BUSIMESS
Machinery,

## Ayer's

Don't try cheap cough medi-
cines. Get the best Ayer's
Cherry Pectoral. What a

## Cherry

Pectoral

cold

Bronchitis



PROFESSIONAL. $0^{2}$运 Dentist.
 $0^{12}$
$\frac{\text { SCOTLAND NECK. N. C. }}{\text { stuart h. BMIT }}$
$\mathrm{S}^{\text {MITH \& SMITH, }}$
ATTORNEYS-4T-LAW.
Staten BH'g.over Tyler \& Oatterbridge
Seotland Neck, N. C.
W.
tornet-at-lam.

Att

The Sunny South ${ }^{-}$

## FREE!

How to got it
POSTAL CARD

The Sunny South




## Fitor's -eisure flours.

 observations of passing events.The Smirtipiril Heraum makes the follow Ing obeervation concerning A Great Temporance $\begin{aligned} & \text { and it is proper to eay that many papers in the } \\ & \text { State, like The Herald, which seek to furthe }\end{aligned}$ Year, this : Last interests of the peoplo, haye bad much The temperance movement made greater progress in North Carolina dur ing the year just elosed than in any five years of its previous hatory.
Should the temperance people wage war during 1904 as incessantly, and with the same determination, as they did in 1903,1905 will see scarcely a
saloon in the State. The results obtained during 1903 show what the people can do rhen they band themsel ves together with a determination to
rid the State of such a great evil. May the day speedily come when no a saloon will open its doors in North Carolina." And every true lover of
the people and the people's good will be glad to see it in 1905 as the Herald predicts. Let the work not cease but let the whole ling of battle be re cruited.

Ir is ottentimes the case that an advantage is pressed too far This seems
to be the case with the tobaceo trust as suggested in the following eaitorial
paragraph by the Richmond News Leader : "The Pressed too Far. $\quad \begin{aligned} & \text { paragraph by the Richmond News Leader: "The } \\ & \text { tobaceo trust has begun to kill out the gocse }\end{aligned}$ that lays the golden eqg, or rather the geese that raise the golden leal.
South Carolina newspapers eay that farmers in the tobaceo growing section
of that State have datermined to abatdon tobacoo attention to cotton. This determination is caused partly by the high price
and fine prospects for cotton, but an additional reason is that farmers feel that they have been plundered by the tobacco trust and absolutely held up
and made to sell their product at absurdy low pricess because of absence of and leave the tobaceo trast to find its raw material where it can. If this
movement becomes general, the tobsceo buyers may find that their own
$\qquad$
Newsfaper readers remember that but recently this eilly but popular How Old is $\mathrm{Anyi}^{\text {? }}$ the question before and bas not tried to answer fact that it has at last landed an important personage in trouble and we venture to asz the sily question and gle warning to peo, le against meding with what does not concern them. We clip the tollowing story from The Commoner: "According to
the New York Tribune, 'this teacher is on probation and in grave danger and the trustees know better. The teacher gave the problem to the pupils be elghteen. The children took the problem home and one of the trustees
discored that Ann was twelve-couldn't be anything eise. He called the other trustees in conncil and convineed them of the correctness of that
conclusion. Likewise, the school teacher was proved to be, if not an idiot, an ignoramus, unfit to teach anybody's children. The trustees put the al-
ternative of resignation before the teacher if he could not reduce Ann's age by six years. But the teacher refused to chang9 his figures, and appealed
to the county superintendent to keep him in his position. There the queston hange at present. The teacher is stiff-neeked and unaccommodating.
He should conester the wise adaptability of the pedagogue who said he had no prejudices and would teach that the earth was round or flat as the echool trastees preterred.

## The followiug communication from Greensboro appeared in the News

 and Obeeryer recently, and it is interestivg reading about a dieease thatis becoming quite common: "The death of Dr. Is Appendicitis is becoming quite common: Caldwell from an operation for appendietis, bas Contagious? caused much diseusesion here as to the frequency of fatalities of this kind in Winston for the point seem to form a triangle, in which the disease has been pesulierly and dietressingly troublesome during that period, with the storm center of mallgnity at Winston-Salem. The death rate from op-
erations is something terrible. At the local hospital here, there has never been a death from appendicitie, three patients having been discharged a cured last neek. Nearly all the deaths in the three towns mentioned ior the past year have been from appendicitis. A physician here says that as so much appendieitie, another physician present advanced the oplinion that it was a germ dieease, and said he was not afraid to hazard his profeasonal reputation on the proplecy that in less than fise sears the profassion would recognize the germ theory. He declared that it was conts-
glous, inatancing one town where every case, out of a great many,bad been glous, inatancing one town where every case, out of a great many, bad been
confined to a partucular community. A layman present gave rolier mil confined to a partieular community. A hayman pres of too high living, es
flour as the cause, while another sald it was a result of pecially in eating quantities of meats and highly seasoned food. What ever the cause, it seems that it is that bis correspondent, that the physlecian porti in. It has orten occurred io thise three communitien at least, even taking in Charlotte, would institute a specific line of investigation into the cause of its prevalence, an
pecouliar malignty in the communities named. The goyernment, which peculiar maingntry to
sends out experts to investigate the canue for diesese of the vegetable and animal worla, might be induced to send experts and aid in the investiga tion. It certanily le a serloas matter, when it fis considered that within
teelve monthe nearly a handred, otherwiee healithy, robust midedle aged people have been called from earth in 3 radius of leess than thirty mille, from the same trouble, and as many more perhaps have been at death'
 lar klind ol tood, or bread of merchandise, osed in these particular places, troila bo a greit bleyry to the people for tit to bo tound











$\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { as ret to } \\ & \text { out } \\ & \text { out } \\ & \text { him or or } \\ & \text { two }\end{aligned}\right.$
two or tore articies, one of which
or she thimks of parchating as a pre
ent. The referee will then mark
any article already proposed, keeping
Ilst of ert
list of arti.les. In this way duplica
tion to exeese will be avoided and th
gites will cover a mider range, with the
gits will cover a mider range, with the
result of greaty ircreating the pleas
ure of the bride. As the act is mainly
to add to the bappinees of the bride,
overy body ought to be glad to fall in

## with the echeme. Of course, the rete ree will never mention to the bride

what gifts she or be thinks are comin
and the element of surprise will not b
lacking. Who says this is not a goo
and the ele
lacking.
echemo?
Cancer cared by Violet Leaves. It seems impossible that so malig
nant a disease as cancer can be cure by so aimple a remedy as violet leave Yet sueh a case is reported by the Lo
don Duily News and the patient $\mathbf{w}$ don Dally News and the patuent w
Lady Margaret Marebam, sister of the Earl of R momey, who was brought
the point of death by a caucer, whic the point of deatit by a caucer, whict
defied surgery. At the suggestion a friend,
nurge sadd cancer could be cured nurge sald cancer could be cured b
the leaves of the violet, the experimen
meg treat viole


Water and lint was soaked in the in
fusion and applited to the eate of
disease, ropeatedily. The lady did n
die and the viota had anything to
the marvelous change or not
mix

##  <br> 

Why Russia and Japan
PROMIMENT PHYSICIANS USE AND ENDORSE PE-RU-NA.


