

The Wilmington Sun.

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SUN LETTERS.

PETERSBURG, VA.

Musical Matters—Marriages—Funerals—Dr. Hoge—City Elections—Manufactured Tobacco—Dr. Bagby, &c. &c.

PETERSBURG, VA., May 1st, 1879.

The most eagerly anticipated musical event of the season in Petersburg since the departure of the Boston Quintette Club, was the concert recently given at the Academy of Music by the Tuck concert company, with Miss Marie Tuck of this city as the principle figure. The house on the occasion was crowded by one of the largest, most fashionable, and critical audiences that ever before assembled within its walls, a compliment which must have afforded the brilliant young debutante the greatest satisfaction. Miss Tuck not only succeeded in fulfilling all that had been expected of her, but exceeded the anticipation formed by at least a part of her audience, and added new laurels to the chaplet that is doubtless destined ere long to crown her deserving brow.

Another concert to be given by amateurs of this city, in which some of our best talent will appear, is spoken of as an event to take place in the near future.

Tuesday afternoon at St. Paul's Episcopal church, at 3 o'clock, p. m. Mr. Robert Gilliam, Jr., and Miss Mary Love, daughter of the late ex-Governor Bragg, of North Carolina, were united in marriage. Rev. Dr. C. R. Hains, officiating. Messrs. T. G. Watkins, David Meade, W. H. Cuthbert and R. E. Hardaway, acted as ushers. The groom is a popular and rising young lawyer.

There were altogether sixteen marriage licenses issued from the clerk's office during April—nine to white and seven to colored couples.

Rev. Dr. Moses D. Hoge, the distinguished Presbyterian divine of Richmond, preached a powerful sermon at the Tabernacle church, Sunday night, taking his text from 2nd Kings, 5th chapter, 13th verse. The sermon was addressed especially to the young, and was attentively listened to by a large congregation as the spacious church would hold.

The funeral of Mrs. Christina E. Rosser, probably the oldest church member in the State, took place Tuesday evening from High street Methodist Church. She joined the church in 1809, seventy years ago.

The funeral of the late John D. Bennett, a most worthy and respectable citizen of Petersburg, took place yesterday afternoon. The services were conducted by Blandford Lodge, No. 3, of Masons, of which the deceased was a member. Mr. Bennett was for the past thirty years or more, engaged in the jewelry business in city, and will doubtless be remembered by many of your readers in North Carolina.

The Hastings Court has, for the past two or three days, been considering applications for license to sell liquor, and has granted three wholesale, thirty-four retail and forty bar room licenses.

At the May election this year, our citizens will be called upon to elect only one city officer—City Treasurer. The present acceptable incumbent, Mr. V. Johnston, will doubtless be re-elected, no one else has as yet, announced himself as a candidate. The Conservative City Executive Committee has ordered a primary election to take place on the 14th inst.

Petersburg exported 269,478 pounds of manufactured tobacco during the month of April, and her tobacco manufacturers will to-day, May 1st, buy \$80,000 worth of new stamps. The rate being reduced from 24 to 16 cents.

Miss Agnes Herndon, will appear at the Academy of Music to-night in renditions and impersonations from Shakespeare, and other authors. She is a gifted and beautiful Virginia lady, and has won many laurels on the stage in the South. One of the scenes she enacts, is that of the love-spat between Sir Peter and Lady Teazle, from "The School for Scandal," is said to be particularly rich.

Dr. Bagby, "Mozis Addams," the Richmond humorist, whose reputation is a National one, is helping the ladies of the Market Street Methodist church in an entertain ment they are giving for the purpose of raising funds to re-carpet their church. His readings last night caused much merriment. The sermon, "Gwine into the Ark," being particularly fine. If he ever comes down your way don't fail to go to see him.

Memorial Day.

To Editor Sun: We see it is suggested that the Ladies' Memorial Association had appointed a committee from their body to confer with the Chamber of Commerce, Board of Trade, and Produce Exchange, with a view to changing the day from Saturday to Friday or Monday. We hope that they will do no such thing. Saturday is the 10th, and the day set apart all over the South for that day with few exceptions, and we think our merchants have enough appreciation of the lost cause left in them to give a few hours to this purpose. They had celebrated this day on Saturday before and without any detriment to their business, and we do hope that as the 10th is our day that the ladies will not make the change. A merchant is most assuredly wanting in that high appreciation he should have for our noble sainted

Confederate dead, (or anybody else) who could close their places of business a few short hours to honour the memory of those noble heroes. Again we say let the 10th be the day.

MANY CITIZENS.

Sunlight.
The hard times in England are reflected in the Register-General's returns. In 1873 there were 205,615 marriages, in 1878 189,657.

Miss Bessie Conkling, Senator Roscoe Conkling's only daughter, was married in the Calvary Episcopal church, to Mr. Walter G. Oakman, the Superintendent of this branch of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad, on the 30th.

Judge Black writes to the Philadelphia Times that Gen. Dix was not appointed Secretary of the Treasury by Buchanan in consequence of pressure from New York capitalists, as has been said, and that only one person mentioned his name to the President before the appointment was made. Judge Black also says that the harmony between Buchanan and Dix was never broken, that they never differed in opinion on any administrative question, and that neither ever found fault with a public act of the other.

The extent of the fraud practised on the unfortunate holders of shares in the rotten Glasgow Bank is illustrated by the recent call upon them for the enormous sum of £2,250 per share—more than twenty-two times the par value of the stock. All of the shareholders who could so had already paid a first call of £500 per share, but that was only a drop in the bucket. They are now required to advance a sum which must utterly ruin five-sixths of them and leave the comparatively few wealthy shareholders with shattered fortunes.

The exodus of negroes from Louisiana and Mississippi to Kansas shows no signs of abating. At a meeting of negroes held in New Orleans last week, a committee reported as follows: To-day this organization, your committee has definitely learned, numbers on its rolls 93,800 names—men, women and children over twelve years of age—in Louisiana, Northwestern Texas, Arkansas, Mississippi and Alabama. Sixty-nine thousand of these are represented in the different parishes of this State. The cohesiveness of this organization in its secrecy and management entirely committed to plantation laborers and their direct representatives secured its potency.

The Jews.
From the Montgomery Advertiser.
A Jew! what is there in that name that can be a reproach to any man, woman or child, now living on earth? Moses, the wisest of law givers, was a Jew. Joshua, who commanded the sun to stand still, and it did stand still at the storming of Jericho, was a Jew. David, a man after God's own heart, was a Jew. Solomon, the wisest of men, whose fame is greater to-day than when he built the temple, was a Jew. The prophet Elijah, who was not allowed to die, but was translated to Heaven in a chariot of fire, was a Jew. All the prophets were Jew; all the apostles were Jews; Jesus Christ himself was a Jew. His mother was a Jewess. In every age and country the Jews have done their whole duty to the country in which they have resided, and to society. Marshal Soult, one of Napoleon's ablest marshals, and who stood faithfully by him to the last at Waterloo, was a Jew. Judah P. Benjamin, one of the ablest and most faithful of Confederate leaders, was a Jew.

Senator Jones, of Louisiana, is a Jew. The present Prime Minister of Great Britain is a Jew. But why enumerate further? From the earliest days of history to the present time, the Jews have furnished their full share of brave and honorable men, and of pure and beautiful women. Who has surprised them in public spirit, in works of charity, and devotion to principle?

A Forger Arrested.
RICHMOND, May 2.—A man giving his name as W. H. Michael, and representing himself as a fruit and commission merchant of Philadelphia, was arrested here to-day, charged with forging a draft for two thousand dollars on Girard National Bank of Philadelphia, and a check for one thousand dollars, on the State National Bank of Virginia, which he had forged in pursuance of a contract with purchasers of two firms. In one of his transactions he was known as Jas. C. Virtue, and represented himself as a retired United States Naval officer. The prisoner was committed to jail to await the action of the grand jury.

A despatch from Warrenton, Virginia, says: Foster Smith, aged 18 years, surprised a fellow inmate in the jail here early this morning. Stating that he had shot and killed his father, Bennett, Smith, supposition is that it was his purpose to frighten his father because of cruel treatment and not kill him.

Raleigh Observer. Seldom has a sadder or more solemn funeral been witnessed in this city than that of Mrs. "Nonie" Hicks, the wife of Mr. W. H. Hicks, and daughter of Hon. Geo. N. Strong, at the Church of the Good Shepherd yesterday. Mrs. Hicks was a lovely young woman, and had a host of friends among the people of Raleigh of all ages. Her health has been delicate for some years, and she could go but little into society, but her cheerfulness never seemed to forsake her; and all who were privileged to know her were attracted by her brightness and vivacity, even after she had become a great sufferer. So, yesterday, before the hour of 11 o'clock, the time appointed for her funeral, the little church in which she delighted to worship, whenever her sickness permitted her, was filled by her friends, and many there were mourning besides the large family circle that attended her remains.

Winston Sentinel: George Raffin, colored, now living at Sandy Ridge, Stokes county, is probably one of the oldest persons living in the State. He was sold in Raleigh in March, 1828. He is the father of our townsman, Dr. R. D. Hay, and the bill of sale given to him is dated for his age to be fifty-five years. George was born in Virginia and belonged to the Roan family near Richmond. He is able to thread a needle without the aid of glasses, and voted for Tilden and Hendricks in 1876.

DEMOCRATS IN COUNCIL.

A Resolution Adopted to Refer the Veto to the Joint Caucus Committee—The Sentiment of the Members Generally in Favor of Insisting on the Repeals.

Special Dispatch to the World.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—The Democrats of the Senate and House had caucuses to-day, the former this morning and the latter this afternoon. In both caucuses there were long and full discussions on the future to be taken by the Democrats in view of the veto by the President of the Army Appropriation bill. In the Senate caucus it was determined that the Legislative bill should not be reported back from the Appropriations Committee for a few days, or until it should be more definitely determined what course should be pursued. It was also declared that the matter should be left to the joint caucus committee which determines the form in which the political legislation should be originally presented to Congress. Senator Thurman is Chairman of the Senate branch of that committee and General Chalmers of the House branch.

In the House caucus the discussion was much fuller and the caucus lasted a long time. The results reached were that the course to be pursued should be referred, as it was in the Senate, to the caucus committee and that a vote should be taken to-morrow on the veto without any debate. This motion came from the leaders who are in favor of insisting on the repeal of the Democratic majorities in the two houses. There was some desultory talk about taking off the riders from the appropriation bills and passing them as separate measures. This, however, met with very little favor as a present expedient, and all formal action on the subject was indicated to the caucus committee.

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The membership of the joint caucus committee is as follows: On the part of the House—Representatives Chalmers, Miss. Carlisle, Ky., Cox, N. Y., Ewing, O., Springer, Ill., Tucker, Va., Atkins, Tenn., Clymer, Pa., Reagan, Tex., Bicknell, Ind., and Phelps, Conn.

On the part of the Senate—Messrs. Sherman, O., Wylie, Md., Leman, N. Y., Saulsbury, Del., Jones, Fla., Bailey, Tenn., Lamar, Miss., Voorhees, Ind., and Vance, N. C.

The National members of the House also held a caucus. A general interchange of views occurred, but no definite action was reached as to what course they should pursue. Rumor has it that the meeting was not altogether harmonious, there being a great diversity of opinion existing as to the proper steps to be taken, and that the fact was developed that the National party will not stand as a unit on the appropriation bills question when it comes before the House.

We have noticed all along and gladly too, that the Farmer and Mechanic, the North Carolina workman's favorite paper, has been greatly improved since shot well has taken full possession of the paper. Its new departments are especially interesting, but none more so than this which is announced in the Raleigh News: The Farmer and Mechanic of this city, announces that in its next number will appear an account of "The last charges of W. R. Cox, who led the charge and got a coup de grace." Capt. Stewart continues to improve the paper. It is now in its fourth volume, and the News is glad to learn of its increasing circulation. Let the people support and foster home enterprises.

Charlotte Observer: Mr. J. W. McLure of this county, a section master on the Charlotte, Columbia & Augusta railroad, has invented what he calls a labor saving truck bar, to be used for the purpose of bringing the track to a solid level. He claims that by the use of his invention, two men can readily do the work of three.

SUN TELEGRAMS.

EARLY AND MIDNIGHT REPORTS.

WASHINGTON.

Congressional.

SENATE.

Johnston introduced a bill amendatory to the Texas Pacific railroad act, so as to take some of the lands granted it, and vest them in Southern Pacific Railroad Company, and provide for the junction of two roads at Elpass &c. Referred to the Committee on Railways.

Pending business was announced, being a resolution of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, to investigate the claim of Spofford to Hellogg's seat. Hoar offered a substitute declared that the former action of the Senate seating Kellogg was final and conclusive. There was no controversy on the subject. The Senate rejected the consideration of the bill to prevent introduction into the United States of contagious or infectious diseases.

Miscellaneous.

As was to be expected after the tactics on the part of the House caucuses this afternoon in regard to members divulging the caucus proceedings, and this has been a troublesome day and night for correspondents hungering for information. There is little success in obtaining news. It is believed that the caucus absolutely declined to accept the report of the joint committee intimated yesterday. A bill of some character will be introduced next week, but what its details are it is impossible to obtain to-night. There was a Senate caucus also this afternoon and the same secrecy is observed as characterizes the events in the House caucus.

The Cabinet to-day resumed the discussion of Indian affairs, and resolved to take a decisive action to prevent the invasion of the whites into the Indian territory. In the Senate the Kellogg-Spofford contest went over with the expiration of the morning hour.

The bill was further considered, and a vote will be taken on Monday, the pending question being its recommitment.

OVER THE CABLE.

The Old World's News.

LONDON, May 2.—Betting now against Parole for the race for Chester Trade Cup, is 5 to 4. Lord Zetland's bay colt, Flatsam, quoted at 3 to 1 for this race, has been scratched from the list of entries. A despatch to the Daily Telegraph from Capetown, dated April 15th, says: "Dabulmani, who led the attack on Ginglewala, on 3rd inst., and other Chiefs with large armies following, have professed submission. Lord Chelmsford promised them personal safety and possession of their cattle, but said pending the termination of the war they should be located on the British territory. John Dunn having pledged his word for their safety, their Chiefs are expected in at once. The head of the Intelligence Department has moved forward from Cetawayo, but the sincerity of his proposals is suspected. John Dunn has gone to Dunbar. His presence at headquarters is thought necessary to secure submission of the Chiefs. Everything pending to early peace. Meanwhile war operations are actively proceeding and the advance on King's Kraal seems certain from Colonel Wood's division, whether peace is offered or not. John Dunn, formerly Cetawayo's adviser, assures that Cetawayo's pride is broken. Before the war he regarded the British as useful neighbors, but contemptible in strength, and partly from good feeling and partly from incredulity of their ability to molest him. Cetawayo refused to provide for his own safety and he provided he will not come in. Owing to the badness of the road Helpmakar has been abandoned.

Wheel of Fortune won a race for one thousand guinea stake. A despatch from Lord Chelmsford announces the transfer of the headquarters staff to Utrecht. Col. Crealock commands a division of the army on the lower Tugala river. Gen. Newbould supercedes Col. Wood. Colonels Pearson and Wood will command the Independent Flying columns. Sir Bartle Frere telegraphs that with the exception of a small, but very violent minority the Bar leaders appear generally.

The New Market first spring meeting closed to-day when the race for the one thousand guinea stakes, for three year old fillies took place. The course was the Rowley mile, a distance of one mile and seventeen yards. There were 8 starters. Lord Palmouth's bay filly Wheel of Fortune was the victor. The second place was secured by the Jersey's bay filly Abbie, and the third by the brown filly Reconciliation.

Bismarck, May 2.—The Reichstag to-day commended the tariff debate. Bismarck declared it was necessary to make the Empire financially independent and to remove in equality in the amounts on contributions of the various States. He did not desire a larger income than was necessary to meet the expenditures of the Empire. He believed that indirect taxes were the kind most easily borne, and in proof of this view pointed to the examples of Russia. Owing, he said, to the burdens on landed property in Germany, the production of corn was more heavily taxed than its importations. Germany had become a refuge for the reception of foreign over home production, and required moderately protective duties. Since the great lowering of the tariff she had been bleeding to death. The question was one altogether apart from party feeling. The removal of uncertainty, in regard to commercial policy, was a paramount necessity. It would be better to reject the bill promptly than to allow it to drag on.

Herr Delbrueck opposed the bill, entering into a long technical argument. The debate was then adjourned. Trosova, May 2.—England has telegraphed her assent to Prince Battenbergs election.

PARIS, May 2.—President Grevy, replying to the Protectionist Deputy, merely assured them that the interests of the country and commerce would not be sacrificed.

The sub-committee on the tariff has decided to take into consideration a proposal to raise the duty on cotton thread 30 per cent.

NOMINATIONS BY LOUISIANA STATE CONVENTION.

Platform Adopted.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., May 1st, midnight.—The Democratic State Convention met here to-day. It nominated for Governor, Dr. Luke P. Blackburn, Lieutenant-Governor, James E. Cantrell, Attorney-General, P. M. Harding, Auditor, Fayette Hewitt. No other nominations were made, and as yet no platform adopted. The Convention is still in session.

CINCINNATI, May 2.—A Louisville dispatch to the Enquirer says: "The Committee on Resolutions reported the following, which was adopted unanimously. The Democracy of Kentucky in convention assembled and reaffirm their attachment to the constitution of the United States and of liberties for the people and their prosperity and happiness. They rejoice in fact that it is in their power to recognize that all States are restored to political autonomy. They record their solemn protest that the popular verdict at the polls has been reversed by action of an electoral commission, and they declare that while in the interest of peace that the result was acquiesced in yet it shall not be held as a precedent for future violation of the Federal Government, they congratulate the people of the county at large, that popular will expressed at the polls has secured the supremacy of the Democratic majority in both Houses of Congress. In further expression of our views we resolve that we have received with intense interest struggle between Congress of the United States and the President, and contemplate with unfeigned anxiety and condemnation. The unprecedented attitude assumed by the executive in his message rejecting the supplies tendered by the people for support of the army upon the whole condition that no military force should be used at their elections. Resolved, that we hereby endorse the position taken by our Senator and Representatives in Congress in complying with the Appropriation bills now pending a demand for the redress of grievances by the repeal of the existing laws which tolerate the presence of soldiers at the polls, and the continuance of the oath test as a condition for the jury service, and the employment of Supervisors and Deputy Marshals to control elections. The following resolutions were adopted.

Resolved, That we approve the measures heretofore adopted to create a general and efficient system of common school education, and pledge the Democratic party to take such steps as from time to time experience may demonstrate to be wise to perfect the system as to furnish every child in the State the means of a fair English education. The basis of representation was changed from one delegate for two hundred votes, thus taking off fifty per cent from the size of the future conventions. It was required that the future primaries should be held on the same day throughout the State.

Longshoremen's Strike.
NEW YORK, May 2.—Twenty-five hundred Longshoremen, who went on a strike on yesterday morning were still determined to-day not to resume work at the rates offered. They are peaceful and orderly. At the piers of the National, White Star and Southern Steamship Companies nothing was doing. A few fresh hands and a number of seamen were at work on vessels of the Anchor line. The crew of the City of Richmond of the Laman line were getting that vessel ready to sail to-morrow. The steamer Wyoming of the Gun line is being laden by her seamen, a number of Italians. The Sylvia of the Canard line is being unloaded by men paid by the week and some of her crew. At pier 16 the sailors are at work on a vessel of the Anchor line for London. Sailors were also as work on the canal of the French line, and a steamer line of Green hands are removing the cargo of the Clarelle of the Atlas line, which arrived to-day. Some of the vessels which are advertised to sail to-morrow may be delayed by the strike.

Republican Party in Missouri.

ST. LOUIS, May 2.—The Republican State Central Committee, in session at Jefferson City, last night, passed a resolution approving President Hayes' veto of the Army Appropriation bill, and favoring the thorough organization of the Republican party throughout the State, and declaring Grant their choice for President in 1880. No time was fixed for holding the State Convention.

Pointexter's Situation.

RICHMOND, Va., May 2.—In the case of Pointexter, convicted of killing Curtis, on a motion for a new trial, the court overruled all the grounds submitted by prisoner's counsel. Execution of sentence was suspended in order to give counsel time to prepare papers, with a view to taking the case to the Court of Appeals.

The Cashier of Metropolitan Hotel in Trouble.

NEW YORK, May 2.—Justice Ottenbrou to-day held cashier Merritt, of Metropolitan Hotel, in \$1,500 bail, to appear before the grand jury and answer the charge of giving only one dollar's worth of change for a fifty dollar bill, tendered him by Samuel Williams, a sailor belonging to the U. S. ship Lapply.

Avoiding Seclusion.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 2.—A Despatch from Victoria, B. C., says a secessionist difficulty has been laid over by Parliament, which was prorogued immediately upon satisfactory assurances of the intention to commence a railway this year having been received from Ottawa.

Medical Convention.

ATLANTA, Ga., May 2.—The convention of the American College met here to-day. Dr. Gross, of Philadelphia, President. Dr. Loring, of Columbus, O., Secretary. Discussion on higher education of students engaged in a body all day, resolutions fixing three courses of lectures for three separate years, were passed. The convention adjourned sine die. The association of the American Medical Colleges meets to-morrow.

Midnight Report of the Cox-Alston Affair.

ATLANTA, Ga., May 2.—Testimony for the defence in Cox's case was continued throughout the whole of to-day. Capt. Nelson keeper of the penitentiary, testified that the day before he was in witness stand, Alston, Cox and others were witnesses of the sale of the Gordon interest was discussed with Walters the intended purchaser. Cox had leased Gordon's plantation in Taylor county, for 8 years. Gordon agreeing to supply 60 convicts per annum, and Cox to pay Gordon 50 bales of cotton yearly rent. Alston asked Cox if he wanted to sell his interest. Cox said no. Alston said Walters would buy it. Cox then said both of you know I will sell anything I have got except my wife and children. Cox then asked, "are you going to sell out my interest in this lease?" Alston then replied: "No I am going to sell Gen. Gordon's interest, subject to your sublease." Cox then said that was all right. On the day of the homicide, in the afternoon, Alston came in and asked witness for his pistol. Witness said it was at home, and asked what Alston wanted with a pistol, and Alston said he had had a trouble with Cox. That Cox had sent him to the barber shop and said, "I want to see the power of attorney you have to sell Gordon's interest, and that he replied that he would not show it under compulsion, and Cox said I am going to see it before you leave this room. That he said, "You are a nice good looking fellow, here with your knife, when I haven't got a cent on me, to try and force to terms." Cox then said, "Go and arm yourself, and I will wait for you," and he is waiting for me now. Witness begged Alston to let him act as mediator and stop the difficulty. Alston went out soon after. Witness followed and found Alston and Murphy in the Treasurers office, Alston with a pistol, revolving the cylinder. Renewed offer to mediate, and Murphy joined in. Alston said he would go and see what you can do. Went down to the barber shop and saw Cox in the back room. Could not get the door open. Alston called to witness and wanted to see him. Cox replied, "Excuse me, Colonel, I am waiting for a friend. I will be at your office soon." Insisted on seeing Cox, and Cox persisted in refusal. Went back to his office, and soon after Cox came in saying, I want to see you. There was a lady in the office. Cox sat down by the window and the witness, who went to him and said, "Ed, you are drunk." Cox said, "No, I am not," and asked witness to go with him to the Treasurer's office. Witness asked what for, and Cox would not say, so witness refused. Cox suddenly went out. Witness soon followed and found Cox and Alston in the Treasurer's office. Witness testified to incidents of the fight substantially as before. Witness did not see Alston's pistol, but he saw Cox's office about Cox's contract with Gordon, which had been arranged by Alston. Cox told Alston if he went back on him in this business he would kill him, and called on witness to be witness to the threat. Witness calmed the quarrel and took both men home to dinner, with him. They were as good friends as ever and after dinner nursed each other's heads in their laps on the settees. Witness thought their relations were friendly up to the killing. Sams who was Cox's messenger to Alston on the day of the killing testified that the message Cox sent was "Kill Cox, Alston and send his head to the barber shop." It is affirmed that he did all he could stop the difficulty. As to the tragedy upon all the essential points the witness contradicted fully the testimony of Benfro, Wellon and Nelms and his own testimony before the coroner's jury. He was subjected to a terrible cross-examination, his testimony made a bad impression on the public. Gen. Grant testified to having a conversation a few minutes before the homicide with Alston, when Alston detailed to him the acts of Cox at the barbershop, as told to Nelms, and Alston said he thought he would be right to take a double-barrel shot gun and kill Cox on sight. Witness told him not to take too serious a view of it, and he, witness, would see what he could do to stop it. Did go to his office and sent Nelms to follow Cox and keep down the difficulty. Saw Cox cross the street to the Capitol with his hand at his pocket as if on the pistol. Alston said "where goes Cox now having money?" Witness testified to the negotiation between Cox and Alston for the Gordon interest and Cox's interest, and agreed to take Gordon's for \$4,000 and Cox's for \$1,500, but Alston said to Howard, Cox did not like it. He thought the evidence for the defense was closed and counsel said the case was not in a condition, physically, for trial, when it will be heard and the State ready to make a statement.

her up next Sunday. Freeman says the child gave one scream and died a minute afterwards. It is stated that the Second Adventists held a meeting at Freeman's house the same afternoon and appeared to wish the affair kept quiet. Freeman carried the mail as usual and showed no signs of insanity. The cause of the terrible deed appears to be religious excitement alone. Freeman is now at his residence in charge of Officer Redding and Dr. C. J. Wood, of Pocomass. He informed a reporter to-day that he was told by God to offer Edith his young and beautiful daughter as a sacrifice to Him and that he did so as God would not stay his hand. He had to do His command and He would justify him in his act.

Pennsylvania to Welcome Grant.
HARRISBURG, Pa., May 2.—A resolution was adopted in the House to-day, by a strict party vote, authorizing the appointment of a committee to welcome Grant upon his arrival in this country, in the name of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania, provided there should be no expense to the State.

Shorter Telegrams.

A meeting held to-day to promote the colored immigration movement from the South names of several leading citizens appear as endorsers of the project.

ROSADALIS.

THE GREAT SOUTHERN REMEDY. Taint, Rheumatism, White Swelling, Gout, Gravel, Consumption, Bronchitis, Nervous debility and all diseases arising from an impure condition of the Blood. The merits of this valuable preparation are so well known that a passing notice is but necessary to remind the readers of this journal of its necessity of always having a bottle of this medicine among their stock of family necessaries.

Certificates can be presented from many leading physicians, ministers and heads of families throughout the South endorsing in the most glowing terms The Fluid Extract of Rosadalis.

DR. R. WILSON CARR, of Baltimore, says "He has used it in cases of Scrofula and other diseases with much satisfaction."

DR. T. C. POON, of Baltimore, recommends it to all persons suffering with diseased blood, saying it is superior to any preparation he has ever used.

REV. DANBY BALL of the Baltimore M. E. Conference South says he has been greatly benefited by its use, and cheerfully recommends it to all his friends and acquaintances.

CHARLES & CO., Druggists, at Gordonsville, Va., say it never has failed to give satisfaction.

SAM'L G. McFADDEN, Murfreesboro, Tenn., says it cured him of Rheumatism when all else failed.

Rosadalis is not a secret quick preparation, its ingredients are published on every package. Show it to your physician and he will tell you it is composed of the strongest astringents that exist, and is an excellent Blood Purifier. Did our space admit we could give you testimonials from every State in the South and from persons known to every man, woman and child either personally or by reputation. Rosadalis is sold by all druggists.

JNO. F. HENRY, CURRAN & CO., College Place, New York.

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Those having Magazines, Newspapers, or Pamphlets to bind can now have them bound in extra style, with no danger of having edges hacked or torn.

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RECENTLY THOROUGHLY OVERHAULED, renovated, FIRST-CLASS in every respect. Location desirable, being situated near all business houses—Postoffice, Custom House, City Hall and Court House.

RATES: Single Rooms, \$12 and \$2.50 per Day. Our motto is **TO PLEASE!**

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GARDEN SEED! **GARDEN SEED!** **NEW CROP—1879!**

Now in store and for sale in bulk and in packages. Wholesale and Retail.

GREEN & FLANNERS', Market street.

CLYDE'S NEW YORK AND WILMINGTON Steamship Line.

The Steamer

BENEFACITOR, Capt. JONES, WILL SAIL FROM NEW YORK SATURDAY, May 3rd.

Shippers can rely upon the PROMPT SAILING of Steamers as advertised. For Freight Engagements apply to THOS. E. BOND, A. D. CAZAUX, Superintendent. Freight Agent, WILMINGTON, N. C. W. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents, Bowling Green or Pier 13 N. R., New York.