

Important to all Women Readers of This Paper

Thousands upon thousands of women have kidney or bladder trouble and never suspect it. Women's complaints often prove to be nothing else but kidney trouble or the result of kidney or bladder disease.

If the kidneys are not in a healthy condition, they may cause the other organs to become diseased.

You may suffer a great deal with pain in the back, bearing-down feelings, headache and loss of ambition. Poor health makes you nervous, irritable and may be dependent; it makes any one so.

But hundreds of women claim that Dr. Kilmor's Swamp-Root, by restoring health to the kidneys, proved to be just the remedy needed to overcome such conditions.

A good kidney medicine, possessing real healing and curative value, should be a blessing to thousands of nervous, over-worked women.

Many send for a sample bottle to see what Swamp-Root, the great Kidney, Liver and Bladder Remedy will do for them. Every reader of this paper, who has not already tried it, by enclosing ten cents to Dr. Kilmor & Company, Binghamton, N. Y., may receive sample size bottle by parcels post. You can purchase the regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles at all drug stores.

CHAS. L. STATION
Attorney-at-Law,
Scotland Neck, N. C.
Practices wherever his services are required.

DR. A. D. MORGAN
Physician and Surgeon
Scotland Neck, N. C.
Office in the building formerly used by Dr. J. P. Wimberley.

DR. R. L. SAVAGE
OF ROCKY MOUNT, N. C.
Will be in Scotland Neck, N. C., on the third Wednesday of each month at the great diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat, and fit glasses.

DR. O. F. SMITH
Physician and Surgeon
Office in the Crescent Pharmacy, Inc. Scotland Neck, N. C.

DR. A. C. LIVERMON,
DENTIST.
Office upstairs in Whitehead Building.
Office hours from 9 to 1 o'clock and 2 to 5 o'clock.

Willie H. Ailsbrook
LIFE INSURANCE
Representing the Metropolitan Life Insurance Co., of New York
SCOTLAND NECK, N. C.
6-13-14

Wood's Productive Seed Corns.
We offer all the best prize-winning and profit-making varieties: **Casey's Pure-bred, Bigg's Seven-eared, Collier's Excelsior, Boone County, Gold Standard, etc.**

Descriptions and information in **Wood's 1914 Descriptive Catalog** You should surely read it before deciding what to plant for best results.

Wood's Ensilage Corns are the largest yielding fodder varieties in cultivation. Wood's Catalog tells all about them, and all other **Farm and Garden Seeds.** Catalog mailed free. Write for it.

T. W. WOOD & SONS,
Seedsmen, - Richmond, Va.

Attention Shriners!
Shrine Special OPERATED VIA **Seaboard Air Line R'y** TO **ATLANTA, GEORGIA** And Return **Sunday, May 10, '14**

Lv. Raleigh	6:07 p. m.
Wilmington	8:45 p. m.
Charlotte	8:20 p. m.
Fayetteville (A&R Ry)	4:50 p. m.
Hamlet	9:10 p. m.
Monroe	10:10 p. m.
Wadesboro	9:56 p. m.
Winston-Salem	5:15 p. m.

(W. S. S. Ry.)
Special Train All Steel Equipment
Special Train will be parked at Inman Park Siding on Seaboard. The Safest, Quietest and Cleanest location in Atlanta.

Write at once for information and Pullman reservations to F. A. Fetter, (for committee) Raleigh, N. C., or address **JOHN T. WEST**, Division Passenger Agent, Raleigh, N. C.

BLIND TIGERS AND THE SOCIAL EVIL.

A Statute Which Works Effectively in Guilford County.

At a recent meeting of the North Carolina Conference for Social Service it was unanimously voted that a movement should be started to have the next legislature make State-wide the present Guilford county law "for the protection of public morals." The law is briefly explained by Mr. A. W. McAllister as follows:

1. The enforcement of this law, as in the Stadium case, makes it impossible for a property owner to rent his property for immoral purposes. A recent newspaper article states that in such cases, where the renting for immoral purposes is persisted in, the property is forfeited the city; but this is an inaccuracy. It is not forfeited to the city, but the owner, besides being subject to the heavy penalties imposed by law, has to give bond that the house will not be used for such purposes within twelve months, and unless he can give acceptable bond, the house is placarded and must remain vacant for a period of twelve months. The enforcement of this law subjects any man who knowingly rents his property for immoral purposes to what amounts to almost confiscation, and therefore renders it impossible for him to do it.

2. It makes it unlawful for any keeper of a house of prostitution to permit any unmarried female under the age of 18 years to remain in such house.

3. It provides a minute code regulating the dealing in cocaine, opium and all similar drugs by wholesalers, retailers, doctors and others.

4. The statute then provides that the county attorney shall secure from the internal revenue collector the names of all persons who have paid license tax for dealing in intoxicating liquors, and such certified lists are made prima facie evidence that such persons are violating the law against selling intoxicating liquors.

5. The law also prohibits any from advertising, giving, presenting, or participating in any obscene, indecent, immoral or impure drama, play or exhibition, show or entertainment, and provides for the removal of sheriff, police and other officers who fail to perform their duties, for drunkennes, and for other causes rendering them unfit.

If properly enforced it ought to be easy to break up gambling, retailing, and the white slave traffic and business in Guilford county and wherever else it is adopted.

Burham Swept by Big Fire.
Durham, March 24.—Damage estimated at noon today at \$1,000,000 was caused by fire which originated in the Brodie L. Duke building last night at 10:30 o'clock, fought its way to six buildings and was not conquered until it had destroyed or practically ruined three entire city blocks. The blaze started on the second floor of the Woolworth Five and Ten Cent stores. The immense fire damage is covered by only about one-half insurance. Insurance adjusters had not early this afternoon calculated the amount of insurance carried on the various buildings and stock.

Poor Blood is Responsible
for much sickness and suffering because its quality determines our resistive power. With poor blood we are languid, susceptible to colds, lack natural energy and ambition, and the gradual decline of strength makes prompt and careful treatment necessary. Drugs or alcohol cannot make blood and must be avoided.

SCOTT'S EMULSION is nature's grandest blood-maker because of its wholesome medical nourishment, so carefully predigests that it assimilates without taxing digestion and quickly increases the red corpuscles of the blood, strengthens the organs and tissues and rebuilds the whole system.

Absolutely nothing compares with **SCOTT'S EMULSION** to purify and enrich the blood to overcome or avoid anaemia. It is totally free from alcohol or opiates and your health demands the purity of **SCOTT'S**.

Scott & Bowne, Bloomfield, N. J.

CLAUDE KITCHIN'S ATTITUDE.
Reasons Why He Can't Support Repeal of The Free Toll Act.

Washington, D. C., March 27.—In a statement made public by Representative Claude Kitchin, of North Carolina, who is slated to succeed to the position of Democratic House leader upon the retirement of Representative Oscar W. Underwood at the end of this session, outlines at length his reasons for opposing the administration bill repealing the exemption clause of the Panama canal act.

Mr. Kitchin is one of a group of Democratic leaders, among them Mr. Underwood, Speaker Clark and Senator O'Gorman who are hostile to this administration measure. While the North Carolina member does not make the charge that the administration is serving the interests of the transcontinental railways he declares that these railways are chiefly interested in having tolls levied on American coastwise vessels using the Isthmian waterway.

Mr. Kitchin argues that there can be no discrimination in permitting American coastwise vessels to use the canals without payment of tolls for the reason that foreign vessels are not permitted to engage in the coastwise trade. Mr. Kitchin sums up his argument as follows:

"The President has changed his position. Shall I change, simply because the President has? Or shall I follow the Democratic path, where my reason and conscience leads? If President Wilson had not taken the position for repeal the proposition would not receive a Democratic vote in the Senate, and certainly not ten per cent of the Democratic vote in the House."

Mr. Kitchin recalled that when the Panama canal bill was acted upon in the Senate, the exemption clause was adopted by a vote of 44 to 11. "Every single Democrat present voted for it, twenty-four in number, and twenty Republicans," said Mr. Kitchin. "An analysis of the eleven opposing voices is interesting. Root, Penrose, Oliver, Crane, Wetmore, Brandegee, Lodge, etc., names at once suggestive of the influences of railroads, big business, and special privilege, constituted the eleven. These men have been condemned by the public generally, and especially by the Democratic party, for years, as champions, in the Senate, of railroads and special interests. They opposed it in the name of 'national honor,' but at the same time were serving the transcontinental railroads, including the Canadian Pacific, whose only competitors for transcontinental freight will be the coastwise vessels through the canal."

Mr. Kitchin insisted that Great Britain, in one of its notes had admitted that free tolls to American coastwise vessels was in no sense violative of any treaty obligations. Mr. Kitchin quoted the British note of July 8, 1912, as follows: "If the trade should be so regulated as to make it certain that only bonafide coastwise traffic would benefit by this exemption, it may be that no objection could be taken."

"This was both a diplomatic admission that exemption from tolls of our coastwise vessels would not violate the treaty and a diplomatic suggestion to Congress to eliminate the objectionable propositions protested against, and confine the exemption to our coastwise traffic."

Mr. Kitchin denied emphatically that free tolls denied to the payment of subsidy to American coastwise vessels.

"The exemption act applies the same policy to the Panama canal as has been applied since the beginning of the government to every other waterway in the United States," he said.

Mr. Kitchin said that following the adoption of the exemption clause in 1912 "it was almost universally approved by the American people."

Continuing, he said: "The three parties and the three candidates for the Presidency—Wilson, Taft and Roosevelt—expressly approved and indorsed, during the campaign of 1912, the exemption provision we are now asked to repeal."

The North Carolina member referred to a conference with the President in which he informed the President that he could not see his way clear to support the repeal bill.

"The President understands and thoroughly appreciates my position," said Mr. Kitchin. "I told him, however, that while I would vote against repeal, I would not help organize a fight against it, nor would I encourage in any way a criticism in the House of the administration's position on the question."—Washington Post.

Textile Building Burned.
West Raleigh, March 25.—The textile building at A. & M. was completely destroyed by fire during the early morning hours today. The total loss is estimated at \$80,000, a little less than half of this being covered by insurance.

Clears Complexion, Removes Skin Blemishes
Why go through life embarrassed and disfigured with pimples, eruptions, blackheads, red rough skin, or suffering the tortures of eczema, itch, tetter, salt rheum. Just ask your druggist for Dr. Hobson's Eczema Ointment. Follow the simple suggestions and your skin worries are over. Mild, soothing, effective. Excellent for babies and delicate, tender skin. Stops chapping. Always helps. Relief or money back. 50c at your druggist.

TO THE STATE DEMOCRACY.

Call for State and County Conventions and Precinct Primaries.

At meetings of the State Democratic Executive Committee held in the city of Raleigh, N. C., on the 10th and 25th of March, 1914, it was decided as follows:

1. To hold the State Democratic Convention at Raleigh, N. C., on Thursday, the 4th day of June, 1914.

2. Saturday, May 16, 1914, was fixed as a common day on which all precinct meetings, or primary elections shall be held for the purpose of ascertaining the choice of the Democratic electors for the several candidates for State, Congressional, Judicial and State Senatorial offices, and for the election of delegates to the county conventions.

3. Saturday, May 23, 1914, was fixed as a common day for holding a county convention in each county in the State, for the purpose of declaring the result of the precinct meetings, or primary elections, or for ascertaining the choice of all electors in mass convention, and for appointing delegates to the State, Congressional, Judicial and State Senatorial conventions.

This 26th day of March, 1914.
THOS. D. WARREN, Chm'n
State Dem. Ex. Com.
WALTER E. BROCK, Sec'y.

East Carolina Training School.
Greenville, N. C., March 30.—A Chinese Educational Commission, which is visiting the best schools of America and Europe for the purpose of introducing into the schools of the Chinese Republic the best educational ideas of the western world, spent three days at East Carolina Teachers Training School. Their visit was the greatest compliment that has ever been paid the school and it brings the school into international fame. The commission was scheduled for only one day at the school, but they found so much of interest they prolonged their stay. The United States Commissioner of Education recommended this as one of the best teachers training schools of the country.

Dr. Benjamin Sledd, of Wake Forest College, delivered an entertaining and sympathetic address on the evening of March 16th, at the Training School. For this great opportunity of hearing one of North Carolina's literary men of note the school and community is indebted to the Sidney Lanier Literary Society. This is the third annual address by men of literary note that this society has offered this school. Dr. Sledd spoke with ease and charm which made it seem more like a warm-hearted personal talk than a formal literary lecture. He made his audience feel the heroic, knightly greatness of Lanier. He called up scenes and pictures in his life that made you feel as if you were in the presence of Lanier. To show the heroic qualities of a great spirit, he reviewed briefly his war career and his long struggle with disease and poverty. At the close Dr. Sledd said Lanier was the morning star of a new day and urged all to help fulfill the promise of the new day. Dr. Sledd remained over a day to visit the school. He delighted the students by telling them folk tales, witch tales, which he himself has collected, and Uncle Remus stories.

Better Support Makes Better Paper
The Wilmington Star remarks very truthfully that publishing a newspaper these times is a costly piece of business, but no community can afford to be without its representative paper. The better the paper the more representative it is of the spirit and progress of its community. The better it is supported the more vigorous it will be, and the more vigorous it is the louder it will speak for its community.

The wide-awake community wants a wide-awake newspaper and the better it is the more worthy it is of support. A well supported newspaper is a power in a community, and it is not alone the property of the publishers but it is the community's institution defender. Withhold support from it and you go back on the community's advocate. Keep it from prospering and it will speak a woeful tale for the community. Destroy it and the community would have no means of making its existence known and giving publicity to its progress. The wide-awake paper is the right arm of business and through in the man who wants to get business enabled to reach the public by the swiftest and cheapest medium in existence. The business community without a newspaper goes to sleep. The city without a newspaper isn't on the map, and the better it is supported the greater will be its power and influence in behalf of the public interests and community progress. One of the greatest necessities of a community is a newspaper that speaks for it and stands for it.—Oxford Ledger.

The Reason Fewer People Take "Salts"
We find the use of salts and other harsh physics is becoming less every year because more and more people are using Rexall Orderlies, which we and they firmly believe to be the best bowel remedy ever made. They taste so much like candy that even the children like them. At the same time they act so easily and naturally that there is no purging, griping or pain. They promptly remove the constipation, and by soothing and strengthening the bowels, make it less liable to occur again. We have the utmost faith in them. We know what they are made of and the pleasant, beneficial results that always follows their use.

You needn't take our word for it. If Rexall Orderlies don't help you, if they don't entirely relieve all your bowel troubles—come back and tell us and we'll give back your money. In vest pocket tin boxes; 10c., 25c. and 50c.

You can buy Rexall Orderlies only at the Rexall Stores, and in this town only of E. T. Whitehead Company, Scotland Neck, N. C.

TRY

A great professor once was asked To give the reason why He thought the biggest English word Was simply t-r-y.

A sedate smile came o'er his face. He bowed his silvery head. Sat upright in his great arm-chair And this is what he said:

"A little try made Washington A soldier brave and true To drive the British from our shore Beyond the ocean blue.

What if the men of seventy-six Had not their flag unfurled, Or tried to gain the freedom they Announced unto the world?

Today a nation far so strong No other can compete A dream to millions would be Submission and defeat.

Once when France was almost doomed Her flag was lifted high Because an Orleans maid came forth Determined once to try.

She led the nation's bravest men To victory from defeat, And put a crown on France's king A nation at his feet.

The learned professor saw the truth Pressed on the college man And looking gently in his face Began to say again:

"What might be done to help the world In things both great and good, If we who now stand idly by Would do the things we could?

But still my boy, you'll find it true As proved so oft of old The man who digs the deepest mine Will find the purest gold.

Success and pleasure never come Or wealth with honor's charm To him who stands and looks and waits

With soft hands and folded arms. You'll find it better all through life To not give up or sigh, But face your duties day by day With one terrific try.

—Daniel Alton Monroe.

USE DOGS AS BLANKETS.
How French Knife Grinders Keep Warm While at Work.

Every visitor to one of the great Paris stores will have noticed counters covered with table cutlery of the characteristic French pattern—broad, curved blades and horn or black bone handles, excellent steel and very cheap. Almost all this is made at Thiers and by hand. But there is no external sign of manufacture, and a traveler might pass through the town without suspecting a great industry.

The swift flowing Duroile supplies power at the bottom of a deep and narrow gorge, on the steep side of which the apparently sleepy town is built. At one story below street level we came to the forges of the chief firm. Here, with extraordinary quickness and skill the knives are hand forged—blade, hilt and tang—from steel bar, then tempered one by one, and two stories lower down, at river level, in a long, dark, damp cellar, they are ground, and it is the method of this process, unique so far as I know, that makes the industry of Thiers worth a moment's description.

The river turns a score of emery wheels about a yard in diameter, and above each of these is a narrow, sloping platform six feet long and two feet wide. Along each of these, flat and face downward, lay a grinder, man or woman, grasping a blade by the two ends and pressing it by the whole weight of the body against the revolving wheel just below. The long row of stretched out bodies gave a grim impression of something between a field hospital and a mortuary.

The foreman assured us that it was much easier work thus to press against the wheel by one's weight than to sit and press by the force of one's arms. But to lie thus almost motionless all day long in a dank cellar, far below the ground level, is about as dreary and unhealthy a way for a human being to pass his life as can be imagined. The place itself cannot be warmed, but to keep at least a little heat in their bodies and stave off rheumatism as long as possible the grinders have adopted the extraordinary expedient of training dogs to lie all day upon them—dogs of all sorts and sizes. There they lay, curled up on the backs of their owners' thighs, living hot bottles.—Sir Henry Norman in Scribner's.

BEAU FIELDING A PUZZLE.
He Was the Enigma of English Social Life in His Day.

Beau Fielding was a young man of fashion in the reign of William III. His house was sumptuously furnished, his hunters, hawks and racers were of great value, and "he kept a table of princely hospitality." He had no ostensible source of income, yet appeared to be rolling in wealth. All that was known of him was that he was the fifth son of Thomas Wilson, an impoverished gentleman of Leicestershire. Evelyn describes him as a very young man, "civil and good natured, but of no great force of character," and "very sober and of good fame." All attempts to discover his secret were vain. "In his most careless hours or amusement he kept a strict guard over his tongue and left gossip to conjecture what it pleased."

He redeemed his father's estate and partitioned off his sisters and when remonstrated with on his extravagance replied that, however sure his life should last, he would always have enough to live in the same way. Some said it was he who had robbed the Holland mail, for which another man had suffered; others that he depended upon the gambling table, though he never played for large sums. He was the enigma of social life till his career was cut short by a duel. His adversary was at that time a young man about town like himself, John Law, who afterward became the founder of the famous Mississippi scheme by which half of France was ruined. When the mysterious Beau died he left only a few pounds behind him and not a scrap of evidence to enlighten public curiosity.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Changes and restores the hair. Promotes abundant growth. Never fails to relieve itching scalp. Prevents hair from falling out. 50c. and \$1.00 per bottle.

WORKS WELL.

In Moore county the useless office of county treasurer has been abolished and the local banks handle the public funds without cost to the county. The banks receive no compensation for their services other than such benefits as may accrue from the deposit of the county funds in the regular course of banking. The bill which passed the last Legislature giving the commissioners of certain counties in the State the power to abolish the office of treasurer requires the bank or banks chosen as the financial agents of these counties to give bonds, just as county treasurers do, for the handling of funds committed to their keeping. We do not know what the fees received by the treasurer amounted to in Moore last year but we do not doubt that the tax-payers of that county will be at least a thousand dollars better off the coming year for having made the change. A thousand dollars will run three public schools for a period of six months or more, or it will pay for the work of a county farm demonstrator or county health officer. There are other ways in which the public funds of all counties in the State could be more economically used. For instance, all county officers ought to be paid salaries. The fee system is antiquated and vicious. It has already been abolished in a number of counties in the State and other counties are ready to abolish it. It will finally be abolished in all the counties, and many thousands of dollars that go into the pockets of individuals under the present way of conducting public business will be turned into productive channels.—Sanford Express.

FOR THE GRIP
Peruna is Sometimes Used With Good Results

A great many people use Peruna for the grip. Some use it as soon as the grip begins, taking it during the acute stage of the disease, claiming for it great efficacy in shortening the disease and especially in shortening the after stages.

Many people take it after they have had the grip. Their convalescence is slow. They have suffered along for a month or two, without any signs of complete recovery. Then they resort to Peruna as a tonic, with splendid results.

Mrs. Jane Gift, R. F. D. 1, Athens, Ohio, whose portrait appears above, writes: "I think I would have been dead long ago if it had not been for Peruna. Six years ago I had a grippe very bad. The doctor came to see me every day, but I gradually grew worse. I told my husband I thought I would surely die if I did not get relief soon.

"One day I picked up the newspaper and accidentally found a testimonial of a woman who had been cured of grip by Peruna. I told my husband I wanted to try it. He went directly to the drug store and got a bottle of Peruna. I could see the improvement in a very short time and was soon able to do my work. I continued using it until I was entirely cured."

Mr. Victor Patnaude, 323 Madison St., Popoka, Kan., writes: "Twelve years ago I had a severe attack of la grippe and I never really recovered my health and strength, but grew weaker every year, until I was unable to work.

"Two years ago I began using Peruna and it built up my strength so that in a couple of months I was able to go to work again. This winter I had another attack of la grippe, but Peruna soon drove it out of my system. My wife and I consider it a household remedy."

Those who object to liquid medicines can now obtain Peruna Tablets.

State Library

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

Cakes, hot biscuit, hot breads, and other pastry, are daily necessities in the American family. Royal Baking Powder will make them more digestible, wholesome, appetizing.

No Alum—No Lime Phosphates

USE DOGS AS BLANKETS.

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