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TELEGRAPHIC SERVICE

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## AN AGREEMENT SIGNED FOR THE PACIFICATION OF IRELAND

MAN. 31st.—The Free State party in Ireland is enormously strengthened by the agreement for the pacification of Ireland signed here last night, the House of Commons was told today by Winston Spencer Churchill, Secretary of Colonies.

## AID ASKED FOR FIVE THOUSAND LEPERS ON CULION ISLAND

MANILA, P. I., March 30.—Asking for the cooperation of all the people of the Philippine Islands in the task of extending help to the 5,000 lepers on the Island of Culion, Governor General Leonard Wood has made public the report of Dr. H. W. Wade, head of the leper colony, on conditions there. Commenting on the report Governor General Wood said:

"From time immemorial the leper has been looked upon with peculiar sympathy because of the general belief that cure is impossible. We have more than 5,000 of these unfortunate natives at Culion. They are literally holding out their hands to us for help. They know that modern science offers a chance of cure in a large percentage of cases. We must save the little children who are born free of leprosy. We must give them a chance to live and grow up strong and well. We must establish conditions to combat the frightful ravage of tuberculosis among the lepers. We must give those who through treatment have become negative, a chance to live free from the danger of further infection. In a word we must do all that is humanly possible for these unfortunates. We must do for them what we would have done for us if we were in position, and to this end I bespeak the cooperation of the Philippine people in this great work for humanity."

Dr. Wade in his report on conditions at Culion says:

"Though Culion is not at all the place of horrors that so many are apt to picture it, there are many things that should be done there for the well-being of the inmates, to give whatever chance of recovery the new treatments may offer them. For it must be realized that even though every patient on the island be given this treatment in the most conscientious manner by competent physicians and nurses, they will not have their full chance unless they are given suitable and abundant diet, proper clothing and are housed so as to avoid the crowding that makes for the easy dissemination of other diseases, particularly tuberculosis, which kills most of those who die at Culion."

"Furthermore the young leper is not given his full opportunity unless conditions are such that, should he be cured and released, he would find himself trained in some useful occupation, and so an asset and not a burden to the community."

"Finally, the infants of lepers are entitled to a chance for normal life, which can be given them by taking them away from their mothers at once and caring for them in an in-

## FRANCE REPLIES TO THE AMERICAN NOTE RELATIVE TO PAYMENT OF THE MILITARY COSTS

(By Associated Press)

Paris, Mch. 31st.—France replied today to the note from the United States regarding the military costs of the occupation of the Rhineland, repeating the recent declaration of the Minister of Finance before the Senate that France recognizes the rights of the United States and the only question is whether the request for reimbursement should be made to the Allies or to Germany.

## REPORTED VICEROY OF INDIA HAS RESIGNED

LONDON, March 30.—It is rumored, says the Pall Mall Gazette and the Globe, that Lord Reading, viceroy of India has resigned, Austen Chamberlain, acting head of the Indian government, says the report is without foundation.

## DANE PRINCESS TO WED OFFICER OF GUARDS

COPENHAGEN, March 30.—It is understood that Princess Thyra, sister of King Christian, soon will marry an officer of the guards, not of nobility.

## AUTHOR AND ARTIST DUEL WITH GLOVES

SAN FRANCISCO, March 30.—Harry Leon Wilson, author and playwright, and Theodore Criley, artist, fought a duel Saturday, according to the Examiner in a story published today. They used riding gloves as weapons. Criley won.

## WEATHER REPORT

For North Carolina: Showers tonight. Cooler in west portion. Saturday generally fair and cooler, probably preceded by possibly strong southwest, shifting to northwest, winds.

## CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEE TO RECOMMEND COMPLETION OF WILSON DAM AT MUSCLE SHOALS

(By Associated Press)

Washington, Mch. 31st.—Commencement of the work to complete the Wilson dam and the construction of dam number three at Muscle Shoals under a government appropriation and supervision will be proposed in the Senate by Chairman Norris, of the Agricultural Committee, he announced after the inspection trip. It is estimated that seven million five hundred thousand dollars will be necessary for the first year's work.

infant's home properly equipped to carry them through the precarious first two years.

"Within a very few years methods have been discovered whereby a considerable percentage of cases can be cured. Plans are now being perfected to give this new treatment to everyone of the five thousand patients on the island."

## FUNERAL OF MISS CLAUDE KITCHEN HELD TODAY

Twenty-one year-old daughter of Hon. and Mrs. Claude Kitchen buried at three o'clock today.

The daughter of Hon. and Mrs. Claude Kitchen was buried this afternoon at three o'clock in the Baptist Cemetery, Dr. Charles Anderson, pastor of the Baptist Church, officiating.

The pall-bearers were Messrs. Ennis Bryan, J. C. Riddick, Paul Speed, Sherrod Harrell, Hubert Riddick and Spencer Lewis.

The profusion of flowers attested the sympathy of the numerous friends of the family all over the country.

Miss Kitchen is survived by her father mother and a number of brothers and sisters. She was great sufferer for many months from an affection of the heart and her death came as a relief to a burdened body.

Relatives and friends from out of town attending the funeral were Dr. and Mrs. T. D. Kitchen, of Wake Forest, Mr. C. H. England, Washington, D. C., Mr. Mills Kitchen, Washington, D. C., besides large numbers of people from nearby towns.

## BUREAU OF ECONOMIC RESEARCH INVESTIGATING UNEMPLOYMENT

New York, March 30th.—A nation-wide investigation of unemployment in the United States, as affected by the business cycle, is being made by the National Bureau of Economic Research.

This inquiry is defined as an endeavor to reduce economic waste, to increase production and to formulate a comprehensive policy and program for the better control of the factors in business and industry hitherto left largely to chance.

It is expected that, together with the companion inquiry on seasonal unemployment which will follow, it will disclose definitely the cause, trends and distribution of unemployment.

Wesley Clair Mitchell, the bureau's director of research, is conducting the inquiry under the auspices of the standing committee which was left in being by the President's Conference on Unemployment and of which Secretary of Commerce Hoover is chairman.

On the basis of the information obtained, the committee hopes to recommend a concrete policy and program of control to displace temporary palliatives and emergency measures in dealing with the unemployment in this country. The whole movement, the bureau says, has the interest and cooperation of numerous organizations, including the Sage Foundation and the Federated American Engineering Societies. The inquiry will consume six months.

The scope and importance of the material to be gathered is summarized by the bureau as follows:

"Description of unemployment. What the present statistics shows. Types of the unemployment. Under-employment. Reliability of present payroll data as an index

## CONTRACT LET FOR THE SCOTLAND NECK-RICH SQUARE ROAD

Had to be built of gravel at a cost of \$116,553.10 for roadway and bridges. River bridge be let later

The contract was let yesterday for a gravel road from Scotland Neck to Rich Square, a distance of 12.59 miles, at a cost of \$108,877.60 for the gravel roadway and \$7,655.50 for bridges. The successful bidder for the road being Nello L. Teer, of Durham, and for the bridges, Richards Bros. It is understood that the contracts call for immediate commencement of the work. It is also understood that the contract for the bridge across the river will be let sometime during April, the bridges mentioned in this letting being only for the small bridges on the roadway.

## SURVEY OF CHURCH SHOWS INCREASE 761,727 MEMBERS

NEW YORK, March 30.—An increase of 761,727 church members in 1921 is reported from 50 denominations, in a survey made by Dr. H. C. Carroll, who several years ago compiled the first official census of religions for the United States government. The reports from which the survey was made were obtained direct from each of the fifty denominations, and therefore represent their own figures.

Four of the chief bodies of the Baptist group are missing from this survey for the reason that their statistical year is the calendar year and no returns for 1921 were available. "If Baptist increases for 1921 were included, the total gains for 1921 would almost certainly reach 850,000," Dr. Carroll states.

The 1921 increase compared to that of 1920 which was 814,094 according to corrected returns, Dr. Carroll notes. The present survey will appear officially in the Christian Herald on April 1.

Dr. Carroll's figures show that communicants in 1921 totalled 43,523,296 as compared with 42,761,479 in 1920 and 36,095,685 in 1911. The net gain for the ten years is reported as 7,427,521, or somewhat more than 2 per cent per year.

of unemployment. Can such data be made a trustworthy index.

"Reaction of unemployment to the business cycle: Present social: Present social costs of cyclical unemployment."

"Proposed palliatives and preventives of cyclical unemployment: Long-range planning of public works, railroad and other large scale construction. Methods of stabilizing production of textiles, clothing and novelties. Unemployment insurance and out-of-work benefits paid by trade unions. Employment offices. Financial devices and measures for controlling the business cycle. Improvement in methods of compiling and distributing information as to business conditions."

## JUGOSLAVIA IS LOOKING TO U. S. TO HELP SOLVE HER FINANCIAL DIFFICULTIES

(By Associated Press.)

Belgrade, Yugoslavia, March 10.—Yugoslavia is looking to the United States to help solve her grave financial and economic problems. The little Slav state believes it cannot overcome them without foreign assistance.

Its obligations amount to nearly \$1,000,000,000 including an indebtedness of more than \$50,000,000 to the United States and twice that sum to England.

The dinar, the country's unit of currency, (normally worth about 19 cents) has reached the pitiful exchange level of a cent and a quarter. The amount of outstanding paper money is nearly 5,000,000,000 of dinars. Of this sum only 400,000,000 dinars is covered by gold reserve or securities. The state's indebtedness to the National Bank is 4,500,000,000 dinars.

The budget for the new year has reached the staggering total of 6,000,000,000 dinars. This is 30 times greater than pre-war budgets. More than a third of this is for military and defense purposes. The national revenue is much below the total of the budget.

The government is faced with tremendous problems of reconstruction which are believed to be impossible to complete without loans from abroad.

Throughout the southern part of the kingdom most of the instruments of industry are either destroyed or are seriously insufficient. Railroads are out of order or function very poorly.

That the government does not despair of the outlook is shown by an optimistic statement of the Minister of Finance to Parliament, in which he said: "Our state possesses within its frontier all the elements necessary for great prosperity and the means of securing a more rapid restoration than any other country which may have suffered the same losses. Our coal, our iron and other mineral products, our great water power, exhaustless forests, immense river traffic, our contact with the great industrial centers of Central Europe and the opportunity of property among the people—all of these conditions, I am sure, will contribute to the rapid restoration of our kingdom. There is no reason why we should despair of our future."

## MILL STRIKE MAY COMPEL CLOSING

LAWRENCE, Mass., March 30.—The strike of textile operators was advanced today. It is estimated that three thousand are working.

When the week closed Saturday 21,000 were on the payrolls.

No mills will be operating Monday, strike leaders said today.

Officials of the Pacific Mills said they had enough working to operate for some time, but admitted only one fourth production.

## COMPLETE TIE UP OF COAL MINES IN TWENTY STATES IS PREDICTED

(By Associated Press)

Indianapolis, Ind. Mch. 31st.—The last day of work under recent wage contracts were completed today by the country's half million union coal miners.

Official suspension was set for midnight, but virtually it was to start six hours ahead. A complete tie-up of the Union fields of twenty states was predicted by Miners officials and they asserted that a hundred thousand non-union workers would quit. President Lewis said that six hundred thousand men would join the walkout.

"We are ready for a fight forced on us by the operators," he said.

## ENGLISH URGED TO STUDY AMERICAN HISTORY

London, Mch. 11th.—An appeal for deeper and more systematic study in England of American history and institutions has been made by Dr. George Peabody Gooch, a prominent political author, before the Society of Experiment and Research in Education at the University college here.

One reason for the appalling neglect on this side of American history was, he thought, "the deep and ineradicable conviction that American history was dull."

"People here have a sort of idea," he went on, "that when America became independent she didn't concern us any more, and to this day we know more about the American colonial period than about the period of independence."

American literature, Dr. Gooch continued, has been carefully studied here but there extraordinarily few books by English writers on American history and institutions. While giving due praise to the works of Lord Bryce, Sir George Trevelyan and Lecky he had come to the conclusion he said that English people only read American historians when they were not writing about their own country.

Professor Harold Laski, of London University advocated reforms in the teaching methods at Oxford and Cambridge, contrasting the American system with the English much in favor of the former because, he said, it left something to the student's imagination and stimulated his creative genius.

## LEVEES CAVE IN, CAUSING INCREASE IN FLOOD GRAVITY

HELENA, Ark., March 30.—Continued caving in of levees on the Mississippi river two miles below Old Town, near here, is reported, increasing the gravity of the flood menace. Torrential rains added to the difficulties of the flood fighters. A sandbag levee is being built to provide for the emergency.