

The mystic chords of memory, stretching from every battle-field and patriot grave to every living heart and hearthstone all over this broad land, will surely be touched, when again touched, as surely they will be, by the angels of our nature.

The latest news is that in the United States Senate we have lost Wade and gained Brownlow. There is reaction for you messieurs Obstructionists.

The ninth Annual Fair of the Central Agricultural Society of Granville, Warren and Franklin, commenced at Henderson on Wednesday last and closed on Friday.

A letter from Hon. B. F. MOORE, of Raleigh, appears in the Sentinel declining to participate in the Conservative Convention. He is in favor of a Convention and reconstruction.

We think the Commandant of this District has made a mistake in not ordering more than one polling place in a county. One-half the vote will not be cast under this arrangement.

TALKED OF.—An Agricultural Society for the Counties of Northampton, Halifax, Bertie and Nash. So says STONE, of the Roanoke News. Good. Weldon was always a lively town, especially when a circus was there.

Mr. GOODLOE, editor of the Register, we are pleased to see, "does (partial) justice" to Mr. HOLDEN, of the Standard, in his last issue. No man in North Carolina has been "better abused" no man deserves more consideration at the hands of every lover of his country than W. W. HOLDEN.

ROBT. P. DICK, Esq., announces that he yields to the logic of events and endorses Congress; but cannot sustain the action of the Raleigh Republican Convention. That is, they did not instruct Congressmen as to their duties. We regret Mr. Dick sees fit to say that he "will not sustain the action of that Convention," because he makes the fifth man supporting the C. P. who has said the same thing.

It is rumored that the Democrats and Conservatives will make the following nominations: For President: J. B. McCLELLAN—the man who did not take Richmond.

For Vice: VALANDIGHAM, of Ohio,—we have forgotten his first name, but do remember that he was banished the society of loyal men and sent into the Confederate lines during the war.

The Norfolk Journal seems to doubt that white men commit "the most terrific outrages" and throws at us the horrible affair which is reported to have taken place recently in Tennessee, when a colored man who had committed a nameless outrage upon a white woman was skinned alive by white men. We do not see what the case to which reference is made has to do with our statement, or with "negrophitism,"—whatever that may mean,—some kind of an unconstructed individual, we presume, who still clings to the "lost cause."

Seriously, neighbor, does two wrongs ever make a right.

"The black and tan orators, perambulating angels, self constituted negro leaders, acrobats, once rampant secessionists, now rapacious negro supremacy co-operationists, and all of that set called "mean whites," look the picture of disappointed ambition, are downcast, gloomy and dispirited. Even the contumaciously impertinent and aspiring negro, notwithstanding his profound ignorance, looks as if he had just received a severe rebuke, and reminds one of a former era—the peculiar guilty and humiliating aspect of a nigger caught in the act of stealing."

The Sentinel quotes the above from the Raleigh correspondent of the New York Herald, and says "We have no idea who the correspondent is" &c. The editor of the Sentinel must be blind; Raleigh can boast of only one man who can write such balderdash.

"We hardly suppose any respectable number of those Conservatives who favor the call of a Convention desire that body to incorporate into the Constitution of the State, negro suffrage and white disfranchisement as is required by the act of Congress, but only to give to the colored people the same political privileges which the Constitution of Ohio bestows upon them, and which the people of that State have so recently and so emphatically declared shall not be extended, or at farthest, to grant them a limited suffrage similar to that possessed by their race in New York, the enlargement of which, the Constitutional Convention, under the control of extreme Radicals, lately in session in that State, either opposed or was afraid to favor."

The Journal of course has a perfect right to "suppose" what it pleases—even that the sun does not shine, or that no civil war has convulsed the country. We cannot believe, however, that there are enough so called Conservatives in this State, to defeat reconstruction as proposed by Congress. Giving colored people the same political privileges they now have in Ohio or New York, will not answer in this or any other Southern State. There can be no parity of reasoning about the matter. We regret to ever have occasion to refer to the past, and wish the present campaign could be so conducted as never to refer to the events of the last seven years; but the attempts to mislead the people renders it necessary to give a few reasons why the people of this State cannot satisfy the law making power of the United States, by giving "the colored people the same political privileges which the Constitution of Ohio bestows upon them," and why there should be somebody disfranchised.

The Journal seems to have forgotten that a portion of the people in North Carolina fought four long years to destroy the United States Government; that on the battle-field they failed to accomplish this object; that every proffer of accommodation during the war was rejected with scorn and contempt; that the war continued until the men in arms against the government were completely exhausted, and were then only, and not till then, "overwhelmed"; that they fought desperately, and for five months after their General-in-Chief had said that the attempt to establish a Southern Confederacy was a failure; that when overwhelmed, they surrendered and were at the mercy of an offended government which actuated by a spirit of magnanimity, surprised all the nations of the earth at the terms of complete restoration to all rights in the Union offered, and that every attempt at reconciliation was spurned, until Congress was forced to adopt the plan now before the people—not as a measure of retaliation or punishment, but to secure the country from any future attempt to dismember it.

When the people of New York and Ohio raise the flag of rebellion and are "overwhelmed" by the government, then the suppositions of the Journal may have some force; but not until then.

We think a great majority of the people in the State of North Carolina fully understand this matter, and intend to act as become men in their situation, and make no further attempts to brush the Cape Fear up stream with a broom. If we are mistaken, so much the worse for North Carolina.

Pro Nono. Every telegram from the Old World bears intelligence from the classic land of Italy of "war and rumors of war," waged for the purpose of ousting Prus IX from the Vatican, and making Rome the capital of the new kingdom.

The present incumbent of the Papal Throne had to fly for protection to Gaeta during the stormy days of 1848. His exile was short. He returned more triumphant than ever did return any expatriated Prince, and amid the enthusiastic acclamations of the Romans.

History is replete with papal persecutions. The first BONAPARTE, without recurring to any other fact, had the venerable old Pontiff—Prus VII.—driven from the chair of St. PETER into exile. He robbed him of his temporal possessions. The insatiable ambition of this man was his final ruin and downfall. The Pope was soon restored to the capital.

NAPOLEON the Third will, perhaps, profit by his uncle's example. He seems now to defend the Papacy.

It is well known to every reader of sacred history that CONSTANTINE, the first Christian Emperor, gave to the Lateran Basilica, under Pope St. SYLVESTER, the round sum of three hundred and forty thousand dollars in gold and silver ornaments alone, to say nothing of the expense for architectural purposes. Besides this he settled on it fifty thousand dollars per annum, and allowed one hundred and fifty pounds of frankincense for altar service.

Christians everywhere, and in every age, followed this princely example. By such charitable donations the Papacy grew in splendor and greatness. Paganism retired slowly into the darkness of night, while the kingdom of God on earth culminated into one shining light forever.

The Popes are said by historians to have been always the defenders of civilization. They checked the tide of the Northern barbarians, and twice saved the Eternal City. Pope LEO confronted ATTILA and GENSERIC. Even they stood back and acknowledged their sacred power.

CLOVIS was cleansed in the water of regeneration by the Bishop of Rheims—St. REMIGIUS—and ever afterwards, when it was necessary, drew his Delphian blade in defence of the Holy See.

Estates and patrimonies were constantly enriching the Catholic Church, so that it could claim proprietorship over many districts in Italy, Gaul, Egypt, Africa, and many other places.

PEPIN was called to the assistance of St. PETER. He put down the insurgent Lombards. He restored peace, and deeded over to the successor of the Poor Fisherman possessions which have remained under his dominion until very recently. Then the Popes became temporal sovereigns de jure. Long before that they were such de facto.

CHARLEMAGNE followed the policy of his father, and the son of CHARLEMAGNE, CHARLES MARTEL, did the same thing. He also did more. He saved Europe from the Saracens. In fact, the history of the Romish Church shows conclusively the right of the Popes, as such as the history of any nation shows the right of any Prince, to govern a nation.

We do not know what the present excitement in Italy will bring forth. Whether a general civil and religious war will be the issue we cannot prophesy. But there is one thing which we can: Quid est.

The case of Thomas Dula, charged with the murder of Laura Foster, from Wilkes, was continued on account of the absence of important witnesses for the State. Both Dula and Ann Melton, a supposed accomplice to the murder, were informed, appear anxious for their trial to take place at Stateville.

We do wish our friend Drake had designated the accused as either "White" or "Black" so that we should know whether to feel sympathetic or not.

The Southern people seem to have become quite beside themselves in consequence of the quasi Democratic victories. They are very likely to turn to ashes on their lips. Certainly, all that is needed to create another reaction the other way, is for the South to keep up a little longer the boasts and exultations and threats in which they have been so freely indulging for the last three weeks.—N. Y. Times.

ELECTION DAY.—We never witnessed less excitement during an election, than was exhibited yesterday by our citizens of all classes. Large numbers of colored people, male and female, paraded the streets and assembled around the polling places, but all were perfectly peaceable and good humored. From noon until sunset there was a great rush at the South Ward polls for the colored citizens. Towards evening it required more than ordinary energy and strength to force a passage through the dense mass around the windows. We learn from a gentleman that one or two colored Conservative voters were afraid to venture until they were escorted by the police. There were some murmurs against them as they passed through the crowd but no attempt was made to molest them. The absence of drunken men was a prominent topic of remark. We noticed only one man under the influence of liquor, and he was as merry as a cricket. It used to be otherwise on former elections and we trust the closing of liquor stores on election days, will become a permanent law.—Pet Express.

A DIVORCE GRANTED ON ACCOUNT OF AN IRRESISTIBLE DESIRE TO STEAL.—The New Albany (Ind.) Commercial, Oct. 10th, says: In the divorce case of Banks vs. Banks, Judge Jewett yesterday granted the plaintiff a divorce. The complainant in this case alleged that his wife was guilty of kleptomania—an irresistible desire to steal. This allegation was subsequently abandoned, and the plaintiff relied upon mentioning the several instances of stealing. We believe that an application for divorce by the same party was refused by Judge Bicknell in the circuit court. We are inclined to think that the courts have heretofore hesitated to dignify kleptomania, or the several instances which constitute it, with being a sufficient ground for divorce.—It was not alleged in this that the wife has been convicted of the crimes charged.

In these days of bursting boilers, of breaking machinery, and of artillery experiments, offensive and defensive, every new point that bears on the strength of the one universally used material, iron, becomes of interest. It has been latterly in dispute whether the strength of iron improves with age. It is known that repeated fusion greatly increases the strength of cast iron, and it is beginning to be held that old castings are stronger than new ones. Eight inch gages tested 30 days after casting stand but about 73 charges; 34 days, 80 charges; 100 days, 780 charges; six years, 2,880 charges. If the particles of iron distributed and strained by cooling, properly adjust themselves in the course of time to the positions most favorable for tenacity, it is a question well worth the attention of mechanics, of railroad men, and of all who use machinery, as well as of the great controversy as to the value of long afterleaving the foundry castings of all kinds may advantageously be withheld from work.—N. Y. Times.

The exportation of condensed meat to England promises to become an important part of the Australian trade. The prescribing of nutritious food is now the fashion among doctors, both in their private practice and in government and charitable institutions. The consumption of soups and gravies, and especially of beef tea, is responsible for the high price of meat in the English butcher shops. The process which the Australians use is that invented by Baron Liebig. Every morsel of fat, sinew, and skin is cut away by hand, the fresh beef and the soluble matter in the remainder is then extracted by steam. The liquid thus obtained is then dried by evaporation till it becomes an extremely thick jelly.

Headquarters Post of Wilmington. WILMINGTON, N. C., Oct. 24, 1867. SPECIAL ORDER No. 71. The various Boards of Registration for this Military Post will meet on the 5th day of November next, and continue in session for five consecutive days for the final revision of the Registration Lists. They will convene immediately upon the receipt of this order, for the purpose of appointing the place of such meetings, and giving due notice thereof. But one place of meeting will be designated for each Registration Precinct. All persons entitled to be registered, and who have not been registered, will apply to the Boards for that purpose at the place they may designate, on the days above mentioned. R. T. FRANK, Brevet Lt.-Col. and Capt. 8th Inf'y Commanding Post.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. U. S. INTERNAL REV. OFFICE OF Weigher and Marker of Cotton. WILMINGTON, Oct. 25, 1867. NOTICE. HAVING BEEN APPOINTED BY THE Secretary of the Treasury, Weigher and Marker of Cotton, for this Assessment Division, I would hereby notify all persons interested, that hereafter all cotton, assessed at this point, must be weighed and marked by me. Office at the Custom House. H. E. SCOTT, U. S. Weigher. Oct 25

Harnett Base Ball Club. THERE WILL BE A MEETING OF THIS Club this—Friday—evening at the Reading Rooms of Brock's Exchange at 8 o'clock. By order of the President. H. S. SERVOSS, Secretary. Oct 25

OWNER WANTED. For three boxes Bacon marked WM. DONNELLY, Wilmington, N. C., received per Express Steamer Rebecca Clyde, Oct. 5, 1867. HORACE M. BARRY, 2t. Oct 25

Sweet Havana Oranges. 60,000 SWEET HAVANA ORANGES daily expected per brig S. P. Brown, from Havana, for sale by WORTH & DANIEL. Oct 24-25

WE OFFER FOR SALE FOR CASH OR APPROVED CITY ACCEPTANCES, A FIRST-CLASS TURPENTINE DISTILLERY, in perfect order for the conducting of a very heavy business. The Still was built in New York last year, and runs ten barrels a day. A patent Steam Pump for supplying water to above, with Fine Boiler, six-horse power. The above establishment is located four miles from Lyons' Landing on Cape Fear River, and being eight miles from any competition, is a thickly settled neighborhood, is a most desirable stand, say 20 task boxes can be rented at reasonable rates, and any quantity of Turpentine bought, and goods sold. Possession given 1st January, 1868. We would also sell with or without the above, ten very superior young Mules, one Horse, Dray and Harness, four excellent Wagons and Harness. For further particulars apply to Messrs. Russell & Ellis, Wilmington, N. C., or TAIT & LESSENE, Bethel, Elizabethtown P. O., N. C. Oct 24

TO MERCHANTS. A FIRST CLASS BOOK-KEEPER, AN EXPERIENCED BUSINESS MAN, HONEST AND FAITHFUL, desires a situation as Book-keeper or any employment where his services would be appreciated. Address J. E. JONES, Post Office, Wilmington, N. C. Aug. 30]

WALDRON'S COLUMN. The Great 34.

R. S. WALDRON, Still in the field reports to the contrary notwithstanding.

FOR THE PAST MONTH MR. WALDRON has been scouring the Northern markets for the benefit of his customers. How well he succeeded in supplying their wants the good people of Wilmington and vicinity will attest. Be it known that every one wanting anything in the

DRY GOODS LINE should go to WALDRON'S

THE CHEAP STORE. THE CHEAP STORE. THE CHEAP STORE. 34 Market Street, South Side, Between Front and Second Streets.

Where may be found a full and complete STOCK, comprising everything usually kept in a really

First Class Dry Goods House. NO HALF WAY BUSINESS AT THIS POPULAR ESTABLISHMENT. Every Department Complete.

DRESS GOODS

From 25 cents per yard to the finest goods imported—MOHAIRS, ALPACAS, POPLINS, EMPRESS CLOTHS, MERINOS, and other popular fabrics, in the BSMARCK and other desirable shades.

DOMESTIC GOODS.

In the many popular makes, and all at the very Bottom of the Market. Common Calicoes, 10 cents. Better " 12 1/2 cents. Good " 15 cents. Better " 18 cents. The very best " 20 cents.

Brown and Bleached Shirtings and Sheetings 8c., 10c., 12c., 15c., 18c., 20c., and splendid goods at 25c. Can't be Beat go where you will.

WHITE GOODS.

The best assortment and at lower prices than any other house South of Baltimore.

Housekeeping Goods.

QUILTS, TICKINGS, SHEETINGS, TABLE CLOTHS, DAMASKS, NAPKINS and TOWELS from the ordinary qualities to the World Renowned Bavarian Goods, AMERICAN and RUSSIA CRASHES, &c., &c., all of which will be sold at the very lowest CASH prices.

CORSETS AND HOOP SKIRTS.

Domestic, English and French Corsets from 75c. to \$3.50. Good Hoop Skirts from 50c. to the best makes.

HOSIERY AND GLOVES.

Ladies' Hose, and Gents' Socks from 12c. up. A complete stock at popular prices.

Laces, Edgings & Insertions.

A SPECIALITY FOR THE LADIES. In this department may be found the popular CLUNY LACE, EDGING and INSERTION, plain White, also Black and White, THREAD, SMYRNA and HAMBURG Goods, Plain and Fancy, CRASHES, &c., &c., all of which will be sold at the very lowest CASH prices.

HAIR NETS.

PLAIN, BEADED and TRIMMED from 5 cents to the best goods in the market.

LADIES COLLARS AND CUFFS.

Separately and in sets, plain and wrought, desirable shapes and refreshing prices.

HANDKERCHIEFS.

A good assortment Ladies' Handkerchiefs, plain, embroidered, and hem-stitch, from 12c. up. Gents' Lile and Silk Handkerchiefs, all styles and prices.

SHAKERS.

The popular Waterproof, all sizes. The ordinary style of Shakers, only 25c.

Blankets! Blankets!

A fine line, White and Colored. A better Blanket for less money than any other house in the State. Come and examine them and be convinced.

FLANNELS—Best makes.

White and colored, plain and twilled Good, Better, Best.

Knit Goods.

HOODS, NUBIAS, SONTAGS and ALEXANDRAS, common, medium and fine goods. Very cheap.

SHAWLS. SHAWLS.*

A splendid stock—all shades and styles—single and double. Cheap! Cheaper! Cheapest!!!

HATS and CAPS

Gents' Furnishing Goods. Modern Styles and Reasonable Prices. Fine Shirts and Underclothing for all. The popular linen finish Railroad Paper Collar, Byron and Shakespear.

Umbrellas.

The celebrated "Enterprise" Umbrella for \$4.00, the regular goods in Black, Blue, and Green, from 75c. up.

CLOTHS and PANT GOODS.

BROAD CLOTHS, DOESKINS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, TWEEDS, KENTUCKY JEANS, &c., &c., all at satisfactory prices.

I cordially invite the Trade to examine my Stock in the various Departments, feeling sanguine that I can make it to their advantage to deal with me.

DON'T LOSE SIGHT OF THE Great 34.

Remember the old adage, "A Dollar saved is as good as a Dollar earned."

R. S. WALDRON. sept 24

GROCERIES. FRESH GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS.

100 bbls. Family and Super Flour, 50 bbls. City Mess Pork, 10 bbls. Kerosene Oil, 5 bbls. Lard, 30 Sacks Coffee, 10 hhd. Brown Sugars, 40 bbls. Refined Sugars, 5 hhd. Bacon, 30 firkins Natural Lard, 30 firkins extra choice Goschen Butter, 20 boxes Codfish, 10 kits Tongues and Sounds, 50 bbls. Syrup, 50 bbls. cheap Whiskey.

BRANDY PEACHES, BOTTLED ALE, WHITE BEANS, GENUINE CHOW CHOW, PICKLES, GENUINE WORCESTER SAUCE, CREAM CHEESE, MARKET BASKETS, SHOE BRUSHES, All fresh goods, Low for Cash. GEO. Z. FRENCH, Wilmington, N. C. oct 19

FOR SALE.

TO ARRIVE, CITY MESS POR, 50 BARRELS at GEO. MYERS' 11 and 13 Front St.

CREAM DAIRY & FACTORY CHEESE.

100 BOXES LOWEST CASH PRICES, at 11 and 13 Front St., CHAS. D. MYERS, Agent. oct 23

WANTED.

WHITE OAK AND HICKORY TIMBER—Logs or Bolts. I AM now paying TEN DOLLARS PER CORD for White Oak Bolts; sawed into 24 or 68 inch lengths. Bolts may be quartered or not, as Contractors may prefer. Wood must be sound and free of knots, not less than 14 inches in diameter, and suitable for sawing staves. I will also contract for

100 M. FEET CYPRESS LOGS, to be not less than 15 inches in diameter at the small end, and cut into 10, 12, or 14, feet lengths. All logs to be sound heart Cypress, free of knots, and suitable for sawing Shingles. Also, Juniper, Poplar, &c., wanted. TERMS—CASH ON DELIVERY at my wharf, foot of Castle Street. All timber subject to inspection. J. C. MANN, Wilmington, N. C. oct 9

Wanted! FOR THE ENSUING YEAR A DWELLING HOUSE with seven or eight rooms, Kitchen and Stable. To be within five minutes walk of the Market. GEO. Z. FRENCH, No. 10 South Front St. aug. 18.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BEARD'S PATENT LOCK-TIE, ALSO Beards Patent Self-Adjusting Tie, THE MOST SIMPLE AND GREATEST IMPROVEMENT OF THE AGE FOR BALING COTTON, MUCH SAFER FROM FIRE, AND CHEAPER THAN ROPE. HAVING SOLD LARGELY LAST SEASON THE PATENT LOCK TIE, we can recommend them to give entire satisfaction. We have taken the Agency for the State, and will continue to keep a large supply on hand. For one Ten and upwards, a liberal discount will be allowed. E. MURRAY & CO., Wilmington, N. C. 1y. Aug. 29, '67.

TO SHINGLE MANUFACTURERS.

THE undersigned offers for sale the patent right to manufacture and use in any of the Southern States, the MILLER SHINGLE MACHINE, which is one of the best machines for sawing shingles, in use. This machine was patented on the 13th of July, 1858, and has been much improved since; but owing to the war, has not been introduced into the South. It is adapted for Staves as well as shingles, cutting them even, or with any taper desired. The saw first enters the bolts on the side, and consequently turns out better work than can be done by most other machines. It is simple in its construction, not liable to get out of repair, and is built entirely of iron. It occupies a space of four feet by six, but can be built of any size, the ones now in use being for staves or shingles from 33 inches down.

COUNTY or STATE RIGHTS FOR SALE ON Very Liberal Terms. J. C. MANN, Wilmington, N. C. oct 8-11

BUSINESS CARDS. WM. LYNCH, MERCHANT TAILOR.

CLOTHES CUT AND MADE IN THE LATEST Styles and of the best Material. North East Cor. Market & Second Streets, WILMINGTON, N. C. NO FIT—NO PAY.

DANIEL A. SMITH, Manufacturer and Dealer in Parlor, Dining Room, Chamber and Office Furniture, Mattresses, Feathers, Window Shades, Wall Paper, &c., also Sash, Blinds and Doors. SOUTH FRONT ST., WILMINGTON, N. C. oct 2

A. H. NEFF, Manufacturer and Dealer in Hardware, GUNS, STOVES, PUMPS, KEROSENE OIL, TIN AND SHEET IRON WARE, ROOFING DONE AT SHORT NOTICE. Agent for Fairbanks' Scales. No. 19 Front Street, Wilmington, N. C. oct 19

JOSEPH H. NEFF, SHIP CHANDLER, AND DEALER IN SHIP STORES, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, Paints, Oils, Boats, Oars, &c. No. 22 Water, and 3, 4 & 6 Dock Street, WILMINGTON, N. C. oct

GEO. Z. FRENCH, No. 10, South Front Street, WILMINGTON, N. C. WHOLESALE DEALER IN Groceries, Provisions, Wines, Liquors, Cigars.

Wood, Willow, and Common Crockery Ware. Cotton and Naval Stores Bought or Received on Consignment. oct 6

H. DOLLNER, G. POTTER, J. CAMERON. DOLLNER, POTTER & CO., Commission Merchants, New York. Liberal cash advances on consignments of Naval Stores, Cotton and other Southern produce. sept 24

E. WESCOTT, DEALER IN GRAIN, South Side Princess, near Water St., WILMINGTON, N. C. KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND A FULL supply of Corn, Meal, Hominy, Flour, Oats, Peas, Rye, Bran, Hay, &c., &c. oct 11

VICK, MEBANE & CO., GROCERS, FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, Corner Chestnut and Water streets, Wilmington, N. C. aug 5

O. C. HATCH, L. G. ESTES, N. F. HATCH, New York, Wilmington, N. C., New York. HATCH, ESTES & CO., GENERAL Commission Merchants, NO. 123 FRONT STREET, CORNER OF FINE NEW YORK. CONSIGNMENTS OF COTTON & NAVAL Stores solicited. Usual advances made and all orders promptly executed. Aug. 5th, 1867.

J. C. MANN, MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN Staves Shingles Last Blocks &c. CASH PAID FOR WHITE OAK AND PINE salmon timber delivered at his Mill at wharf foot of Castle street. Prompt attention given to orders. Wilmington, N. C., Aug. 5, 1867.

JAMES SHACKELFORD, SHIPPING AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, WILMINGTON, N. C. Consignments of Merchandise and Country Produce solicited; and all business entrusted to my care will have my personal attention. Lumber orders will have attention. aug 5

L. FAY THOMPSON, MANUFACTURER OF WOOD WORKING MACHINERY, Fall and Tub Machinery, Improved Keg Machinery, Barrel, Tub, and Fall Stave Saws, Stave Machinery, Hoop Machinery, the best in the World; Chair Machinery all kinds. Daniel's Planing Machines. Woodworth's Planing and Matching Machines and Circular Saw Mills, Turbine Water Wheels, of different Patterns. FITCHBURG, MASS. aug 5

L. A. HART, JNO. C. BAILEY, WILMINGTON, IRON AND COPPER WORKS. —AND— MACHINE SHOP, ALSO Manufacturers of TURPENTINE OIL STILLS, and COPPER WORK in all its branches. Front Street, below Market Street, WILMINGTON, N. C. HART & BAILEY, Proprietors. sept 25

DENTISTRY.

Great Improvement in Dentistry! SENSITIVE TEETH FILLED WITHOUT PAIN. By a simple application the tooth is rendered insensible to pain during the operation of filling, without injury to the nerve or tooth. Every operation warranted to give satisfaction. Charges as low as any Dentist in the city. Teeth extracted without pain. THOS. B. CARR, M. D. No. 28 Market Street. Aug. 5, 1867.