The Wilmington Sun.

$7.00 a Year. WILMINGTON, N. C., THURSDAY, JANUARY 23, 1879. 5 Cents a Copy

THE LEGISLATURE.

A BRIEF OF PROCEEDINGS.

Twelfth Day--Tuesday Jan. 21.

Raleigh News, Shortened.

SENATE.

Upon the opening of the Senate this morning it was noticeable that many strangers were present in the lobbies and galleries to witness the long desired wish of the Democrats of North Carolina in seeing Gov. Zebulon B. Vance take the high position of United States Senator. In this as far as the Senate could act their wish was fully gratified, every Democrat present voting for Z. B. Vance.

By Mr. McEachern, petition to make Lumber river navigable.

By Mr. Bryan, of Duplin, a bill to facilitate the execution of guardians' bonds.

By Mr. Henderson, a bill fully to legalize the election of register of deeds at the election in August last; also to fully legalize the November election of members of Congress.

By Mr. Bryan, of Duplin, a bill to canal Goshen Swamp in Duplin county.

By Mr. King, a bill to remit so much of the privilege tax of $5 where it has not been paid, and refund where it has been paid.

By Mr. Bryan, of Duplin, a bill to prohibit marriage between the races.

On motion of Mr. Dortch, the bill which passed the Senate on yesterday, changing and fixing the times of holding the Superior Courts in the Fourth District, was reconsidered and referred to the Judiciary Committee.

S. B. 126, to prohibit certain persons from receiving passes from any railroad. A lively debate ensued between Messrs. Everett and Leach, the former contending that this was a just measure.

Mr. Leach went on to show that according to instructions of the Judiciary Committee he had reported that this bill should not pass, and that they had acted unanimously.

The vote to table the bill was as follows

Ayes—Austin, Black, Brower, Bryan of Duplin, Bull, Bynum, Caldwell, Dancy, Davidson, Dillard, Dortch, Eppes, Erwin, Graham of Montgomery, Harris, Holleman, Hoyle, King, Leach, Lyon, Matheson, Mebane, Merritt, Moye, Nicholson, Ormand, Redwine, Respass, Robinson, Ross, Snow, Stewart, Taylor, Waddell, Waldo, Williamson, White.

Noes—Messrs. Alexander, Alston, Bledsoe, Caldwell, Eaves, Everett, Henderson, McEachern, Scales, Ward. Yeas 37, noes 10.

A message from the House was received, announcing that the House would go into an election for a United States Senator at 12 M., and asking concurrence from the Senate.

On motion of Mr. Leach the Senate concurred.

S. B. 195, concerning the election of certain officers for 1878, referring to the election of Registers of Deeds and members of Congress, passed its second reading.

The hour having arrived when the Senate should proceed to vote for a United States Senator, Messrs. Scales and Bull were appointed tellers, when Mr. Dortch arose and said:

Mr. President—The long deferred wish of a majority of the Democratic people of North Carolina is about to be accomplished this day, in the election of Zebulon B. Vance to the Senate of the United States, and whom I now put in nomination for that distinguished position for six years after the 4th day of March next. He is to be the successor of another distinguished son of the State, who has served his people ably, faithfully and honorably—and who retires with the respect of all in obedience to the sovereign will.

Mr. Everett in a eulogistic speech placed in nomination the Hon. R. P. Buxton.

Mr. Ward in obedience to the wishes of his constituents placed in nomination Hon. A. S. Merrimon. Mr. Ward voted for Mr. Merrimon and then afterwards changed to Mr. Buxton.

The vote was as follows:

For Z. B. Vance: Messrs. Alexander, Austin, Bledsoe, Bryan of Duplin, Bynum, Caldwell, Davidson, Dillard, Dortch, Erwin, Graham of Lincoln, Harris Henderson, Hoyle, King, Leach, Lyon, Matheson, McEachern, Mebane, Merritt, Moye, Nicholson, Redwine, Respass, Robinson, Scales, Snow, Stewart, Taylor, Waddell, Waldo and Williamson—33

For Mr. Buxton: Messrs. Alston, Black, Dull, Dancy, Eaves, Epps, Everett, Graham of Richmond, Holleman, Ormand, Ward and White—12.

For A. S. Merrimon: Mr. Brower—1

HOUSE.

The following named bills were introduced, read and passed the first time, and were referred or otherwise disposed of as follows:

By Mr. Scott, bill to extend the jurisdiction of justice of the peace. To the Committee on Judiciary.

Bill to amend chapter 105 of Battle's Revisal in relation to salaries and fees. (Provides that judges shall not be docked for failure to hold courts when prevented by sickness.) Passed second and third times.

Bill to change the name of the Western Railroad was read the second time. The amendment in the nature of a substitute, proposed by the committee, was adopted and the bill referred.

Bill to require Sheriffs, Clerks of the Superior Courts and registers, to make annual statements under oath of fees received by them, was read the second time. Mr. York moved to amend so that the statement should include fees due the several officers, which amendment, together with the bill, was on motion of Mr. Cobb, referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

A message was received from the Governor concerning a communication in relation to the public debt, which was transmitted to the Senate with a proposition to print.

At 12 m. the Speaker announced that the time had arrived when the House should go into the election for a Senator to represent the State in the Congress of the United States, and that nominations were in order.

Mr. Cooke having been appointed by the caucus to nominate Gov. Vance in the House, arose and said:

Mr. Speaker, I name for this place Gov. Zebulon B. Vance. What shall I say of this man? Indeed, what can I say of this distinguished son of North Carolina that is not already known to you, and to all upon this floor, and not only to you, but to all the people of this State.

Of the great men of this State has prodeced not one has been so well known to the great masses of our people as is Gov. Zebulon B. Vance. There is scarcely a hamlet in the land to which he has not been a visitor, and I had almost said there are but few hearth-stones by which he has not sat.

The eyes of our people have for fifteen years turned toward Gov. Vance as they have turned to no other man; the hearts of his home people have beaten for him as they never beat for any other man. We all have expected much of him. We have never been disappointed. At the close of the war, in that hour of physical as well as mental suffering to Gov. Vance, when he was passing under the rod there was anxiety as to how he would bear himself—as to whether or not, now that his power had passed from him, and one motive to do well had gone with it, he would be brave enough in all things to do right—(of this those who knew him best had no doubt), and the question went up how is it with Vance? and the reply came back, he holdeth fast his integrity.

There came another time, when after years of struggling and battling with almost poverty, he was elected by the Legislature of his State to a seat in the United States Senate, and when the slightest bending of the knee would have given him the glittering prize, then in whispers it was asked, How will Vance withstand this great temptation, and the reply came sounding all over the land: Vance has lost his seat in the United States Senate, but still he holdeth fast his integrity. And, Mr. Speaker, speaking for the people of this State, I say tell him "still to hold fast his integrity," and let him be United States Senator.

Mr. Norment said:

MR. SPEAKER:—I rise, sir, for the purpose of placing in nomination for the high and honorable position of United States Senator, one whose very name is a synonym of uprightness and purity—the upright Judge and the Christian gentleman—upon whom the foul tongue of slander has never yet been able to make the slightest impression. One, sir, whose purity of character challenges the admiration of his opponents. I place in nomination for that high position, the name of the Hon. R. P. Buxton, of Cumberland.

Mr. Davis, of Catawba, seconded the nomination of Gov. Vance, and said:

MR. SPEAKER—In seconding the nomination of Zebulon Baird Vance, you will, I hope, allow me to recur to one event in our political history, which gives dramatic propriety to his election to the U. S. Senate and at this time. For it has not yet been forgotten—who can forget it, sir?—that it was in his person that the people of North Carolina were at once disfranchised and insulted, when eight years ago he was excluded from a seat in that Senate and by its partisan majority. His re-election now, therefore, will be a vindication of the sovereignty and self-respect of the State of North Carolina. And it will be more—it will be a fitting rebuke to that political party which has so long proscribed, plundered and villified our people, and while as such it points its own moral, it will serve also to remind us of a like incident in ancient history. For it was the boast of Rome's greatest statesman, after his recall from that banishment into which he had been driven by the fury of Clodius it was the proud boast of Cicero himself—*that all Italy had borne him upon her shoulders back to Rome.* Such ovation is not often the statesman's reward, but is to-day the reward of Zebulon Baird Vance. For it is with no less of pride and enthusiasm that the Democrats of North Carolina now stand ready to return our best beloved public servant to that place from which, eight years ago, he was driven, with every circumstance of humiliation, to them.

The chair appointed Messrs. Cooke and Norment to superintend the ballot, and the House voted by a *viva voce* vote, as follows:

Vance—Mr. Speaker, Messrs. Amis, Anderson, Angier, Audrey, Armstrong, Atkinson, Barringer, Bernard, Berry, Bizzell, Blalock, Bonner, Bost, Brown of Mecklenburg, Bryson, Buchan, Burroughs, Carter of Buncombe, Carter of Yancy, Carroll, Carson, Chadwick, Click, Cobb, Coffield, Colwell, Cooke, Council, Covington, Davis of Catawba, Davis of Haywood, English, Etheridge, Foard, Forbes, Foster, Fulcher, Gatling, Goldston, Grant, Harrell, Hewitt, Hines, Holt, Huffstler, Jones, Johnston, Lamb, Leach, Leatherwood, Lewis, Lindsay, Lockhart, Meares, Mebane, Melson, Moore, McCorkle, McLean, Oliver, Orchard, Paxton, Powers, Rawley, Reid of Macon, Reid of McDowell, Richardson of Columbus, Richardson of Wake, Ritchey, Smith, Taylor, Vaughan, Wheeler, Woodhouse, York and Young—77.

Buxton—Messrs. Bateman, Battle, Bingham, Bird, Blaisdell, Blocker, Brown of Yadkin, Bruce, Cale, Carter of Warren, Cary, Christmas, Clarke, Davis of Madison, Deans, Dimsdale, Dixon, Dunn, Ellison, Ewing, Ferrell, Foy, Henderson, Hobbs, Horton, Eowrie, Lutterloh, Miller, Newell, Norment, Osborne, Pettipher, Reynolds, Scott, Venable, Waddell, White, Wimberly and Wynne—39.

Mr. Harrison voted for Hon. A. S. Merrimon, and Mr. Turner voted for Hon. Thomas S. Ashe.

Mr. Ewing said that he was pledged to vote for Gov. Vance against Judge Merrimon, but there being a Republican nominee, he voted for him.

Mr. Reynolds said that he would vote for Gov. Vance sooner than for any other Democrat, but not against Republican nominees.

Mr. Turner explained his vote at some length.

The result of the ballot was announced as follows:

Vance 77; Buxton 39; Ashe 1; Merrimon 1.

On the announcement of the vote, Mr. Coffield said that he thought the work just done was all that the people could ask of their representatives for one day, and he moved that the House do now adjourn. The motion prevailed.

Porter & Coates expect to publish the third volume of the Count of Paris' History of the Civil War about the middle of the year.

A Peep at the House.

Hillsboro Recorder Editorial Correspondence from Raleigh.

My occupations debar me from any personal knowledge of the affairs of the Senate, and from much personal intercourse with its members, except with those I have known as former members of the House, or old members of the Senate. With the House my knowledge is yet incomplete, since there are surprisingly few old members returned. Of those Speaker Moring is now the most prominent, and makes himself universally popular. Richardson, of Columbus, is back again for his eighth session; a gentleman of pleasant manners and most popular deportment, with sound practical sense and extensive business acquirements; and was a prominent candidate for Speaker. Jones, of Caldwell, a member of the session of 1870-'71 was also a prominent candidate for Speaker, an honor due to fine talent, ample acquirement, parliamentary aptitude, and a most earnest and impressive oratory; Vaughan, of Alleghany, a man every way after my own heart, honest, earnest, practical, laborious and attentive to his duties; Carter, of Buncombe, a young man of purpose, with talent, application, sound judgment, and intense devotion to the measures he advocates; and the scope of his interest is a wide and liberal one; Cobb, of Lincoln, another young man, but of most brilliant promise, and sustaining himself admirably in all he undertakes, with a maturity of judgment kindled by warmth of eloquence that makes him one of the most attractive and influential speakers in the House.

Among the new members that have been most conspicuous are C. M. Cooke, of Franklin, who was also a candidate for the Speakership. He is now chairman of the Judiciary Committee, and is one of the most able men in the House. Lockhart, of Anson, is a pleasant and a strong speaker; Foard, of Surry, is a man of culture and decidedly a strong man; Davis, of Catawba, graceful, cultivated and well informed; Cuventon, of Union, Bernard, of Pitt, Amis, of Granville, Atkinson, of Buncombe, Etheridge, of Bertie, and others illustrate very favorably the character of the body. Among the many useful men who do not speak a great deal but do a great deal of work and have much influence, are Brown, of Mecklenburg, and York, of Wilkes, an old member and a man of sound judgment and practical useful qualities, but without pretention to oratory. These are all on the Democratic side.

On the Republican side, Norment of Robeson is perhaps the most prominent. He is an old member of the House and also the Senate, and was in the Constitutional Convention of 1875, a man of capacity, and when roused to his work, an opponent not to be despised; Clarke of Craven, also an old member, active, earnest, and liberal in his views and a good talker; Blocker a member of the Convention of '75, a good, honest, earnest, somewhat fussy man, riding hobbies with loose rein, but meaning well, and incurring no enmities—these are the leading men on that side of the House. As yet there has been but one little party spat, and so far, I have never seen a Legislature work so smoothly and pleasantly together all united, so far, in doing all that it is practicable to get North Carolina out of her present troubles.

C.

Sunlight.

Well-thumbed copies of Mrs. Hemans and Mrs. Browning were found in the valise of a Baltimore pickpocket on Sunday.

Twenty-four Princeton boys were locked up in the Trenton guard house for drunkenness and disorder, Saturday evening last.

Dr. H. Von Holst, of the University of Freiburg, arrived in Baltimore Tuesday. Professor Von Holst will deliver a course of ten lectures on "The German Empire" in the lecture hall of the Johns Hopkins University.

Robert Mazele died in Cohoes, N. Y., while saying "Thank you." He was very ill, and his family had been without food or fire for twenty-four hours. The neighbors brought in some provisions, and his joy was so great that, in trying to express his thanks, he brought on a fatal attack of his malady.

Gov. Smith, of Wisconsin, in his recent message says: "If we continually assert and hear asserted that we are poor, that the times are dull and hard, it is the inevitable law that we shall come to think so without regard to facts or reason." The Governor believes in looking at the bright side of things.

Vicksburg *Herald:* Ex-President Jefferson Davis has written a letter to the *Jackson Clarion*, to prove that a legislature has a right to instruct the States' Congressmen. We are not aware that the question is raging to such an extent that the people refuse to be comforted, but are pleased to see that Mr. Davis handles it with his well-known ability. In his letter Mr. Davis incidentally says he will never actively enter politics again.

Lida Smith chewed gum in Louisville until her jaws kept moving in spite of her effort stop them. She took the gum out of her mouth, but her jaws continued to open and shut, with a violence that contorted the whole of her face. A physician applied bandages, but it was only by making her insensible with chloroform that she was quieted. It was a case of spasmodic action of the facial muscles from over exertion.

Charles Bradlaugh announces himself as a candidate from Northampton for representation in the British Parliament. He advocates the abolition of the law of primogeniture, resistance to the present extravagant national expenditure, separation of Church and State, the substitution of life peerages for hereditary peerages, shorter sessions of Parliament, woman suffrage, household suffrage in the British Parliament, and a redistribution of seats.

Where the play-people were Monday night: Mary Anderson, in Cincinnati; Fanny Davenport, in New Orleans; Janauschek, in Houston, Texas; Lotta, in Louisville; Modjeska, in Norfolk; the Strakosch Siugers, in New York; the Mapleson Company, in Chicago; the Oates Company, in Salt Lake City; W. J. and Mrs. Florence, in San Faancisco; J. C. and Mrs. Williamson, in Memphis; Owens, in New York; Bangs, in Savannah, and McKee Rankin, in Williamsburg.

SUN TELEGRAMS.

EARLY AND MIDNIGHT REPORTS.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Stormy Scene in the House--The Arlington Case, Etc., Etc.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—SENATE.—Mr. Garland, from the Committee on Public Lands, submitted the minority report on the claim of M. E. Garretson, together will the bill placing all claimants to the ranche Pananche Grande in California in the Court of Claims, with the right of appeal to the Supreme Court of the United States. Laid on the table and ordered that the bill and reported be printed.

Mr Morrill, of Vermont, called up the House bill reported from the Committee on Finance yesterday, to facilitate the refunding of the National debt. Passed unanimously, and it now goes to the President for his signature.

Mr. Lavis, of Illinois, introduced a bill to prevent and punish the counterfeiting within the United States of notes, bond and other securities of foreign governments. Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

The naval appropriation bill was renewed, and Mr. Blaine supported the amendment he yesterday gave notice he would submit.

Mr. Beck followed, claiming that Blaine's amendments could not be considered, as they proposed a new legislatioe.

Mr. Edmunds also considered them out of order, and in view of their objections they were not submitted. The naval bill was then passed.

Mr. Blaine then introduced a bill to regulate promotions in the navy. Referred to Committee on Naval Affairs. (The provisiyn thereof are the same as the amendments discussed to-day.)

Mr. Edmunds moved to take up his resolution in regard to Constitutional amendments.

Mr. Thurman moved to adjourn, which motion was agreed to.

The House has passed a bill appropriating $1,000 for the transportation of coin and bullion, and $40,000 to meet the miscellaneous expenses of the House of Representatives.

There was a stormy debate on the Southern claim bill of Maggie Barron and others. Rumors during the war for supplies furnished the Union army. Mr. Bragg, Democrat, stated that if the South was solid for the Democratic party, simply for the purpose of getting the money out of the Treasury, it would be well for the Northern Democracy if the Southern Democrats went over to the Republican party, and he hoped they would do so. He stigmatized the Southern claims commission as a court, which had bred fraud and perjury throughout the land. He thought very little loyalty existed in the South during the war.

Mr. Ellis, of Louisiana, agreed that the percentage of loyal persons in the South, as the gentleman understood it, was very small; but the Southern man, who was born there, reared there, and who has been identified with that people, could only have been loyal when he entered the Confederate army and did his full duty as a soldier. They had been the only loyal people in the South. They had been loyal to their country, their God, and to the noblest, highest and manliest emotion ever breathed by a human soul.

Several Republican members desired to ask questions, but Mr. Ellis refused to yield and Mr. Atkins, of Tennesse, declared ihat it was a "family fight."

Mr. Chalmers, of Mississippi, understanding a portion of Bragg's remarks as referring to him, wished to reply, but was obliged to postpone his intention.

The House then passed resolutions of honor to the memory of late Representative Douglass, of Virginia.

There was quite an animated discussion with regard to the cipher dispatches, Mr. Butler still protesting that it would be wiser for both parties to leave the investigation alone. He expressed his willingness, however, to hand over the cipher telegrams in his possession to the committee, as he believed they ought to be made public. The committee thought it advisable not to call any witnesses in respect of the dispatches, until the bill for an additional appropriation shall have passed the Senate. To-morrow they will call Mr. Moses, Clerk of the Senate, and other witnesses, who will testify, respecting the Louisiana certificates. The committee will sit in Washington, but the sub-committee will probably be appointed to take the evidence of Mr. Tilden in New York.

The Potter Committee met to-day and were in secret session an hour. The Democratic members asked that St. Martin should be called to the stand or should be discharged from attendance as a witness, and upon this Mr. Shellabarger, as counsel for Secretary Sherman, put in a letter requesting that St. Martin might be called for cross-examination on the testimony which he gave at New Orleans, and on the affidavits he has recently filed with the Committee. There seems to be a general disposition to comply with the request, but it was not definitely decided.

General Sherman will shortly leave here here to examine certain abandoned military posts and other neglected property of the United States, in Florida, and at Atlanta, with the view to ascertaining what means should be taken to retain and preserve the same, and secure the interests of the general government therein.

Nominations of Postmasters to-day: Mrs. Mary C. Daniel, Wilson, N. C.; Chas. W. Arnold, Albany, Ga.; Chas. A. Womble, Tuscumbia, Ala.; J. J. Mebblemore, Lafayette, Ala.; Thos. F. Altington, Florence, Ala.; Mrs. Pauline Wood, Corsicana, Texas.

The House Committee on Appropriations conducted the action on the Post-office and Legislative, Judicial and Executive Appropriation bills, which will be forthwith conducted in form for rsporting to the House.

The Department of Justice has received information indicating that the City Court at Salem, will grant an application for the release of United States Marshal Turner from jail.

The Attorney General has requested the Solicitor General to proceed to Alabama and defend the officers of his department.

FROM BALTIMORE.

A Judge Ill—Another Indicted—The B'nai B'rith.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 22.—W. Tell Giles, Judge of the United States District Court, District of Maryland, is dangerously ill.

In the United States Circuit Court, today, William J. McCleary, judge of election, was indicted for interfering with a special Deputy United States Marshal at the late Congressional election. He pleaded guilty, and a small fine was imposed.

The annual session of the District Grand Lodge No. 5, Independent Order of B'nai B'rith, met here to-day. It will continue three days. The District Grand Lodge comprises the States of Maryland, Virginia, Georgia, North and South Carolina and the District of Columbia, and numbers thirty-four lodges, of which seven are in Baltimore. One hundred and two delegates were present to-day.

The Teller Committee.

CHARLESTON, Jan. 22.—The Teller Committee resumed its investigation this morning. E. M. Pinckney, a colored minister and a Republican, testified to the existence of an organization of Red Shirts in Williamsburg, and gave an account of the alleged interference with a Republican meeting at White Oak. Other colored witnesses testified, alleging outrages and frauds by the Democrats. R. S. Cathcart, a white Democrat, testified to the intimidation of colored Democrats by the negroes at the previous election, was common. The witness did not know of any colored Democrats being killed for voting such ticket, but knew of the white men being killed, while protecting the colored men; had heard of the cannon being taken to the political meetings in 1878, but only saluting purposes, and knew that at the previous election the State militia, composed of negroes, attended the Republican meetings with arms. Charleston now had a finer body of the colored militia as reorganized by the Democrats than could be found in any other city of the Union.

The Arlington Case.

NEW YORK, Jan. 22.—The trial of the Arlington case was begun in the United States Circuit Court to-day. A jury was empanelled, and the plaintiff proved the ownership and possession of the estate, by the late G. W. P. Custis, and its devise by him to his grandson, Geo. C. Lee, and the plaintiff in the case, its occupation by the government and the service of suits of ejectment. The probate of the will of Mr. Custis, was also introduced.

The defendant intimated the intention to prove the title of the government by the certificates issued by the district tax commissioners, under an act of Congress for the sale of the property in the insurrectionary distaicts in default of the payment of taxes.

The Swedish Expedition.

ST. PETERSBURG, January 22.—The *Gallos* announces that authentic information has been received from the governor of Eastern Siberia that Prof. Nordenskjold's steamer, Vega, is ice bound forty miles from East Cape. The authorities of Jukutsk have been instructed to issue a general summons to the natives to assist the expedition. A special relief expedition of reindeer sledges has been organized, but it is feared this assistance will be too late. A Russian man-of-war from the Pacific station will shortly proceed to Behring's strait to endeavor to extricate the Vega or bring off her crew.

New Evidence in the Cobb Case.

NEW LONDON, CONN., Jan. 22.—Evidence which, if admitted, will effect a new trial for Kate Cobb, is believed to have been discovered. The *Telegram* will publish on Thursday the sworn statement of a lady residing in another part of the State to the effect that while riding with Chas. H. Cobb, Jr., one day last spring, he told her, under a pledge of secrecy, that he was in the habit of taking Fowler's solution of arsenic, medicinally. The lady kept silence during the trial partly through a natural feminine dread of being a witness and partly through a belief that Kate Cobb would be acquitted.

Not He but Another Man.

NEW YORK, Jan. 22.—In the United States Circuit Court to-day, trial was commenced in the suit for $50,000 damages, preferred by Col. Ellison for S. Kiett, of South Carolina, against the New York *Times* for alleged libel in a special dispatch from Washington in September 1877, to the effect that plaintiff had been arrested for bigamy. Col. Keitt alleges that the article was entirely false.

Mr. Geo. Jones, of the *Times*, in his answer avers that the article does not apply to the plaintiff but to another person by the name of Col. Kiett Alexander.

Gambetta's Policy.

LONDON, Jan. 22.—A Paris correspondent of the *Times* says, Gambetta certainly only remained in the ranks of the extreme Left, to bring them to more moderate views. As soon as he obtains this result, he will return to the leadership of the united Left with his strength unimpaired by the passing defeat.

A *Daily Telegraph's* Paris correspondent says, the Cabinet's every act will in the future be carefully scrutinized, and its continued existence will depend on the suffrance of the Chamber of Deputies This is exactly the result, which best suits Gambetta's policy.

Russia in Asia.

CALCUTTA, Jan. 22.—Intelligence reached here that the Russian steamer made its way up the river Oxus and beyond the Afghan frontier.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jap. 22.—The Chinese Embassay was received by the Czar, on Monday, the 28th, in a great ceremony.

Bismarck Willing to Withdraw His Bill.

LONDON, Jan. 22.—A Berlin dispatch says it is reported that Bismarck is willing to withdraw his bill to discipline Reichstag, in consequence of the opposition it meets with from the diets of various German States.

The Florida Cases.

JACKSONVILLE, Jan. 22.—The jury, in the case of the Brevard county Canvassing Board, for making false returns at the late Congressional election, brought in a verdict of guilty, with a recommendation of mercy.

In the case of the sheriff and justice of the peace, the County Canvassing Board and two inspectors at the late election in Alachua county, were arrested to day on a charge of violating the election laws.

Senator Again.

MADISON, WIS., Jan. 22.—The Republicans nominated Matt Carpenter, for United States Senator by acclamation this morning. This secures his election.

LATER—The joint convention of the Senate and Assembly to-day elected Matt Carpenter, United States Senator, to succeed Howe. The vote stood Carpenter 87, Ryan 28, and Bouck 13.

Russia and Turkey.

ST. PETERSBURG, January 22.—The *Gazette* states that complete anarchy prevails in Kashgar. The rebels outnumber the Chinese force of occupation.

CONSTANTINOPLE, January 22.—Prince Lobanoff, Russian Ambassabor and Caratheodra Pasha, the Turkish Minister of Foreign Affairs, had an interview yesterday. A definitive treaty is not yet signed.

Italy and France.

ROME, Jan, 22.—In the Senate to-day the debate on the foreign policy of the government was continued. Signor Depretis renewed his declarations of yesterday. The only new point in his speech was the assertion that the interests of Italy forbade any modification of the *status quo* with Tunis. This is interesting in connection with the relations between France and Italy.

English Parliamentary Election.

LONDON, Jan. 22.—The election held in Norfolk, North, to-day to fill the vacancy in the House of Commons, occasioned by the death of Mr. Jas. Duff, Conservative, Mr. E. Berkeck, was the Conservative candidate, and Sir J. F. Buxton were nominated by the Liberals. Berkeck was chosen by receiving 2,742 votes against 2,252 for his competitor.

Excitement in the New York Produce Exchange.

NEW YORK, Jan. 22.—Considerable excitement prevailed at the Produce Exchange to-day, owing to the speculation in pork and lard. The price rose to 50 cents on the barrel yesterday and declined 25 cents to-day. Herman Brock notified the Exchange of his inability to meet his engagements, and it is probable that other failures will follow.

Suspensions.

NEW YORK, January 22.—The suspension of J. W. Weston, stock broker, No. 17 New street, was announced this morning. He was an extensive dealer in privileges, and a sharp advance in prices made it impossible for him to meet his contracts.

OGDENSBURG, N. Y., January 22.—Judson's bank has closed doors.

The Plague.

VIENNA, Jan. 22.—A preliminary conerence in regard to the plague have commenced between the German Prig Councellor Finkelenberg and the members of the Austrian sanitary board. The establishment of a vigorous sanitary cordor, with a co-operation of Roumania from Memel to Sulina is suggested.

Shorter Telegrams.

The official report received at Madrid, states that the cholera is increasingly prevalent in Asia Minor.

The two Houses of the New York Legislature, formally elected Conkling United States Senator to-day.

Mr. Cameron was to-day, formally declared elected United States Senater by the Pennsylvania Legislature.

The General Assembly in joint session to-day, at Springfield, Ill., declared John A. Logan elected United States Senator.

Both Houses of the Connecticut General Assembly, in convention at noon to-day, ratified the election of Orville H. Platt as United States Senator.

The fourth game of billiards in the billiard tournament was played to-day in New York, by Gellaghen and Garnier, resulting in the defeat of the latter by eleven points.

Advices from Venezuela are to the effect that a majority of the people have risen in favor of Guzman Blanco. A schooner left St. Thomas on the 12th inst., conveying a number of Venezuelan exiles partisans of Blanco.

The Proposed State of Dakota.

Senator Sargent, of California, has introduced a bill in the Senate to enable the people of the Territory of Dakota to organize a State government within that territory and apply for admission into our family of States as the thirty-ninth. It is claimed that the population of Dakota comprises already 100,000 persons, and that it will reach 150,000 before the legislation necessary to admit the new State is completed. The area of the proposed State is very large, far too large for such a small population. Texas has a population of probably two millions and an area nearly double that of Dakota, but, although the treaty of annexation provided for the construction of five States within its limits as soon as the population would justify such subdivision, it is probable that the Chicago *Tribune* and other journals which are now eager to have Dakota admitted with its 100,000 people, would raise a great outcry if it were attempted even to make two States, with a population of a million each, out of Texas.

Southern Notes.

The *Evening Journal* has appeared in Charleston.

Savannah celebrated General Lee's birthday by a grand turnout of the citizen soldiery.

There are, according to the *Sunday Gazette*, twenty-nine female writers in Atlanta. Only about half dozen of them, however, have achieved reputation in the literary world.

Choking off Subsidies.

Washington Telegram in Richmond State, 21.

There is good reason to believe Speaker Randall intends to choke off all subsidy schemes this session, as he can easily do, by means that are familiar; for instance, by consuming Mondays with other business. It was so managed yesterday that no opportunity was given, and next Monday three members will be successively entitled to the floor upon bills that will probably leave no opening for such measures as those referred to above.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

OPERA HOUSE.

Two Nights Only.

COMMENCING

FRIDAY, JANUARY 24, 1878.

SATURDAY MATINEE!

The success of the past two seasons, the beautiful play of

Maud Muller.

The brilliant and handsome young Comedienne,

Miss Genevieve Rogers,

assisted by the favorite American actor,

MR. FRANK E. AIKEN.

who will appear in a new and original American Comedy Drama, written expressly for them by Charles Gaylor, Esq., and entitled

COUSIN ROXY

"The 'Worrit' of the School and the Fairy of the Household."

With an excellent cast of characters.

Tickets may be had at Heinsberger's Book Store. Parquette and Dress Circle $1. No charge for Reserved Seats. ja 22-4t

Dividend Notice.

NORTH CAROLINA RAILROAD CO.
Secretary and Treasurer's Office,
COMPANY'S SHOPS, N. C., Jan. 15, 1879.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of the North Carolina Railroad Company have this day declared a dividend of

Six per Cent. on the Capital Stock

of said Company—3 per cent. payable March 1st and 3 per cent. September 1st, 1879, and have ordered the Transfer Books of Stock to be closed on the 20th January and 1st of August, 1879, and remain closed thirty days respectively from said date.

By order of the Board of Directors.
W. L. THORNBURG,
ja 21-3t Secretary and Treasurer.

Notice.

OFFICE W. & S. RAILROAD CO.,
JANUARY 21, 1879.

THE STREET CARS will leave the head of the road, corner Sixth and Castle streets, every hour, commencing at 8 A. M. and running during the day. Persons desirous of visiting the Cemetery can rely upon meeting cars according to above schedule.

ja 22-6t HENRY WRIGHT, Supt.

Imperial Granum.

MILK OF MAGNESIA, CARBOLINE,
SIMMONS' LIVER INVIGORATOR,
BULL'S SYRUP, POND'S EXTRACT,
INDIA CHOLAGOGUE, &c., &c.

For sale, wholesale and retail, at
ja 21-tf GREEN & FLANNER'S.

Klutz Chill Cure.

MILK MAGNESIA, Scott's Cod Liver Oil and Lime, Gourand's Olympian Cream (at 75 cents per bottle), Allen's Anti-Fat,

PURE DRUGS AND MEDICINES, PERFUMERY, TOILET AND FANCY ARTICLES, &c.

Prescriptions compounded at all hours, day or night. JAMES C. MUNDS, Druggist,
ja 20 3d Street, opposite City Hall.

NOTICE.

IS HEREBY GIVEN that application will be made to the present Legislature for an act

TO AMEND THE CHARTER OF THE DAWSON BANK OF WILMINGTON.

ja 19—1m

We Have It.

The New "Parker" Cook

CHEAPES, HEAVIEST and BEST ever offered to our customers.

ja 19 PARKER & TAYLOR.

HOWELL COBB. C. D. M. COBB

PURCELL HOUSE,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

RECENTLY THOROUGHLY OVERHAULED and renovated. FIRST-CLASS in every respect. Location desirable, being situated near all business houses—Postoffice, Custom House, City Hall and Court House. RATES..... $2 and $2.50 per Day.

Our motto is

TO PLEASE!

COBB BROS.,
oct 23-tf Proprietors.

THE PURCELL Shaving Saloon

EMPLOYS FIRST-CLASS BARBERS Shaving and Hair-cutting in the best style of the art. E. ARTIS.

NEW CROP

Cuba Molasses.

FIRST CROP OF THE SEASON.

287 HHDS. CHOICE

NEW CROP MOLASSES

ex Brig Zinger, direct from Matanzas. For sale very low.

ja 19 WORTH & WORTH.