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TELEGRAPH SERVICE

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CLEMENCEAU EXALTS OVER PEACE TREATY

EXCLAIMS WITH FEELING THAT FRANCE HAS SECURED WHAT SHE HAS BEEN FORCED TO WAIT FORTY-NINE YEARS FOR

GERMANY, A MENACE DURING THAT TIME

By Associated Press
PARIS, June 24.—"We have waited forty nine years for this moment," exclaimed Premier Clemenceau when he opened the fateful message at the Council of Three that the German government was willing to sign the peace terms.

"For forty nine years," he continued, "the mailed fist of those who have governed has threatened the world with the very thing that fell upon us all nearly five years ago."

PARIS, June 24.—The Council of Three has referred to a committee of experts the question of reparation for the sinking of the German ships at Scapa Flow.

BERLIN, June 24.—President Bauer, of the German Government, at addressing the National Assembly on the question of signing the Peace Treaty said "the entire has forced us to sign a treaty that violates all international rules."

"Let us sign," he continued, "but it is our hope, and the hope of the German people to the last breath that these terms will recoil upon its authors."

TWELVE N. C. MEN AMONG LOSSES

WASHINGTON, June 24.—12 North Carolinians are included in the army list of 217 names and the marine list of 24 names just issued. The state men are as follows:

- Private Lonnie Bazemore, of Windsor was killed in action.
- Private Graham Daniel, of Oxford was killed in action.
- Private Delwin Dixon, of Texas was wounded severely.
- Private Robert Farrow of Charlotte was wounded severely.
- Private Bonnie Tabon, of Garments was wounded severely.
- Lieutenant Harvey Smith Hester, of Asheville was wounded slightly.
- Sergeant Richard McLawhorne, of Kinston was wounded slightly.
- Private Elam Summerlin, of Mount Olive was killed in action.
- Corporal William F. Ingram, of Rockingham was killed in action.
- Private Hilary F. McClure, of Waynesville was killed in action.
- Private Andrew Jackson Higgins of Emice was killed in action.
- Private Alonzo Gilbert Paek, of Winston Salem died of wounds.

Everything around home has become too high for belief. Now hotel rates have gone up, and several of the travelling men have lost his last refuge from home.

If the Kaiser is tried for his part in the war he will come to the judgement bar no longer a prince "clad in shining armor,"

FOOD CONTROL WILL CONTINUE

(By The Associated Press)
LONDON, June 24.—George H. Roberts, food controller, presided at the labor conference here. He said that in the interest of the consumer he had decided to retain control of food during the coming Winter.

While the average cost of food was four shillings nine pence weekly less than in November, he added, there was no reason to believe there would be a further decrease in the near future.

McLENDON MAY HOLD REVIVAL

ROCKY MOUNT, June 23.—Indications are that Rocky Mount will have a big union revival meeting in the near future. Word has been received from Evangelist Baxter F. McLendon, who is conducting a series of meetings at Petersburg, that he will come to the city probably August 10, to begin a five weeks' revival. Much interest in McLendon's coming to Rocky Mount has been created, and prospects are a big meeting will be held.

TO MAKE JULY THE FIRST BUTTERMILK DAY

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 23.—July first National Buttermilk Day. Buttermilk, the United States Department of Agriculture is thinking, is one of the best drinks in the world—nutritious, palatable and full of zest and vim. The man who drinks buttermilk regularly and copiously is doing a good turn for himself. That is one of the purposes of proclaiming National Buttermilk Day. The other is that the dairy industry in the United States will be encouraged.

Buttermilk Day, it is hoped, will remind the many people of this drink, introduce it to others, and be the beginning of a greater consumption of buttermilk that will contribute to the health and happiness of the consumers and, at the same time help dairy farmers to develop production.

There is no doubt that since the law enacted in 1917; at the instance of Senator Wilfred D. Turner of Iredell, took effect the abuses which existed have been removed or reduced to the minimum and prisoners on the convict farms are now well treated.

NEWS FROM STATE CAPITOL

(By Maxwell Gorman)
RALEIGH, June 24.—A great deal of interest in the next "great State Fair," which will be in full swing inside of four months—the first to be held in two years—and Secretary Pogue and assistant secretary and treasurer Denison are getting busy for the pulling off of the biggest things in the history of the State Agricultural Society.

The missing of the Fair last year, because of the use of the grounds by the Tank Camp, has served to whet the appetites of the frequenters of this life-long went, when so many thousands of N. C.'s men gathered in Raleigh, a large per cent of whom met and renewed old acquaintances.

From what inquiry develops there are coming to the fair this year the greatest line of exhibits and the finest attractions and fastest horses ever seen on a like occasion.

Prison Cruelty Changes

The report from Washington that the national Prisoners Relief Society is endeavoring to have the Department of Justice investigate prison conditions in N. C. does not meet with a kindly reception here. Gov. Bickett has recently reported the result of an investigation made by the State at the instance of President Dudding of the Society, by "as reputable men as there are in N. C.," their findings being that there were absolutely no grounds for the charges made, and this new call for another investigation is not regarded with favor.

There is no doubt that since the law enacted in 1917; at the instance of Senator Wilfred D. Turner of Iredell, took effect the abuses which existed have been removed or reduced to the minimum and prisoners on the convict farms are now well treated.

PRESS PRAISED BY GEN. MARCH

WASHINGTON, June 24.—In discontinuing the weekly interviews with press representatives, inaugurated when he took office as Chief of Staff, General Peyton C. March warmly praised the attitude of the American newspapers on the military matters during the war.

"It has been of very great value to the War Department and was to the highest degree patriotic," he said.

but an ordinary man with a heavy burden upon his soul.

BILL AGAINST PROFITEERING

(By Associated Press)
WASHINGTON, June 24.—Representative Emerson, Republican of Ohio, has joined the rapidly swelling ranks of the Congressmen who are attempting to work out one scheme of legislation to stop the upward trend of the cost of living.

Mr. Emerson introduced two measures. One provides for the appointment of a committee of five members of the House to draft legislation to prevent profiteering in food products.

The second measure is designed to prevent the retention of food products in cold storage longer than two months. It provides that all meat, butter, fish and other food products that have been in cold storage longer than two months shall be sold.

CLEMENCEAU WILL RESIGN

(By The Associated Press)
PARIS, June 24.—Premier Clemenceau has expressed his determination to resign from office as soon as the peace treaty is promulgated, feeling that he has accomplished his task which he assumed when he accepted the premiership.

The French parliament expects that the treaty will be ratified by late in July.

WILSON MAY WRITE NEW OATH

WASHINGTON, June 24.—President Wilson will receive a request by cable that he participate in Washington's Independence Day celebration by administering an oath of citizenship to young Americans representing every State in the union.

The request was dispatched by District Commissioner Gardner, who, with Secretary of the Interior Lane, is arranging this feature of the July 4 programme.

GERMANS MUST PAY FOR FLEET THEY SUNK

OFFICERS AND CREW OF SHIPS SUNK MUST BE PUNISHED EITHER BY STATE LIBRARY OR COURT-MARTIAL

MAY CAUSE CHANGES IN PEACE TERMS

HARVEY GETS TREASURERSHIP

How it was arranged none seem to know but at twelve o'clock today there was but one county commissioner on hand, but at five minutes after twelve, while the large delegation was out in the corridor of the court house awaiting a hearing on behalf of Lieutenant Norfleet S. Smith, the announcement was made that Mr. Harvey, chairman of the County Commissioners, had been appointed county treasurer.

It is needless to say that there was considerable indignation demonstrated by the contingent from Scotland Neck and other places in the county over the summary manner in which the proceedings were handled.

EXCLUDE ALIEN ENEMIES FOREVER

(By Associated Press)

WASHINGTON, June 24.—The Government intends to exclude from this country forever all aliens now abroad who are shown by government records to have been guilty of practicing treason here both before and after the war between the United States and Germany.

It was stated here that the case of Captain Hans Tauscher, husband of Madame Gadske, is one in point, and that it is to be regarded as indicative of the attitude both of the Department of Justice and of the State Department.

FRENCH AND AMERICAN OFFICERS WHO WERE THE GUESTS OF GEN. PERSHING



French and American officers who were the guests of General John J. Pershing at luncheon. In the front row left to right are: Brig. Gen. E. R. McCoy, Lieutenant General Hunter Liggett, Marshall Petain, General Pershing, Gen. H. W. McAndrew, Brig. Gen. L. R. Holbrook. The dinner was held at Chateau Vat Des Eooliers, Chaumont, France.

(By The Associated Press)
WASHINGTON, June 24.—The scuttling and the possible destruction of the German fleet interned in Scapa Flow by the crews, was declared by Navy and State Department officials to be the most gigantic act of sabotage ever recorded in history, and as presenting some very serious questions for the German Government.

In the first place, it is possible, it was stated, that the cost of the fleet, which is more than one-third of a billion dollars, will be added to the reparation Germany must pay. That, however, will be a small matter compared with the possible action against the officers and men who are responsible for the destruction of the property. It is not known whether the Germans, in addition to scuttling the ships, destroyed the motive machinery as they attempted to do to the vessels in the ports of New York and at Manila.

The main aspect of the case, State Department and Navy Authorities say, is the punishment for the crime. There are three ways which the men can be punished, providing they were not carrying out orders of the German Government.

Method Of Procedure

First: They can be tried by the local laws of England for the destruction of property.

Second: If guilty under these laws they can be confined in English prisons for life.

Third: The case may be referred to the Inter-Allied Council as an act of war and a breach of the armistices and the men can be tried by military court-martial and shot if the court so desires.

Officials say in any event there will be very severe punishment, and that if a connection be shown with the official home government at Berlin there will be some drastic revision of the purely military terms of the treaty of peace.

SEN. SIMMONS SERVES NOTICE

(By Associated Press)

WASHINGTON, June 24.—Department chiefs and Bureau Managers are today wondering what Senator Simmons will do if they attempt to force the regulation on cotton in which they devised a plan not to let Germany have more than an infinitesimal part of this years crop when the peace terms were concluded.

Senator Simmons yesterday served notice on the government bureau that had "unauthorizedly usurped the prerogative of government control that the bureau would be subjected to close scrutiny if it attempted to place restrictions on the cotton market and would be called to strict account.