

THE SUN,
A DAILY DEMOCRATIC NEWSPAPER,
PUBLISHED BY THE SUN ASSOCIATION, IN
WILMINGTON, NORTH CAROLINA, EVERY
MORNING EXCEPT MONDAY, AND MAILED,
OR DELIVERED IN THE CITY BY CARRIER,
TO SUBSCRIBERS AT THE FOLLOWING UNIFORM
RATES: FOR ONE MONTH, 60 CENTS;
THREE MONTHS, \$1.75; SIX MONTHS, \$3.50;
TWELVE MONTHS, \$7.00.
ADVERTISEMENTS INSERTED IN REGULAR
ADVERTISING COLUMNS FOR \$1.00 PER
SQUARE ONE DAY, \$2.00 PER SQUARE
ONE WEEK, \$5.00 PER SQUARE ONE
MONTH, \$20.00 PER SQUARE THREE
MONTHS, \$35.00 PER SQUARE SIX MONTHS,
\$50.00 PER SQUARE TWELVE MONTHS.
CONTRACTS MADE FOR OTHER SPACE AND
TIME AT PROPORTIONATELY LOW RATES.
SPECIAL NOTICES ARE CHARGED 20 CENTS
A LINE FOR FIRST, AND 15 CENTS A LINE
FOR EACH SUBSEQUENT, INSERTION.
INTERESTING CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.
ADDRESS: THE SUN,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

The Sun.
CICERO W. HARRIS, Editor.
WEDNESDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 6, 1878.
THE GREAT DEMOCRATIC PARTY.

We are of those who never lose faith in the people. They go wrong sometimes. Frequently they are deceived. But their final judgment is next to the Divinity in its wisdom and potency.

The Democratic party of America is what its name imports. With all its faults—and we love it with every fault and blunder included—it is the popular party, the party of progressive and vital freedom. It changes not its cardinal demand for honest men to execute honest measures, but it is flexible in taking into its ancient, growing, tree grafts of fresher generations. The great Democratic party is not moribund. It cannot die until liberally itself dies. It is the people's party, and the people love it and cling to it.

The elections, yesterday, may have defeated some cherished plans. We do not think that there has been a serious miscarriage anywhere, however. But, suppose some one well beloved son of the party is beaten at the polls, it will not affect the future of the Democracy. Whether gains were made, or losses sustained—and 'Tix Sun' is hopeful, very sanguine—the party, with its organization, and above all its aims, is intact, and will make itself felt in the affairs of the country.

The history of this party is wonderful. Changing its spirit on some questions in the ninety years of its existence, absorbing new elements, putting forward leaders differing in many respects from those of early times, it still preserves its distinctive features. What it was in Jefferson's day it is now—the upholder of the sovereign right of the people to hear and determine for themselves all great questions of trade, finance and governmental policy. The thunderous voice of Jackson, it is true, finds no echo. But the times are changed, and we change with them. For Jacksonism we have Thurmanism and Bayardism. For Silas Wright and Marcy we have Hendricks and Ransom. The age is more pacific. Democracy follows the age—the same in the things it advocates; changed only in the manner of their advocacy.

This glorious party, as THE SUN chooses calmly and with deliberation to call the Democracy, has a future before it as bright as its past. The clouds that have environed it since the war are being rapidly dissolved. Presently the sunlight of triumph will stream in more than the proud glory of Marcano or Sadova over the war-worn line of the party of Jefferson and Jackson, of Davis and Yancey, of Bayard and Gordon.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.
Edison chews and smokes.
Mr. Hawl is a citizen of Rome, N. Y.
Dufferin is to be made a Marquis. Markis is willing.—Free Press.
Mrs. Stonewall Jackson is in Augusta, the guest of Mr. John M. Clark.

A new book in press is called "Merely a Shadow." It is supposed to be a biography of Hon. Alexander H. Stephens.—Norristown Herald.

When the ex-Empress Eugenie arrived at Dover from Ostend recently, on her return to Chislehurst, she slipped on the pier and fell on her face, but was not damaged.

"I shall, like Cincinnatus, return to my dray as soon as my mission is accomplished," said Mr. Kearney in a recent speech. But, if we remember rightly, the distinguished founder of Cincinnati was not engaged in the dray business.—Free Press.

Progress in France.
New York Herald.
With what has been now actually gained in the choice of Senatorial electors it appears to be certain that the renewal to be made in January next will give the Republicans a majority in the French Senate. The is an important success, as indicating the faith with which the French people contemplate the Republican machinery of government. And the France that has thus declared its faith in Republican ideas is not that France of universal suffrage whose verdict has been decided by all the reactionary elements as that of ignorance, prejudice and fanatical popular passion, but it is France consulted in a way contrived by the enemies of the Republic as one most likely to bring out that sentiment which it has been believed was opposed to Democratic ideas. At last, therefore, even that France is convinced that it is time to try sincerely and honestly the only political system that is no longer a conspiracy. Both representative bodies will now, therefore, be republican, and these on joint ballot, will elect the next President, who will certainly be a republican of whose faith and principles there can be no doubt.

FROM WASHINGTON.
Official Views on the Silver Question.

THE COMING REPORTS FROM THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT.
A dispatch from Washington states that Secretary Sherman, in his annual report to Congress, will discuss at length the question of silver, and will give an account of the operations of the silver act up to the present time. He believes that the law should be modified, and will recommend several changes. Mr. Sherman thinks that the issue of silver should be limited, and will ask Congress to fix a limit beyond which the coinage of silver dollars shall not go. The Secretary thinks that the gradual retirement of all National bank notes and the denomination of five dollars will increase the issue of silver dollars. Under the National bank laws the issue of one and two dollar National bank notes will cease upon the return to specie payment, and as there is no doubt that resumption will be an established fact on the 2nd of January next, there will be no more small National bank notes issued, and those already issued will be retired as fast as they come into the Treasury. The Secretary thinks it so far as to recommend the repeal of the silver act, but, on the contrary, he is satisfied that gold and silver may go side by side as money.

The report of Dr. Lindenman, the director of the mint, has been finished. He will refer at length to the coinage of the new silver dollar and give the capacity of the mint to issue it. He will also refer to the extent to which the coinage will go, unless some limit is established, and it is probable he will express the opinion that the total amount should not exceed a hundred millions. The director will also have something to say about the supply of the precious metals, but, taking advantage of his previous experiences, will not refer to any mine or corporation. He will estimate the supply of bullion for the next year, both from quartz and hydraulic mining.

Mr. Knox, controller of the currency in his annual report, will, as usual, defend the national banks, and declare the system the best that has ever been devised. He could not be a stronger advocate of the system if he was the paid attorney of the two young school teachers of Philadelphia who are suing the national banks to be allowed to issue their own currency. In his last report Mr. Knox said that there was no doubt that the national banks would be prepared to redeem their circulating notes at any date of resumption which might be fixed upon. The controller will renew his recommendations in his last report, and make no new ones of importance.

RAILROAD ACCOUNTS.
The new auditor of railroad accounts under the Pacific railroad act will soon have already begun to have trouble with the subsidy companies. As required by law he called upon the various companies which had received government aid (about forty-five in number) for reports of their earnings, etc. Some of the roads complied with the demand and others refused. Among those that refused was the Central Pacific Company. The Secretary of the Interior will accordingly transmit the formal report of the auditor of the Attorney General setting forth the refusal of Leland Stanford, president of the Central Pacific Company, and ask that proceedings on behalf of the United States be begun under the fifth section of the act. The penalty for the violation of its provisions is not less than \$1,000 and not more than \$5,000. The courts will thus be called upon to decide the question, and ultimately to test the constitutionality of the law.

The roads in question, as decided by the Secretary of the Interior and the Attorney General, are divided as follows: First, those which received a subsidy of bonds; second, those which received a grant of lands directly from the United States, and third, those which received lands from the United States under the latter by the States under grants made to the latter by the States. Officers of roads under each of these classes have acknowledged that the law included their lines. All roads belonging to any of the above classes, which have not yet complied with the law, are wholly or partly west of a meridian passing through the mouth of the Missouri river, have been entered in the auditor's list as legally bound to report to his office.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS.
Mr. Hill, the supervising architect of the treasury, has prepared his annual report and submitted it to the secretary. The list of government buildings finished since his last annual report includes those in New York, Jersey City, Dover, Del., Raleigh, N. C., Parkersburg, W. Va., and Covington, Ky. The cost of the New York building is found to have been about \$8,000,000. Work has gone on at satisfactory rates of progress upon all the public buildings now in course of erection. The estimate for the Philadelphia building for the next year is \$500,000. Mr. Hill thinks that at the present rates of appropriation it will require at least three years to finish the structure, but it could be done in two with adequate appropriations. The appropriation of \$450,000 for the present year is about half exhausted.

The Business Outlook.
Baltimore Sun.
It cannot be said, perhaps, that there is yet such a revival of business and resumption of industries as to fully employ all the labor of the country, and at the high prices which prevailed prior to 1873, yet there are cheerful and encouraging evidences on all sides of a better and much improved state of things, both for labor and trade. The positive effects of the frost are not less seen in Memphis, Vicksburg, New Orleans and the other places lately scourged by the yellow fever, and absentees and new recruits are rushing to those cities from all points, while business is said to be "springing into activity beyond expectation." October has generally been a busy month throughout the whole country, showing greatly increased returns over the same month of last year. There is some sympathy in our export market with the disturbed state of affairs in Europe, but buying and selling, both wholesale and retail, is brisker in all lines of goods, and this has stimulated manufacturing in a very encouraging degree. The trade journals report throughout the Middle States a greater employment for the leading industries than at any time since the panic. The glass manufacturers at Pittsburgh are doing an improved business, and the manufacturers of hardware, steel and iron, and the country trade at the great distributing cities of the West are all spoken of as being in a thrifty state. We learn from Boston, also, of an improvement in the boot and shoe manufacture of the most marked description. The manufacturers all without exception, using the McKay & Bigelow healing machine, and paying a royalty for each pair of heels made by it, the statistics of the manufacturer can be very accurately kept, the receipts of the company owning the machine indicating the exact number of boots and shoes made. The revival began in September, and there are said to have been more boots and shoes made in that month than during any single month in the year. The quantity of the industry, the number turned out being at the rate of fifty million pair per annum, against twenty-five million

pair for nine months in 1877. The sales are good; they are made more largely for cash than ever before, and the trade is represented to be in a flourishing condition.

Dean Stanley.
The genial Dean Stanley, who is shortly to leave for England, has been overwhelmed with courtesies since he has been in this country, and, coming here for his health, his powers have been taxed by the desire of congregations to hear him preach, and of others to hear him speak. On Friday he assisted at the "All Saints' Day" services in Trinity Church, New York, and in discoursing of the Greek, the Latin, the Lutheran and the Calvinistic Churches, he had something to say that was good of them all. The same evening he attended the reception of the clergy and laity of the Methodist Episcopal Church at which he warmly praised the labors of John Wesley. On Saturday he was the guest of the Century Club, where he spoke humorously of his experiences and warmly of the kindness and hospitality that had been everywhere extended to him. The broad church views of the Dean are fairly set forth by his text at Trinity, which was "Many members of one body."—Many members of one body.

A Wiltshire Hoax.
A dispatch from Thompson, New York, states that the terrible story recently telegraphed from that place in regard to the murder of a school mistress and the cutting out of her tongue, in a village of Pennsylvania, in that vicinity, is extremely hard to verify, and is now believed to be without the slightest foundation. This story, it is said, was first put afloat last summer, and it has come to be regarded as a smart joke among the village loungers, and is repeated by them with great assumed seriousness to all credulous strangers. The hoax is a wise one, and discreditable to the telegraphers.

An Illinois Tragedy.
Rock Island, Ill., Nov. 1, 1878.—Between four and five o'clock this afternoon a tragic shooting affair occurred at the little town of Milan, three miles southwest of this city. The victim is Miss Mary Buffum, a young school teacher of possessing appearance. She was on her way home from school when she was overtaken by Frank Sturgeon, a young man about twenty-five years of age, who drew a revolver and fired two shots, both taking effect in the abdomen, with probably fatal result. Sturgeon had been engaged to Miss Buffum for some months, but she seems to have discarded him.

Substituting the Nettle for the Flax.
The cultivation of the nettle as a fibrous plant, which may yet take the place of hemp and possibly of flax, has for the last few years attracted much attention in Germany. A pamphlet recently published in Leipzig, by Madame Von Roessler Lade, and an article from a leading German newspaper, both bearing testimony to the value of the nettle as a substitute for hemp, have been received at the Department of State from the American consul at Bremen and referred to the agricultural department for such investigation as that department may determine to give it.

Woman suffrage has been discussed anew in the Vermont Legislature, the immediate question being whether women should be permitted to vote for school trustees. Judge Poland advocated the restriction of the privilege to unmarried women, because he deemed married women sufficiently represented by their husbands. The entire measure was voted down.

TO THE DEMOCRATIC CONSERVATIVE PARTY OF NORTH CAROLINA.
The State Executive Committee congratulates the Democratic Conservative Party of North Carolina upon the result of the recent Congressional elections at the North. These elections clearly indicate three things which are of the greatest importance to the people of this country: First, that the Republican party are unwilling for the Republic to be divided into two parties, and are unwilling to ally themselves with the Democrats; second, that the Democrats do not meet with popular favor, and, as a separate organization, have utterly failed to impress themselves upon the country; and lastly, that the star of the Democratic party is still in the ascendant, and the people are looking to that party as the only one capable of restoring prosperity to the country, and able to administer the government on those constitutional and just principles, which are essential alike to the happiness of our citizens and to the perpetuity of our institutions. Thus in the election of the next Congress will be Democratic by a considerable majority, and it is only necessary for the Democrats of the South to remain steadfast in their allegiance to our organization, and our triumph will be complete. We therefore urge upon the Republicans on which are inscribed Reconciliation, Home Rule and Financial Reform, shall trail in the dust, or shall be forced to victory.

Every patriotic citizen of policy and of patriotism then urges us to prepare immediately for the approaching political struggle. Be assured, fellow-citizens, that without preparation, it will be impossible to achieve success. Let us not by our apathy, our lukewarmness and our divided political action, weaken the power of that party which alone has been able to check Republican corruption and to arrest the progress of our government towards a centralized despotism. Let us be steadfast in our devotion to principle, true to our organization and endeavor by every means to discontinue those independent and disorganizing bodies which are the bane of our party, and which are chosen by the Democratic party in Convention assembled. In particular we desire to repeat what we have often urged—the necessity of thorough local organization. It is the town ship committees who are charged with the most important of all party duties. To them is committed the duty of supervising the election, and of devising means to bring out every Democratic voter to the polls. They ought to meet frequently and advise and take counsel together how best to promote the fortunes of that party, on whose success depends so largely the prosperity of themselves and of their posterity. In every township, in every neighborhood, there ought to be an appropriate committee of efficient and prudent party men, who will undertake to see that every Democrat in the precinct comes to the polls and casts his ballot for our nominee. We therefore urge upon the townships, committees; and if in any township it is neglected, we appeal to our Democratic friends there to send their conveyances for all their neighbors who otherwise might not attend the polls.

Let it be clearly understood in every locality that he who fails to vote for our nominee, gives half a vote to the Republican party, and that the Conservative who casts his vote for an independent is taking the surest means to break up and destroy the only party which can give relief to our afflicted country. We warn our fellow-citizens that great ends can be accomplished except at the cost of some inconvenience, and often through the sacrifice of our personal preferences; and we appeal to every man who has the good of the people at heart to give a portion of his individual preferences, cast his ballot for the nominee of the Conservative party.

For the Committee:
S. A. ASHE, Ch'n.

JACKSON & BELLI.
Printers.
Publishers.
Blank-Book Manufacturers.

AMERICA'S GRAND NOVELTY!
OPERA HOUSE.
WEDNESDAY EVENING, NOV. 6, 1878.
The justly celebrated and great original
Mme. RENTZ'S MINSTRELS
and the superb and peerless
MABEL SANTLEY'S BURLESQUE CO.
Absolutely the most brilliant, novel and attractive entertainment in the world, embracing the following (Gigantic Constellation of Stars): Mabel Santley, Marie Pascoe, Emily Hudspeth, Kate Raynham, Florie Pimms, May Ten Brock. (From the principal cities of America): Rosa Lee, Hattie Forrest, Lida Kenyon, Blanche Meader, J. E. Henshaw, Jas. Collins, Sallie Adams, McDermott, Sisters, Lulu Mortimore, Juliette Pascal, John Gilbert, H. Henry, A. J. Talbot—presenting a magnificent repertoire of European and American sensations. Notwithstanding the immense expense, prices will remain as usual. Reserved seats secured three days in advance, at Heinsberger's Live Book Store.
A. S. LEAVITT, Gen'l Ag't.
Nov 3-5d, 5th, 6th.

WILMINGTON & WELDON RAILROAD CO.,
OFFICE OF GEN'L SUPERINTENDENT,
Wilmington, N. C., June 1, 1878.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.
ON AND AFTER MONDAY, JUNE 24, 1878, at 3:15 P. M., Passenger Trains on the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad will run as follows:
DAY MAIL AND EXPRESS TRAIN, DAILY.
Leave Wilmington, Front St. Depot, 8:50 A. M.
Arrive at Weldon, 3:10 P. M.
Leave Weldon, 6:15 A. M.
Arrive Wilmington, Front St. Depot, 7:35 P. M.
NIGHT MAIL AND EXPRESS TRAIN, DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.
Leave Wilmington, Front St. Depot, 7:50 P. M.
Arrive at Weldon, 3:10 A. M.
Leave Weldon, 6:15 A. M.
Arrive Wilmington, Front St. Depot, 10:45 A. M.
Trains on Tarboro Branch Road leave Rocky Mount for Tarboro at 2:30 P. M., Daily, and Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 5:00 P. M. Returning, leave Tarboro at 10:15 A. M., Daily, at Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 7:30 P. M.

WILMINGTON, COLUMBIA & AUG. R. R. CO.,
OFFICE OF GEN'L SUPERINTENDENT,
Wilmington, N. C., June 1, 1878.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.
ON AND AFTER SUNDAY, JUNE 2, at 9 A. M. the following Schedule will run on this Road:
DAY EXPRESS AND MAIL TRAIN, DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.
Leave Wilmington, 10:25 A. M.
Arrive at Florence, 3:30 P. M.
Leave Florence, 6:20 A. M.
Arrive at Wilmington, 7:30 A. M.
NIGHT EXPRESS TRAIN, DAILY.
Leave Wilmington, 7:25 P. M.
Leave Florence, 11:47 P. M.
Arrive at Columbia, 3:25 A. M.
Leave Columbia, 6:40 A. M.
Arrive at Wilmington, 8:30 A. M.

LITTELL'S Living Age.
ISSUED EVERY SATURDAY.
The LIVING AGE gives 52 numbers of 64 pages each, or more than three and a quarter thousand double-column octavo pages of reading matter yearly. The ablest and most cultivated intellects in Europe, and especially in Great Britain, write for it.
Eight dollars a year, free of postage. Extra copy to the getter-up of club of subscribers.
LITTELL & GAY,
Oct 28-1f 17 Broomfield street, Boston.

EUGENE L. HARRIS,
CRAYON PORTRAITS,
CHAPEL HILL, N. C.

DEGS LEAVE TO CALL YOUR ATTENTION to his Portraits in Crayon. Persons wishing good pictures of themselves or of deceased friends, can have them nicely executed by sending him a photograph to work from. A good photograph is necessary to insure a good likeness. The prices below include postage by mail, on roller. A neat frame of Walnut and gilt will be furnished to those who desire it at \$1.50 and \$2.00.
PRICES:
Size 14x17 inches \$ 5.00
Life Size (bust) 10.00

TO RENT, WITHOUT BOARD
TWO LARGE AND COMFORTABLE FURNISHED BED ROOMS, in a good neighborhood, and near the business portion of the city. Convenient to the Postoffice and Railroad Depots. Apply at
Nov 1-1f THIS OFFICE.

800 SELECTED SECOND HAND SPIRIT Casks, warranted merchantable, at \$1.40.
1,500 Sacks Imported Liverpool Salt, weighing 195 to 200 lbs to the Sack, at 65 cents.
30 Barrels English Ale, Blood, Wolf & Co., 7 dozen to the barrel, at \$1.70 per dozen.
nov1-3t ALEX. SPRUNT & SON.

Green & Flanner,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
DRUGS, MEDICINES, CHEMICALS,
Dyes, Paints, Acids, Varnishes, Oils, Spices, Window-Glass, Soap, Perfumery, Brushes, &c., Garden, Field and Flower Seeds, No. 49 Market Street, Wilmington, N. C.
Oct 30-1f

WILMINGTON SUN.
Daily Democratic Newspaper
for all its purposes, and it will use its money freely in furnishing the people of North Carolina with the latest and most reliable information on all subjects of current interest. Above all things it will be a NEWSPAPER. An yet an important feature of THE SUN's daily issues will be intelligent criticisms of the World's doings. North Carolina matters—Industrial, commercial, educational, social and literary—will receive particular attention. THE SUN will be a

Subscription:
THE WILMINGTON SUN will be furnished to subscribers at the following reasonable and uniform rates:
For one week 15 Cents
" month 60 "
" three months \$1.75
" six 3.50
" twelve 7.00

Advertising:
One Square, (10 lines) one time \$ 1.00
" " " two times 1.50
" " " one week 3.50
" " " one month 9.00
" " " three months 20.00
" " " six months 35.00
" " " twelve months 50.00

Correspondence:
Contracts for other space and time made at proportionately low rates.
Interesting correspondence solicited.
Address, THE SUN,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

South-Atlantic!
A MONTHLY MAGAZINE OF
LITERATURE, SCIENCE AND ART.

The Corps of Contributors includes several of the most distinguished Authors of the present day. A serial story, poems, sketches, reviews, scientific and historical articles will appear in every number. The Magazine will contain only original literature.
Subscription one year \$3.00. Single copy 30 cents.

ADVERTISING TERMS:
1 page one year \$120.00
1/2 " " " " 75.00
1/4 " " " " 50.00
1/8 " " " " 30.00
1 " " " " 15.00
1/2 " " " " 10.00
1/4 " " " " 5.00
Advertisements on cover pages are charged 50 per cent. additional.
Persons who order specimen copies must enclose 30 cents.
MSS. sent for examination will not be returned unless the author sends the requisite number of stamps.
MSS. will not be taken out of the P. O. unless sufficient postage has been prepaid.
Liberal terms to local agents.
CLUBS.—Any person sending us ten yearly subscribers, with the money, will be entitled to one annual subscription.

All communications should be addressed to
Mrs. CICERO W. HARRIS,
Editor and Proprietor,
WILMINGTON, N. C.
Messrs. GOODWIN & LEWIS, 31 N. Calvert Street, Baltimore, Md., General Agents.

NOTICES OF THE PRESS.
(WILMINGTON STAR.)
There is steady improvement.
(NEW YORK WORLD.)
Deserves the support of all Southern readers.
(NEW YORK SUN.)
We wish success to this interesting enterprise.
(WELDON NEWS.)
It is a magazine of merit and we wish it much success.
(CHRONICLE AND CONSTITUTIONALIST.)
It richly deserves the cordial support of all our people.
(BIBLICAL RECORDER.)
It is printed in large, clear type and is a credit to the State.
(GREENSBORO PATRIOT.)
It is ably edited, handsomely printed, and gives promise of being a very, very interesting publication.
(ELIZABETH CITY ECONOMIST.)
Above all creditable. Its contributors are first-class and its mechanical and typographical execution excellent.
(HILLSBORO RECORDER.)
Its list of contributors is an able one and if sustained, will ensure the permanent success of the enterprise.
(WILMINGTON POST.)
It is a first-class literary magazine, and one that the people of this city should be proud of and patronize, as well as the people of the whole State.
(RALEIGH OBSERVER.)
It is needless to say we wish it success, and that we look forward with pride, as well as pleasure, to the result of the enterprise as one that will reflect honor upon the State.
(OXFORD TORCHLIGHT.)
The typographical execution of the magazine is very fine, and in point of appearance, contents, and indeed in all respects it is a publication which most commend itself to the public.
(GRAHAM GLEANER.)
It gives promise of being eminently worthy of public patronage. A commendation of ours would equal a simple statement of the table of its contents, with the names of the contributors, which we give as an evidence of the worth of the periodical.
(FARMER AND MECHANIC.)
Here we have a rich bill of fare from Southern writers, catered by a Southern lady and printed by Southern printers, on Southern paper. Ye who bewail the lack of Southern literature, and home-fostered talent, shall this enterprise live, and expand!
(WILSON ADVANCE.)
The magazine is well gotten up. The subject matter is varied and entertaining, while its typographical appearance is a model of excellence. It is a publication of the highest quality and the exquisite taste and excellent judgment that suggested and directed its consummation.
(NORFOLK VIRGINIAN.)
This publication appeals to the people of the South for a staple support. It richly merits it and we feel we receive it. We know of no Southern literary venture that has exhibited so much merit, united with an evidence of management that must win for it a position in the ranks of magazine literature and hold it.
(PETERSBURG INDEX & APPEAL.)
THE SOUTH-ATLANTIC has this merit over any of its predecessors in the same arena, that its contents are solid, though not heavy, and that so soon appears to have been intended in its production of a trashy and frivolous character. While it continues to adhere to this rule, it will have every claim on Southern and general support, and we sincerely trust it will receive it.
(DANVILLE NEWS.)
This is a most excellent publication—a magazine of high character, an honor to the State and a credit to the whole South. All its pages are filled with articles of superior excellence and interest. It has for its contributors some of the best known authors in the South, is ably edited and neatly printed. This splendid monthly deserves a liberal patronage as a first-class southern enterprise.
(RALEIGH NEWS.)
Peculiarly Southern in its character, and numbering among its contributors some of the best and most vigorous writers in the country, it bears upon its face the stamp of originality and force. The interest of its serial stories has never ceased, while the shorter, casual articles have, and reflects the highest credit upon the work's progress is closely followed. The magazine has from its inception been received with peculiar favor by North Carolinians, nor have its merits failed to reach the most eminent persons of ability everywhere.

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.
Our quotations, it should be understood, represent the wholesale prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

ARTICLES.	PRICES.	
BAGGING—Gunny	00 @ 12	
Double Anchor	00 @ 13 1/2	
Double Anchor	00 @ 14	
Bacon—N. C. Hams	00 @ 00	
N. C. Sides	00 @ 00	
Shoulders	00 @ 00	
Western Hams	12 @ 14	
C. R. Sides	6 1/2 @ 6 3/4	
Smoked	00 @ 7	
D. S. Shoulders	00 @ 5 1/2	
Buffalo Lard	15 @ 16	
Barrels—Spirits Turp.	1.50 @ 1.60	
Second Hand, each	1.50 @ 1.75	
New York, each	2.00 @ 2.25	
Bricks—Wilmington	24 @ 25	
Bricks—Wilmington	7.00 @ 8.00	
Northern	12.00 @ 14.00	
Butter—N. Carolina	15 @ 18	
Northern	20 @ 25	
Candles—Sperm per lb.	25 @ 42	
Tallow, per lb.	00 @ 7 1/2	
Adamantine, per lb.	10 @ 12	
Cheese—Gilt Edge	7 1/2 @ 8 1/2	
Selected Cream, per lb.	11 @ 12	
Coffee—Java, per lb.	28 @ 30	
Rio, per lb.	14 @ 18	
Laguaira, per lb.	08 @ 10	
Cotton—Raw, per lb.	17 @ 20	
COTTON TIES—per 100	00 @ 2 25	
DOMESTIC SHEETING—44,	per yard	6 1/2 @ 7
Yarn, per bunch	90 @ 95	
Eggs	10 @ 12	
No. 1 per 1/2 bbl.	8.50 @ 9.50	
Mackerel, No. 2 per bbl.	12.50 @ 13.00	
No. 3 per 1/2 bbl.	6.00 @ 6.50	
Mackerel, No. 3 per bbl.	6.75 @ 7.00	
Mulberry, per lb.	3.00 @ 4.00	
N. C. Herring, per keg	3.00 @ 4.00	
Dry Cod, per lb.	00 @ 0 1/2	
FERTILIZERS		
Guano, per 100 lbs	37.50 @ 42.50	
Baugh's Phosphate	00 @ 00.00	
Carolina Fertilizer	45 @ 50.00	
Ground Bone	00 @ 00.00	
Boston Phosphate	00 @ 00.00	
Flour	00 @ 00.00	
Nassau Guano	55 @ 60.00	
Complete Manure	00 @ 00.00	
Waldo's Phosphate	00 @ 00.00	
Waldo Phosphate	00 @ 00.00	
Berger & Butz's	00 @ 00.00	
Excellencia Cotton Fertilizer	50 @ 60.00	
Florida Phosphate	00 @ 00.00	
Family, per bbl.	5.50 @ 6.00	
Extra, per bbl.	4.50 @ 5.00	
Super, per bbl.	3.00 @ 4.00	
City Phosphate	00 @ 00.00	
Family, per bbl.	6.00 @ 6.25	
Ex. Family, per bbl.	6.50 @ 6.75	
GLUE—per lb.	7 @ 15	
GRAIN—Corn, in sacks	67 1/2 @ 70	
Corn, cargo, per bushel	62 @ 65	
Corn, mixed, per bushel	62 1/2 @ 65	
Oats, per bushel	45 @ 50	
Peas, Cow, per bushel	75 @ 80	
Hides—Green, per lb.	6 @ 5	
Dry, per lb.	00 @ 2 1/2	
HAY—Eastern, per 100 lbs	0.00 @ 0.00	
Western, per 100 lbs	1.00 @ 1.10	
North River, per 100 lbs	0.00 @ 0.00	
HOOP IRON—per ton	65.00 @ 75.00	
LARD—Northern, per lb.	8 1/4 @ 9	
North Carolina, per lb.	00 @ 10	
LEAD—per lb.	0.00 @ 1.25	
LUMBER—City Steam Sawed—Ship Stud, raw—		
per M feet	18.00 @ 20.00	
per M feet	00.00 @ 15.00	
West India Cargoes, according to quality	M ft 14 @ 18.00	
Dressed Flooring, sea's d	15 @ 25.00	
Scantling and Boards		
Common	13 @ 16.00	
MOLASSES—N. Orleans	30 @ 45	
Cuba, hds.	28 @ 35	
English Island, hds.	30 @ 35	
Port, per bbl.	00 @ 15.00	
Sugar House, hds.	00 @ 21	
Fine Syrup, hds.	40 @ 80	
NAILS—Cut, 4d to 20d	30 @ 3.25	
Keen, per keg	00 @ 1.50	
Lard, per gal.	1.10 @ 1.45	
Lined, per gal.	90 @ 1.00	
Rosin, per gal.	30 @ 40	
POULTRY—per lb.	18 @ 25	
grown		
Spring	12 1/2 @ 30	
PEANUTS—per bushel	75 @ 1.10	
POTATOES—Sweet, 3 bush	00 @ 3.00	
Irish, Northern, per bbl.	2.50 @ 3.00	
PORK—Northern, City Meas	11 @ 12.00	
Thin, per bbl.	00 @ 00.00	
Feathers, per lb.	00 @ 15.00	
Ramps, per bbl.	00 @ 16.00	
RICE—Carolina, per lb.	7 1/4 @ 8	
Rough, per bush.	00 @ 1.00	
RAZOR BLADES, per lb.	1 1/4 @ 1 1/2	
City, per lb.	0 @ 15	
ROPE—per lb.	0 @ 23	
SALT—Alum, per ton	00 @ 75	
Liverpool, per lb.	05 @ 70	
American, per lb.	00 @ 80	
SUGAR—Crushed, per lb.	00 @ 11 1/2	
Standard "A", per lb.	00 @ 10	
Coffee "A", per lb.	00 @ 9 1/2	
White "C", per lb.	00 @ 9	