

# The Wilmington Sun.

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WILMINGTON, N. C., WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 22, 1879.

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## SENATOR VANCE.

### THE ELECTION IN THE TWO HOUSES.

#### The Fall Party Year—The Inauguration of the New Governor.

Special Dispatch.

RALEIGH, N. C., 21st Jan. 21.—The election of United States Senator occurred noon. In the Senate Gov. Vance received thirty-three votes, Buxton twelve, and Merrimon one, cast by Brower, Republican, of Surry county. In the House seventy-seven votes were cast for Buxton thirty-nine, Merrimon one, by Harrison, Republican, of Caswell county, Judge Ashe one, by Jo. Turner.

Vance received every Democratic vote except two, who unavoidably were absent. Several Republicans announced that had there been a contest, they should have voted for Vance, but being none, they supported their caucus nominee, Judge Buxton. There is universal satisfaction at the result among all parties, and it is agreed that the incoming Governor will administer the affairs of the State ably and well; and that the State has not had a better Governor for years, if it ever had.

Vance will resign and Jarvis will be inaugurated the first of next week. There will be a joint session of the Senate and House to-morrow, to compare the vote. H.

Associated Press Dispatch.

RALEIGH, N. C., Jan. 21.—The Legislature has elected Z. B. Vance United States Senator for six years from March 4. He received 110 votes. Judge Buxton, Republican, received 51 votes.

## THE LEGISLATURE.

### Eleventh Day—Saturday Jan. 20.

Raleigh News, Shortleaf.

## SENATE.

By Mr. McEachern, a petition from citizens of Robeson county, concerning the running of Railroad trains on Sunday. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. Nicholson presented a petition from the merchants of Statesville, asking for the repeal of the purchase tax. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

A number of bills were reported. Senate bill 128, an act to incorporate the Bennettsville, S. C., and Hamlet, N. C. Railroad Company was taken up.

After debate Mr. Leach moved that it be postponed and made the special order for Saturday next at 12 o'clock. Prevailed.

Mr. McEachern moved that the rules be suspended and H. B. 62, which changes the time of holding the Superior Courts in the Fourth Judicial District, be taken up. There being no objection, the rules were suspended and the bill passed its several readings.

## HOUSE.

By Mr. Richardson, of Columbus, asking an appropriation by the United States to open Wacamac Lake. Propositions and Grievances.

By Mr. Blocker, asking that Fayetteville be made a port of entry, and that the Cape Fear be improved. Railroads, Post Roads, etc.

By Mr. Scott, to amend Chapter 289, Laws of 1874-75. Judiciary.

By the same, to exempt firemen from poll tax. Propositions and Grievances.

On motion of Mr. Scott, H. B. 188, to incorporate Germania Lodge, No. 4, K. of P., was taken up, but was referred to the Committee on Corporations.

Mr. Lockhart, of committee on Propositions and Grievances, reported on a bill to amend the charter of the Mt. Airy and Central railroad. The bill, as amended, makes the railway tax the Yakin river at Bean Shoals. It also allows county and township subscriptions to the work, and grants the use of 200 convicts. (The road is to run to Ore Knob, in Ashe county.)

On motion of Mr. York, House bill No. 103, in relation to a grant of 200 convicts to the Yakin Valley railroad, was taken up, passed second reading, was referred to the Committee on Internal Improvements, and ordered to be printed.

On motion of Mr. Meares House bill No. 114, it providing for punishment for those who entice sermons from their vessels, was taken up, but after some discussion was referred to the Judiciary Committee.

H. R. 60, in regard to the appointment of a committee to investigate the right of Mr. A. C. Meares, sitting member from Brunswick, to a right to a seat, made special order for the day, was taken up adopted.

S. R. 21, relieving Judge Schenck from fine for failure to hold court, by reason of illness, passed its readings.

H. B. 53, to regulate the rate of interest, making it six per cent legal rate, was postponed and made special order for Friday at noon.

H. B. 71 for the relief of persons confined in the common jails, by requiring the county commissioners to properly heat the jails and otherwise consult the comfort of persons so held.

H. B. 106, to amend sections 8 and 10, Battle's Revisal, in relation to the duties of County Treasurers. Requiring these officers to keep the county funds separate from their own, and to post each month a statement, itemized, of the expenditures, etc. Mr. Vaughan offered an amendment so that any disbursing officer shall come under this act. The bill was explained by Mr. Colwell, who advocated its passage, as did Mr. Bernard, who said it would assist every branch of the county government. The amendment being adopted, the bill then passed its readings.

H. B. 85, to repeal the act allowing the County Commissioners and others to hire out convicts was laid on the table.

H. B. 87, to protect sheep and tax dogs, was laid on the table. It will be replaced by another bill, to be introduced by Mr. Amis.

Bill against tramps, providing for their punishment. Referred.

## PETERSBURG LETTER.

### A Spicy Melange—Cockade Gossp From Grave to Gay.

Special Correspondence.

PETERSBURG, Va., Jan. 20.—The leaden dulness which has hung over this city since the beginning of the new year was somewhat dispelled on Thursday last, when the rumor flew about the streets that a duel was on the tapis between two prominent gentlemen of the city. And, later in the day, it became known that Capt. Wm. E. Hinton, Jr., and Mr. R. H. Glass, Jr., had been brought before the Mayor, charged with intending to engage in a hostile meeting. The evidence not being sufficient to prove this, however, they were discharged.

Mr. R. H. Glass, Jr., is the son of the editor of the Petersburg Post, and Capt. Wm. E. Hinton is a member of the State Senate and was the nominee of the Conservative party, in this district, for Congress in the last campaign, being beaten by Dr. Joseph Jorgensen, Republican.

The Post, although claiming to be a Conservative paper, refused to support the nominee, attacking his public course and charging crookedness in the way the nomination was obtained, and also in the management of the Upper Appomattox Company, of which Capt. Hinton is president. For his course in not supporting the party's nominee, the name of the editor was dropped from the list of members of the Conservative Club, an organization which he had helped to form, Mr. Hinton, also, in a speech at the Academy of Music, denounced him in the severest terms, as a consequence of which, it is stated, Mr. R. H. Glass, Sr., was at that time put under bonds to keep the peace. It was hoped that the matter had come to an end with that, when, to the utter surprise at least of the majority of our citizens, it was again brought before the public by Mr. Glass, Jr. No developments having since taken place, I trust that the affair has blown over.

At Capt. Hinton's request, a special committee of the Senate is now investigating his connection with the Upper Appomattox Company.

Hymen's torch has been burning brightly in this city, no less than three marriages having taken place within the last week, Miss Julia Dalton wedding Mr. T. V. Collins, of this city; Miss Laura Badger, Mr. J. Hampden Slater, of Richmond, and Miss Mary Bolling Kemp, daughter of the late Judge Wyndham Kemp, of Gloucester county, Mr. Joseph E. Washington, of Tennessee.

The last named marriage was solemnized, in magnificent style, in the elegant Tabb Street Presbyterian church. The church was crowded, every available space being occupied, with a most fashionable congregation, and a general hush of admiration followed the appearance of the bride, who is a tall, stately beauty—indeed, several inches taller than her husband—and was an acknowledged belle at the White Sulphur last season. Rumor has it that the bride possesses in her own right the snug little sum of \$20,000.

There has been a greater dearth of amusements in our city this year, than has been known for several years past, all of the best companies, on the "Southern tour," skipping from Richmond to your city, whilst we pine in vain for pretty Genevieve Rogers, super Modjeska, or sound-bangs. Why even down to Frank Wildman and his charming Clara have forgotten us. It is enough to make one cry out with Cicero or some other of those hook-nosed Romans, "O tempora! O mores!"

The last issue of the weekly *Index-Appalachee* contains a very prettily written story, entitled, "The Prodigal Scribe," contributed by a lady of Petersburg who is content to veil her identity under the nom de plume of "Myra."

The elegant new market house which the city is building on the site previously occupied by the dilapidated building known as the "old market," is fast approaching completion. When completed it will be one of the neatest and most sensibly constructed buildings of the kind in the South, an ornament to the city.

The large tobacco factory of Cameron & Brother, which was burned some time ago, is also being rebuilt as quickly as possible. I am sorry to say, though, that no steps have been taken as yet looking to the restoration of the beautiful library building, which was so unnecessarily allowed to fall a prey to fire last year.

Since the beginning of the year retail business has been at a stand-still, and there is but little hope that it will revive for a month to come.

Last Sunday, a week ago, Bishop White confirmed a class of twenty persons at Grace Episcopal Church, of which the good Dr. C. J. Gibson is the rector. On the evening of the same day, he confirmed a class of sixteen persons at St. Stephen's Church. Of this flourishing and only colored Episcopal Church in Petersburg, Rev. Giles B. Cook, formerly of Gen. Lee's staff, is the rector.

A sad and distressing accident occurred recently, in the vicinity of the city, by which Willie Winfree, a handsome and promising young man of eighteen, the only child of a widowed mother, lost his life. It seems that a party of young men, all more or less under the influence of liquor, had met Winfree returning from Chesterfield Court House, about ten miles from the

## Notes North Carolinian.

Davidson College village asks for incorporation.

The fence law is exciting some of the citizens of Union county.

Three Lenoir county negroes were caged Monday in the State Pen.

The Raleigh News says: The Sun is bright, newsy, enterprising and able.

Sherriff Davis, of Carteret, has just paid \$1,566.80 taxes into the State Treasury.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue exonerates Collector Young of the charges brought against him.

The will of the late Edward K. Collins, who founded the Collins line of steamships, is to be contested by his eldest son, John Collins.

Monroe Enquirer regrets to learn that the dwelling house of Mr. E. S. Harkness, near Stouts, C. C. R. R., was totally consumed by fire on the morning of the 16th inst. Probably accidental.

On Sunday morning Charlotte had a small fire. A third of the floor of a brick building on College street, belonging to the Commercial National Bank, was burned, and a man named Kiser almost killed.

The Monroe Express says that the residence of Mrs. Rosanna Hagler, in Goose Creek township, was destroyed by fire a few nights ago. The fire was accidental. About one-half of the furniture, bedding, &c., was saved from the burning house.

Mr. Thomas Anderson has resigned his position as master mechanic of the Charlotte, Columbia and Augusta Railroad, and Mr. T. D. King is now doing duty as both superintendent and master mechanic.

Capt. Wm. Fickling has been appointed foreman of the shops, says the Observer.

A Duplin county correspondent having nominated Hon. W. D. North for President of the Senate, acting Lieutenant-Governor, the Goldsboro Messenger, published at Mr. North's house, remarks: "We assume to speak for Mr. North, when we say that he has no desire for such promotion; and, indeed, has no gubernatorial aspirations."

The Monroe Enquirer is informed that the houses on the old James Benton place, nine miles north of that town, on the Lawrence road, were burned down on the night of the 4th inst., by an incendiary's torch. The dwelling has not been occupied for about two weeks, and the supposition is that it was set on fire.

Goldsboro Messenger: There is an inexorable carelessness among the colored people, that of leaving their small children in the house alone at night and asleep while the fire is left burning in the open fire place. Another sad instance has just occurred in this county, on the lands of Mr. J. H. Morris, in F. F. Lewis township. On Wednesday night last, Squire Lewis and his wife left home for a little while, leaving their little four-year-old boy asleep in the house. When they returned their child was burned to death, and the house and contents all destroyed by fire.

Monroe Express: We learn that a little boy, five years of age, a son of Minerva Knowles, who lives in Goose Creek township, was burned to death on Monday the 6th inst. The mother had left her two small children alone in the house while she went to visit a neighbor, and the day before the little fellow ventured too near the fire, when his clothes caught. This is the third case of this kind, happening in our county, that we have reported in these columns in the last few weeks.

## Southern Notes.

Macon has another daily, the *Evening Ledger*.

The Hill-Collins affair still rages in the Georgia press.

Col. N. B. Knapp, an old and well-known resident of Savannah, died in New York a few days since.

There are nineteen criminals confined in Darlington (S. C.) jail for murder, arson, burglary and other crimes.

Large numbers of experienced colored laborers have been imported into the turpentine region of Georgia from North Carolina.

In a difficulty which occurred in Flat Creek township, Lancaster county, S. C., Mr. J. T. Kennington, Jr., shot Mr. Minor Catoe in the fleshy part of his thigh three times.

There was a tie in the Intendant's (Mayor's) election in Cheraw between the candidate of the People's and the candidate of the Workmen's ticket. Of the wardens elected two were from each ticket.

John Horn, aged fifteen years, was arrested at Bennettsville, S. C., last week, on the charge of abduction. The abducted damsel was a daughter of B. Watkins, of Richmond county, N. C., and was thirteen years of age. The precocious pair of lovers fled to Bennettsville, where they were arrested by the stern parent of the girl.

"It is said," says an exchange, "that when Gen. Toombs is absent from home, and wants to return on Sunday, he telegrams to Washington, Ga., and a special train is sent to Barrett for him. Of course he pays liberally for this special privilege, but it shows his free expenditure of money when an inclination or whim dictates. Gen. Toombs does nothing on a small scale."

## SUN TELEGRAMS.

### EARLY AND MIDNIGHT REPORTS.

#### CONGRESS AND THE DEPARTMENTS.

Special Correspondence.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—SENATE.—Mr. Morrill, of Vermont, from the Committee on Finance, reported without amendment, House bill to facilitate the refunding of the National debt. Placed on the calendar.

This is the bill which passed the House on the 16th, which authorized the Secretary of the Treasury to exchange directly at par four per cent. bonds for fifty-two bonds outstanding and uncalled, and whenever all such fifty-two bonds shall have been redeemed, the provisions of the act shall apply to any bonds of the United States bearing interest at five per cent. or higher rate, which may be redeemed.

In any exchange made under the provisions of the act, interest may be allowed on such bonds received for the period of three months. It is understood the bill received the unanimous approval of the Committee on Finance.

The following bills were introduced and referred as follows:

By Mr. Withers of Virginia: Creating a National Public Health Association. Referred to select committee, in regard to the prevention and introduction of contagious diseases.

By Mr. Matthews, of Ohio: To prevent the introduction of contagious or infectious diseases in the United States and to establish a Bureau of Public Health. Referred to same committee.

The Senate proceeded to consider bills on the calendar, without important action on any bill. The naval appropriation bill was subsequently taken up.

Mr. Blaine gave notice that he would offer an amendment for the appointment of the naval board, to consider a number of officers needed for the navy of 75,000 men, and that he would return to the House on the 23rd inst., to report on the bill.

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## Supreme Court.

Court met on Monday at 10 o'clock. Present: Chief Justice Smith and Justice Dillard. Justice Ashe absent on account of sickness.

The following cases were called from the 4th District.

Duncan McFayden et al. vs. John T. Council et al. from Bladen; continued for absence of counsel.

A. R. Mason vs. Rachael McCormick et al. from Bladen; argued. N. W. Ray and T. H. Sutton for plaintiff, and Guthrie and Carr and Nell McKay for defendant.

State vs. John A. Munroe, from Cumberland; argued. Attorney General Kennerly for the State, and McLeod and Broadford and Hindsdale and Devereux for defendant.

Opinions were filed by the Justice on Monday in the following cases:

By Smith, C. J.—Geo. E. Buckman vs. Commissioners of Beaufort, from Beaufort; judgment below affirmed.

State vs. J. A. Chadbourn et al. from New Hanover; affirmed.

By Dillard, J.—P. H. Johnson vs. Jno. I. Rowland, from Beaufort; reversed.

Kercher & Collier Bros. vs. Alexander McRae et al. from New Hanover; reversed.

## Bayard on Grantism.

St. Louis Post-Intervenor.

The principle laid down by the founders of this government claiming that on the people shall rule themselves is to be substituted by a government of the people, and the great institutions that the ruling power shall be from without and not, as intended, from within—that is, to substitute an involuntary for a voluntary system. Grant's nomination would only be the signal for renewed confusion and trouble throughout the country. In the South the negroes alone would know the meaning of its possession. The resolution was adopted.

Mr. Potter opened a discussion on the resolution, saying he offered it because he was instructed to do so. He spoke feelingly, concerning the imputations, which had been attributed to him, that he desired to prevent the investigation of the cipher telegrams.

Mr. Robbins, of North Carolina, from the committee on Ways and Means, reported a bill to regulate the duties on sugars, and asked that it be made the special order for next Saturday.

Mr. Ward, of Pennsylvania, objected, and the bill was ordered to be printed and recommitted. It provides that tank bottom syrups of sugar cane juice, molasses, and all other syrups not above No. 13 Dutch standard, shall pay a duty of 2.60 cents per pound; above No. 13 and not above No. 16 Dutch standard in color, shall pay a duty of 2.75 cents per pound, and all above No. 16 Dutch standard in color shall pay a duty of 4 cents per pound; provided, that nothing in the act shall be construed to alter or to repeal an act entitled "an act to carry into effect a convention between the United States and the King of the Hawaiian Islands," approved 1875. Adjourned.

## Lawrence Barrett's Friend.

New York Sun.

As Lawrence Barrett quitted the stage of the Brooklyn Park Theatre, where he had been playing the role of the hunchback *King Richard*, on Saturday night, Deputy Sheriff William Bryan stepped forward and handed him a paper, which, he explained, was an attachment upon the tragedian's wardrobe to satisfy a claim amounting to \$279.52. Sheriff Riley and another deputy were in waiting at the stage entrance in Adams street, in readiness to execute an act an effort was made to evade the law. Mr. Barrett's time ago gave an impetuous friend his note for \$279.52, to help him out of a financial strait. The friend gave it to Mrs. Eliza Dorney in payment for board, and when it fell due, on Dec. 1, he slipped away. Deputy Bryan was given a check for \$350, that he said would fully satisfy the attachment, and the Sheriff for his services.

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## Severe Conflagration.

ELIZABETH, N. J., Jan. 21, 11 a. m.—The Arcade Row was completely destroyed by a fire which broke out at the corner of the First National Bank, the postoffice, the Western Union Telegraph Office, the Conservatory of Music, the Music Hall, the Opera House, and four stores and fifteen offices, were all located in the building. The cause of the fire is unknown. The firemen are at work, but they cannot approach the building, owing to the dense smoke. The loss will be very heavy. The building alone is worth \$150,000. The best block of buildings in the city is in danger.

The fire in the Arcade was burning furiously. The Opera House was completely burned. The National and Savings Banks were safe. The fire was now under control. The Masonic Hall, Conservatory of Music, National Guard Headquarters and all other offices in the building were destroyed. The Arcade cost \$250,000; reported to be only partially insured. All deposits, including the money, have been removed from the banks, and all letters and papers from the post offices.

## The Loss of the Oberon.

QUEENSTOWN, Jan. 21.—There is no chance of saving the steamship Oberon, bound from New Orleans to Liverpool, which has stranded off Kinsale. Capt. Campbell explains the loss of the vessel by stating that, having her propeller broken, the Oberon steered with great difficulty, and that as she was making her port, she was struck by a heavy gale and driven ashore on the rocks. No lives were lost. Efforts are being made to discharge her cargo at high water, with some hope of success.

## Re-Election of Voorhees.

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 22.—Both houses of the Legislature voted for United States Senator. The following is the result in the House for the long term: Voorhees, 57; Harrison, 38; Buchanan, 2. In the Senate: Voorhees, 26; Harrison, 22; Buchanan, 1. For the short term Voorhees received the same vote in both Houses as for the long term. Godlove S. Orth received 37 votes in the House and 22 in the Senate.

## Logan Senator from Illinois.

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., Jan. 21.—The Senate and House to-day elected Logan Senator. Formal announcement will take place in joint session to-morrow.

## The Pennsylvania Senatorship.

HARRISBURG, Jan. 21.—Mr. Cameron received a majority of votes for Senator to-day. Both houses will meet jointly to elect. Mr. Clymer is second.

## The Missouri Senatorship.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 21.—The Legislature of Jefferson City to-day elected Shields for the short, and Vest for the long term.

## The Florida Senator.

JACKSONVILLE, Jan. 21.—At Tallahassee, the Legislature elected Wilkinson Call, Senator, to succeed Mr. Conover.

## Shorter Telegrams.

The Teller investigation began at Charleston to-day.

John W. Hall, was inaugurated Governor of Delaware yesterday.

The spring meeting of the Savannah jockey club opened to-day with excellent attendance.

The vote in the New York Senate to-day, for United States Senator, stood Conkling 20, and Darshheimer 12.

## Colorado's New Senator.

St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Natt P. Hill, elected yesterday by the General Assembly of Colorado to succeed Jerome B. Chaffee in the United States Senate, is a native of Massachusetts. He was the first elected Colorado in 1877, and in the same year made arrangements with parties in Boston to advance money for the erection of small smelting works at Black Hawk Point, one mile from Central City, in the center of the then gold and silver counties. Mr. Hill was the only one in Colorado, and obtained the grade mineral at any figure.

Colorado produced about \$2,000,000 in gold and silver ore that had to be sent to the smelter, the great bulk of which fell into the hands of Professor Hill. Some went to Ballback's at Newark, N. J., but it is safe to say that more than one-half went to N. P. Hill's works. The yield of precious metals has steadily increased until the year just ended, when the total production of Colorado has amounted to fully \$12,000,000, out of which Professor Hill's works have treated \$4,000,000. Up to 1876 Mr. Hill had little opposition, but since that time smelting and refining works have been built all over the State.

Prior to the "new comers" erecting their smelters, it was generally estimated that Prof. Hill and his company (the Boston and Colorado Smelting Company) cleared from \$500,000 to \$800,000 each year, the miner also cleared much, but some gave the figures much higher, but whatever they have been in the past, it will be but small compared with the future business of the Senator's works. In addition to immense additions to his works at Black Hawk Point, he erected during the autumn of 1878, works in Denver at a cost of over a million dollars. The new works are larger than any others on the American continent, and are capable of smelting and refining 500 tons of ore daily. Attached to the new works is an enormous refinery. These works were owned by the late Senator's brother, the Hon. George B. Hill, who recently had the Denver, Prof. Hill has recently had the McCassey Addition incorporated under the name of the town of Argo. This prevents an assessment of Denver City tax against the immense property.

## Inauguration of a Governor.

HARRISBURG, PA., Jan. 21.—Henry M. Hoyt was inaugurated as Governor of Pennsylvania this morning. The inauguration procession moved at 10:30 o'clock, and was the largest ever had in this city. On reaching the Capitol prayer was read by Rev. Thomas N. Boyle, of Pittsburgh. The clerk of the Senate read the certificate of election and the oath of office was administered by Justice Woodward of the Supreme Court. The inaugural address was then read, followed by the benediction and national salute.

A rare incident in the history of this State occurred to-day. Owing to the inauguration being delayed until 1:20 o'clock p. m., the State was without a Governor one hour and twenty minutes Hartman's term having expired at noon.

## The Murder of John C. Lacy.

RICHMOND, VA., Jan. 21.—Further information in relation to the murder of John C. Lacy, in New Kent county, shows that four negroes are under arrest for the crime. Pat Smith and Julius Christian, who are supposed to have committed the murder, did not confess as was previously reported, but the evidence is strong against them. The prisoners were brought to Richmond to-day and lodged in the Herico county jail to await their trial.

In the House of Delegates to-day, the bill providing for the sale of the James River and Kanawha Canal Richmond and Alleghany county, was discussed.

## The Ejection Case.

ALEXANDRIA, VA., Jan. 21.—The Arlington ejection case was commenced here to-day in the United States Circuit Court. Chief Justice Waite and Judge Bond were expected to participate, but were not present. Mr. Beach, of counsel for General Lee, submitted a motion for a special jury, which was denied. The motion was granted, and the jury ordered for to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock. When the trial will proceed.

## Important from Germany.

LONDON, Jan. 21.—A Berlin dispatch to the *Pall Mall Gazette* says that it is stated that Bismarck has decided to withdraw the Parliamentary Discipline bill, leaving the matter to the Reichstag.

George Stillman Hilliard, lawyer and author, is dead at Boston.

## Severe Conflagration.

ELIZABETH, N. J., Jan. 21, 11 a. m.—The Arcade Row was completely destroyed by a fire which broke out at the corner of the First National Bank, the postoffice, the Western Union Telegraph Office, the Conservatory of Music, the Music Hall, the Opera House, and four stores and fifteen offices, were all located in the building. The cause of the fire is unknown. The firemen are at work, but they cannot approach the building, owing to the dense smoke. The loss will be very heavy. The building alone is worth \$150,000. The best block of buildings in the city is in danger.

The fire in the Arcade was burning furiously. The Opera House was completely burned. The National and Savings Banks were safe. The fire was now under control. The Masonic Hall, Conservatory of Music, National Guard Headquarters and all other offices in the building were destroyed. The Arcade cost \$250,000; reported to be only partially insured. All deposits, including the money, have been removed from the banks, and all letters and papers from the post offices.

## The Loss of the Oberon.

QUEENSTOWN, Jan. 21.—There is no chance of saving the steamship Oberon, bound from New Orleans to Liverpool, which has stranded off Kinsale. Capt. Campbell explains the loss of the vessel by stating that, having her propeller broken, the Oberon steered with great difficulty, and that as she was making her port, she was struck by a heavy gale and driven ashore on the rocks. No lives were lost. Efforts are being made to discharge her cargo at high water, with some hope of success.

## Re-Election of Voorhees.

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 22.—Both houses of the Legislature voted for United States Senator. The following is the result in the House for the long term: Voorhees, 57; Harrison, 38; Buchanan, 2. In the Senate: Voorhees, 26; Harrison, 22; Buchanan, 1. For the short term Voorhees received the same vote in both Houses as for the long term. Godlove S. Orth received 37 votes in the House and 22 in the Senate.

## Logan Senator from Illinois.

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., Jan. 21.—The Senate and House to-day elected Logan Senator. Formal announcement will take place in joint session to-morrow.

## The Pennsylvania Senatorship.

HARRISBURG, Jan. 21.—Mr. Cameron received a majority of votes for Senator to-day. Both houses will meet jointly to elect. Mr. Clymer is second.

## The Missouri Senatorship.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 21.—The Legislature of Jefferson City to-day elected Shields for the short, and Vest for the long term.

## The Florida Senator.

JACKSONVILLE, Jan. 21.—At Tallahassee, the Legislature elected Wilkinson Call, Senator, to succeed Mr. Conover.

## Shorter Telegrams.

The Teller investigation began at Charleston to-day.

John W. Hall, was inaugurated Governor of Delaware yesterday.

The spring meeting of the Savannah jockey club opened to-day with excellent attendance.

The vote in the New York Senate to-day, for United States Senator, stood Conkling 20, and Darshheimer 12.

## Colorado's New Senator.

St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Natt P. Hill, elected yesterday by the General Assembly of Colorado to succeed Jerome B. Chaffee in the United States Senate, is a native of Massachusetts. He was the first elected Colorado in 1877, and in the same year made arrangements with parties in Boston to advance money for the erection of small smelting works at Black Hawk Point, one mile from Central City, in the center of the then gold and silver counties. Mr. Hill was the only one in Colorado, and obtained the grade mineral at any figure.

Colorado produced about \$2,000,000 in gold and silver ore that had to be sent to the smelter, the great bulk of which fell into the hands of Professor Hill. Some went to Ballback's at Newark, N. J., but it is safe to say that more than one-half went to N. P. Hill's works. The yield of precious metals has steadily increased until the year just ended, when the total production of Colorado has amounted to fully \$12,000,000, out of which Professor Hill's works have treated \$4,000,000. Up to 1876 Mr. Hill had little opposition, but since that time smelting and refining works have been built all over the State.

Prior to the "new comers" erecting their smelters, it was generally estimated that Prof. Hill and his company (the Boston and Colorado Smelting Company) cleared from \$500,000 to \$800,000 each year, the miner also cleared much, but some gave the figures much higher, but whatever they have been in the past, it will be but small compared with the future business of the Senator's works