PREPARATIONS

# WILMINGTON, N. C., WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 31, 1866.

AFTERNOON EDITION.

THREE O'CLOCK P. M.

# THE LATEST NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

# EMIGRATION TO MEXICO.

Refusal of Gen. Sheridan to Allow Emigrants to Leave.

HE IS ACTING UNDER ORDERS FROM THE GOVERN-MENT.

&c.,

From New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 30. General Sheridan refuses to allow emigrants to leave here to go to Mexico. He is acting under orders from Washington. He does not prevent vessels from going.

Ex-Governor Rollins died here to-day. Both houses of the legislature adjourned in honor of his memory.

The Mississippi is falling.

### BY MAIL.

### SUFFRAGE AND TAXATION.

The Views of President Johnson.

THE BASIS OF REPRESENTA-TION.

HE THINKS ANY CHANGE UNNECESSARY.

### He Proposes Qualified Voters.

SUFFRAGE IN THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Agitation of the Question Opposed.

THE BASIS OF TAXATION.

The President's Views in Regard to the Proposed Amendments to the Constitue

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28. The following is the substance of a conversation which took place to-day between the president and a distinguished senator:

The president said that he doubted the propriety, at this time, of making any further amendments to the constitution. One great amendment had already been made, by which slavery had forever been abolished within the limits of the United States, and a national guarantee thus given that that institution should never again exist the road below. Three persons are reported to in the land. Propositions to amend the consti- have been killed, and many seriously wounded. tution were becoming as numerous as preambles Where the accident occurred was a small bridge and resolutions at town meetings called to con- leading to a brick kiln, near Croton. sider the most ordinary questions connected with the administration of local affairs. All this, in his opinion, had a tendency to diminish the dignity and prestige attached to the constitution of the country, and to lessen the respect and confidence of the people in their great charter of freedom. If, however, amendments are to be made to the constitution changing the basis of representation and taxation (and he did not deem them at all necessary at the present time,) he knew of none better than a simple proposition, embraced in a few lines, making, in each state, the number of qualified voters the basis of representation; and the value of property the basis of direct taxation. Such a proposition could be embraced in the fol-

"Representation shall be apportioned among the several states which may be included within this union according to the sumber of qualified voters "Direct taxes shall be apportioned among the sev-

eral states which may be included within this union according to the value of all taxable property in each state."

opinion, place the basis of representation and direct taxation upon correct principles. The qualified voters were for the most part men who were subject to draft and enlistment when it was necessary to repel invasion, suppress rebellion, and quell domestic violence and inurrection. They risk their lives, shed their blood, and peril their for the benefits thus conferred by defraying the expenses incident to its protection and enjoy-

time was the mere entering wedge to the agita- of contestants for this honor, history and dry tion of the question throughout the states, and goods merchants both well know; but who will was in-timed, uncaned not, and discontinuously with his wonderful rock above.

The bill to authorize the commissioners of safer to trust an ignorant loyal man than a wise are. The ship has not been unoroughly are. The bill to authorize the commissioners of safer to trust an ignorant loyal man than a wise are. The ship has not been unoroughly and it is thought that a large amount of powder cided at the lists to-morrow. It is a real pity the charge of having stolen five hogs from the contention and strife between the two that Dr. Palham with his wonderful rock above. enmity, contention and strife between the two that Dr. Pelham with his wonderful rock chrysraces, and lead to a war between them, which tain extinction of the negro population. Precedence, he thought, should be given to more important and urgent matters, legislation upon which was essential for the restoration of the

perity of the people. Secretary Seward's Trip-His Return to Washington.

A dispatch from Washington, dated January

28, says: Walker, arrived at Washington about 4 o'clock will be present that evening, that it would be a P. M. yesterday, direct from Havana, and landed much easier matter to win the prize than to Secretary Seward, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick, A. Seward and Miss Wharton, Mrs. Seward's sister, at the navy yard. The party first visited St. Thomas, where they were received by the governor. Secretary Seward held a levee on the De Soto, receiving all the captains of the vessels in port and the principal officials. The De Soto a very tasty and very successful affair. It will and that the cars will probably run across it by legislation, if any, is necessary.

next stopped at Santa Cruz, where the party be the last opportunity offered of hearing the were honored with a special dinner by the governor. She then visited San Domingo, where they were received by the President of the Dom-inican Republic. They then proceeded to Port au Prince, where President Geffrard paid them every possible mark of distinction. On arriving at Havana, the Captain General tendered them the use of his palace outside of the city, which was courteously declined on account of the short time allowed to stop. The Captain General provided a magnificent banquet, after which the party were serenaded at their hotel. Secretary Seward held a levee at the hotel, receiving all the officials and numerous citizens, including about five hundred students and the professors of the Havana University, and also the French officers in port. They left Havana on the 23d instant, and returned much improved in health, having

Has Surratt been Arrested ? The Nashville (Tenn.) Dispatch is responsible

greatly enjoyed the whole voyage.

We have been furnished with this statement, the writer of which he says he has the best reasons for believing in the reliability of what is here affirmed: "John Surratt was arrested in Texas attempting to make his way into Mexico, during the Month of June, 1865. He was placed in charge of a Captain Smith and three privates, of the 4th United States Artillery. The movements of the party were slow, and every effort was made to keep the identity of the prisoner a secret. On arriving at Terre Haute, Indiana, the party were compelled to lay over on account of a break on the Terre Haute and Richmond railroad and for two days occupied rooms at the Terre Haute House. Before arriving at Washington, perhaps at the Relay House, Surratt was recognized by acquaintances (for which see dispatches from Washington and Baltimore, about July 20, 1865). Since reaching Washington nothing has been heard of Surratt. One hundred thousand dellars was to be paid for his captor.

#### The Fenians.

NEW YORK, Jan. 29. The address of the Irish Republic, dated at Dublin, is published to-day. It says that "the work of preparation in Ireland is done. We know our strength. We are not grappling in the dark. A point has been reached from which we see the goal clearly. We call upon you to aid stand or fall with its face to the enemy. We ask a loan, which shall be paid within six months after the establishment of Irish independence." The address is endorsed by a card from O'Mahoney, urging prompt action by the Fenian Brotherhood.

### News from Savannah.

SAVANNAH, Jan. 28. The Confederate General Mercer, tried by a military commission for the murder of seven union prisoners, was acquitted and released from

Three soldiers of the Twelfth Maine regiment have been under trial for the murder of a man named Cordes, in November last. No evidence has been adduced against them.

A steamer from the coast yesterday brought turning to their old homes.

A Provisional Government for Virginia.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28. The Herald's Richmond correspondence states that one of the Virginia delegation to Congress to the light of day. has telegraphed to Richmond from Washington that it is the intention of President Johnson to supersede the present Virginia state government by a provisional one. The report had created consternation in financial and political circles. The president's reported determination is generally attributed to the conduct of the legislature.

#### Railroad Accident-Three Persons Killed and a Number Wounded.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 27. The express train, which was due here at 7 A. M., to-day, was partially thrown from the track. Two cars, said to have been sleeping cars, were said to have been precipitated off a bridge into

# Sentence of Murderers.

NEW YORK, Jan. 27. Gonzales and Pellicier, the murderers of 9th of March. They received the sentence with-

out emotion.

# The Lamar Trial.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28. The Savannah Herald of the 25th says that orders have been received suspending the proceedings in the trial of G. B. Lamar. A new commission will be organized to try the case.

Execution of the Hefferman Murderers. Nashville, Jan. 26. Berry, Knight, Crab and Lisaugh, all of whom were under tweuty years of age, the four mur-

derers of Mr. Hefferman, were hanged to-day.

# LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

An amendment of this kind would, in his The Tournament To-M errow To-morrow is the day upon which the grand tournament is to take place, although we presume that it is hardly necessary to mention that fact here, as, judging by the interest taken in the affair by all classes, old and young, every one is all, to uphold the government, and give protec- pretty well posted already as regards the time tion, security and value to property. It seemed and the programme. Judging by all present inbut just that property should compensate dications, the morrow and the morrow's eve will with drunkenness and disorderly conduct, was be a truly festive occasion to a very many of the ment. Such an amendment, the president also young and enjoyable spirits in our midst. Presuggested, would remove from Congress all is- parations are making on a grand scale for this grand occasion. Horses are being trained, arsues in reference to the political equality of the absolutely, the qualifications of their own voters mor is being burnished up, and the ladies are with regard to color, and thus the number of thronging the stores to purchase the wherewithal representatives to which they would be entitled to bedeck their lovely forms (and faces?) in such in Congress would depend upon the number charming colors and tints as shall please the eyes Johnson, arrested at Buncy bridge, charged with upon which they conferred the right of suffrage. of the gallant knights. Who is to win the prize, stealing, were turned over to the special magis-The president, in this connection, expressed and who will be crowned the "Queen of Love the opinion that the agitation of the negro fran- and Beauty," is more of course than any one can chise question in the District of Columbia at this tell. That there will be a numberless quantity tal left here previous to this affair. He would would result in great injury to both, and the cer- doubtless have made quite a profitable job of it on this occasion, as so many of the young and the fair would have flocked to him to see if they could view in his magic glass their own fair selves, garlanded and crowned with the flowery union, the peace of the country, and the pros- insignia of royalty.

According to the programme established, the after the contest has been decided, the palm of perty of Mr. N. F. Nixon and Daniel C. Fenters, victory will be awarded by the chief judge to the victor, but not until at night, at the coronation ball, will the fair queen be crowned. We imag-The United States steamer De Soto, Captain ine that amongst the display of loveliness that choose upon whom to bestow it.

on the three preceding occasions, the concert river, on the line of the Wilmington and Man-

present combination of talent, as two of the our many readers, particularly to those whose ing.

The bill to incorporate the trustees of the ly from this city, and it will be a difficult matter to place together in the same array, the different parts harmonizing together so well as a whole. The same programme as was used on the last occasion, will be presented on this. It is sufficient, as it could scarcely be improved upon. Let those who desire a pleasant evening's entertainment, and are fond of the delights called up by "sweet sounds," go early so as to secure good seats, as it is expected that a large audience will be present on the occasion, than was ever assembled there

BISHOP CLINTON'S ADDRESS .- The Rt. Rev. J. J. Clinton, bishop of the North Carolina conference of the Methodist Episcopal Zion church, delivered an address before an association called the Daughters of Clinton, at the Front street Baptist church in this city, on Monday evening last. At an early hour the building was well thronged, both in the body of the church and in thronged, both in the body of the colored the gallery, by the better portion of the colored citizens, male, as well as female. We were unfortunately anable to attend, as we wished to hear the remarks made on the occasion, but from one who was present we gleaned some points of information. The bishop spoke at some length upon the past and present condition of the negro race, upon his capacities for self-improvement, upon the necessity arising for his laboring steadily and willingly for the support of himself and his family, of the proper regard and respect due the civil as well as the military laws of the land, and countenancing in every way the propriety of endeavoring to maintain all law and order. He HONS. A. H. STEPHENS AND HERSCHEL told them, and very truly too, that the proper way to exact respect from others was by first

learning to respect themselves.

As we before remarked, the better portion of the colored class of population were present, and the congregation was such, in the main, as could fully appreciate the able arguments of the

SUNKEN STEAMER. - We learn that the steamer Yadkin, formerly used in the confederate navy, as Commodore Lynch's flag boat, but which was sunk a few miles below town, on the approach of the Irish army of independence, which will soon the federal gunboats, has been raised, and found to be in an almost perfect condition. The boiler had been previously removed from her, and sent to Fayetteville, but the other portions of the machinery are found to be almost perfectly intact. Arrangements have been made to work upon the foreign power, are declared citizens, without dis-North Heath, a steamer formerly in the employ tinction of race or color, etc. of the Albian Trading Company, which was also sunk at the same time as was the Yadkin, and which now is submerged, nearly abreast of the to prove rather a dangerous one, as it is known that two large torpedoes were sunk near her at the time she was scuttled, and as the action of the tide has since moved the steamer from her original position, some difficulty may be experienced in ascertaining the exact location of the sunken torpedoes, and in bringing them to the three hundred freedmen from the sea islands re- surface without the danger of an explosion. The officers and divers however, engaged in the enterprise, are well experienced in their line of business, and we hope ere long to hear that the torpedoes have been found and safely recovered. He is supposed to have been murdered for his and the sunken steamer once more brought up money. The remains of the unfortunate man

To a CERTAIN CORRESPONDENT .- Communications written by gentlemen on public topics, and clothed in respectful language, will always find room in the columns of THE HERALD, provided a responsible name accompanies the said communication. But when articles are sent to us upon a subject that no one but the parties themselves have any interest in, and withal clothed in violent and indecent language, they are generally thrown aside as unworthy of perusal. We have before us now a communication of this latter class, but the language in it is so violent and intemperate that we cannot forbear giving here a word of warning. The columns of this journal are never open for private difficulties, or for dis putes between parties in which the community is not more or less interested. It is therefore an insult to the editor of a paper to endeavor to render him a cat's paw wherewith to take anoth-Otero, were to-day sentenced to be hung on the er man's chesnuts from the fire. We cannot consent to burn our fingers by promoting private difficulties, as the author of this very indecent anonymous article before us would seem to

> PERSONAL .- We were happy to see our old friend 'Squire Conoley again in his chair of state at his office at the court house vesterday. He has been confined for some time past by sickness, but has again resumed business. He has lately been confirmed in his appointment as special magistrate of this county, and may hereafter be found during business hours in his office at the court house.

MAYOR'S COURT, TUESDAY, JAN. 30 .- Alex. Jones, a negro soldier, who was arrested on poses. The bill provides that exclusive jurisdic- for a long time. But the time at which they reverse of hostile, as they were assured by her Water street, charged with stealing iron, was tion shall be given to the county courts in cases should be privileged to vote was a question to be owners, or agents, and as they had every reason turned over to the provost marshal.

This case was laid over until to-morrow afternoon for further investigation.

A white man, named John Hall, arrested on the corner of Front and Dock streets, charged released upon giving security for his good be-Dick Simmes, a negro soldier, who was arres-

public streets, was turned over to the military 8. M. Moody and A. Those, policemen, charged with neglect of duty, were returned to their post. Two negro men, named Dick Potter and Wm.

trate's court. SPECIAL MAGISTRATE'S COURT, January 30 .-Richard Potter and William Johnson, two negro premises of Mr. George McDuffie, the said hogs being the property of Mr. A. J. Westbrooks. As the witnesses for the defence were not present, the case was laid over until to-morrow at ten licitation of Mr. McLean. o'clock, the accused in the meantime being committed to jail, in default of security for their appearance before this court to-morrow.

Jim McKinnon, also colored, accused of having stolen a gun and some clothing, the profault of a bond of two hundred dollars was committed to jail to await trial at the next term of the New Hanover County Court, which meets in Wilmington on the second Monday in the ensuing month.

THE PE DEE BRIDGE REPAIRED .- We are in-THE CONCERT TO-NIGHT, -As has been the case formed that the rainroad bridge over the Pe Dee

sides adding to the comforts of traveling, it will have some effect upon the mails, and will varieties of talent of as high an order, all the parts harmonizing together so well as a whole. ter, however, will hardly be accomplished until the bridge over the Brunswick river is completed, which, it is hoped, will be brought to pass in about three weeks time, thereby making the depot of the road at the old place on the west side of Cape Fear river, instead of as now, at

# TELEGRAPH CONGRESS.

Bill for Protection in Civil Rights.

### Amendment Defining the Rights of Citizenship. HHT 3-41-25-1G

### Horrible Murder at Faison's Depot.

V. JOHNSON ELECTED U. S. SENATORS FROM GEORGIA.

### Congressional.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30. The Senate, to-day, was engaged in the discussion of the bill giving protection to persons in

their civil rights. Mr. Trumbull withdrew his amendment offered yesterday relative to declaring all persons of African descent, born in the United States, citizens thereof, and substituted one that all persons born in the United States, or not subjects of any

The House recommended the constitutional amendment in relation to representation, without Dram Tree. This latter undertaking is expected instructions to the committee on reconstruction, and afterwards went into consideration of the Senate bill to enlarge the powers of the freed-

### Murder at Faison's Depot.

MAGNOLIA, Jan. 30. A man, understood to be a Sweed, was murdered at Faison's station on Sunday night, and his body placed so that the train passed over it. are still laying on the track, badly disfigured by

# The Georgia Senatorial Election.

MILLEDGEVILLE, Jan. 30. Hon. Alex. H. Stephens was elected United States Senator on the first ballot. The vote was as follows: Stephens 152; Hill 38; Scattering anonymously, reflecting upon a third party, and | 1. Mr. Stephens did not consent to the use of his name. Hon. Herschel V. Johnson was elected on the sixth ballot.

# BY MAIL.

### NORTH CAROLINA LEG-ISLATURE.

CALLED SESSION.

SENATE. SATURDAY, Jan. 27.

Prayer by the Rev. Mr. Hudson. Mr. Winstead, from the committee to whom vas referred the memorial from citizens of Cum-

berland against the distillation of grain, reported the same back, and asked to be discharged from its further consideration. Mr. McLean moved that the memorial be recommitted to the committee that they may state heir reasons for asking to be discharged from its further consideration, which was, he supposed,

the fact that the whole matter is now before the Senate in an engrossed bill from the House. of mere money demands, except where the decided by Congress.

amount comes within the jurisdiction of justices A partial reorganization of the southern states Stephen Freeman and James Quince, boys of the peace. 2d. That suits may be brought has taken place. The leaders in the rebellion ter in so mild a light, and the unsuccessful countries of the peace. both, and negros ditto, were arrested on Seventh street, charged with beating another negro boy.

after January 1, 1867, on one-fourth of principal street, charged with beating another negro boy.

after January 1, 1867, on one-fourth of principal sel were obliged to retire without having effected must serve the union, and must, therefore, remain the object of their appeal. At noon to-day Messre. that proportion has either been previously paid in it, and as citizens render obedience to the Andrews, Evarts and Choate again waited on Mr. or tendered. In cases of a merely equitable nalaws. We had no right to expect that they would Dickinson, and renewed their application for a

exclusively before the Superior Court. The principal of the act with reference to ac- whether it would be safe to admit them in their would become a privateer, as intended by her tions for debts, are applied to suits heretofore present condition, with nearly one half of their owners. ted for recklessly discharging firearms on the transferred from the County to the Superior population excluded from citizenship, and that

than a year since, are to be revived by sci. fa. have recently been in rebellion, that the union chants who are acquainted with the character of which is to be made returnable 12 months after will be in a very slim minority, and think it no the vessels which enter the service of the com-

ship company, was, under a suspension of the local affairs of those states. rule, on motion of Mr. Eure, passed three times. The bill to incorporate the minister's relief society, was read a second time and tabled.

ing the provisions of the bill applicable to Raleigh, a minority strong enough to exact just terms of board, and this, it is believed, was to be used for but subsequently with down him was to be used for but subsequently withdrew his motion at the so- reorganization. In conclusion, he said :

Message received from the house proposing to pose to leave the question of the admission of the event of the action of the authorities here being event of the action of the authorities here being the footbasis into a contemporary and sold the sold the sold and sold the sol already exists covering the grounds. go forthwith into an election for seven trustees of southern states with the two Houses of Congress. sustained, the vessel will be condemned and sold, the University of North Carolina which makes the desired and sold. the University of North Carolina, which was con- [Applause.] curred in, and the senate proceeded to ballot.

Mr. J. M. Leach offered the following resolu-

Salem female academy was read a second time. Mr. Boner submitted some well-timed remarks, advocating the bill, after which it was passed through its several readings.

Mr. Cowles introduced a bill to amend an act entitled an act for the relief of landlords. Senate then adjourned until Monday morning erwise.

### HOUSE OF COMMONS.

SATURDAY, Jan. 27. The House met at 10 e'clock. Prayer by Rev.

BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS. Mr. Simmons a resolution instructing the judiciary committee to inquire into the expediency of adopting a homestead law.

Mr. Hoke a bill to incorporate the English and American vine growing, mining and manufacturing company. Mr. Smith, of Columbus, a resolution instruct-

ing the judiciary committee to inquire into the

expediency of amending section 18, chap. 46, Mr. Jenkins, of Gaston, a bill to incorporate the High Shoal Railroad Company. Mr. Jones, of Columbus, a bill to amend the

Mr. Whitley a bill for the relief of guardians. A bill in favor of Briggs & Dodd; a bill to attach the county of Mitchell to the 8th judicial circuit, and a bill to incorporate the Weldon En-

terprise and Loan Company, passed their final The bill to punish horse stealing being read, Mr. Henry moved to strike out the words "or her" from the clause prescribing the penalty. He wished to exempt the female sex from the degrading punishment of the pillory. The bill prescribes whipping for the first offence and death

for the second. Mr. Waugh said this exception would in effect license the business of horse stealing by women.

Mr. Chandler moved to lay the bill on the table. Rejected. Mr. Smith, of Hertford, remarked that the amendment would not alter the operation of the

The amendment was rejected, but subsequently adopted. Mr. Jenkins moved to amend by adding to the

Mr. Henry moved to amend by providing that the felon's head be chopped off. Withdrawn. On motion of Mr. Smith the bill was so

amended as to make the bill operative from and Mr. Hutchison moved to amend by adding after the penalty to the first offence, the words but beyond an expression from the president

Adopted. The bill then passed its third and last reading. Mr. Waugh moved that a message be sent to the senate proposing to go into an election for bell for Mexico is not deferred because of an apseven trustees of the University. Agreed to. Mr. Smith, a resolution authorizing the public

treasurer to employ an extra clerk during this session of the assembly. Adopted. A number of gentlemen were nominated by their respective friends for trustees of the Uni-

A message was received from the senate concurring in the proposition of the house to go forthwith into an election for trustees, and the house proceeded to vote by ballot. The result pending the house adjourned to Monday morning ten o'clock.

# WASHINGTON.

Secretary Harlan on the Readmission of the South.

POSITION OF THE PRESIDENT.

of Pennsylvanians Interview with the President.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.

VIEWS OF SECRETARY HARLAN To-night a large number of citizens of Iowa together with other friends of Secretary Harlan, repaired to his residence and complimented him with a serenade. Mr. Harlan expressed the delight he experienced in receiving this visit from and the ship seized, as above stated.

Speaking of the end of the war, he touched upon the question of the readmission of the southern states into the union and the terms thereof. He thought that no statesman would hold that if the negros and their posterity are to ney Dickinson, and made strenuous efforts to remain, and he did not suppose any idea was en- have the vessel released, and allowed to proceed Mr. A. J. Jones introduced a bill regulating tertained of transporting them, that they and to sea. the jurisdiction of the courts and for other pur- their posterity could be deprived of citizenship

ture jurisdiction is left with the courts of equity. at once acquiese in admitting those who were release of the vessel. They met with no better All actions for torts, or for anything but a once their slaves to equal rights and citizenship. success than on yesterday, however, having failed purely money demand, are recognizable only and But the safety of the public is more important. to shake the impression foremost on the District

Courts, which are to be sent back to the County half the most loyal part of the population. They surrounds this new aquatic sensation. It was fear that under the present organization with the stated that she was going to Panama, and also All judgments rendered during the war, more local governments in the hands of those who that her destination was China. Shipping merits test, and time given till the second term there- more than right that those who recently had mercial marine, are at a loss to understand why their hands red with the blood of the loyal peo: a vessel, intended for the Panama and China The bill to incorporate the Albemarle steam- ple of the country, should not fully manage the trade, should go to sea with no freight or cargo

edge to participate in all the rights of citizenship, as soon as it can be discovered (or not discovered but he had been soon as it can be discovered to a soon as it can be dis He doubted whether the negros had the knowlbut he had never disguised his belief that it was ed) who the real owners or agents of the vessel safer to trust an ignorant loyal man than a wise are. The ship has not been thoroughly searched, Mr. Jones, of Wake, moved to amend, by makmen, in order to secure, if not a majority, at least

A large quantity of heavy plank was found on
A large quantity of heavy plank was found on

fail to discuss these opinions, or urge my convic- she was to take on board. She had fifty-three Mr. Bynum from the committee on the judiciations in the proper quarter. Nor am I disposed to say to-night, that such views will be distastety towns; and informing the Senate that a law republic. Heretofore he has had the capacity to the consideration of the secretary of state, the speak for himself. I believe it has been his pur- matter being of a national importance. In the

THE POSITION OF THE PRESIDENT. in Congress has had a very good effect. There doubt is entertained as to what the Meteor was Resolved, That the committee on the judiciary is a more general disposition among the members intended to accomplish on the ocean. By some instructed to inquire intended to inquire intended to inquire intended to inquire intended to accomplish on the ocean. be instructed to inquire into the legal liabilities of the House—especially among those who have it is believed that she has been purchased by the of administrators and guardians, as to the assets and depreciated corrections in their head aloof—to cultivate friendly relations with their head aloof—to cultivate friendly relations with the control of the House—especially among those who have it is believed that she has been purchased by the control of the House—especially among those who have it is believed that she has been purchased by the control of the House—especially among those who have it is believed that she has been purchased by the control of the House—especially among those who have it is believed that she has been purchased by the control of the House—especially among those who have it is believed that she has been purchased by the control of the House—especially among those who have it is believed that she has been purchased by the control of the House—especially among those who have it is believed that she has been purchased by the control of the House—especially among those who have it is believed that she has been purchased by the control of the House—especially among those who have it is believed that she has been purchased by the control of the House—especially among those who have it is believed that she has been purchased by the control of the House—especially among those who have it is believed that she has been purchased by the control of the House—especially among those who have it is believed that she had aloof—to cultivate friendly relations with the control of the House—especially among those who have it is believed that the control of the House—especially among those who have it is believed that the control of the House—especially among those who have it is believed that the control of the House—especially among the control of the House—espe and depreciated currency in their hands during the president, and many have been to see him. Ing the entire Spanish fleet, which, those who the war, and at its termination and design the president, and many have been to see him. the war, and at its termination, and report what He is desirous of such interviews, and he is perfectly free and frank in expressing his sentiments. New York Commercial.

A number of house bills had their first read- He adheres tenaciously to his policy recognizing the southern states as in the union, that the existing state governments are perfectly legitimate and valid, and that they are entitled to representation, but that none but perfectly leyal men should be admitted to seats in Congress. He also continues to be utterly opposed to the imposi-

tien of conditions of admission of the states, either by amendment of the constitution or oth-THE TENNESSEE MEMBERS.

There are strong evidences of a growing dis-position in the House in favor of taking early action upon the admission of the Tennessee members, in consequence of the recent liberal action of the legislature of that state. It is quite probable that a resolution for the admission of these representatives may be reported at an early day by the committee on reconstruction, or introduced by some member.

GEN. SHERMAN IN THE SENATE CHAMBER. Major General Sherman entered the senate chamber in company with his brother, senator Sherman, this afternoon, while the senate was in session. Immediately a general buzz and hum of suppressed voices broke forth among the numerous auditors in the galleries, and there was a rush to get in favorable positions for a good view of the military hero. The senators one by one approached the general and warmly shook him by the hand. For a time he was surrounded by admiring friends, and the business of the senate was almost suspended during the reception. General Sherman came here on official business, and it is said will remain for the coming next week with generals Sheridan, Meade and Thomas, all of whom are ordered here to form a military convention and to consult as to the condition of affairs in their several departments. INTERVIEW OF PENNSYLVANIANS WITH THE PRESI-

A delegation of influential Pennsylvanian unionists, embracing a portion of the Congressional delegation, were accorded an interview with the president last evening. Their object was a consultation upon the question of reconstruction, and the conversation that ensued on both sides was of the most frank and generous character. The president did not hesitate to reassert in the clearest manner, the principles which governed him upon the question under consideration, and he declared that it was his unalterable purpose to stand by them. The representatives of the south, he said, should be admitted, and the action of the majority in denying them represenpenalty for the first offence "that he be branded tation was dwelt upon as wrong and dangerous. on the left cheek with the letters H. T." Re- They should have been admitted immediately. he continued, on the presentation of their proper

The president was, as usual, very pleasant in the expression of his opinions, but he was, at the same time, as immovable as Gibraltar

During the interview, the passage of the House bill, conferring universal suffrage, was alluded to "shall be branded on the left hand with the let- that he thought the agitation of the question imters H. T., at the discretion of the Court. proper, at the present time, nothing positive with reference to his position was ascertained MR. CAMPBELL'S MISSION.

\* It is asserted that the departure of Mr. Campparent unwillingness on the part of the Senate to confirm him, but because the government has hinted to him that it would be advisable to remain, and await "further instructions." As I informed you weeks ago, it is not at all probable that Mr. Campbell will ever leave for Mexico.

# THE SUPPOSED PRIVATEER.

Her Mysterious Character. THE MATTER TO BE REFERRED TO THE

SECRETARY OF STATE.

What Will be Done With Her.

The steamer Meteor, which was seized yesterday by the United States Marshal, on a monition or order issued by Judge Betts, is now lying at

the Wall street ferry (Brooklyn side), in charge of two officers attached to the Marshal's office. The proceedings against the vessel were commenced on statements made by the Spanish Consul, who moved in the matter for the purpose of protecting the commerce of his nation against

privateering. Learning that the Meteor had received a clearance from the Custom House authorities, and believing that her character was of a hostile nature as well as apprehending that she was intended for the Chilian service against the Spanish Navy, he at once applied to the United States District Attorney Dickinson, and caused a libel to be filed against the vessel. The monition was then issued

APPLICATION FOR RELEASE. Yesterday afternoon Messrs. ex-Governor Andrew, of Massachusetts, and William M. Evarts, and Joseph H. Choate, of the law firm of Evarts, Southmayd & Choate, called upon District Attor-

They stated that her character was the very

Mr. Dickinson, however, failed to view the mat-Many of our wisest financiers doubt very much Attorney's mind, that the vessel, once at sea.

CONSIDERABLE MYSTERY on board. This matter may be cleared up in a day or two.

the construction of a forward deck, sufficient to "I need hardly say that during the brief period carry a 300-pound gun, which, according to in-The question then recurring on the passage of I may remain in my present position, I shall not formation received at the district attorney's office,

WHAT WILL BE DONE. Mr. Dickinson will probably refer the case to the proceeds, of course, to be handed over to

Among the national officials in this city no