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SCOTLAND NECK, N. C., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 26, 1919

TELEGRAPH SERVICE

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## STEEL STRIKERS SECRETARY MAY BE CAUGHT IN TOILS

### Kahn Told Attorney General Foster Preached Murder In His Book "Syndicalism"

## MEN RETURN TO THEIR WORK

Washington, Sept. 26.—The Department of Justice has the whole matter of the steel strike under investigation, Representative Kahn, of California, was informed when he called upon Attorney-General Palmer with the request that William Z. Foster, secretary of the steel strikers' committee, be arrested on the charge of "teaching and preaching murder and the overthrow of the government."

"I told the attorney general," said Kahn, "that it could easily be shown that Foster, in his book called 'Syndicalism,' had preached murder. Murders have been committed, and if it is proved that they were committed as a result of these preachings, Foster would be convicted as an accessory before the crime."

Pittsburg, Sept. 26.—Governor William C. Sproul refused to curb the activities of the state constabulary in the steel strike, as requested by the national committee for the organizing Iron and Steel Workers. In a telegram to William Z. Foster, secretary-treasurer of the committee, the governor sustained the action of the constabulary in dispersing a mass meeting at Clairton.

Pittsburg, Sept. 26.—The steel strike situation in the Pittsburg district showed little change today with quiet reigning. Employers continued to report that men are returning to work daily while union leaders declare the walk-out is becoming more effective with additional men joining the striker every day.

Washington, Sept. 26.—The fight of employees to have some voice in determining conditions under which they work is the paramount issue in the steel strike, Samuel Gompers, president of the Federation of Labor, told the Senate Investigating Committee today when appearing as witness for labor.

Gompers was first asked to define the issues in the controversy.

## NAUMANN RESIGNED AFTER TIFF WITH EBERT

Weimar, Sept. 26.—Minister Naumann, for nearly a year head of the German press, has resigned after a misunderstanding with President Ebert over an interview which the President granted a New York newspaper correspondent. He has been succeeded by Ulrich Rauscher.

The change arouses little enthusiasm among the foreign correspondents who see in it small hope that Germany can obtain favorable publicity in the press of other nations.

## BRITISH R. R. STRIKE MAY BE CALLED OFF SAY UNION LEADERS

### Conference With Cabinet Palliates Men

## STRIKE ORDER READY

London, Sept. 26.—National Union Railway Men's leaders expressed confidence this morning that the order for a general strike would be unnecessary as a result of today's conference with Premier Lloyd George and other members of the cabinet.

The leaders said that no arrangements for the strike had been altered and if action was necessary the men would be called out in a body at midnight tonight.

## WILL EXTRADITE HUNS GUILTY OF VIOLATIONS

Brussels, Sept. 26.—The time of reckoning for German criminals is approaching. The Belgian Department of Justice is hastening work on the list of enemy subjects accused of violations of the laws of war and of international law. The Treaty of Versailles give to Belgium the right to demand the extradition of these persons but it must be done within one month after ratification.

## NEW GERMAN SCHEME TO ENLARGE THE ARMY

With the American Forces in Germany, Sept. 26.—An entirely new scheme for establishing a reserve army in Germany in anticipation of some future opportunity to establish German military power is seen by some German newspapers in a plan they have just discovered and exploded.

The Lightschlag corps in Westphalia, now the Sixty-second Reichswehr (National Army) regiment of the Thirty-First Reichswehr brigade, has sent out circulars to all men who have served in this volunteer unit since the armistice, urging them to sign a pledge to answer to a call to the colors in the event of general disorder or a new revolution. Th Freiheit, the Independent Socialist organ in Berlin, suggests that the men responsible for the scheme really have in mind something more than suppression of disorders, the paper then quoting from the circular as follows: "Soon the time will come when the Fatherland will have need of every resolute and proven arm."

## NEW HOTEL COMPANY FINALLY ORGANIZED

### A. McDowell, President; G. Hoffman, Vice-President.

## R. C. JOSEY JR, SECTY AGAINST CARRANZA

Yesterday afternoon at a well attended meeting of the subscribers to the Scotland Neck Hotel Corporation in the Mayor's office the company was finally organized with directors and officers elected.

Mr. A. McDowell was unanimously selected for the first president of the company with Mr. G. Hoffman as vice-president.

Mr. Robert Josey was elected as secretary and treasurer.

The directors elected are eleven in number and comprise Messrs A. McDowell, F. P. Shields, A. W. Dunn, G. Hoffman, J. H. Alexander Jr. S. A. Dunn, T. B. Wheeler, Hugh Johnson, Lewis B. Suiter, H. T. Clark and O. J. Moore.

A committee was appointed to draw up by-laws, secure the seal and stock book and to report at the adjourned meeting on Thursday afternoon, October 9th.

An option committee was also appointed, composed of Messrs. T. B. Wheeler, R. C. Josey Jr, and Lewis B. Suiter toobtain signed options on property suitable for a hotel and report at the adjourned meeting.

By vote it was also decided that the secretary draw upon subscribers for his weekly assessment in accordance with the plan under which each subscribed for stock through the building and loan association.

The meeting then adjourned to

## VILLA GIVEN CONTROL BY REBEL LEADERS

### Placed With Him Men, Money And Munitions

## AGAINST CARRANZA

Washington, Sept. 26.—Information that all revolutionary leaders in Mexico, except Felix Diaz, have accepted Francisco Villa as their chief and placed at his disposal their men, munitions and money has reached Washington through Villa sources which left Durango about two weeks ago.

## RUSSIAN GIRLS WEAR DRESSES OF LEAVES

Paris, Sept. 26.—People in some of the villages of southern Russia are wearing dresses made of leaves or grass sown together with bamboo fibre, owing to the difficulty in obtaining cloth, says Major G. M. Towse, who is in charge of the Red Cross activities along the shores of the Black Sea. "It is an ideal costume for the summer when southern Russia has a temperature like that of the Garden of Eden," said Major Towse, "but I shiver when I think of what will happen to those little girls when the snow begins to fly."

Mr. Henry Moore left today for Chicago to enter the university.

meet again at same hour and place on Thursday, October 9th.

## PRESIDENT WILSON TAKEN ILL ABANDONED HIS SPEAKING TOUR

### Admiral Grayson Asserts He Is Suffering Upon a Breakdown And Must Return To Washington

## COULD NOT SPEAK IN WICHITA

Wichita, Kan., Sept. 26.—President Wilson today cancelled the remainder of his tour under orders from Admiral Grayson, the President's physician, and will return to Washington direct from Wichita. Grayson gave illness and physical exhaustion as the reason. Although it was said there was nothing critical about the President's condition Grayson declared that a nervous breakdown had affected his digestive organs and made a suspension of his trip imperative.

President Wilson was ill most of the night and the decision to return to Washington immediately was reached just before the train arrived at Wichita.

The President wanted to continue his speaking tour but Grayson would not permit him to do so. The President's address, which was to have been delivered here this morning, was cancelled.

The presidential train did not pull into the station at Wichita where a large crowd was waiting

to welcome the President; although he wanted to at least greet the people here. Grayson, however, would not permit him to leave his private car.

Washington, Sept. 26.—The news that Admiral Grayson has cancelled the remainder of President Wilson's speaking tour created great interest here. Democratic and Republican leaders in the Senate said that the immediate return of the President would not change the program of considering the peace treaty.

The news that he had started home apparently caused little surprise at the capital as many Senators felt that sooner or later the long speaking and travelling strain would affect the President's strength and force him to seek rest.

Wichita, Sept. 26.—President Wilson and his suite left on his special train at 11:30 this morning for Washington.

## HOUSE PASSES CUMMINS BILL GIVING I. C. C. FULL POWER

### President May Initiate Rates But Commission May Suspend And Review Changes

## APPROVE INTERSTATE RATES

## TITTONI WON'T PERMIT ITALY TO RETAIN FIUME

### Others Might Occupy Territory Also

## FEAR GREEK CLAIMS

Rome, Sept. 26.—Foreign Minister Tittoni declared during a meeting of the Crown Council yesterday that the peace conference would not permit Italy to annex Fiume because such action would authorize the Czechoslovaks to occupy Teschen, a Jugo-Slav move into Klatenuor, Greeks to claim Thrace and Rumanians to annex Banat.

Paris, Sept. 26.—Premier Nitti and Foreign Minister Tittoni will make declarations of their policy tomorrow in the Chamber of Deputies and ask for a vote of confidence in the government, according to a Rome dispatch to Le Temps.

## CANADIANS DISCUSS LABOR COMPENSATION

Toronto, Sept. 26.—American and Canadian officials dealing with workmen's compensation and industrial accident problems met here today in the Sixth annual convention of the International Association of Industrial Accident Boards and Commissions. George A. Kingston, commissioner of the Ontario compensation board, presided as chairman and a score of American officials were among the speakers for the day.

Discussing the desirability of uniformity of compensation acts. Royal Meeker, United States Commissioner of Labor Statistics in an address, declared it would be an easy matter to draft an act to cover all states and the Canadian provinces in a better way than is accomplished by any existing state act. Differences in wages, hours, working conditions in various industries offer no obstacle to uniformity, he said, provided the economic effects are taken account of. In the United States, he added, only the California compensation acts makes such provision. Mr. Meeker outlined in detail the provisions he believed any ideal compensation act should contain.

The conference for an attempted adjustment of differences on the wages question resulted in failure and a strike on all railroads has been ordered effective at midnight tonight.

Washington, Sept. 26.—The House passed the Cummins Bill, taking from the president the absolute power to fix railroad rates during federal control.

The bill already has passed the Senate and now goes to conference.

In debate Chairman Esch, of the Interstate Commerce Committee, said that a further advance of from fifteen to twenty-eight per cent in freight rates is virtually certain, if the steel strike continues for any length of time as it will cause a decrease of carriers' tonnage that the director general will be compelled to raise rates to prevent an enormous deficit.

The Cummins bill still leaves with the president the power to initiate rates, but restored to the Interstate Commerce Commission its pre-war right to suspend and review proposed changes until an investigation.

Any changes in intrastate rates must have the approval of the state regulating bodies.

## WILL USE AIRPLANE TO SOUTH POLE IN JUNE

London, Sept. 1.—(Correspondence of The Associated Press.)—John L. Cope, leader of the expedition to the South Pole to start next June, says his airplane flight to the Pole will be about 750 miles.

"We shall be compelled to take a sledge with us and extra provisions to enable us to return in case the airplane breaks down," said Mr. Cope. "Because of this additional weight it will be necessary to cut down our fuel to the minimum for taking off will be very difficult and it will be impossible to life the machine for crossing the mountain ranges.

"We propose to set off with as much petrol as we can and then, half way on the outward journey just before we get to a range of mountains that we have to cross, to dump half of it and to pick it up on the way back."

## CAPTAIN HANS BERG WAS DEPORTED TODAY

New York, Sept. 26.—Captain Hans Berg, commander of the famous raider Mowe, was among more than fifteen hundred enemy aliens, mostly Germans, interned in this country during the war who sailed for Rotterdam today aboard the transport Pocahontas.

## COTTON MARKET.

October	32.35
December	32.69
January	32.80
March	32.97
May	36.02