The Wilmington Sun.

$7.00 a Year. WILMINGTON, N. C., THURSDAY, APRIL 10, 1879. 5 Cents a Copy

KITCHIN.

Part of His Speech.

Our friend, the spirited Representative from the Second District, is a Murat in debate, and some of his cavalry charges are truly admirable: From his speech on the Army Appropriation bill, delivered in the House of Representatives last Thursday, we take as much as we can stow away in THE SUN:

Most of what has been said on the other side is upon the hypothesis or prevailing idea that in the President is concentrated all the sovereign powers of the nation, and that the government was founded and has been perpetuated for the sole benefit and shield of the Republican party, and that no one not a member of that august body, and not on the stool of repentance asking admission therein, is entitled to the privileges, protection, and benefits of the constitution, and that the much abused terms "Government and Constitution" are only synonyms for "Republican party and President." This is a very great mistake. In their passion and zeal for the success of the creeds and theories to which they are wedded, I fear they have allowed their prejudices to overbear their judgments.

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Mr. Chairman, it is assumed upon the other side of the Hall that the Executive will exercise the veto power in case this bill should pass both Houses in its present shape, and that the result of such action will be to stop the whole Government machinery and thereby destroy the Government by withholding supplies. Unless the other side are in the secrets of the Executive they have neither a moral, legal, nor constitutional right to make such an assumption; but, upon the contrary, every presumption legal, moral, and equitable, is against such a violent conclusion. Precendents, custom, right, justice, fair dealing, the Constitution, and his oath of office, are all against such an unreasonable and unjust assumption of power on the part of the President. On the other hand, if the Executive has informed his political friends that he will veto this bill, or has even intimated to them that such would be his policy, he is guilty of a great breach of courtesy to the legislative department and it smacks of dictation to the legislative branch of the Government, and, if I mistake not, is in violation of the spirit of the Constitution and his oath of office. If no such information or intimation has been given a great injustice has been indirectly inflicted upon the President in the course of this discussion. * * * * * * *

Should an Executive attempt to defeat the express will of a majority of the people without cogent and powerful reasons, he would appear more in the attitude of a tyrant dictating terms to a fallen and conquered foe than the chief ruler of a free and independent people. Should one man assume voluntarily, as it would us in this case, such grave responsibility as to stop the wheels of the Republic, and misfortune should follow, remorse would forever cling to his conscience, and a just and righteous verdict of a proud, intelligent, and independent people would consign him and his party to oblivion's retreat, where the hand of resurrection could never reach them. But it is none of our concern what the Exutive will or will not do. Congress is the making and repealing power, and the Executive the power to have them put into execution, with a supervisory power residing in the judiciary to see that they be constitutional. The honorable gentlemen need not remind this House of the civil results that might flow from the anticipated act of the President; it will neither drive nor lead from an honest and faithful discharge of duty; we will perform our duty to the country and let them assume the responsibility of fearing the will of the majority and, if you please, as they say, destroying the Government. I plant myself on this rock and say, in the language of the valiant Fitz James.

Come one, come all, this rock shall fly
From its firm base as soon as I.

But uplifting in your distempered imaginations the bleeding and mangled forms of your noble and gallant dead will not prolong your lease of power. Providence in his inscrutible wisdom and unlimited mercy, has decreed your downfall. You have been extremely disobedient to the commands of justice, and your final destruction has been longe delayed to give room for repentance and reformation, but they came not, and you must pay the severe penalty of your many transgressions. The order has been issued by the voices of near fifty millions of people, and it would be more dignified and becoming to step down and out in silent submission, and quietly surrender the control of the nation into other and better hands, who will be required upon conviction, after being tried and found wanting, to follow in your footsteps. You have our sympathies in your sorrows and lamentations over your lost fortunes, blasted hopes, and future uncertainties; but a stern sense of honor and duty to the Union of the States, and to the verdict of the people and love for the Constitution, constrains us to restrain our sympathy for our fallen brethren and dispense with or release you for a period at least from the responsibility of making laws, and bid you Godspeed in all that is great, noble, and glorious; and I trust, gentlemen, while you are in the minority, you will learn to follow that golden rule, so often departed from in this degenerate age, to do unto others as you would have them do unto you.

One more word and I am done. The gentleman asserted that the South was largely Republican and if protected would send a Republican delegation to this House. This is a mistake, and it is one of those of which Talleyrand says, "they are worse than crimes," a mistake which causes a Southern man to call for soldiers to watch his fellow-citizens when they exercise the rights of freemen. And he seems very much outraged because he had no colored men from the South by his side. He lives in a large Republican district in East Tennessee. Why did not the gentleman give us a living witness on this floor of the truth of his doctrine by staying at home and sending a colored gentleman here to occupy his seat? He had the power to do so. The honorable gentleman from Maine, (Mr. Frye,) too, expressed great feeling for his absent colored friends. I say to that gentleman, set us the example by staying home and sending the colored brethren from your district North and we will send five from the South for every one you send from the North.

Sulight.

Hayes will not, as was expected, visit the Pacific coast this summer.

Prof. David Swing, of Chicago, utilizes the telephone in making pastoral calls.

"If all the world were blind what a melancholy sight it would be," said a clergyman.

Dr. Thomas Withers, of Petersburg, is dead.

Gov. Throckmorton, of Texas, is for Hancock.

Savannah amateurs will play Pinafore Monday evening.

It is Mr. Froude who is to write the "authorized" life of Mr. Carlyle.

The are seventy six sheep raisers in Webb county, Texas, owning from 1,000 to 80-000 head each.

Mr. Whitelaw Reid must have forgotten that he was on Ohio man when he declined the Berlin Mission.

Charles Fechter, while playing an engagement at the Howard Athenæum Boston Monday night, was prostrated by an acute gastric attack.

London *Court Journal:* "Mr. Tennyson will contribute to the April number of the *Nineteenth Century* a dedicatory poem to the Princess Alice, followed by a ballad on the banner of England, entitled, "The Defence of Lucknow."

That women can be cool and children brave in the face of danger was fully established in New York last Friday, when Miss McCloskey, of Grammar School, No. 17, quietly marshalled her two thousand pupils and carried them all safely out of the burning building without injury, and without panic.

The Germans in China are learning how to turn an honest penny by teaching the Celestials to manufacture their own goods. So successful have they been that the Chinese government is about to erect a woollen mill at Lanchow-Fu, the chief town in the province of Kansas, where the raw material is most abundant.

A catamount, measuring thirty-eight inches from the nose to the tip of his tail, was caught in a trap in Cameron county, Pa., by a boy ten years old. When the lad discovered what he had caught, (set his trap for a fox) he went home, got a revolver, and shot the beast, which was furious to get at him.

The Mapleton Opera Troupe, with the exception of the prima donne Gerster, Hauk and Roze, and the tenor Campanini, sailed from New York Saturday afternoon on the City of Chester for Liverpool. A matinee performance Saturday for Manager Mapleson's benefit, yielded $7,000. Gerster, Hauk and Campanini will sail next Saturday, having concert engagements this week.

Colonel J. Stoddard Johnston, Secretary of State of Kentucky, publishes a long card in the Frankfort *Yeoman* in vindiction of George D. Prentice, and giving a history of his relationship, as editor of the Louisville *Journal*, to the Southern Confederacy. The essence of the article is that Prentice was Southern at heart, but a man of inspirations rather than convictions, and that he did not take money from the South.

It seems the New York *Times* was mistaken in announcing that Mr. Wm. H. Vanderbilt on Saturday last paid the daughters of the late Horace Greeley the large amount due them by his brother, Cornelius J. Vanderbilt, and borrowed from the veteran journalist during his lifetime. The debt was cancelled on Saturday, however, by Cornelius J. Vanderbilt himself, who paid Mr. Greeley's daughters $61,000, being the principal and interest of his indebtedness to the Greeley estate, as $10,000 had been previously paid to these ladies in 1873 by Commodore Vanderbilt, making the whole sum paid $71,000.

The staid old Boston *Advertiser* has discovered in its city a "National Farmer's Association," which was organized a few months ago for the purpose of encouraging the Southern negroes to emigrate to the Northern and Western States and settle upon government lands. The way had been prepared for this and similar associations (for the "National Farmers'" is only one of several) by the circulation of political documents among the negroes the past two years, the most pungent of which emanated from Boston, and stirred the colored folks up to discontent with their situation and a passion for change. The "Farmers' Association" aimed particularly at getting the emigrants into Northern Texas, but the current has started the other way and Kansas is now the Promised Land of the deluded people. It is all supposed to be a philanthropic movement on the part of the Boston folks, of course, though it is a little difficult at present to see exactly where the philanthropy comes in.

What the South Complains Of.

Charleston News and Courier.

What the South complains of, and with reason, is that violations of law in the South are regarded in the North as something exceptional and monstrous, calling for special reprobation. This course prompts the South to demonstrate that there is as much brutality and crime in one part of the country as in another. It is unprofitable, of course, but natural. The dangers of lawlessness in the South are not lessened by exhibitions of bloody ferocity in the North. On the contrary, each aggravates each. Crime is crime wherever it takes place, and is to be rebuked and reprehended whatever the provocation or excuse. This is the feeling in the South to-day, and nothing stands in the way of this feeling becoming effective and all-powerful but the unceasing and unreasonable abuse of the South, by Northern newspapers, whenever blood is shed on this side of the Potomac.

Notes from this week's North Carolina *Presbyterian:* Nine additions to the First church in Raleigh—four by profession. Eighteen new members at Company shops, Alamance—four by profession, or on examination. At Graham, on second Sabbath, ordained as elders: James H. Holt, John Denny and W. C. Donnell; and five deacons, viz.: J. L. Scott, J. W. White, L. B. Holt, John W. Whitsett and Robt. M. Denny.

SUN TELEGRAMS.

EARLY AND MIDNIGHT REPORTS.

OVER THE CABLE.

The Old World's News.

LONDON, April 9.—Additional advices from Capetown about the disaster to the British convoy on the Intombe river, March 17th, report that besides the troops it is thought forty wagon drivers and followers were killed. Twenty-five Zulu corpses were found on the field of battle. It is believed that many more were drowned. The Zulus had ample time to get the news of the convoy, as it was delayed at the ford three days by heavy rains. The ford was only four miles from Luneburg to meet the convoy. Colonel Pearson signals from Ekowe that he can hold out ten days longer, till the 4th of April; that his provisions only are short and he has plenty of ammunition. The dispatch giving these particulars says nothing of the sickness in his command, which is only mentioned by the *Daily News'* correspondent. Scouts who arrived at the camp of the relieving column just before the departure of the last advices report the Zulus concentrated in a large mass eleven miles north of Tugela river. They are hidden in a dense jungle, so their numbers were unascertainable.

A *Times* Tirnova dispatch says: "The Bulgarians are determined to have a national democracy of the severest simplicity. All parties are united in the determination that the legislature shall be elected wholly by the people."

The *Times* correspondent at Paris, says there are real signs of returning animation on the Paris Bourse daily, and attention is being bestowed upon foreign stocks by the investing of public and home rentes, though still rising, are becoming a less an object of speculation.

The *Standard's* correspondent at Berlin says: The Russian revolutionary commissioners have sent letters to all the imperial dignitaries at St. Petersburg, saying that though they did not intend to attack the Czar, they will not cease to kill his attendants, especially the heads of the police department, so long as the treatment of the political prisoners is unameliorated.

A dispatch from Seaham, county of Durham, states that the miners in the Houghton and Seaham districts have determined to destroy the property of the owners and managers. A hundred police are stationed in Seaham hall, and a conflict is emminent. The colliery managers are leaving or barricading their houses. Mr. Bourke, under the Secretary of foreign affairs has gone to Paris to confer with French government about the Egyption crsis.

PARIS, April 9.—The approaching visit of the Austrian Crown Prince to Madrid, is believed here to foreshadow the marriage of King Alfonso to Arch Dukess Maria, daughter of Arch Duke Charles.

The *Patrie* announces that it has reason to believe that the marriage of King Alphonso of Spain to the Archduchess Maria of Austria, will take place in July.

In view of a possible election of Mr. Blanque on the second ballot at Bordeaux, for a vacancy in the Chamber of Deputies, the Radicals are urging the Goverument to pardon him and thus avoid ill-feeling and a criminating discussion in the Chamber if Blanque is elected and not permitted to take his seat.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 9.—The *Agence Russi* states that the powers have under consideration in arrangement which if agreed upon could be substituted for the proposed mixed occupation of Roumelia. The members of the International Commissioner at Phillipopolis, have unanimously poonounced against the entry of the Turkish troops into Roumelia.

Several ministerial councils have been held, and there have been frequent interviews between Lord Dufferin and Prince Gortschakoff in regard to an alternative arrangement for the mixed occupation. It is understood that Russia has taken a resolution of conciliatory nature which is calculated to hasten an understanding on the subject with the powers, especially with England.

TIRNOVA, April 9.—The Bulgarin Assembly passed 6 more articles of the constitution resolving that there shall be no censorship of the press. Even religious publications are to be free though censorship therefor was demanded by some clerical deputies. The Assembly has also resolved against the creation of a Senate after a violent debate during which advocates of a Senate quitted the House.

The Notional party are greatly satisfied at the progress made, and hope to finish the constitution before Easter. The election of the 66 additional members who with the present Assembly shall elect a prince, has been fixed for the 27th inst.

The assembly has passed 38 more articles of the constitution including amendment in favor of Triennial Parliaments, universal manhood, suffrage and equal election districts.

ROME, April 9th, 1879.—The *Capitale* publishes a letter written by Garibaldi before leaving Caprera. He says Italy owes gratitude to the Royal House for having contributed to its unity, but it did not accomplish it alone. The country was more flourishing under its old tyrants than it is now. It commands Signor Depretis in unmeasured tones and concludes: "The monarchy is not eternal, and its duration will be in proportion as it merits the affection of the people, and calls to its councils, not flatters, but capable and truthful men."

The Pope's donation of twenty thousand dollars to the school fund, is a first annual contribution from his own private fortune.

South Carolina Election Cases.

CHARLESTON, S. C., April 9.—In the United States Circuit Court to-day, before Judges Bond and Bryce, the election cases were resumed. The argument took place on the motion to quash the panel of grand and petit jurors, District Attorney Northrop representing the government, and Messrs. Magrath, Mitchell, Connor and Moise the defendents. The Court announced that its decision would be given to-morrow morning.

In the chicken fight at Norfork to-day Pennsylvania won 4 fights and Virginia 3. Closing the contest of 19 fights, Pennsylvania won 12 and Virginia 7.

Municipal Elections.

NEW YORK, April 9.—The election in Jersey City, N. J., yesterday, for members of the local boards, resulted in a Republican gain. The boards last year were strongly Democrats. There is a tie now in the boards of Police and Fire Commissioners. The Board of Freeholders is Republican, and the Board of Aldermen stands six Democrats and five Republicans. One district is doubtful. The Board of Works and Board of Education, are very evenly divided, but will be controlled by the Democrats.

In the city of Bayonne, which usually goes Democratic, the Republicans have made a clean sweep.

In Hoboken, the Republicans elect their candidate for mayor. The Democrats elect their city treasurer and clerk, without opposition.

Troubles of the Deep.

LEWES, DEL., April 9.—The schooner Chas. A. Jones, of Chrisholms' Island, S. C., loaded with phosphate and rock bound for Wood's Hole, Mass., sprung a leak during a heavy gale on March 30th, off Frying Pan Shoals. A lightship went down the next day. The crew was picked up by the Schooner, Agnes I Grace, and has been landed here.

GALVESTON, April 9.—Early this morning the Norwegian Brig Hera, Capt Ommundsen with 1,039 bales of cotton bound for Bremen, dragged her anchors and went ashore on Bird Island. She lies in six feet of water, and has three feet of water in her hold, She draws 12 feet. The wreckers have gone to her assistance.

A Colored Convention.

BOSTON, April 9.—A number of representative colored men of this city held a meeting to-night to consider the plans of furthering a negro exodus from the South. A committee was appointed to call a mass-meeting in Faneuil Hall and arrange for means to transport as many as may be desirous of leaving for new homes in the West.

Sale of a Railroad.

LOUISVILLE, April 9.—The Tennessee division of the St. Louis & Southeastern railroad, was sold in Nashville to day, to the Louisville, Nashville & Great Southern railroad for $725,000.

Burnt Out.

MEMPHIS, April 9.—A special dispatch from Cofferville, Miss., this morning says that a great portion of the business part of that town was destroyed by fire this morning.

Inferior Court Clerks.

Raleigh News Supreme Court Report.

BY DILLARD, J.

119. Davis, vs Moss, from Wilson.

At the organization of an Inferior Court in Sept. 1877, the Justices of the Peace declined to elect a Clerk, but accepted the defendant, the Clerk of the Superior Court as ex-officio clerk to the Inferior Court, took his bond for two years and he entered into the discharge of his duties. The term of the Superior Court Clerk expired in August, 1878, (though re-elected) when the Justices of the Peace elected the plaintiff, clerk of the Inferior Court. Third: The right and duty of the defendant to discharge the duties of the clerk of the Inferior Court have begun as an incident to the office of Superior Court Clerk did not depend on the continuance nor terminate with it.

Hillsboro *Recorder:* At court Florence Hopsen, colored, indicted for the murder of her brother, Isham Davis, submitted to a sentence of manslaughter and was sentence to six years in the penitentiary. Her husband for complicity had already been sentenced at Alamance court to nine years. In the case of the State vs Rebecca Ann Lyon an indictment had been found against her for the murder of Nancy Blechwell and children. Robert Boswell, now under sentence of death for participation in the same crime was convicted of the crime at the fall term of Orange Superior Court, and Rebecca Lyon was an import ant witness for the State. An indictment was found agafnst her at the same term of the court, under which she wasarraigned. When her case was called at this time, her counsel, Messrs. Ruffin and Graham raised the objection, that the record of the last court had not been made up as ordered by Judge Kerr; that the plea to the indictment had been made conditionally with the understanding that it should not prejudice her equitable claim to protection from the court as an accomplice of Boswell in consideration of the use of her testimony by the State; that Judge Kerr had ordered the arraignment to be stricken out and that it appears that the order had not been entered. Judge Buxton directed the record to be amended *nunc pro tunc*, but denied the motion of the counsel for the defendant to order the dischrrge of the prisoner; upon which denial, the counsel took an appeal to the Supreme Court; and the case goes up to determine a very nice and a somewhat new question in North Carolina as to the extent of the immunity to which States evidence is entitled to the light which, as acomplices, they are enabled to throw upon crime.

Quhele department of *Robesonian:* Kenneth Bethune, *alias* Peter Monroe, the Richmond county rapeist, according to reliable information received here, has been in the lower part of this county ever since the commission of the terrible crime. Deputy Sheriff J. P. Smith, started after him Monday morning, and very probably has caught him ere this writing.

Quhele local, *Robesonian:* The Rev. F. M. Jordan baptized fifteen persons near Laurinburg last Sunday evening, the result of his preaching the past two weeks. There was between six and eight hundred people present at the baptism.

Thanks to the Charlotte *Observer* job office (we suppose) for a pamphlet entitled "What Northern Men say of the South," being a report of the late convention of Northern residents, &c.

Quhele department of *Robesonian,* We learn that coal has been discovered in the upper end of this county. It is supposed to be a continuation of the Egypt vein.

Preparations for new residences are going on in Quhele.

CONGRESS.

MR. STEPHENS' RESOLUTIONS.

In Democratic Daucus.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—The Senate resumed consideration in the New Hampshire Senatorial election case. Mr. Davis of Ill., opposed the admission of Mr. Bell to the seat, arguing that there was no such vancy as could be filled by a Governor.

Mr. Jones, of Florida, spoke to-day in favor of admitting Bell.

The Senate continued the discussion of the question as to admitting Bell, until 4:30 o'clock, at which time it went into Executive Session, and after the doors were re-opened adjourned.

HOUSE.

Mr. Stephens of Ga., from the Committee on resolutions, Reported a resolution for the reappointment of the following select Committee: Census, Reform Civil Service, on laws, respecting the entertainment and declaration of the Presidential election, in regard to the prevention of epidemic diseases, on ventalation of the Hall, on causes of Depression in Labor also to increase the Committee's membership as follows: Enrolled Bills to 7; Coinage to 11; Ways and Means 13; Agriculture and Judiciary Election Commerce Appropriation 15 each, also a new rule providing that to suspend rules and pass the General Appropriation Bill, shall require ⅔ majority instead of, as now, ⅗. The report is being discussed.

After considerable discussion, and the adoption of two or three amendments, the report was agreed to, and the House then adjourned.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—A brief Democratic caucus was held in the hall of the House immediately after the adjournment to-day for the purpose of taking some action, which would permit the introduction and consideration of certain financial measures during the present session of Congress. Representative House, of Tennessee presided and Messrs. Mills, (Texas,) and Covert, (New York,) acted as secretaries.

Mr. Kenna, (West Vaginia,) submitted the following resolution which was adopted unanimously:

Resolved, That it is the judgment of this caucus that the House shall not adjourn over Monday next. But that there should be a session on that day to allow the introduction of bills in the usual manner, and placing of important legislation in the line of progress without unnecessary delay.

Mr. Stephens, of Georgia, then offered the following with a reqnest that it be read and laid on the table for action of a future caucus:

Resolved, That the aims and objects of the Democracy of the United States as far as we, chosen by them as members of the present House of Representatives are entitled to be considered as the true exponents of those aims and objects, are directed with a singliness of purpose to the restoration of constitutional liberty and with it the restoration of peace, harmony and prosperity throughout the length and breadth of the land. They abjure the renewal of sectional strife. They accept all the legitimate results of the late lamented war. They are utterly opposed to revival in this country or any part thereof of African slavery, or any other kind of slavery, or involuntarily servitude except as punishment for crime. They stand pledge to maintain the Union of the States under the constitution with all its existing amendments as they shall be expounded by the supreme court of the United States. They are against all unconstitutional or revolutionary methods. They are for law and order and the protection of life, liberty and prosperity, without respect of persons or social conditions. For the redress of all grievances they look alone to the peaceful instrumentality of the constitution.

1. The law making power.
2. The law expounding power.
3. The law executing power, and finally the ultimate sovereign power of the ballot box. They are for a free ballot as well as for a fair and just count.

While they are opposed to a large standing army as were the powers of the constitution, yet they are for keeping the army sufficiently large to repel invasion defend our extensive frontier as well as all necessary interior parts and garrisons and to enable the President to put down domestic violence or insurrection on any of the States, and in aid of civil officers as a posse comitatus in execution of legal process in pursuance of the constitution, and as provided in the acts of Congress of 1795 and 1807. But they are utterly opposed to the use of military forces of the United States in controlling or in any way interfering with freedom of election. They are for maintenance of the public credit inviolate, but are utterly opposed to the increase of the bonded debt, unless exigencies of war should render it necessary. They are for retrenchment of expenditures lessening the burden of taxation, and a thorough reform in the present unequal and unjust method of raising revenue. They are for placing coinage of gold and silver upon the same footing without restriction or limitation upon amount of either. They are for reviving the languishing and perishing industries of the country by an increase of the volume of currency founded on a sound basis sufficient to meet urgent demands of haste in every department of labor and business. Without transacting any further business the caucus adjourned.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The following confirmations were made to-day:

Geo. Holmes, Collector of Customs at Beaufort, S. C.; Henry G. Thomas, Post Master, at Decatur, Ala.; Cadet Engineer, Wm. N. Little, of Georgia, and Edward R. Treemen, of Mississippi, to be Assistant Engineers in the United States Navy, and Capt Geo. H. Butler, of Arkansas, to be Major in the Marine Corps.

The President nominated Thos. H. Dickson to be Post Master at Vicksburg.

The Treasury to day issued a call for the redemption of ten millions of 10.40 bands, of which three millions are coupon, and seven millions registered bonds.

Chief Moses, and several of his tribe arrived here to-day. They will confer with Secretary Schurz to-morrow, and before their departure will have a talk with the President.

In the House to-day, when the debate on the resolution for the change of rules had progressed for about two hours, an eccentric individual in the gentlemen's gallery, supposed to be the same who had sermonized on the violation of the Sabbath, at the close of the last session, suddenly gave vent to his feelings by declaring in a loud and solemn tone, "woe, woe, woe, to this den of thieves." Before he could get any further in his denunciation, he was pounced upon by some of the door-keeper's assistants, and hurried out of the gallery.

Notes North Carolinian.

Mt. Airy subscribes $12.000 to the Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley railroad.

An attempt of five prisoners to break out of Lincoln jail, Monday night, was thwarted.

The indications are that there will be a large crowd in Charlotte on the 20th; says the *Observer.*

The policemen say that the alleged victim of highwaymen in Charlotte was simply drunk and hurt himself.

We see by the Charlotte *Observer* that gold sulphurets for reduction is regularly shipped from the Rudisill mine.

Hendersonville letter in Asheville *Journal:* Two fine residences building by Mr. S. V. Pickens. Mr. James Garren broke his leg.

The Prebytery of Fayetteville will meet at St. Andrew's church, Moore county, N. C., Thursday, April 24th, 1879, at 11 o'clock a. m.

Forty-nine delegates, nearly half ministers, were in attendance on the Associate Reformed Presbytery, which has just adjourned in Mecklenburg county.

Lumberton *Robesonian:* Our oldest citizen, Mr. David Lewis, father of Dr. R. F. Lewis of this town, died at the residence of his son last Wednesday morning.

Polk county letter in Asheville *Journal:* Land being prepared near Tryon City for a fruit nursery, and for a vineyard on Tryon Mountain. Polk will plant more cotton.

Red Banks local, *Robesonian:* Some person entering the stable of Mr. Jesse Biggs on the night of the 29th ult., made an attempt and nearly succeeded in cutting his horse's tongue out.

North Carolina *Presbyterian:* Those who know, which is saying those who love, Rev. N. Z. Graves, will be pained to learn that he lies in a very low state of health at his home in Warrenton, N. C.

The *News* says the Supreme Court finished hearing arguments last Tuesday. It is thought that the last opinion will be filed Thursday, when the court will adjourn for the term. About the usual number of opinions will be filed for the term, to wit: between one hundred and forty and one hundred and fifty.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Field Croquet

AT

HEINSBERGER'S

THIS IS ONE OF THE MOST FASCINATING and pleasant games now in use and especially adapted to this Spring weather. A fine assortment on hand and prices lower than ever.

A new lot of ZITHERNS, the lowest priced musical instrument ever offered in this market. Gives general satisfaction wherever used.

NEW STYLES CABINET CARDS

Just received the latest tints and designs. ap10-tf

SUPERIOR COURT OF NEW HANOVER COUNTY.

William Larkins, Plaintiff, against J. W. Henry Burnett and wife, Rebecca C. Burnett, Defendants. } Petition for Partition.

IN PURSUANCE OF A DECREE OF THE Superior Court in the above entitled cause, I will, on FRIDAY, the 9th day of May, A. D. 1879, at 11 o'clock A. M., expose for sale by public auction at the COURT HOUSE DOOR, in the city of Wilmington, the eastern half of Lot No. 3, in block 102, fronting 66 feet on Fourth street, and running back the same width 165 feet.

TERMS—One-third cash, residue in 6 and 12 months, with interest from day of sale.

Title retained until all of purchase money has been paid.

J. G. BURR, Commissioner.

ap 10, 20, 29 may 9

The Banks

OF THIS CITY WILL BE CLOSED ON Friday, April 11th (Good Friday).

A. K. WALKER, Cashier.

ap 10-1t S. D. WALLACE, Cashier.

WOULD YOU BE BEAUTIFUL?

Then cleanse the system from all the impurities that force their way through the skin, producing irritation, sores, pimples, blotches, eruptions, discolorations.

CANCER AND SCROFULA,

BY TAKING

ROSADALIS.

WOULD YOU BE HEALTHY?

Then keep the blood pure and the stomach and Liver in good order by taking

ROSADALIS.

There is no other medicine that has such an untarnished reputation and such a magnificent record, during all the years that it has been before the public, and we can safely recommend it as a

POSITIVE CURE IN ALL CASES.

JOHN F. HENRY, CURRAN & CO., Sole Proprietors

april10-1w 8 College Place, N. Y.

J. H. Carraway's

GENTLEMEN'S PARLOR SALOON, where every comfort and convenience for the best Shave, Hair Cutting and Shampooing can be had. Shaving 15c., or eight tickets for $1. Cutting Hair, 25c.; Shampooing, 25c. Special attention given to Young Misses and Children's hair cutting by the best barbers in the city. Keeps constantly on hand the very best assortment of Tonics, Hair Oils and Cosmetics. [ap 10-naetf

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CLOTHING, FURNISHING GOODS AND HATS

Is complete now in all its branches.

My motto is, BEST MADE, LATEST STYLE, LOWEST PRICE, to all who invest at the leading Clothing House of

A. DAVID,

Merchant Tailor and Clothier,

Corner of Front and Princess Streets.

P. S.—The Cadet Fatigue Suits are at hand. april 6-1m

CLYDE'S

NEW YORK AND WILMINGTON

Steamship Line.

The Steamer

REGULATOR,

Capt. DOANE,

WILL SAIL FROM NEW YORK,

SATURDAY, April 12th.

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