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VOL. XXI. New Series—Vol. 7. (7-1 8)

SCOTLAND NECK, N. C., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1905.

NO 8

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Take cold easily? Throat tender? Lungs weak? Any relatives have consumption? Then a cough means a great deal to you. Follow your doctor's advice and take Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. It heals, strengthens, prevents.

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Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets
A Bary Medicine for Busy People.
Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor.

EDITOR'S LEISURE HOURS.

JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER is said to be approaching the time when he will be a billionaire. It is said that his income now is six million dollars a month. At that rate he accumulates seventy-two millions a year. Then all these millions make their accumulations; so if he lives a few years longer he may become a billionaire. But so far as he is personally concerned the bulk of his great possessions is no more to him than old junk or a last year's bird's nest. He can only eat so much, and we believe it has been stated he has to live on milk and crackers, or some such simple diet; he can only wear so much; and so for that matter, many, many thousands of poor men in the world are far and away happier than Rockefeller. But almost any of these poor fellows would like to change places with him.

J. Samuel McCue, the ex-mayor of Charlottesville, Va., who was hanged in that town last Friday for murdering his wife, confessed his guilt to his spiritual advisers. His wife was killed last September and almost immediately suspicion pointed to him as the murderer. The public is familiar with the story of his trial and conviction and with the extraordinary efforts of his counsel to save his life. Two appeals were made, to the Supreme court of Virginia and one to the Supreme court of the United States. Finally, when all appeals proved futile and the condemned man realized that he must die, he confessed to the ministers who attended him that he was guilty. He said no one but himself was at all to blame for her death—that some irresistible power of the devil forced him to commit the crime. Take it all in all, it has been quite a sad affair; but Virginia has shown that money and social standing cannot stay the execution of the law in the face of such evidence as condemned McCue.

A story is going the rounds of the State press that a citizen of Scotland county has received a letter from Mexico, saying that the renegade, Henry Berry Lowry, is there and wishes to return to North Carolina. Coupled with the information is a request that the Governor of this State will protect Lowry from any sort of prosecution, if he returns. Governor Glenn will hardly have the opportunity to grant the protection, for if old Lowry is still living he must have had too much experience to be willing to risk himself in North Carolina, even though it has been thirty years since he terrorized Robeson county and some contiguous sections. Many a boy who lived in the southwestern counties of the State will remember to his dying day the awful stories about the outrages and murder committed by Henry Berry Lowry and his crowd. Those stories were told about many a fireside in those days until a boy was afraid to step in the dark or sleep alone. It would hardly be safe for Lowry to "show his shapes" anywhere in that part of the State, for the memory of his dastardly deeds will live through a generation or two yet.

The House committee in Congress has agreed to appropriate over two and a half million dollars to the Jamestown Exposition which is to be held in 1907 in commemoration of the first permanent settlement of the English in the western hemisphere. Says a Washington special to the Charlotte Observer: "The total recommended is \$2,650,000. Of this, \$2,000,000 is to be expended in connection with the land exhibit, including the erection of naval barracks and the necessary piers, the estimate for which is \$1,750,000. The balance of the 2,000,000 is to be used in connection with the land exhibit under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury. It is recommended that \$250,000 be appropriated to defray the expense of the national commission provided in the bill, known as the Jamestown ter-centennial commission, and the expenses of the government participation in the naval, marine and military exhibit. For the entertainment of foreign naval, and military officers, to be expended under the direction of the Secretaries of War and Navy \$175,000 is recommended; for a government building in which to make a government exhibit, \$150,000; for a permanent monument to commemorate the settlement of Jamestown, \$50,000; to provide moorings in Hampton Roads, \$150,000. For rehabilitating a monitor to reproduce the battle between the Monitor and Merrimack, \$100,000."

A good and true man, one who serves God and loves men, told us some years ago that the city of High Point had never had a saloon, and so far as we have heard that sober record has not yet been broken. Perhaps the most notable banquet ever held by a like organization in this State was given at High Point a few nights ago by the Manufacturers' Club of that city. A number of strong and able men were present from Washington, D. C. Long and flattering accounts of the occasion appeared in the daily papers, and the Charlotte Observer gave a second account, not being satisfied with the first. And that paper paragraphed on the fact that one successful banquet had been held without the presence of the cup that inebriates.

The Raleigh Post also said: "It was predicted that the High Point banquet—as a banquet—would be a tame and subdued affair, owing to the fact that the sparkling glass that cheers was not to occupy a place on the menu; but those who so predicted reckoned not with the hosts nor with the character of the guests. There was no wine, neither was there any dulcine or tediousness. It was a live, brilliant occasion, enthused and warmed by business spirits rather than by the brand that comes in demijohns and bottles."

The great banquet was in honor of the industrial growth of High Point; and so no one may any longer argue that prohibition retards the progress and development of a town. High Point has had prohibition all the time, and it has not been surpassed in industrial development by any town in the South.

THE LEGISLATURE.

THIRTIETH DAY—TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 7.
(News and Observer.)
SENATE—A message from the Governor was received, including the report of the Insurance Commissioner, and recommending better protection for the Blind and Insane.

A second message from the Governor was received, recommending the establishment of a Bureau of Immigration, and referring to the Jamestown Exposition, the divorce laws, the appointment of a purchasing agent for the State institutions, the vagrant laws, the jury system and the Judges' salaries.

There were no very important matters before the Senate.
HOUSE—The appropriations for the State Hospitals asked for are:
Morganton—Annual for support \$150,000; building for male inmates, \$50,000; special, for hall of amusement, \$5,000; new boiler, boiler house, etc., \$6,000; spur railway track, \$8,000. Total \$219,000 for the first year.

Goldsboro—Annual for support, \$60,000; new building, \$38,000; boilers and spur track, \$4,200. Total annual and special, \$102,200.
Raleigh—annual appropriation for support, \$75,000; special, new boilers, building boiler house, etc., \$17,500; laundry plant, etc., \$8,500; repainting, repainting, reflooring present buildings, \$6,300; paying rents on lights, water, etc., each year, \$3,000; to pay outstanding indebtedness, \$18,055.30; for purchase of additional land \$90,000. Total, special, \$143,353.30. Total, special and annual, \$218,353.30.

Normal and Industrial College—Replanning loans for replacing burned dormitory, \$80,000; replacing laundry, cold storage plant, etc., \$13,000; connecting central heating plant and other urgent improvements made necessary on account of the fire, \$10,000. Total \$103,000. This bill does not include anything for the annual support of the college yet.
A message was read from the Governor suggesting and recommending the establishment of a Bureau of Immigration, and an appropriation sufficient to make a creditable showing at the Jamestown Exposition, a central purchasing commission or State purchasing agent, to buy all food and supply products by wholesale for the various State education and eleemosynary institutions; for a strict divorce law, for a better vagrant law, especially one that would break up the evil of loafers and idlers in cotton mill settlements; increase of judges' salaries, declaring that \$3,500 wanted by the Senate was little enough.

The message also contained the report of the State Insurance Commissioner and endorsed his recommendations that a larger insurance be taken on State buildings and property and better precautions provided for escape from fire.

On motion of Graham, of Lincoln, five hundred copies of the message were ordered printed, and the various matters recommended were referred to the appropriations committee.
THIRTY-FIRST DAY—WEDNESDAY, FEB. 8.
(News and Observer.)
SENATE—Senator Webb introduced a bill to authorize and direct the issue of State bonds, to provide sufficient funds to equip the State Hospitals for the Insane, and the several educational institutions with necessary permanent improvements.

The following is a part text of Mr. Webb's bill:
That for the purpose of providing the State Hospital at Raleigh, the State Hospital at Morganton and the State Hospital at Goldsboro, and the several State educational institutions with the necessary buildings and permanent improvements, the State Treasurer is hereby authorized and directed to issue bonds of the State of North Carolina, payable after 15 years from the first day of July, 1905, to an amount not to exceed \$500,000.
HOUSE—Among the bills ratified was the bill to protect game in Halifax and Warren counties.
Concerning the bill to cause certain fines to be paid into the treasury of Scotland Neck graded schools, Judge Graham called attention to the section of the Constitution which provided that fines should go to the county fund for public schools and this bill was in violation of the Constitution.
Mr. Gayle replied that the bill provided that the Scotland Neck graded schools should have the fines arising in criminal cases in that school district. He said a law to this effect was in operation at Weldon in the same county, and a bill applying this same principle had been passed at this session for a district in Watauga county.
Chairman Murphy, of the Educational Committee, stated that in his opinion it was not in the power of the Legislature to divert these town fines

from the general school funds of the county. He took this position before the committee, and still thought the bill unconstitutional. Mr. Butler, of the committee, said that his understanding was that the bill should be reported unfavorably but afterwards it was determined to report it, and let the matter be settled by the Supreme court. He made a motion that the bill be sent to the Committee on the Judiciary, and the motion prevailed.

THIRTY-SECOND DAY—THURSDAY, FEB. 9.
(Morning Post.)
SENATE—Petitions were presented:
Foushee—Citizens of Caswell against the removal of distilleries from Milton.
Scales—Petition from East Bend Sunday-school asking the repeal of the charters of Shore and Williams.

Scales—Asking prohibition in Yadkin county.
Scales—Asking prohibition of the manufacture and sale of liquor in Yadkin.
Scales—Memorial from mayor and commissioners of East Bend for the repeal of the charters of Williams and Shore.
Scales—Memorial of East Bend Baptist Sunday-school asking the repeal of the charters of Williams and Shore.

Odell—Petition by citizens of East Bend against the manufacture and sale of whiskey in Yadkin, declaring that liquor was sold for \$1 a gallon and boys ten years old frequently came to Sunday-school and temperance meetings drunk.
Scales—Memorials of temperance unions of Greensboro asking for a reformatory.
A resolution was received from the House announcing the death of Representative C. W. Phipps of Watauga and the Lieut. Governor appointed Senators Taylor of Alleghany and Long of Iredell to accompany the remains to their last resting place.

The liquor bills were postponed until noon Friday.
On motion of Mr. Taylor of Alleghany the Senate adjourned out of respect to the memory of Hon. C. V. Phipps until 10:30 Friday.
HOUSE—Speaker Gulon called the House to order at half past ten o'clock, and Representative W. A. Graham of Lincoln made the opening prayer, in which he alluded fittingly to the taking off of one of the members of the House.
Then, upon motion of Mr. Graham of Lincoln, the House took a recess for 15 minutes.
At the expiration of the recess Mr. Graham of Lincoln, with a few words of praise for Representative Phipps as he had known him in the Committee on Education, offered the following joint resolution:
"Resolved by the House of Representatives, the Senate concurring: "That it having pleased God in his infinite wisdom to call to Himself and deprive this body of an associate, the member from Watauga, Dr. C. W. Phipps.
"That in his death we are called to mourn the death of a true and honest faithful Representative.
"Be it further resolved that a committee of four from the House and two from the Senate be appointed to attend the body to its last resting place and that the Treasurer of North Carolina be and he is hereby authorized, ordered and directed, out of any funds not otherwise appropriated, to pay all expenses of said committee in attendance upon the funeral rites, and all funeral and other expenses of transporting said body to its last resting place. That such expenses shall be paid upon the voucher of said committee.
"Be it further resolved that the committee so appointed as once notify his Excellency, the Governor, of the vacancy in this body.
"Be it further resolved that this House do adjourn and all business of this body be suspended for the day in memory of our departed member.
"Resolved further that the keeper of the capitol be directed to keep the flags upon the dome at half mast for twenty-four hours."
Mr. Biggs moved the adoption of the resolution.
Mr. Mitchell testified to the fidelity to duty of the departed member.
Mr. Stronach proposed a rising vote.
Mr. Stickley said he had found Dr. Phipps a true man who loved his people. He understood that his last words were of prayer for his bills and all the legislation of this body and the people.
Mr. Cowles of Wilkes, in behalf of the minority, expressed in few but feeling words the deep sympathy of the minority members with the bereaved widow.
Mr. Sledge amended the resolution by directing that a copy be sent to the family of the deceased member.
Dr. Alexander, a fellow-member of the profession, endorsed the resolution

HAPPY AND HEALTHY.

A Beautiful Canadian Girl Saved From Catarrh of the Lungs by Pe-ru-na.



MISS FLORENCE KENAH.
Miss Florence E. Kenah, 431 Maria street, Ottawa, Ont., writes:
"A few months ago I caught a severe cold, which settled on my lungs and remained there so persistently that I became alarmed. I took medicine without benefit, until my digestive organs became upset, and my head and back began to ache severely and frequently. I was advised to try Peruna, and although I had little faith I felt so sick that I was ready to try anything. It brought me blessed relief at once, and I felt that I had the right medicine at last. Within three weeks I was completely restored and have enjoyed perfect health since."
"I now have the greatest faith in Peruna." F. E. KENAH.
WOMEN should beware of contracting catarrh. The cold wind and rain, slush and mud of winter are especially conducive to catarrhal derangements. Few women escape.
Upon the first symptoms of catching cold Peruna should be taken. It fortifies the system against colds and catarrh.
The following letter gives one young woman's experience with Peruna:
Miss Rose Gerbing is a popular society woman of Crown Point, Ind., and she writes the following:
"Recently I took a long drive in the country, and being too thinly clad I caught a bad cold which settled on my lungs, and which I could not seem to shake off. I had heard a great deal of Peruna for colds and catarrh and I bought a bottle to try. I am pleased that I did, for it brought speedy relief. It only took about two bottles, and I considered this money well spent.
"You have a firm friend in me, and I not only advise its use to my friends, but have purchased several bottles to give to those without the means to buy, and have noticed without exception that it has brought about a speedy cure wherever it has been used."
"If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis."
Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.
Ask your Druggist for Free Peruna Almanac for 1904.

HAPPINESS DWELLS IN HOPE.
Earle E. Griggs, in Atlanta Constitution.
No matter how bleak and lonesome the day,
Some hearts are cheerful and gay!
No matter how bright the sunshine and glad,
Some hearts are grieving and sad!
No matter how lonesome this life is to some,
Some happiness is sure to come!
No matter how dreary the clouds are, and gray,
Some time they will pass away!
No matter how often the heart dreams a dream,
Sweet hope is never dead!
No matter how hopeless the day is, and long,
Happiness is in a song!
The Uses of Responsibility.
Every mother should remember that the making of her daughter is of far greater importance than the administration of things in her house, and every daughter should realize that she can learn to avoid mistakes only when she sees them. She enjoys most feeling her mother's mistakes and resolving that when she has a house she will "never do so." A beginning may be made with a small and comparatively unimportant responsibility, suggests Woman's Life, and it is to be remembered that responsibility and not mere work is the great thing. The very little girl may have the care of one plant, a hardy one, to begin with, but system and neatness may be practiced in its care to great advantage. If the plant should be a blooming one, a small vase for the breakfast table would give an additional bit of care and pleasure to both child and parents.

Kitchen Helps.
Coarse salt and vinegar will clean omealed ware that has been burned or discolored.
Do not drop dirty, greasy dish towels in hot soap suds. It only sets the grease. Wash them first in lukewarm water.
An old bookcase set on the kitchen table, back to the wall, makes a very respectable imitation of a kitchen cabinet and saves many steps.
The range should be so located as to escape a draft sweeping over it. A gas range should always have a firm connection. A hood placed over the range is a great ventilator.
When tins are hard to wash, where food has burned on, like baked fish or oatmeal, put the dish on the stove, fill with cold water and a half a teaspoonful of baking soda, and let it boil, and your dish will wash, and the odor of fish will be gone.

MANY CHILDREN ARE SICKLY.
Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children, used by Mother Gray, a nurse in Children's Home, New York, break colds in 24 hours, cure feverishness, headache, stomach troubles, teething disorders, and destroy worms. At all druggists, 25c. Sample mailed free. Address, Allen C. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.
Col. Bryan and his son-in-law have made up. They probably met on the common ground that neither of them cared much for Judge Parker.—Washington Post.

SICK HEADACHE.
This distressing ailment results from a disordered condition of the stomach. All that is needed to effect a cure is a dose or two of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. In fact, the attack may be warded off, or greatly lessened in severity, by taking a dose of these Tablets as soon as the first symptom of attack appears. Sold by all druggists.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Watson*