture-nails." "Small keys, somewhat bent." "Picture-hooks." "Pieces of iron whose use I don't know." And so on through the long box. In perfect order it was at last, and very little that really could be called useful could be found within it.

But Mr. Peters, as he bent over and read the labels, laughed gleefully, and murmured to the mice: "If we are not both mistaken, I have found a boy and he has found a fortune."

Sure enough. The sign disappeared from the window, and was seen no more.

Crawford became the well-known errand-boy of the firm of Peters & Co. He had a little room neatly fitted up next to the attic, where he spent his evenings, and at the foot of the bed hangs a motto which Mr. Peters gave him. "It tells your fortune for you, don't forget it," he said, when he handed it to Crawford; and the boy laughed and read it curiously: "He that is faithful in that which is least, is faithful in much." "I'll try to be, sir," and he never once thought of the long box over which he had been faithful.

All this happened years ago. Crawford Mills is errand-boy no more, but the firm is Peters, Mills & Co. A young man and a rich man.

"He found his fortune in a long box of rubbish," Mr. Peters said once, laughing. "Never was a five dollar gold-piece so successful in business as that one of his has been; it is good he found it."

Then, after a moment of silence, he said, gravely:

"No, he didn't; he found it in his mother's Bible; 'He that is faithful in that which is least, is faithful also in much.' It is true; Mills the boy was faithful, and Mills the man we trust."

When you have no appetite, do not relish your food and feel dull after eating you may know that you need a dose of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Price. 25 cents. Samples free at E. T. Whitehead & Co's drug store.

Sunburn is best treated by very gentle almond-meal baths, after which the cuticle should be greased with pure thick cream.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

The juice of a cucumber and a cup of buttermilk blended will banish every freckle you acquired this summer if you continue the treatment about 10 nights.

E. W. Grove
This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

MAKING WHEAT.

SOME TIMELY SUGGESTIONS.

How to Produce a Profitable Crop of Wheat.

Selected.

The Charlotte Oil & Fertilizer Company and the President of the Company, Mr. Fred Oliver of Charlotte, N. C., have again demonstrated on their farms what can be done towards profitable wheat raising. The 250 acres which they had in wheat this year gave an average yield of 30 bushels per acre; one field of 30 acres gave an average yield of 35 bushels, another field of 90 acres gave an average yield of 33 bushels per acre. A field of 60 acres that was in wheat a year ago, sown by the former owner of the land, and which last year yielded only eight bushels per acre this year gave an average yield of 24 bushels to the acre. With such an illustration of what can be done by progressive farming, why will the majority of farmers continue to be satisfied or if not satisfied, continue to curse their luck when their crop of wheat turns out only five to ten bushels per acre? There is no reason, and in fact, it is a crime for any farmer to throw away his time and land by growing such a poor crop as the most of them now raise when they could treble and quadruple the yield by intelligent and progessive farming. They must use better mules and ploughs to prepare the soil, using the best disc grain drills, having fertilizer distributors attached to plant and fertilize the wheat using the best seed wheat even if it does cost a few cents per bushel more money, using not less than 400 lbs. high grade complete fertilizer per acre instead 100 lbs of low grade acid and acid potash goods. Seed wheat that is free from broken and defective wheat and above all almost absolutely free from cockle seed is worth twice as much for seeding as the seed wheat usually used. Still more important is the fact that seed wheat from a crop that gave a yield of 30 to 35 bushels per acre is superior to seed wheat from a crop that gave only five to ten bushels per acre. No farmer will attempt to raise mules and horses to weigh 1,400 to 1,600 lbs; each and expect to succeed if he uses for breeding, stock that weighs from 500 to 800 lbs; no breeder of high-grade milch cows will expect to succeed except by using high grade stock. Last, but not least, they must use high grade fertilizer if the farmers expect to receive proper returns from land and labor. Why be satisfied by using 100 lbs. per acre of cheap, low grade fertilizer when four hundred lbs. of high grade fertilizer will give an increase of 15 to 25 bushels per acre? It costs no more, or very little more, to prepare the land for a good crop than for a poor one; it costs no more to drill in good seed wheat, and 400 lbs. of high grade fertilizer per acre than to drill in poor seed wheat 100 lbs. of poor, cheap fertilizer per acre; it costs no more to cut an acre of good wheat with a reaping machine than it does to run the machine over an acre of poor wheat, and the reaping machine leaves less wheat in the field ungathered if the crop is a good one than it does if the crop is a poor one. The farmers of the south have the best market for their wheat, corn and hay of any section in the United States, as they can obtain the same prices as the western farmer plus the freight that is charged from the west to the south. Why not then farm on a profitable plan and not, an unprofitable one? Use good stock and tools, good seed and fertilizer, good judgment and skill in handling labor and machinery, and above all work yourself as an example to your hired help, and you will find farming profitable.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Yes, your hair is horridly "messy" after the journey home. Give it a preliminary shampoo if you do not care to go direct to your hairdresser.

$500 REWARD.

We will pay the above reward for any case of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation, or Costiveness we cannot cure with Liverita, the Up-to-Date Little Liver Pill, when the directions are strictly complied with. They are purely Vegetable and never fail to give satisfaction. 25c. boxes contain 100 Pills, 10c. boxes contain 40 Pills, 5c. boxes contain 15 Pills. Beware of substitutions and imitations. Sent by mail. Stamps taken. NERVITA MEDICAL CO., Cor. Clinton and Jackson Sts., Chicago, Ill. For sale by E. T. Whitehead & Co., Druggists, Scotland Neck, N. C.

The Census Of 1900.

Selected.

A Washington City special says:

William R. Merriam, Director of the Census, predicts that the census of 1900 will show the population of the United States to be almost 76,000,000. This is not an official forecast, but is the opinion of Mr. Merriam.

"There are 52,700 enumeration districts in the United States," said Mr. Merriam, "and they vary considerably. They started at an average of 1,500, and have gone down to 1,422. At present the average is again rising. The farming communities are showing considerable rise in population.

"Up to to-day noon we have counted 47,500,000 people, and are now counting at the rate of a million a day. The increase in the work of counting is due to the fact that the employes in this department have been benefited materally by their training, and are now all experts at the work. It is also accounted for by the fact that the faster an employe works the more money he or she gets. In the punching department the salaries range from $50 to $75 per month. The workers started at $50, and were given to understand that they would be given $60 if they accomplished so much additional work and $75 for a still further increase. As a result, a month after this order was promulgated hundreds were promoted and the work increased at an astonishing rate.

"The census work is classed under four heads: Population, manufacturing, department of agriculture and vital statistics. In the manufacturing census, 585,000 schedules are already in, and the total will amount probably to 650,000. This is against a total of 350,000 schedules given by the last census. The manufacturing census is well up, the tabulation is going on, and the field work is all finished.

"Of the 5,800,000 farm schedules in the department of agriculture census, all but a few are in. These must be edited, which means careful reading and correcting by a corps of editors, and must all be entered by electrical machinery. Seven hundred employes are engaged on the farm census work, and this number will have to be materially increased.

"The clerical forces employed in the Census Department numbers 3,400. Twenty-four hundred are at work here in this building on B. between First and Second streets northwest, and the rest are located in the Globe and Union buildings, 700 being in the last mentioned place.

"The preliminary census work started about March, 1899. We have had a field force of about 50,000 to 55,000 taking names. They have all reported with the exception of four portfolios leaving a total of 51,696 portfolios turned in. The Hawaiian islands are in, and we are now at work on the count, Alaska will be in by October 1.

Torturing skin eruptions, burns and sores are soothed at once and promptly healed by applying DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, the best known cure for piles. Beware of worthless counterfeits.—E. T. Whhitehead & Co.

Afflicted India.

Atlanta Journal.

It seemed that the cup of India's woe was full already, but it has recently been made to overflow by the floods which have carried destruction over a large territory. In the Calcutta region recently there was a rainfall of no less than 35 inches in three days and the greater part of the city was covered with three feet of water. The flooded area with its population of many millions has suffered terrible losses of life, property and crops. While this part of India was being devastated by water other regions were suffering as great a disaster from drouth.

Famine, flood, drouth, cholera and the bubonic plague have all befallen poor India at once and made a sickening story for her.

For a large part of India's 240,000,000 life is full of misery and death offers about the only relief.

TO THE DEAF.
A rich lady, cured of her Deafness and Noises in the Head by Dr. Nicholson's Artificial Ear Drums, gave $10,000 to his Institute, so that deaf people unable to procure the Ear Drums may have them free. Address No. 9467-c. The Nicholson Institute, 780, Eighth Avenue, New York, U. S. A.

The man who is browbeaten by his employer usually gets square by becoming a despot in his own home.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

GOOD HEALTH by the Quart.

Every bottle you take of Johnston's Sarsaparilla means better health, and every bottle contains a full quart. It makes better blood—purer blood. For thirty years this famous remedy has been creating and maintaining good health.

Johnston's Sarsaparilla

builds up the system, tones the nerves, and strengthens the muscles more promptly and effectually than any other remedy known. The pallor of the cheek disappears, energy takes the place of languor, and the rich color of health flows to the cheeks. Unequalled for all disorders of the stomach and liver, and for all weakening complaints of men, women and children.

Sold everywhere. Price, $1.00 per full quart bottle.
MICHIGAN DRUG CO., - Detroit, Mich.
For sale by E. T. Whitehead & Co. Scotland Neck, N. C.

WILMINGTON & WELDON R. R.

AND BRANCHES.
AND ATLANTIC COAST LINE RAILROAD COMPANY OF SOUTH CAROLINA.
CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

DATED July 22, 1900.	No. 23 Daily.	No. 35 Daily.	No. 103 daily ex Sunday	No. 41 Daily.	No. 49 Daily.
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Leave Weldon	11 50	8 58			
Ar. Rocky Mt.	1 00	9 52			
Leave Tarboro	12 21		6 00		
Lv. Rocky Mt.	...1 05	9 52	6 37	5 15	12 50
Leave Wilson	1 59	10 25	7 10	5 57	2 40
Leave Selma	2 55	11 10			
Lv. Fayetteville	4 30	12 22			
Ar. Florence	7 25	2 24			
	P. M.	A. M.			
Ar. Goldsboro			7 55		
Lv. Goldsboro				6 45	3 20
Lv. Magnolia				7 51	4 35
Ar. Wilmington				9 20	6 00
			P. M.	A. M.	P. M.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

	No. 78 Daily.	No. 102 daily ex Sunday	No. 32 Daily.	No. 40 Daily	No. 48 Daily.
	A. M.		P. M.		
Lv. Florence	9 50		7 35		
Lv. Fayetteville	12 20		9 41		
Leave Selma	1 50		10 54		
Arrive Wilson	2 35		11 33		
Lv. Wilmington		A. M.		P. M.	A. M.
Lv. Magnolia				7 00	9 35
Lv. Goldsboro		4 50		8 30	11 10
				9 37	12 20
	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Leave Wilson	2 35	5 33	11 33	10 45	1 18
Ar. Rocky Mt.	3 30	6 10	12 07	11 23	1 53
Arrive Tarboro		6 46			
Leave Tarboro	12 21				
Lv. Rocky Mt.	3 30		12 07		
Ar. Weldon	4 32		1 00		
	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.	

†Daily except Monday. ‡Daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, Yadkin Division Main Line—Train leaves Wilmington, 9 00 a. m., arrives Fayetteville 12 05 p. m., leaves Fayetteville 12 25 p. m., arrives Sanford 1 46 p. m. Returning leaves Sanford 2 30 p. m., arrives Fayetteville 3 41 p. m., leaves Fayetteville 3 46 p. m., arrives Wilmington 6 40 p. m.

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, Bennettsville Branch—Train leaves Bennettsville 8 05 a. m., Maxton 9 10 a. m., Red Springs 9 40 a. m., Hope Mills 10 32 a. m., arrives Fayetteville 10 55 a. m. Returning leaves Fayetteville 4 40 p. m., Hope Mills 4 55 p. m., Red Springs 5 35 p. m., Maxton 6 15 p. m., arrives Bennettsville 7 15 p. m.

Connections at Fayetteville with train No. 78, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line and Southern Railway, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad.

Train on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leaves Weldon 3:55 p. m., Halifax 4:17 p. m., arrives Scotland Neck at 5:08 p. m., Greenville 6:57 p. m., Kinston 7:55 p. m. Returning leaves Kinston 7:50 a. m., Greenville 8:52 a. m., arriving Halifax at 11:18 a. m., Weldon 11:33 a. m., daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8:10 a. m. and 2:30 p. m., arrive Parmele 9:10 a. m. and 4 00 p. m., returning leave Parmele 9:35 a. m. and 6:30 p. m., arrive Washington 11:00 a. m. and 7:30 p. m., daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday 5:30 p. m., Sunday, 4:15 p. m., arrives Plymouth 7:40 p. m., 6:10 p. m., Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7:50 a. m. and Sunday 9:00 a. m., arrives Tarboro 10:10 a. m., 11:00 a. m.

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro daily, except Sunday. 5:30 a. m., arriving Smithfield 6:40 a. m. Returning leaves Smithfield 7:35 a. m.; arrives at Goldsboro 9:00 a. m.,

Trains on Nashville Branch leave Rocky Mount at 9:30 a. m., 3:40 p. m., arrive Nashville 10:20 a. m., 4:03 p. m., Spring Hope 11:00 a. m., 4:25 p. m. Returning leave Spring Hope 11:20 a. m., 4:55 p. m., Nashville 11:45 a. m., 5:25 p. m., arrive at Rocky Mount 12:10 a. m., 6:00 p. m., daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton daily, except Sunday, 11:40 a. m. and 4:25 p. m. Returning leaves Clinton at 6:45 a. m. and 2:50 a. m.

Train No. 78 makes close connection at Weldon for all points North daily, all rail via Richmond.

H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.