THE DALLY WILMINGTON HERALD. 17 (5 %), and at at a faith of COL. this hard destroyed houses, forces, rathe, coold DERON DZIEDERG AFTERNOON EDITION. DOMIMON 72 A.C., WHITE REAL STREPS MILLION OF THE DESIGNATION S AND STREET THE STATEMENT VOL 1. NO 244. Then I show of LLI W Test offer him the war had and and with the WILMINGTON, N. C., THURSDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1865. PREPARATIONS. PRICE FIVE CENTS 101.101.1042 without pressure to sell the finer grades of spring; sales 40,000 bus at \$1 45 for rejected; \$1 60 for Chicago spring No 2; \$1 65 a \$1 72 for Milwaukee club; \$1 73 a 1 75 for amber Milwaukee, and private terms for red State and white Ohio. Tickets which were purchased for last night's concert, but were not used, will be received on SECOND EDITION. RICE-Inactive. in which military operations are carried on, or her step-mother's house, but, meeting with the supplied from other markets. During the war same ill-usage, she went out of the door, saying SPIRITS TURPERTINE-Unchanged. this most vital branch of the service never failed. that she would not again give any more trouble that occasion, but the number for sale now, is a Rosm-Quiet. - diss. 1107.375 - 61.1 THREE O'CLOCK P. M. limited one, and those who wish to go, and are not provided, had better secure their tickets as white Ohio. Corn was lower and unsettled, especially unsound; sales 60,000 bus including unsound at Soc a 90c; good to prime Western mixed at 92c a 94c, and Jersey yellow at 86c a 87c. OOTTON.—The market was dull and heavy; sales 1,500 bales at 48c a 49c for middlings. NAVAL STORES.—Spirits turpentine is without change in prices; sales of 100 bbls at \$1 07 1-2 s 1 12 1-2. Rosing are steady, with a fair business at \$2 75 x for It answers to the demand, and is ever ready to to any one. She then walked down Miller street, white Ohio. LONDON MONEY MARKET. directly to the river side, and, getting upon a coal meet the national call. early as is practicable. barge which was lying near the foot of the street, LONDON, NOV. 80. It is plain, therefore, that the abundance of THE LATEST NEWS our means for war enables the government of the was seen by some boatmen to spring from the CONSOLS-891@891 for money. outer side of the boat into the water. She at TOD MUCH WATER .--- It has been contended by FIVE-TWENTIES-641. United States to reduce the standing force to a once disappeared and was carried away by the lower degree than any other nation. Unless war some of the modern savans of the world that BY MAIL. current. be actaally raging, the military force can be when the destruction of the earth, foretold in Rosins are steady, with a fair business at \$6 75 a 7 for common; \$7 50 a 12 for strained and No 2, and \$13 a 25 50 ADDITIONAL FOREIGN NEWS brought within very narrow limits. However NORTH CAROLINA LEGISLAthe Old Testament, shall come to pass, that it will A Shocking Murder. A frightful murder was perpetrated at Bur-sudden the exigency calling for an exhibition of be by means of fire, and that the world will military power, it can be promptly met. With TURE ASA TOF Arrival of the Java. lington, Wisconsin, on Sunday. The victims are fign is nominal. PROVISIONS.—Pork was without essential change, but closed heavy; sales of 9,000 bbls at \$29 a 29 62 1-2 for mess, closing at \$29 25, and \$26 for prime mess. Lard was irregular and more active; sales 700 pkgs at fign is nominal. our education, habits and experience, the nation, never again be destroyed by water. In proof of three children-a niece, son, and daughter of while in the midst of peace, is prepared for war. this theory, many theses have been written, argu-ing that a general absorption of water from the Anthony Cook-aged respectively thirteen, nine, NEW YORK, Dec. 13. Disbanding the troops reduces at once the and three years. The parents were at church amount to be expended in some items of approface of the earth has been in progress for many e ages, and that finally, when the world has be-16c a 20c. BEPORTED EXPRESSLY FOR THE DAILY WIL-Luby, proprietor of the Irish People, was tried when the deed was accomplished. A man named Cut meats continue dull and unsettled. priation, but in others requires larger immediate Frahm has been arrested. The children were MINGTON HERALD.] Bacon was heavy; sales of 500 brs Cumberland cut, for January delivery, at 14 1-2c, and a small lot on the on a charge of treason, found guilty and sentenced expenditures. Upon their discharge the soldiers come dry enough to burn, a big comet, with a tail 1,500 or 20,000,000,000 miles long, will apparently killed with an axe. It is supposed become entitled to all the instalments of bounty to twenty years penal servitude. spot at 15c. that Frahm murdered them to secure the sum of Beef was nominal at \$8 a 10 for State mess; \$10 a 13 for repacked Western mess; \$13 a 16 for extra do old; \$17 a 20 for plain, and \$20 a 22 for extra new. Butter was dull and heavy at \$5c a 37c for Western and Ohio; 37c a 42c for State, and 45c a 55c for Orange which would have fallen due at later periods, and Corbett, tried on a charge of violating the neucome in contact with the earth, and reduce it \$2,000, which he knew Cook had, but which 'the RALEIGH, Tuesday, Dec. 12. in many cases exceeding a year's pay. The trans-portation of large armies from the field, in southalmost instantly to a mass of ashes. If such a trality laws in the case of the Shenandoah, has latter had taken with him. After prayer, and the reading of the journal, theory is a correct one, we are happy in being The house proceeded to the transaction of been acquitted. ern states, to their remote homes in the west, or able to state to our readers that we have been assured that it will not happen this week; but, Arms Seized. in eastern and northern states, made extraordibusiness. county pails. A company has been organized in Spain to lay Cheese was firm but quist lbe a 17c for Ohio; 17c a 18c for State, and 18c a 20c for factory made. The Hamilton (Canada) Times says that early nary drafts on the quartermaster's department. The memorial concerning widows and orphans a telegraph wire between Cuba and the United on the contrary, were it not that the Good Book on Saturday evening last, when the American was reported back by committee, who asked to beyond what would be required for armies march. SALT .- There has been a large movement in Ashton's so plainly assures us that it shall not be so, we States. train crossed the suspension bridge, the customs ing or eneamped. The vast amount of live stock be relieved. at \$3, gold, per sack. SUGAR.-Gold prices are firmer, but trade is quite would be inclined to think, judging by the quanofficer and a conductor on the Great Western on hand requires forage until sales can be made. Mr. Teague introduced an act concerning the inactive, and currency prices unsettled by the decline in gold; the sales were restricted to 44 hhds and 55 boxes. Refined is nominal. TALLOW.—The market was dull; sales 70,000 lbs at tity of rain that has fallen lately, that another Railway made the discovery of a large invoice of depreciation of confederate currency. These are effected with the utmost diligence; but BY MAIL. and a younger deluge than the old one was makrevolvers and metallic cartridges, the latter arti-Referred to committee on currency. still this large item of expenditure continues ing preparations on a grand scale for the pur-pose of engulphing this sinful world. through a large part of the fiscal year. The cle being packed in carpet bags. It is intimated A bill to consolidate the offices of librarian 13 1-2c a 13 5-8 for prime Western and city. WHISKEY was dull, with trifling sales at \$2 34 a 2 35. that several seizures of the same character have **REPORT OF THE SECRETAR** financial effects, therefore, of the reduction of the and keeper of the capitol was introduced. previously occurred within a few days, the facts army ann retrenchment of expenditures can only Mr. Moore of Martin introduced a resolution OF WAR. COFFEE .- The parket is strong on a gold basis, but trade is dull; sales of 301 bags Rio, per Alert, at 200 gold regarding which, for some reason, have been withoperate to any great extent on the next fiscal DARK .- By a close calculation, it is ascerfor withdrawing the military and restoring civil The report of Secretary Stanton, looked for held from the public ; but in the present instance, duty paid. year. tained that we fell into no less than thirty-seven law. with so much interest, will form one of the most the seizure was witnessed by a gentleman of Ham-Moved to be printed and considered at 11 From the report of the adjutant general it will important public documents on record. mud holes, and struck our shins against the ilton, whose statements are worthy of perfect rebe seen that the recruiting service of the regular o'clock on Thursday. FOR PHILADELPHIA. The military appropriations by the last conliance. The parties in whose possession the arms broken pavements no less than forty-three times army is progressing favorably; the number of re-A bill to punish with death for stealing .cattle gress amounted to the sum of \$516,240,131 70. ast night, besides having run into innumerable and ammunition were found were of suspicious cruits enlisted for all arms, from October 31, 1864, STEAMSHIP CUMBRIA. and stock over the value of \$5. The military estimates for the next fiscal year appearance, and it was believed that the consign-Report of the joint committee to superintend people, street corners, trees, etc. All this in the to October 1, 1865, having been 19,555. The after careful revision, amount to \$33,814,461 83. FRENH-COMMANDER. ment was destined for Woodstock and London. The national military force on May 1, 1865. town of Wilmington, on the occasion of returnregiments comprising it have been distributed to the election of councillors of state declared WILL SAIL on Saturday morning. Passenthat W. Eaton, Jr., had alone received the reing from the concert at city hall, on the night of stations, and their ranks are rapidly filling up, numbered 1,000,516 men. It is proposed to re-STATE NEWS. the 12th day of December, Anne Domini 1865, thus enabling the department to relieve regiments gers must be on hand Friday night. duce the military establishment to 50,000 troops. quisite number of votes. of volunteer troops. The present authorized and all of it happening because of bad sidewalks and no lights. "He who runs may read," and A bill to instruct the judiciary committee to Cabin passage \$25 00 and over 800,000 have already been mustered inquire what, if any, legislation is necessary to strength of the regular regiments is 952 officers M. E. CONFERENCE .- The conference did but out of service. O.G. PARSLEY & CO. they who walk (about Wilmington at night) are and 41,819 enlisted men. This estimate is made protect guardians and other fiduciary agents. Secretary Stanton proceeds to explain what little business yesterday, beyond the appointment on the basis of forty-two privates to a company, An act for qualifying justices of the peace,

and for other purposes, was read and referred to the njdiiary committee. By Mr. Furr, a bill to amend the revised epoc chapter 12th, section 1st, in regard to fines in, cases of bastardy.

Referred to the judiciary committee.

A message from the senate, asking the con- and the introduction of peaceful merchantmen currence of the house to an engrossed bill to consolidate the offices of auditor and comptrol-

Dec. 14. 244-2t.

LOCAL INTELLICENCE.

MERCANTILE PROSPERITY .- At the opening last Spring of the blockaded ports of the south,

into the waters to which they had so long been ler, the comptroller to discharge the duties of straugers, it was thought by the wise and know-

very apt to curse somebody.

ARRIVAL .- The steamship Cumberland arrived here yesterday, from New York. She is laden with merchandise, and is consigned to Messrs. Vm. B. Flanner & Co.

No Mayor's court yesterday.

Hotel Arrivals. CITY HOTEL.

has occasioned this reduction of force and exthe number now allowed by law at all except penditure, and, doing so, narrates in concise language the military operations of the year, and frontier posts. wonderful results therefrom.

mum standard be fixed at 100 enlisted men to a The history of this closing of the war is of exceeding interest, but we have space to-day only company. to allude to it.

Following upon the surrender of Lee the attention of the department was immediately directed to the following objects, and on the 18th before the laws of 1864 and 1865 prohibited the of April, four days after Lee's surrender, public enlistment of minors under the age of sixteen 12th inst.

of delegates to attend the general convention of the church at New Orleans in May next. Rev. N. F. Read, Rev. N. H. P. Wilson, Rev. Dr. C. F. Deems, Rev. L. H. Burkehead, Rev. R. S. Moran, Rev. W. H. Bobbitt and Rev. Peter Doub were appointed delegates to attend said convention. and Rev. I. T. Wyche, Rev. D. B. Nicholsions be made by law for enlisting 100 boys, not son and Rev. W. M. Barringer were appointed under 12 years of age, as musicians, as was done alternates.

The conference will adjourn to-day .- Progress,

both offices, at a salary of \$2,000, and one clerk ing ones, both north and south, that but little at a salary of \$1,200. produce could be gleaned from our devastated

Mr. Blackmer introduced a memorial from the general assembly of North Carolina, to the President of the United States, setting forth that we had cheerfully and in good faith, complied with all his requirements, and praying for relief.

The order of the day now came up, being a bill for the relief of the holders of state bonds issued since May 20, 1861, under an act entitled "an act to secure the completion of the W. C. & Rutherford railroad company and to amend its charter."

Mr. Faircloth of Wayne, moved to amend so as to restrict the advantages of the exchange of these bonds to the company, and to exclude such persons as come into possession at merely nominew obligations or to partial legislation.

Moved to lay on the table and then the motion was withdrawn.

Mr Cowan did not-wish hasty legislation, but the circumstances required prompt legislation or it would be useless. It is not hasty ; the finance committee had recommended unanimously the passage of the bill.

Just here further remarks were cut off by a message from the senate to go into an election for six counsellors of state, which was concurred in, and the house proceeded to ballot.

Upon the retirement of the inspectors of the ballot to ascertain the vote, Mr. Cowan resumed his remarks, and urged in a cogent and lucid argument the moral and legal obligation to afford him injustice.

Mr. Henry was opposed to the report of the finance committee or plunging headlong into schemes of appropriation and upon concluding bill

Mr. Smith of Hertford, thought a very great misapprehension existed as to the scope and purpose of the bill. All that has been said about the payment of the debt of the state is inapplicable to this bill. This does not propose to increase the debt of the state. It merely proposes forty vessels. to recall the bonds and to issue other bonds conformable with the change of things.

The amendment offered by Mr. Faircloth, was put and carried.

An amendment was offered by the member from McDowell, to include an appropriation of one million of dollars for the western railroad. Lost.

The following amendment offered by Mr. Smith of Hertford, was passed : i Gining the

Strike out all after the word "prescribe," in line 11, sec. 1, and insert instead : Provided, That the. Public Treasurer shall apply the coupons due on bonds of the said Wilmington, Charlotte & Ruth-erford R. R. Company, held by the State, on town of Lumberton, on the W. C. & R. Railpayment of coupons due on such bonds of the state as may be surrendered for exchange, under that place entered the confederate army some the powers of this act. The bill was then put time last year, leaving behind him a young wife. upon its first reading and passed by the casting On his return home last summer, after the surwait upon the governor-elect 'e ascertain when it would comport with his con mience to take the oath of office, reported that if it met the pleas- taken up with a negro, and had been living with ure of the general assembly, he would designate Friday, at the hour of roon.

Messrs. Henry A. Lemley, D. L. Russell and J. J. Yates were, elected councellors of state, leaving three yet to be elected.

The Fcuian Trouble.

NEW YORK, Dec. 11.

Considerable excitement exists in this city re- apply to the freedmen's bureau, and Major Wickgarding the fenian quarrel The fenians, how- ersham was accordingly conferred with. The dition of the late confederacy. ever, remain perfectly quiet, intending to leave decision given by him, however, was made only the whole question to the congress. Col. O'Ma- in the shape of advice to the injured man, and

W McConnell, Wash P C Forbes, N Y, A J Gallagher, Philade', country, particularly in those sections bordering H Telenfelter, Balt, immediately along the seacoast, and which had Mrs Buck, Raleigh, been constantly exposed to the incursions of the Miss Buck, do, Dr T R Micks, Clinton, federal troops. So little of cotton and naval A Finell, do, stores, two prime articles of production in the south, has been made during the last four years, H Hubbard, do, R Jop, Weldon so much had been required for both public and D Alexander, Conn.

private use at home, such vast quantities had from time to time found outlets through the blockaded ports, and finally, such an immense amount had been destroyed by the advancing and retreating armies, that it was thought at the close of the war that barely enough raw material of any kind remained in the south to supply nal prices. Mr. Caldwell was opposed to issuing the necessities of its own reduced population. Since then the common observation and experience of all have tested the correctness of these views, have proved the utter fallacy of them all. No sooner had the war closed, and the certainty of the inauguration of a general peace been

proclaimed, than the latent commercial energy of the people sprang up into new life and activity. Produce was suddenly brought forward into the market, all parts of the country became alive with preparations for trade, the limited means of transportation by railroad and by river were inadequate to supply the demand; new rolling stock was called for, and new iron must be laid ; new steamboats were built, and still the demand for freight room could not be complied with. Suddenly our rotting wharves and mouldering warethe relief required; being no stenographer we do houses were filled with the produce of the counnot pretend to report Mr. Cowan for fear of doing try awaiting shipment north, a new cry was inaugurated, a new demand for ocean transporta-

tion. The war soon became a thing, not of yesterday, but of the past. Such was our condition in May last, and such we might say is our con- Stevens, the Ireland Head Centre. called the ayes and nays upon the passage of the dition now, six months from that time. The produce remaining in the country, contrary to all expectations_which had been formed, has not yet expended itself. It still arrives, it is still accumulating, and it must yet be accommodated with shipping for its removal. For this latter purpose there are now in 'port here between thirty and

These facts certainly speak well for the agricultural resources of the country, and for the indomitable euergy of her people. They speak well, also, for the enterprise and energy of those who have come from other portions of the land, and are endeavoring in conjunction with ourselves to restore once more the ancient commercial &c. prosperity of our city.

MISCEGENATION .- A curious case of miscegen-

ation has lately been reported to Major Wickersham of the Freedmen's Bureau at this place, road. It seems that a white man residing near vote of the speaker. The committee appointed to render, rather a disagreeable state of affairs was of which the senate adjourned. found to exist, for it was ascertained that during his abscence, his young and virtuous wife had him for some time past. The result of this illicit intercourse proved to be a mulatto child.

Last Sunday the injured husband determined upon revenge, and chaining the negro, he loaded his gun and drove him before him into Lumberton. But here another difficulty presented itself; his enemy was in his power, but what should he do with him? In this dilemma he determined to

should suppose that the husband's forgiveness

baby .----- Ugh !-----

A Newberry, Magnolia, V Connell, do, L Mimmon, do, N M Sroonk, Goldsboro, G H Baldwin mail agent J W Lett, Fayetteville, E A Brown, So Ex Co, W F Pollock, Mt Olive, G H Allen, New Bedford, A H McCollough, N Y, S G Hansley, N C, R S Wright do.

BY TELEGRAPH.

CONGRESS.

THE LOUISIANA SENATORS.

Senator Wilson's Bill.

The Bill allowing Colored Soldiers the Rights and Pri-

vileges of American

Citizens. 9-14-14-14-1

THE CATTLE PLAGUE EUROPE FROM

Not Yot Arrested.

A CABLE TO BE LAID BETWEEN CUBA AND THE UNITED STATES.

An Irish Editor in Trouble.

LATEST FOREIGN MARKETS. &c.,

WASHINGTON, Dec. 13. In the senate, Mr. Guthrie presented a remonstrance from certain citizens of Louisiana against

the reception of Hahn and Cutter as the Louisiana senators.

Mr. Wilson called up the bill to repeal all laws in the late insurrectionary states based on distinctions of race or color, pending the discussion will commend itself strongly to every patriotic

In the house, Mr. Farnsworth moved to refer his resolution, claiming for colored soldiers the rights and privileges of American citizens, to the select committee of fifteen.

Mr. Charles of New York objected, denying that the negro can be equal to the white man. The house concurred in the senate amendments to the joint resolution for the appointment of a

select committee of fifteen to consider the con-

notice was given that orders would be speedily issued to carry them into effect, viz.: First. To stop all drafting and recruiting in

the loyal states. Second. To curtail purchases of arms, ammunition, quartermaster and commissary supplies, and reduce the expenses of the military estab-

lishment in the several branches. Third. To reduce the number of general and to receive the pay and allowance of an ordnance staff officers to the actual necessity of the ser- sergeant.

vice. Fourth. To remove all military restrictions upon trade and commerce, so far as might be consistent with the public safety.

These measures have been carried into effect from time to time, as the exigencies of the service would admit. It will be seen from the report of the adjutant general that troops to the number of 800.963 have already been mustered. paid off, and disbanded. Further reduction is contemplated. Upon the discharge of troops the services of a great number of staff, field, and general officers were no longer required. Of these some have resigned, and others were honorably mustered out. No doubt in many instances it has been painful for gallant and accomplished officers to leave that service to which they have been accustomed, and where they have won honorable distinction. But it is to the credit of the credit. volunteer service that they have recognized the obligation of the government to reduce the military establishment with the occasion that called it into existence, and that their own wishes or interest have not been opportunately urged against

the necessities of the service. The disposition of the veteran reserve corps presented some considerations of peculiar nature. It was the inclination of the department to retain it in service until the meeting of Congress. But inquiry showed that a very small per cent of enlisted men were content to remain in service. All who desired have therefore been discharged, and supernumerary officers mustered out.

Recruiting to fill the regular regiments has continued. Several thousand applications for commissions in the regular service are on file. These commissions, hitherto, have been conferred only by promotion from the ranks. But to secure the requisite number of competent officers a board has been appointed to examine applicants and determine their relative talent. From the list selected by the board, and in the order of merit, appointments are to be made. Two years' actual &c. service in the war is indispensable for appointment

The establishment of a well organized militia system is one of the most important subjects that will demand the attention of congress. This subject has already received careful consideration, and it is believed that after conference with the appropriate committees, a practical system may be agreed upon.

Measures for the establishment of homes, and some provisions for the aid and relief of wounded and disabled soldiers, is also a subject that heart.

The war appropriations at the last session of congress, as has been stated, amounted to the sum of \$516,240,231.70. The estimates for the next fiscal year, commencing June 30, 1865, are \$38,-814,461.88.

These estimates are based upon a standing force of fifty thousand men, so organized as to admit of an increase, without additional organizations, to 82,600 troops of all arms.

This estimate has been made after conference and careful consideration, and is believed to be adequate for any national exigency, if the country should be blessed with peace. The reduc-

for any war that can be waged against us by any

nation

years; that the laws by which one half of their pay, during the period of absence, is lost by officers absent with leave for more than thirty. days in one year except for wounds or sickness be repealed, and that an act be passed providing for the enlistment of meritorious disabled soldiers as superintendents of the national cemeteries, numbering about forty, each

It is recommended in the report that the maxi-

The adjutant general recommends that provi-

Beside the signal success vouchsafed to our arms, other causes contributed to overthrow the rebellion. Among the chief of these may be reckoned

The steadfast adherence of the president to the measure of emancipating the slaves in the rebel states, whereby the rebels were crippled and discouraged; the resolute purpose of congress to adopted by the governors of loyal states, and the efficient aid they rendered the war department in filling up the ranks of the army and furnishing the faith of the people in the national success, as manifested by their support of the government | the life of Lee.

In conclusion, Secretary Stanton says:

Looking to the causes that have accomplished henceforth doubt the stability of the federal union. These causes are permanent, and must December 12. always have an active existence. The majesty of

national power has been exhibited in the courage and faith of our citizens, and the ignominy of rebellion is witnessed by the hopeless end of the great rebellion.

The Kentucky Slave Law Declared Null and Void.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 9. In the Jefferson circuit, in the case of the commonwealth against Major General J. M. Palmer, for aiding a slave to escape, Judge Johnson dismissed the indictment, on the ground that the requisite number of states had adopted the constitutional amendment abolishing slavery before the indictment, and therefore the criminal and penal acts of the Kentucky legislature, relative to slavery, were of no effect.

General Palmer has issued a proclamation declaring that slavery has ceased to exist in Kentucky, and advising the colored people to apply

promptly to the courts for redress if the public conveyances shall disregard their right to travel at their pleasure, provided they conform to reasonable regulations.

LOUISVILLE, Dec. 9. of Jacques was progressing, Captain Gibson, one

next term. The commonwealth's attorney filed an appeal from Judge Johnson's decision in the case of the

commonwealth against General Palmer, and the court adjourned sine die. the court house to-day, with reference to the

late impeachment of Mayor Tamppert, for his refusal to sign a contract with the Louisville and Portland railway company.

The meeting passed resolutions sustaining the mayor, and appointed a committee to proceed to Frankfort to ask the legislature to amend the city charter, so that in case of a vacancy in the mayoralty the election shall devolve upon the people, and that any officer removed by impeachment shall be eligible for re-election. The board Both houses have passed a bill prohibiting the tion of the national military force, in its rapidity of aldermen were requested to postpone the trial importation of cattle, so as to prevent the spread and numbers, is without example, and if there of the mayor for one week from Monday next.

LOUISVILLE, Dec. 9.

PROVISIONAL ATTORNEY GENERAL .--- We learn that Gov. Holden has appointed Hon. Sion H. Rogers, provisional attorney general of this state. This appointment is peculiarly appropriate, as Mr. Rogers has just been elected attorney general by the legislature, to take effect at the expiration of the provisional government.

We have heard it intimated that it is the intention of the governor, if the provisional government should be continued for any considerable length of time, to start as far as may be in his power the whole machinery of the courts of the state. In this event the governor will most probably request the supreme court just elected by the legislature to act as a provisional supreme court .- Standard.

TRIALS BY MILITARY COMMISSIONS .- Stephen maintain the federal union at all hazards, mani- C. Lee, a citizen of Anson county, was recently fested by its legislature, patriotic measures tried by a military court at Salisbury, on the charge of murdering a negro man by shooting. The court found him guilty, and sentenced him to be hanged; but General Ruger disapproved of succor and relief to the sick and wounded, large- the sentence, and ordered the release of Lee, on ly contributed to the national preservation; the the ground that the verdict should have been for result of the presidential election of 1864, and manslaughter and not for murder, inasmuch as it was in evidence that the negro had threatened

Joseph Corpening, of Caldwell county, was also tried, on the charge of attempting the life of a negro. He was sentenced to ninety days imthe national deliverance, there seems no room to prisonment, and to pay a fine of five hundred dollars to the United States .- Charlotte Democrat,

> Col. Packard, commanding the district of western North Carolina, has received orders to turn over all citizen prisoners to the civil authorities for trial. We hope this means that there shall be no more trials of citizens by military officers. -Salisbury Banner.

THIEVES .- We believe that Salisbury is infesed with an organized corps of thieves and banditti. There seems to be a thorough organization with headquarters at this place. But their depredations are not perpetrated upon the citizens of Salisbury exclusively, for we hear complaints from all sections of the country. We learn from Major P. W. Hairston that he has been stripped of nearly all of his stock-hogs, cattle, and house-hold furniture have been carried off and destroyed by robbers and outlaws. The same story reaches us from other parts of the country .- Salisbury Banner.

DARING .- On Sunday night last as a gentleman from New York who had just arrived on the train, was passing from the depot to the Exchange hotel, he was attacked by three negros near the bridge, and knocked down, but as it was early In the Jefferson circuit court, while the trial in the evening his cries for help alarmed the negros and they fied, leaving him in possession of of the counsel for the defence was seized with his carpet bag. We have not heard that any vertigo, and the case was continued until the thing was stolen from him. These outrages are too common-it calls for a stronger and more efficient city watch. Indeed the perils to which we are exposed, demand a heavy force, and if it cannot be obtained otherwise, the whole force of the city should establish a citizen's watch at once. A large and enthusiastic meeting was held in A strong police ought to be stationed at the depot and on the thoroughfares leading from it .---Raleigh Sentinel, 12th inst.

BAD STATE OF AFFAIRS .--- We learned vesterday, from a member of the firm of Taylor & Daniels that on Wednesday last, while their trains of teams and wagons, twenty in number, were on their way to Kingston, with rosin from Jones county, while passing through Tuckaho neighborhood, were attacked by a band of desperadoes, who cut six of their mules from the hindmost wagons, and, after robbing the driver, a colored man, they put spur and left. Mr. J. J. Edwards, who had charge of the train, however, loosed some of his fastest horses, and, after an exciting pursuit of six or eight miles, overhauled them and arrested and took them before John Smith, Esq., who admitted them to bail. The rogues and scoundrels who committed this structions from Washington, is rigorously enforc- outrage are white men, and it is said there is

honey has received assurances of support from that was, that he buy, beg, borrow or steal fifty-six circles of New York and Brooklyn, from enough funds to bribe the negro to leave the Boston, and also from the north and northwest. state, which was finally accomplished. The He is constantly receiving assurances from all wronged husband, we understand, is now living quarters of support, calling on him to stand firm, on very amicable terms with his loving spouse. until the brotherhood can be heard from on the having agreed, we suppose, to forget and bury approaching session of congress. the past. As regards the baby we have not learned as yet if that is to be buried too, but

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 11. A large and enthusiastic meeting of the fenian circles in this city was held to-night. Resolutions were unanimously adopted endorsing Cel. O'Mahoney as president.

The Mississippi Legislature.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 9, 1865. The committee of the Mississippi legislature have reported aganst the passage of the constitutional amendment, not from any objection to the first, but to the second clause.

COMMERCIAL.

New York Market. [By Mail.]

NEW YORK, Dec. 9.

s6 50 a 11 for good to choice extras. Bye flour and corn meal are very dull. The wheat market was nominally 20 a 30 lower, bus

of the cattle disease.

FROM EUROPE.

Arrival of the Steamship City of Boston. NEW YORK, Dec. 13.

The steamship City of Boston, from Liverpool off the 29th, via Queenstown on the 30th has arrived.

could hardly be sincere, as long as it existed to Stevens, the fenian head centre, has not been remind him of the past. A pleasant fix for a retaken. He is supposed to have got out of the best quality of arms and equipments. The arwhite man, isn't it ? A white wife and a nigger country.

A special commission for the trial of fenians. THE CONCERT LAST NIGHT .- In spite of the met at Dublin on the 27th. very inclement weather, composed as it was of

Captain Corbett, who commanded the Shenan rain, mud and wind combined, a very fair audience assembled last night at the City Hall, on doah at the time of her transfer, is being tried at Queenstown for a violation of the foreign enlist- kept in store, and the supply on hand is ample the occasion of the performance of the concert for the benefit of St. John's Church. Although ment act.

not by any means a connoiseur in musical matters, yet we know enough of such things to prononnce the entertainment in every way a perfect success. The pieces were well rendered and the singers, although all of them amateurs, were as NEW York, Dec. 9. BREADSTUFFS.—The market was dull, and prices generally lower. The common and medium grades of State and Western were 5c a 15c lower, and very dull. Sales of 6,000 bbls at \$7 a 7 50 for supers; \$7 85 a 8 for extra State; \$8 10 a 8 25 for choice do; \$8 25 a 8 60 for shipping brands extra round hoop Ohio; \$7 80 a 10 38 for extra Western, and \$10 50 a 15 for double extra Western and St. Louis. Bouthern flour was dull and heavy. Sales \$00 bbls at \$0 0 for supers and \$10 a 15 for fancy and extra ance will be repeated again on Satur-\$8 50 s 9 for supers, and \$10 s 15 for fancy and extra. Canada flour was nominal at \$5 s 8 40 for common, and day night, and we would advise all who were not present last night, and who are fond of "sweet sounds" to be sure and be present then.

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

LIVERPOOL, NOV. 30.

Corron .-- Sales on Monday and Tuesday, 22,000 bales, 7,000 bales of which was to exporters and speculators. The article is more budyant, and prices fully id. higher for American at Manchester, with higher prices demanded. FLOUR-Very dull.

PORK-Quiet. BACON-Inactive.

Spear-Very dull.

COFFEE-Steady.

be any alarm in the public mind because this re-A squad of Major Wilson's cavalry captured duction is made while grave questions at home the guerilla king White, an accomplice of Berry, and abroad are unsettled, a brief consideration near Mount Washington. of the subject will show that there is no cause for apprehension.

The collector of the internal revenue, by in-Second. As to arms and ammuniticn. The disbanded armies were allowed to take home their arms at a nominal price. Rust is not likely to ing the law requiring stamps upon dray tickets, a band of them back in that country. Would gather on the musket or sabre borne through the coal tickets and other receipts for the delivery of it not be well for the citizens of Jones to patrol campaigns of 1864 and 1865. The government property. He has also seized the stock of and a little better ? When white men, in broad dayretains in its arsenals more than a million of the closed a cigar manufactory for false returns of light, will engage in such sport as that, it is time best quality of arms and equipments. The arthe required books. tillery on hand tasks the department for its means

A meeting of the congregations of the Presof storage. The manufacture of ammunition requires materials for which we have in some degree relied upon other countries, because they could be had cheaper. For this reason, and to pastors, was productive of \$4,000, subscribed on guard against any mischance, three years' stock the spot, with prospects of a large increase. material for ammunition has already been

> The St. Louis Republican of Tuesday says :--Jane Hoyt, a girl of spotless reputation, be-

Third. Clothing, transportation and subist-ence. After selling and distributing among tween sixteen and seventeen years of age, who resided with her step-mother, on Carondolet avenue, committed suicide, about eight o'clock the freedmen and refugees all damaged or irregular clothing, the stock of clothing and material in the quartermaster's depots is sufficient for any seems that herself and a still younger sister had armies that may be called into service. The left their step-mother's roof on account of gross or not we failed yesterday to learn, we have no water transports and rolling stock, mules, wagons and horses held by the government were ade-character on her part. The two returned home quate to the movement and supply of larger after a few days absence, and Jane was chastised forces, in less time, than had heretofore been by her mother for having taken her younger known in war. The government has disposed or sister away from home. She then again left the is disposing of this transportation, but it remains in this country, and can answer any exigency. the house, which was on Sunday evening, and, finding no home or friends with whom to take re-attempts to rescue him were in vain - Related Army subsistence is derived from the country fuge, she, on Monday evening, again returned to Sentinel, 12th inst.

We also learn that Mr. Thomas Heath's teams were robbed a short time since of two mules, byterian churches in this city last night, in be- which he has never recovered yet. We also half of the Kentucky board of aid for southern hear very ugly rumors about a number of murders that have been committed recently out in the back part of Jones and Onlow counties.

There are evidently a band of very reckless fellows out in that region, who have become so demoralized by the war as to form a kind of terror to the community in which they live, or else folks belie them very much.

The body of a negro man was discovered on Thursday morning floating down the Neuse river. and we understand the coroner was to hold an inquest over it during the day, but whether he did further particulars on the subject.-Newbern Times, 10th inst.

DROWNED .--- A little colored boy was drowned on Sunday afternoon last, by falling into the

Another Sad Case.