

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

THE NATIONAL UNION and ANDREW JOHNSON.

FOR GOVERNOR, W. W. HOLDEN, of Wake. For Congress.

We are authorized and requested to announce JOHN ROBINSON, of Wayne county, as a candidate for representative in congress from the second congressional district.

To the Voters New Hanover County. ROBERT B. WOOD, Jr., announces himself as a candidate for the office of Clerk of the County Court.

To the Voters of New Hanover County. I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Sheriff, at the election to be held on Thursday, November 9, 1865.

The friends of W. M. HARRISS announce him as a candidate for Sheriff at the ensuing election. October 23 200-1c

For Congress. Mr. Editor:—The friends of C. C. CLARK Esq., of Craven county, announce him as a candidate to represent the 2nd Congressional District, in the next United States Congress.

For Sheriff. WE are authorized to announce RICHARD J. JONES, the present Sheriff, as a candidate for re-election. Election to be held on the second Thursday in November. Wilmington, Oct. 21. 199-1c

To the voters of New Hanover County. I TAKE this method of announcing myself as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of New Hanover county, at the election to be held on Thursday, November 9, 1865, pledging myself, if elected, to discharge the duties of the office faithfully and to the best of my ability.

The Next Legislature. For the Senate, ROBERT STRANGE. For the House of Commons, ROBERT COWAN, OWEN FENNELL.

The above gentlemen will be voted for by the electors of New Hanover county at the ensuing election for members of the next Legislature. MANY VOTERS. 198-1c

NATIONAL UNION TICKET. FOR CONGRESS, ROBERT F. LEHMAN. CORRESPONDENCE.

NEWBURN, N. C., Oct. 20, 1865. DEAR SIR:—We, the undersigned, respectfully ask if you can take the following oath in good faith and sincerity:

I, A. B., do solemnly swear or affirm that I have never voluntarily borne arms against the United States since I have been a citizen thereof; that I have voluntarily given no aid, countenance, counsel or encouragement to persons engaged in hostility thereto; that I have neither sought nor accepted, nor attempted to exercise the functions of any office whatever under any authority or pretended authority in hostility to the United States; that I have not yielded a voluntary support to any pretended government, authority, power or council within the United States, hostile or inimical thereto; and I do further swear or affirm that to the best of my knowledge and ability I will support and defend the constitution of the United States against all enemies, foreign or domestic; that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the same; that I will take this obligation freely, without any mental reservation or purpose of evasion; and that I will well and faithfully discharge the duties of the office on which I am about to enter, so help me God.

Which said oath, so taken and signed, shall be preserved among the files of the house of congress, or department to which the said officer appointed. And any person who shall falsely take the said oath, shall be guilty of perjury, and, on conviction, in addition to the penalties now prescribed for that offence, shall be deprived of his office, and rendered incapable forever after of holding any office or place under the United States.

And if you will accept the nomination of the National Union party, in accordance with the same, for a seat in the next Congress of the United States from the second congressional district of North Carolina.

J. O. WHITEHORE, W. R. BLACK, RICHARD BERRY, A. D. NASON, A. COLLINS, GEORGE MCKNIGHT, J. P. HAMILIN, J. T. HUGHES, J. M. DAVIES, M. D., S. A. ALLEN, JAMES A. SYDAM, NEWBURN, N. C., Oct. 20, 1865.

IN reply to your inquiries, I have the honor to say that I belong to the NATIONAL UNION PARTY, and if elected to represent the second congressional district in the next congress of the United States, I can, in perfect good faith, take and subscribe to the test oath, as prescribed. Thanking you for this token of your esteem, I remain, Your obedient servant, R. F. LEHMAN. Oct. 23 200-1w

AUCTION. By S. M. WEST, Auctioneer. ON Saturday morning, October 28th, 1865, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at my office, will be sold 10 Boxes prime sugar, 32 Boxes crackers, 100 Gross matches, Boxes tobacco and bbls. flour, Bbls. beef, box soap, A lot of fine furniture, viz: 1 Fine Piano, ward robe, Bureaus, bedsteads, tables, chairs, 1 Buggy, 1 Cart, &c. Oct. 20-1f

THE SUNDAY MORNING HERALD. A Mammoth Literary Paper. THE SUNDAY HERALD will be ready on Sunday morning; with the latest news by telegraph and the mails up to the hour of going to press, New York and European gossip, choice stories and poetry, religious intelligence, agricultural information, weekly review of the markets, &c., &c.

Price 10 cents per copy. A limited number of advertisements only will be received which must be handed in by 5 o'clock Saturday evening. Oct. 20-1f

THE WILMINGTON HERALD.

WILMINGTON, N. C., OCTOBER 23.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

Sabbath Services. St. John's Episcopal church, corner Third and Red Cross streets, divine services at 10 1/2 A. M., and 7 1/2 o'clock, P. M. Rev. R. E. Terry, rector.

St. James' congregation will worship at St. Paul's Episcopal church, corner of Orange and Third streets, at 10 1/2 A. M. and at 4 P. M.

Front street Methodist church, corner Front and Walnut streets, divine service at 10 1/2 A. M., and 7 1/2 o'clock, P. M.

The congregation of the Front street Baptist church will worship at the City Hall at 10 1/2 o'clock, A. M., and 7 1/2 o'clock, P. M. Services by Rev. Mr. Young.

Catholic church, Dock street, between Second and Third at 10 1/2 o'clock, A. M., and 4 o'clock, P. M.

ROBBERY AND SHOOTING.

A Gang of Negroes Rob and Shoot at a Shopkeeper last Evening.

HE SHOOTS AT THE ROBBERS AND WOUNDS ONE OF THE NUMBER.

About nine o'clock last night a gang of seven or eight negroes entered the shop or store of a Mr. Blossom, on Fifth street, near the Methodist church, with the avowed purpose of robbing.

Mr. Blossom was behind the counter at the time they entered, and they immediately fired upon him with pistols. He ran from the front to the back room, and while he was away they robbed the money drawer of its contents, and probably carried off some articles. Just as they were leaving, Mr. Blossom returned to the front of the house and fired upon them with his pistol some two or three times, wounding one of the number.

The robbers seized hold of the wounded one and bore him away. Some four or five shots were fired altogether.

These are the circumstances as related by a party who was at the store shortly after the occurrence. It is not known what damage they otherwise did or anything relating to who they are. These things are becoming so common as to call loudly for suppression. When can it possibly be done?

Mayor's Court, Friday—Before Commissioner Shackelford. It was impossible to longer have a mayor's court without having some show of the fact. Two cases were pushed into notice and the newspapers to-day, and both of the American newspapers persuasion.

Stealing.—The first one was charged with having a tendency to finger the profits of Mr. Henry Brener without that gentleman's permission, and that too without having a dollar's capital invested in his business. Brener of course did not like to permit such a precedent to a race none to taking such liberties, and therefore had him arrested by the police and locked up in the city guard house, lest there would be a greater demand upon his establishment at some future time.

The fellow's name was given as George Gillespie, and he was sent back to prison, not because his name was George, but simply because he was a thief. He will probably remain there for a season, or at least until time and short rations pay for his imprudence in being caught in a bad act.

Yet Another.—Simon McNeil, the number two to-day, but number one thousand, more or less, in the docket, was also arraigned for stealing, or appropriating an axe belonging to the blacksmith shop of Mr. Beach on Water street. Simon registers from Robeson county, and was no doubt raised as honest as a darkey could be, but unfortunately he has found bad associations and bad associations led him to steal and compelled his honor to place him in the cell for a week on bread and water. When he gets out, he should be furnished with a copy of Dr. Franklin's story of "an axe to grind." It may profit him greatly.

An Important Appointment.—By an appointment, or rather an agreement, between Major Charles J. Wickersham, superintendent of the freedmen's bureau for the southern district, and John J. Conoley, Esq., the latter has been selected as a commissioner of the bureau, to act upon all differences that may arise between the negro and his employer, and in all such the evidence of the negro will be received. It is an important position, and one that will be acceptably filled by Mr. Conoley, his knowledge of the laws of the state, and acquaintance with such matters generally, being better than any other that might be mentioned.

THEATRE.—The largest and most fashionable audience since the opening were out last night to witness the play of "The Angel of Midnight." We were glad to see so many ladies present. The parts were, in a measure, well performed. Miss Agnes Allen, as the principal feature in the play, done it great justice. The lateness of the hour forbids a criticism. Its success last evening has induced its being offered again to-night, when the house should be crowded, as the play deserves it.

ESCAPED.—Bill Gentry, a soldier under arrest for some breach of military regulations, made his escape from the guard house situated on Second street, yesterday morning. He was fleet on foot, and for a time his capture was doubtful but seven of the sable warriors were after, and finally overtook him somewhere near the railroad bridge and he was brought back by them and safely lodged in the military jail, where he now remains.

THE MILITARY COMMISSION.—The military commission for the trial of McGill and McMillan, for the murder of Matthew P. Sykes, will assemble at the United States district court room, to-day at ten o'clock, when the judge advocate will deliver his argument in the case.

DEATH OF AN AGED WOMAN.—An old negroess, name unknown, aged about one hundred years, died in the outer limits of the city on Thursday. She came here from Virginia a short time after the occupation of the city by federal troops.

CLOUDS.—The forenoon of yesterday was particularly bright and clear, and gave every promise of another beautiful day. Towards evening clouds gathered from the west and a light sprinkle of rain fell, not to any great extent, but enough to promise more of it soon.

THANKS.—Mr. George Robinson, of the Southern Express Company, will accept our thanks for favors of late southern papers.

Mr. Spencer Orr, chief engineer of the Euterpe, has placed us under obligations for northern news.

Safe Arrival of the Steamer Euterpe.

General Manifestations of Joy Among the Citizens.

The steamer Euterpe, as was hoped, arrived here yesterday afternoon about one o'clock, having rode the gale safely and without any accident whatever. The particulars of her trip since leaving New York are given by one of her passengers.

The steamer Euterpe left the port of New York on Saturday the 21st inst. at half-past three o'clock, P. M. with upwards of sixty passengers on board, and a good freight, bound for Wilmington. Up to Monday evening there was no calm sea and the passage pleasant. About five o'clock, P. M., and when within some six or seven hours run of Fort Caswell, a north-easterly gale set in, and continued with such violence that the ship was compelled to put to sea. During Tuesday the gale continued, and the sea was so heavy that it was almost impossible to hope for delivery. Everything looked gloomy; the waves tossing the vessel to and fro, and with but two or three exceptions, besides the crew, all the passengers were sick. She continued along the coast, not knowing in what direction going all the day of Wednesday, and on Wednesday night came to anchor in sight of Deafout harbor.

Thursday morning she again headed for Wilmington. The storm had abated, and she arrived yesterday at night, where she continued until yesterday at twelve, when she crossed the bar, had arrived here at about one o'clock. The general description of this passage is terrible. There was not a time when any of the passengers thought themselves safe. Fortunately nothing was lost, or even injured, and the steamer is in every respect the same as before leaving New York. A horse belonging to W. McMinis died on the passage, and was thrown overboard.

The greatest manifestations of joy greeted the Euterpe and her gallant captain and crew, as well as her doubly precious freight, upon her arrival at the wharf. So cheering and unlooked for was it that many who had given her up were slow to realize the fact of her arrival.

The passengers speak in the highest terms of commendation of her gallant captain and officers, as well as the crew, all doing their duty and always at their post during these terrible hours of suspense between life and death. They are well worthy of it, and will be ever remembered by the travelling public hereafter.

Hotel Arrivals. CITY HOTEL, OCTOBER 27, 1865.

J. A. Merriman, N. C.; J. T. McDaniel, Petersburg; Dr. A. B. Stone, Raleigh; Hamilton; R. B. Church, Ala.; G. W. Bridges, Mount Olive; B. Buckley, Va.; J. P. Peterson, So. Car.; M. L. Adams, W. & W. R. R.; B. B. Bardin, Duplin; J. J. Close, mail agent; Chas. Hathaway, Hartford; John Abbe, Ala.; J. B. & family, N. C.; John Brenner, New York; J. P. Turner, Boston; A. F. Fowell, Columbus, Ga.; E. P. Pascock, do.; P. M. Richardson, Brunswick; T. J. Jones, Bladen.

W. Ferguson, Troy, N. Y.; G. Chittenden, do.; J. W. Peck, do.; N. S. Carpenter, Lum.; Sol Haas, Wilmington.

BAILEY'S HOTEL, OCTOBER 27, 1865. E. R. Martin, New York; G. C. Preston, Goldsboro; R. Rivers, New York; J. W. Turner, Boston; Mrs. J. W. Hakes, do.; W. Ferguson, Troy, N. Y.; G. Chittenden, do.; J. W. Peck, do.; N. S. Carpenter, Lum.; Sol Haas, Wilmington.

THE LATEST NEWS BY TELEGRAPH. Interesting to Pardon Seekers. AN IMPORTANT SEIZURE.

An Attempt to Defraud the Government Frustrated. Pardons. WASHINGTON, October 27. The president has directed that all pardons under the amnesty proclamation that are not called for at the department of state within one week after they are ready for delivery will be forwarded to the governors of the respective states.

Seizure of Alcohol. NEW YORK, Oct. 27. The government has seized a large quantity of alcohol on account of the owners attempting to defraud the custom house. A number of officials are said to be implicated.

BY MAIL. ARIEL'S LETTER.

The recent Mass-Meetings—Who were on the stump—John Van Buren's Speech—Colonel Allen's address—Colonel Henry Wilson—The Radical Senator who went half way to the War—The Perils of the Sea—Wreck of the Steamer Atlanta, of the New Orleans Line—Revival of Theatricals—What is going at the Theatre—Blind Tom, the Negro Pianist—Commodore Vanderbilt's Gold Medal—High Prices—The Markets—The Weather—&c., &c.

Our New York Correspondence. NEW YORK, Oct. 21, 1865. For the last few days we have been quietly and moderately excited about political affairs. On Wednesday evening the democrats held a large meeting at the Cooper Institute, and last night the republicans held another large meeting at the same place. General Slocum, the democratic candidate, appeared and made a short, sharp and telling speech. General Barlow, the republican candidate, was not on hand at all. The speakers for the democrats were Montgomery Blair, John Van Buren, Hon. Sunset Cox. The speakers for the republicans were General Kilpatrick, Dan. Dickinson and Greeley. The numbers were equal; but the democrats were far ahead in the eloquence, wit and spirit of their orators. Their meeting was a grand success; and the republican's a fizzle.

At the democratic meeting John Van Buren made the great speech of his life. His nomination has revived him. His humor was of all sorts—now as light and airy as Mercury's and now as broad and strong as that of Dean Swift. As an instance of the former I might quote his whole argument against negro suffrage, in which he exposed the inconsistency of the republicans in the nearest and most telling style. He showed that reading and writing were no fair suffrage

test, or else women and children would vote. He showed that fighting in the army was no suffrage qualification, or else minors and soldiers would vote. By the argument of absurdity he fully exploded all the republican dogmas. Of his broader humor the following is a good specimen. Speaking of Senator Wilson, who raised a regiment but would not go to the field with it, he remarked: "You must not confound this Colonel Henry Wilson with our Colonel Billy Wilson. In one respect they are alike for both have risen in the world by their own exertions. But in another respect they are very different. Colonel Billy Wilson is a Knickerbocker colonel who fights, and Colonel Henry Wilson is a Massachusetts colonel who don't fight."

You would enjoy this joke as much as we do if you could have seen the senator from Massachusetts strutting down Broadway at the head of his men just after the opening of the war. He was dressed in a bran-new uniform, his large stomach wagged proudly before him and he looked like a respectable Falstaff leading a regiment of Puritans. There was a halt ordered at the Astor House, and a great deal of speaking, making of eating and hard drinking. Wilson's words were full of fight. An audacious person like myself would have supposed that he was going to conquer the whole rebellion single-handed. The newspapers, including even the democratic press, praised and puffed him for his valor and printed all his speeches. When he changed his sword about as he dashed up and down the Astor House steps, it really seemed as if Lee must surrender at discretion the moment the fighting senator appeared. Amid the waving of flags and the cheers of the people Wilson started for the seat of war; but he never got any further than Washington. His regiment went ahead but he did not. He sold out his uniform and commission very cheap, and came sneaking back in citizen's dress in less than a week. Better for him to have bravely stopped a bullet and died an honorable death. As Wendell Phillips says of the republican party so I may say of Wilson, that there is nothing left of him but a ghost stalking about the country in its shroud.

The perils of the sea have been vividly recalled to us by the wreck of the stamer Atlanta, from New Orleans, on Sunday morning last, about three hundred miles south of Sandy Hook. The Atlanta started from New Orleans on the 7th instant with a cargo of cotton and seventeen passengers. On the night of the 12th, a hurricane from the west began to blow, and on Friday morning, the 13th, the steamer sprang a leak. The captain, crew and passengers behaved well, and the pumps were kept working steadily through Friday and Saturday. On Saturday night the water gained so rapidly as to put out the fires and render the vessel no longer controlled by her engines, lost steering way. The captain then ordered the boats to be lowered. The life-boats were quickly filled, a woman and child being put in first. They pushed away from the steamer, and immediately capsized, not one of their freight being saved. Four sailors then got out the small life-boat, but it drifted away from the vessel and could not be regained. The unfortunate crew were saved by the calmness and reliance upon God. On Sunday morning, at eight o'clock, the vessel broke up into three pieces, leaving only the amidships about thirty feet long afloat. Numbers were washed overboard and drowned. The captain was last seen clinging to a cotton ball. Five survivors remained upon the part of the vessel still afloat, and for two days and a half they suffered the torments of cold, hunger and thirst. At last the bark William E. Anderson picked them out and brought them safely to this port. About forty lives were lost. The value of the cargo was half a million of dollars, and of the vessel one hundred and fifty thousand.

Theatrical matters are reviving. John Bromberg came home on Thursday from England. Grant has engaged a new opera troupe of fifty performers who are expected here soon. A new French theatre is being built. A new minstrel hall will shortly be opened by George Christy—Bauvard, the painter of panoramas, is getting up a new museum to supersede Barnum's. De Walden's play of "Sam," in which Chaufrun appears, is drawing the large houses at the Broadway theatre. J. S. Clarke is still playing "Our American Cousin" at Winter Garden. The Ravens are at Niblo's. Wallack advertises a new comedy called "The Neufel." A negro wonder, called Blind Tom, is flourishing under the patronage of the Herald. This black boy is a musical prodigy. He looks like an idiot, but plays the piano like a master. Recently he performed upon that difficult instrument also surprising. He plays tunes with his back to the piano. Let any pianist perform an old scientific bit of music or a new improvisation, and Blind Tom will sit down at the piano and play it after him, note for note, by ear alone. This negro is creating a great sensation here, but in England, where the worship anything black, he will command a fortune. The man who has hired him from his parents for a small sum is truly making a fortune out of him; for he is truly one of the wonders of the age.

Of strictly local news there is absolutely nothing. You would hardly be amused by the reports of our police courts, and you probably have about as much of the eclipse as we did. There is of the most commonplace, vulgar sort. The gold medal which Congress voted to Commodore Vanderbilt for giving his big steamer to the government is nearly ready. On the one side is the Commodore's bust, and on the other is an allegorical representation which, as a matter of course, no one can understand. The inscription is simply: "A grateful country to her generous son." The medal is to be of pure gold and will weigh six ounces. Only two copies are to be made, one for Mr. Vanderbilt and the other for the library of Congress. Talking of gold medals reminds me that gold is still quoted at 146. Cotton is lower and irregular. Whiskey is firmer. The money market is as tight as a brick, and nearly everything is down a little. The weather is magnificent, but the city is not quite so crowded as it was. You rich people from the outside districts who come here to spend money, don't stay very long. The hotels only four dollars and a half a day, with extras in proportion. It costs you about five dollars to take a lady to the theatre, to say nothing of the ten dollar supper that you ought to give her afterwards. For myself, I think of removing to Wilmington. Haven't you an opening for me there? ARIEL.

Davis Asks for a Trial. [Special Despatch to the Public Ledger.] WASHINGTON, Oct. 19. I hear that the counsel of Jefferson Davis has expressed a desire that his client be accorded immediate trial. The desire comes originally from Davis, who it is said, has declared that he has "no fears for the issue," and that, therefore, the government will do him a great favor by arraigning him at the earliest possible moment.

In this connection I will say that the recent favorable change in his every-day life was mainly the work of the president, and at this hour he has almost everything that he could ask save liberty itself and the presence of his family about him.

FROM CHARLESTON. NEW YORK, October 21. The steamer Emily F. Sonder, from Charleston, on the 19th, has arrived. Charleston gave 780 votes for Orr, and 661 for Hamilton, for governor.

General Howard, in an interview with the Mayor of Charleston, stated he hoped arrangements would soon be made entirely satisfactory to the community in relation to the freedmen's bureau. General Howard was to visit the Island, and subsequently Columbia.

Eight or ten persons have been recovered from the ruin of a late fire, badly wounded, several of whom died subsequently. A number of bodies are still buried beneath the rubbish. Captain Hoffman, the chief of police, was badly injured—perhaps fatally.

GOLD IN MINNESOTA.

Fabulous Quantities Said to be Discovered near Lake Vermilion—Fortune Hunters on the Qui Vive. [Correspondence of the Cleveland Herald.] Dr. Letts, Minn., Oct. 10. Gold has just been discovered in immense quantities near Lake Vermilion, about eighty miles north from this city, and fortune hunters are fast flocking from all parts of the country, to make examinations and to secure by scrip favorite locations. The first discovery was made by Professor Henry Kames, of St. Paul, who, as a state geologist, went up the St. Louis river from this point, and thence up the upper Embarras, and, by portage, across into the South Vermilion river, which empties into the south end, or first arm of Vermilion lake.

In order to be thoroughly able to post the public in regard to the mines, your correspondent has just made the trip, and enjoyed a personal examination of the whole ground. The gold is not found in its native state, as in California, but in iron and copper pyrites, as in Idaho.

It is in bright sparkling quartz veins, from three inches to ten feet in width, and extends for miles—the amount, in fact, being almost unlimited. These quartz veins pass through immense beds of talcose slate, of much beauty and value, being considered, for whetstones and hones, almost unequalled.

Surface quartz from these veins has been assayed at the mint in Philadelphia, and by Professor Letts, of New York, and pronounced in both instances to average over thirty dollars of gold to the ton.

If these veins increase in richness as they descend—as is almost always the case in Idaho and California—it is reasonable to suppose that they will soon yield a profit of fifty or sixty dollars to the ton.

The yield of the quartz rock on the Pacific coast varies from two dollars to three hundred per ton, but the best paying mines average less than twenty-five dollars per ton.

The lowest average yield that can be worked to a profit in this country, (where wood, provisions and machinery all command fabulous prices), is six dollars per ton—which is the case of the Josephine mine on the Mariposa claim, lately owned by John C. Fremont.

The land in the vicinity of Vermilion lake is heavily wooded; fuel can be had for the mere cutting, and the South Vermilion river offers a water power about half a mile above the lake, of great beauty and of immense power.

The lands in the vicinity of the mines are unsurveyed, and can for the present only be secured by scrip, which has had the effect of raising the Chippewa from eighty-five cents to four dollars and Sioux from two and a half dollars to twelve dollars per acre.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF WILMINGTON, N. C. ARRIVED. Oct. 27—Three flats, belonging to the Cape Fear Steamship Company, from Fayetteville to West & Daniel, with Naval Stores and Cotton.

Oct. 27—Sir Euterpe, Eldridge, five days from New York, with merchandise and passengers, to Harris & Howell. The Euterpe experienced a heavy gale of Lookout, which lasted forty-eight hours.

Passengers per Steamer Euterpe. Mrs. Weddell and two children, Mrs. Bedian and child, F. R. Rutledge and wife, L. V. Warren and child, S. S. Fay and child, W. C. Bradley, N. Crane, Mrs. E. D. King, Mrs. Burdett, Mr. Buck, wife, three children and servant, Rev. Merrill and nephew, G. Hineman, John Hoveaux, John Archer, Mrs. H. Hoveaux, Mr. Rothchild, Mr. Archer, Mrs. Wilkinson and two children, Mr. Horrocks and three children, Mrs. Hoveaux, Mr. Hoveaux, two children, Mrs. Bromser, J. W. Hakes and wife, Albert Burdett, R. Bowler, Jas. Goff, Richard Welch, H. Gibbs, J. Williams and wife, H. Schuler, Julia Peterford, Miss Ward, Kate Cowan, and H. Merrick.

Consignees per Steamer Euterpe. A. E. Hall, A. Van Bokkinn, S. M. Simpson, Murray & Murdoch, J. H. Reed, Smith & Straws, S. L. Fennell, Dr. Geo. Brown, D. Merrill, Geo. Myers, H. J. Cobb, T. A. Fuller, E. Robinson, C. Hathaway, J. H. Jones, M. Hall, O. G. Parsley, H. H. Barry, Baron Brod, Andrews & Burdett, W. C. Bradley, W. F. Patton, J. Baer, J. T. Higgins, J. H. Mitchell, F. L. Bauer, J. Dawson, Geo. Z. Heald & Co., Brown, Anderson & Co., Z. H. Greene, Cox Kendall, G. W. Howe, W. & M. R. Co., W. & R. C. Co., T. S. Whitaker, Kahnweiler & Bro, Fay & Rafferty, J. S. Fay, H. Gougeon, S. Bear & Bro., A. Evans, J. Newman, W. Wood, W. Wallace & Southernland, H. Volney, J. C. Polougey & Co., A. H. Neff, J. Wilson A. Well & Co., D. A. Smith, T. J. Johnson, Williams & Porter, Marcus & Kuhn, E. Harts, J. & C. Bradley, W. Patton, J. Baer, J. T. Higgins, J. H. Mitchell, F. L. Bauer, J. Dawson, Geo. Z. Heald & Co., Brown, Anderson & Co., Z. H. Greene, Cox Kendall, G. W. Howe, W. & M. R. 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