

WILMINGTON DAILY POST.

A. PAUL & CO., Proprietors.

Only daily Republican paper published in the Second Military District of North and South Carolina.

Subscription information: one year \$10.00, six months \$6.00, one month \$1.00.

RATES OF ADVERTISING: Advertisements will be inserted at \$100 per first insertion and 50 cents for each insertion.

WILMINGTON WEEKLY POST.

PUBLISHED EVERY MONDAY.

Subscription: \$3.00 per annum in advance. Single copies 10 cents.

For the Wilmington Post. Might Have Been.

Once your endless dirges, voices of the past, to-night, my heart o'er full of sorrow, only struggles for respite;

When I think of what might have been, and thus, through storm and blackness, driven o'er the main, with no pitying hand to guide me,

When I think of what might have been, and thus, through storm and blackness, driven o'er the main, with no pitying hand to guide me,

HABIT.

BY JOHN ASKHAM.

It is but a sicken thread, that night winged gossamer that away from the beams of a summer's day, ere its roots are spread;

STAYERS OF THE HOME.

Of this city, one of the most intelligent in the country, gives the following on this subject:

Nothing I should press on the farmers in improvement, would be what we need: immediate. Keep the highways, keep the weeds cut close, and on each side—this, with

will be an evidence of civilization to them I would advise the removal of the old, near the dwelling, of all and broken implements, which are now or other to accumulate.

Other out-buildings are very needed more on the principle of good taste, but we must take these and improve them with paint and a good thick belt of trees around them, both for shelter and to partly conceal their unsightly appearance.

The door-yard, I would dig up, root out neglected plum, peach, cherry and other trees, and carry out the stumps. All this class of trees, I would form into a nice fruit garden, and an acre or two, as might be, where I would have a complete collection of cherries, apricots, plums, quinces, and other fruits systematically planted and cultivated.

This garden might be made an interesting portion of the place, and nothing of the abundant supply of fruit and vegetables it would yield. Here you could acquire taste for gardening, and to practice it.

When the ground about the house is made into a smooth lawn, which must be embellished with deciduous and evergreen covering shrubs, roses, &c. This is the best way to farmers when I visit them, but in a great while with any effect. It is for our well-to-do farmers that they should in this matter. It makes farm life dreary a pursuit, that I am not sure see all the brighter boys run away from rural population, growing less every year. I think how much these improvements add to the market value of the farms. A few, some good fences, an orchard, increase the value of a farm twenty to twenty-five dollars for other things being equal, but carry out my suggestions as I have made, and what do you think it would add to the value of farms? Double it! This argument has some force, it touches the pocket, but the moral and such improvement would be absolutely desirable.—American Farmer.

Republican Candidates for the Constitutional Convention.

- Bladen County.—Thomas J. Chandler. Brunswick County.—James H. Duck. Currituck County.—O. S. Hayes, Josh. L. Nance. Dare County.—R. F. Throgden, T. L. Cox. Wayne County.—Dr. R. J. Fowler. Johnston County.—Dr. A. J. Glover. Hatteras County.—General J. C. Abbott, B. S. Ashley, and A. H. Galloway. Beaufort County.—J. W. Peterson, S. Highsmith. Craven County.—S. W. Watts. Jones County.—H. L. Grant, Jesse Hollowell. Lenoir County.—David L. Heaton, W. H. S. and C. D. Pierson. Wayne County.—C. J. Cowles, J. Q. A. Bryan. Currituck County.—S. McS. McDonald. Dare County.—J. M. Turner. Wayne County.—Dr. Jas. Hay, Nathan Gulley. Johnston County.—R. W. King. Wayne County.—John R. French. Currituck County.—Thomas Smith. Dare County.—A. W. Fisher, Fred. L. French. Wayne County.—George A. Graham. Johnston County.—J. E. Williamson. Currituck County.—Joseph W. Etheridge. Dare County.—William P. Blume. Wayne County.—E. D. Elliot, Lewis Gardner. Johnston County.—Robert N. Hagan. Wayne County.—James H. Harris, Rev. Stokes Hill, James P. Andrews, B. S. D. Williams. Johnston County.—G. W. Walker, A. W. Tour. Wayne County.—Isaac Kinney, Spencer Malin. Johnston County.—Dr. E. Benbow.

From the Nashville press and Times.

Comments of the Press upon Gov. Brownlow's Election.

Thus has terminated a highly important election, which was deprived, however, of most of the excitement usually attendant in such contests by the almost universal anticipation that it would result as indicated. There was very little doubt of Gov. Brownlow's election after he declared himself a candidate, and the result of the ballot yesterday has been accepted as a foregone conclusion. The Governor's competitors were among the ablest and strongest politicians of the State, in whom the people have repeatedly expressed their highest confidence by election to posts of honor and trust. Two of them have recently been reelected to Congress, and have a full term of two years to serve in the lower House. To be preferred to such distinguished competitors is an extraordinary honor, while the high tribute so recently paid to the unsuccessful rivals by the loyal people of this State, robs their failure of its ordinary sting. Various influences united to make the Senator-elect an all but invincible candidate. The fierce warfare waged by the secessionist, backed by the President, for more than two years against the State Government; throughout which Gov. Brownlow never failed to show the highest order of sagacity, patriotism and moral courage; his promptness in crushing out the insipient treason of the Conservative ringleaders in the memorable two weeks struggle for the Constitutional Amendment in the Legislature; his proclamations against the conspiracies of the Conservative Central Committee, which gave him the sobriquet of "Old Proc." among "certain lewd fellows of the baser sort;" and finally his unprecedented majority of over 50,000 in the late State election, all contributed to induce the Legislature to hand him over the Senatorship as his crowning honor.

From the Nashville Banner (Conservative).

The new term, to which the Governor has been chosen begins the 4th of March, 1869, and continues for six years, to the 3d of March, 1875. Thus for eight straight years the Old Man Terrible can see a clear way before him; and whether his party win or lose (comfortable reflection) he is provided for. We congratulate him, and hope his good fortune may have a soothing effect, may sink him, in fact, as amiable and kindly disposed in his public dealing as he is in his private disposition and personal conduct. The canvass which has led to this result was peculiar, and presents many curious suggestions and instructive lessons. There were three open candidates before the Legislature, not to count Cooper, whose real strength was never actively represented; but there were half a dozen lying in ambush, who were ready at any moment to appear and bear off the prize.

There were many arguments made against Brownlow. His health, his grasping avarice for power, his present position. Senator Norman was against him, because he thought that Brownlow had been for Senator. Senator Keith was against him through sheer dread of Brooks. But the principal argument against Brownlow was that the Conservatives were for him. This last charge we admit. And why were the Conservatives for Brownlow? Simply because he is the best qualified of all the candidates for the place. He is the Radical King Bee, and we preferred him to any of the gallinippers and horse flies that buzzed after senatorial honors. We will keep him in the Senate as a model of Radicalism and a warning voice! As we had to have a Radical, we preferred him.

THE WAR DEPARTMENT REPORT.—From official sources it is learned that the forthcoming annual report of the Secretary of War will show a large increase this year in the amount of expenditures of the War Department over those of last. During ten months of this year the expenditures have amounted to one hundred and nine millions of dollars, notwithstanding every economy has been used, and expenses curtailed to very low figures possible. Many would attribute this increase to the payment of additional bounties to the soldiers who participated in the late war, but such, it is learned, is not the case, only ten millions of the above amount having been used for such purpose.

PENSION OFFICE REPORT.—Whole number of claims received during the month of October, original and increase, of widows, &c., 1719; of individuals, 1,880; total, 3,599. Number of claims admitted, original and increase, of widows, &c., 314; of individuals, 566; total, 880. The total number of claims disposed of during the month was 6,270. The number of letters written was 5,313; number of circulars sent, 21,257. In the bounty land division 47 warrants of 160 acres each were issued; three of 120 acres, one of 60 acres. Whole number of warrants issued during the month was 51, covering 7,960 acres. Number of claims received, 100; suspended, 169.

GEN. POPE'S EXPLANATION.—In a letter to Gen. Grant, written October 23 by Gen. Pope, the latter, in explaining his apportionment of the State of Georgia, states: "There will not be one colored man for ten white men in the Convention. Almost universally, white men and men of character and standing have been nominated for the Convention by the colored people. The fact to which Gov. Jenkins belongs is in despair at these results, and seeks to arrest the election in some way. The objection they make to the apportionment of the State, is a pretext merely. The real object is to obstruct and if possible, arrest reconstruction."

The Louisville Standard gives its readers the following reasonable advice: Put on flannel and kindle your fires morning and evening. These are not the only items of advice to be recorded.

If you find your health not satisfactory, your stomach, liver or bowels out of order, and your general condition rendering you liable to chills, take a gentle purgative of rhubarb and aloes or rhubarb and blue mass, such as any respectable druggist will know how to prepare, and commence immediately the daily use of one of those pleasant fluid preparations of bark and iron which our druggists all keep on hand, and which ought to be used by everybody in the sickly season as a preventive.

The Ohio wine makers are now busily at work, and the newspapers of that State estimate that its wine crop this year will be the largest it has ever had.

News in Brief.

Miss Braddon has made \$150,000 by her novels.

Grant clubs are being rapidly formed in Kansas.

The Queen of Spain is very unpopular with her subjects.

A ladies' billiard room is to be opened in Indianapolis.

"Prime cuts" of horse steak sell in Paris at twenty-two sous per pound.

Pope Pius IX is the 27th Pontiff who had sat in the chair of St. Peter.

Dr. Holland says it takes a man and woman to make a whole man.

During the last fifteen years Ireland has decreased in population nearly 800,000.

At the last accounts the health of the unfortunate Carlotta had slightly improved.

Brigham Young is exhorting the young men and women of Utah to do more marrying.

The principal places of amusement in New York received \$239,410 in September last.

The Sultan of Turkey has only \$45,000,000 in gold for his annual personal expenditures.

Miss Janauschek, now playing in New York, came to this country with her company on a mere venture.

The whole trade from New York to St. Cloud is now accomplished by rail—over fifteen hundred miles.

A dismal man says that, if the rebels do not actually capture the Chinese capital, they are at least going to peek in.

It is said that a Portland belle has captured the hero of Winchester, and a serious engagement is expected.

Governor Andrew had a policy of \$10,000 for the benefit of his family in the New England Mutual Life Insurance Company.

Quebec is prepared for a siege. Eighty guns are mounted, and seven years' provisions for five thousand men are kept constantly on hand.

New York city sells weekly 8,109,500 pounds of fresh meat, of which the proportion is 6,500 oxen, 2,500 sheep, 1,200 calves, and 20,000 pigs.

Three men were recently drowned off the coast of North Carolina, while endeavoring to smuggle cigars into the State without payment of duty.

The only fruit which grows in every climate is the strawberry. It is the only fruit which somewhere on the earth is picked every day of the year round.

The average value of land in the counties of Middle Tennessee ranges from \$29 84 per acre, the highest average price, to 76 cents per acre, the lowest.

NEW MATERIAL FOR PAPER.—The high cost of rags for the manufacture of paper has led to long-continued and costly attempts to substitute other articles, such as wood, straw, bamboo, cornstalk, husks, &c. but owing to the great expense for chemicals and the machinery necessary for converting the materials into pulp the cost of paper has not to any considerable extent been reduced.

It is now alleged that the okra plant, which grows luxuriantly in all parts of the United States, possesses all the requisites for making every description of paper, from the common wrapping to the finest book or bank note paper, either size or non-sized without the addition of any other material whatever. It is claimed that this has been practically demonstrated, and that the discoverer has within the past few months, manufactured by the most simple and economical process, in different mills, a variety of samples of papers which, although made under very unfavorable circumstances, possesses all the characteristics of paper made from linen rags and manilla rope. If this should turn out to be true it cannot fail very greatly to affect the price of paper, as the okra can be raised cheaply and abundantly. We understand that arrangements have been made for commencing the manufacture of okra paper this season.

Railroad Consolidation.

NEW YORK, Oct. 29.—It is understood to be the settled purpose of those who exercise the controlling influence, to consolidate into one company the railroads known as the Lake Shore line, between Buffalo, Erie, Cleveland and Toledo, to be followed by the Michigan Southern line, from Toledo to Chicago, and to culminate in annexing the New York Central and Harlem roads, from Buffalo, Albany and New York, which would give a grand through line between the metropolis and the chief commercial city of the West under one management. If this project shall be fully carried out it will be one of the most powerful corporations in the world, since the consolidated capital stock will, it is estimated, reach \$150,000,000.

THE PUBLIC DEBT.—The forthcoming statement of the public debt, which will be issued on Wednesday, will show a decrease of two millions of dollars. The statement for the month of November, which will be issued about the 5th of December, will show a decrease of about fourteen millions of dollars. The interest on the 5-20's now being paid (in gold) will not be credited until the November statement, as it was taken out on the 1st instant. The statement to be issued on Wednesday is up to Oct. 31st.

A LARGE YIELD.—Notwithstanding the drawbacks of the past season, one of our young farmers informs us that some of his lands, rather low, have yielded corn this season at the rate of sixty bushels to the acre, and he thinks some of his cotton will turn out 800 to 1,000 pounds of seed cotton to the acre. We have heard of others making forty bushels of corn to the acre. While a few have thus made large crops, especially of corn (to a great extent through extraordinary efforts), others have not been so fortunate.—Wadesboro Argus.

The Official Vote of Virginia.

RICHMOND, VA., Oct. 31.—The official vote of the State is as follows: Whites 75,924; blacks 93,656. For Convention, 14,895 whites and 93,507 blacks. Against Convention 61,249 whites; 630 blacks. Gen. Schofield, in view of complaints of fraud, is about to order a new census of the voting population of Richmond.

TELEGRAPHIC.

REPORTED FOR THE DAILY POST.

THE ELECTIONS.

GEN. GRANT FOR PRESIDENT.

FROM ITALY—THE INSURRECTION QUELLED.

YELLOW FEVER NO LONGER EPIDEMIC IN NEW ORLEANS.

The Market Reports.

The Elections.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 6.—Noon.—The New York Legislature will be Democratic on joint ballot with probable majority in Senate.

The New Jersey Legislature is Democratic in both branches.

In Kansas both negro and female suffrage are defeated by 8,000 to 10,000.

Wisconsin.—Later accounts indicate Fairchild's election by a reduced majority, but a decidedly Republican Legislature.

Minnesota.—Negro suffrage is defeated. Wm. Marshall is probably elected by a small majority.

The N. Y. Tribune estimates the New York Legislature: Senate—18 Republicans, 14 Democrats; Assembly—71 Republicans, 51 Democrats. Acknowledges that the returns are meagre; but says there is no doubt there will be a Republican majority.

BOSTON, Nov. 6.—Noon.—John Quincy Adams though not elected Governor is elected a Representative. The Legislature is overwhelming for license.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 6.—Night.—The following is an approximation to the result in New York: Democratic majority 30,000 to 40,000. Brooklyn elects Democratic Mayor. Legislature Republican by a largely reduced majority with a possibility that the Democrats will have the lower House. Barley, Republican succeeds Conkling in Congress.

Maryland.—Every office is filled by a Democrat.

New Jersey.—Democratic majority 6,000. Legislature 8 majority on joint ballot.

Massachusetts.—Same as stated at noon.

Wisconsin.—Legislature is Republican, securing a Senator vice Doolittle. This is much deplored by the Democrats through out the country. Fairchild, Republican, is elected, though the Democrats gain 5,000 in the State.

Minnesota.—Marshall, Republican, elected. Negro suffrage defeated by a decided majority.

Kansas.—Both negro and female suffrage defeated.

A closer count, especially in Wisconsin and Minnesota, may change the above.

All Tammany candidates are elected in the city of New York.

Morrissey won \$20,000 on O'Brien who was elected Sheriff by 800 majority.

From Washington.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 6.—Negro military companies in the District have been forbidden to drill or parade.

Receipts from internal revenue to-day are \$91,000.

Debt statement: Debt bearing coin interest has increased \$38,000,000; debt bearing currency interest has decreased \$34,250,000; matured debt not presented has increased \$16,000; debt bearing no interest has decreased \$3,500,000; coin in the Treasury \$111,500,000; currency \$2,500,000; total debt \$249,151,000,000.

The Davis trial commences on the twenty-fifth.

Postmaster-General Randall received a dispatch this afternoon saying that Wisconsin is still doubtful.

Later dispatches render a majority on the joint ballot of the New York Legislature almost certain. This will give Seymour the Senatorship. James B. McCormick, Democrat, succeeds Noel to the House, from Missouri.

Forney's Press and Chronicle formally accept Grant as candidate. The announcement covers four editorial columns and will appear in both papers in the morning. Forney accepts speeches of Gen. Rawlings and Mr. Washburne, as authoritative of Grant's published views. He states that Rawling's speech was carefully prepared with a full understanding with Grant.

From New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 6.—The Board of Health last night declared the yellow fever no longer epidemic, and that the city is free from all epidemic disease; that citizens and strangers can return at once without apprehension. The weather has been very cold for several days, with north winds. Total number of deaths, epidemic, to yesterday morning—three thousand and six. The Board of Health pay high and deserved compliment to the Howard Association, saying their success has been wonderful.

The theatrical season has commenced at the St. Charles, and the Academy of Music is in full blast. The Varieties open Saturday. Several interments yesterday.

From Alabama.

MONTGOMERY, Nov. 6.—The Reconstruction Convention passed resolutions authorizing the raising of a proper standing committee, and to memorialize Congress to remove the political disabilities of all who materially aided reconstruction. An ordinance was introduced and referred, to restore all property sold by execution and administrators during the war for Confederate currency, to legal heirs of the estates without suit in courts. The State Constitution will probably be modelled after the Vermont Constitution.

Foreign News.

NEAR CARESE, Sunday, Nov. 3.—Garibaldi concentrated around Monte Rotondo, and was urged to withdraw. Garibaldi replied that he did not value his life, and a soldier should not count his enemies. The deputation replied that a General should count the enemy and withdraw.

Garibaldi with 3,000 men and two guns, moved towards Trivoli, which the Papals had stormed, and unconscious of disaster at Trivoli. Garibaldi while marching to patriotic songs were surprised at Meteco; by seven Papal battalions with seven guns, who attacked both sides and both flanks; fighting fierce. Garibaldi was dragged away retreating. Garibaldi made two hours fight at Monte Rotondo, and fled after nine hundred were killed and one thousand captured. Monotti was hurt in his leg at the frontier.

Garibaldi looks old, haggard, broken and disappointed. The insurrection is over—the French took no part except a few as volunteers.

CANTALUPE, Monday, Nov. 4.—The road between here and Cesare is strewn with disarmed Garibaldians—their defeat is complete and their best men are killed.

TRANI, Monday, Nov. 4.—The wounded are arriving. The Italian regulars are kind to them and weep like women while carrying them from the cars to the hospitals.

FLORENCE, Tuesday, Nov. 5.—The English Ambassador asks the King to treat Garibaldi leniently. No collision between the French and Italians. Italy quiet, and it is rumored that Garibaldi is in Rome.

PARIS, Nov. 6.—The Emperor of Austria departed homeward.

FLORENCE, Nov. 6.—The Garibaldians lost four hundred and fifty killed, and nine hundred prisoners in the last battles—wounded not counted. The Papal loss was two hundred killed and wounded.

Marine Intelligence.

SAVANNAH, Oct. 6.—Arrived, steamships Thames and San Salvador, from New York; ship Atlantic, from Weymouth; schr. Ida Birdsal, from New York; brig Abbey and Ellen, from Boston; schr. Moses B. Bramhall, Charleston; ship John Patten, New York; bark Herman and Molly, New York; schr. Renshaw, Charleston, put in in consequence of sickness.

From Mobile.

MOBILE, Nov. 6.—The weather is clear and cold; a heavy frost this morning. Physicians say there is no danger in visiting the city now. No yellow fever deaths to-day.

From Charleston.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Nov. 6.—Arrived—Steamer Matanzas, from New York, Barque David McCallister, schr. Frank W. Shaw from Boston. Called—Steamer Saragossa, for New York.

From Augusta.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Nov. 6.—At a meeting of the Stockholders of the Macon and Augusta Railroad Company, R. B. Bullock of the Southern Express Company, was elected President.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6.—Flour less active. Wheat dull and drooping. Corn heavy. Rye quiet. Oats 2c better. Pork heavy at \$20 75. Lard quiet. Cotton quiet at 18 1/2c. Freights dull. Spits, turpentine steady at 55c. Rosin—common, \$3 55 a 3 60.

Flour less active, with prices unchanged. Wheat 1 2c lower. Mixed Western Corn 13 1/4 a 13 1/2c. Oats 7 7/8c. Pork firmer at \$20 75 a \$21. Lard dull. Cotton a shade firmer and more active; sales 4,000 bales of uplands at 18 1/2c. Spirits turpentine 55 a 56. Rosin unchanged. Freights more steady.

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6.—Stocks firm: 1863 Coupons, 8 1/2. Gold 139 a 139 1/4.

Foreign Markets.

LONDON, Nov. 6.—Noon.—Consols 94 9-10. Bonds 71. Liverpool, Nov. 6.—Noon.—Cotton firm. Sales 15,000 bales uplands at 8 1/2. Orleans 8 1/2. Bonds 70 1/2.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 6.—Evening.—Cotton a shade better. Sales of 15,000 bales. Uplands 8 1/2-16d. Orleans 8 1/2-16d. Spirits turpentine 20s. Other articles unchanged.

The Houston (Texas) Journal gives the following account of the prominent rebel politicians of that State: Judge Oldham is practicing law in Houston; Wigfall is engaged in the same business in England; Reagan has married and gone to farming; Graham has also taken a wife, and returned to his native State, Alabama; Branch has been elected to Congress, but was not allowed to take his seat; Lubbock is in partnership with his son in the auction business in Houston; Gen. Waul is practicing law in Galveston; Gray is building houses at Houston.

A report is telegraphed to us from Copenhagen that negotiations for the purchase of the Danish West India Islands by the United States for \$14,000,000 are about to be completed, and that the former Governor of St. Thomas is coming to Washington to complete the bargain. Mr. Seward has wonderful courage in the matter of land speculations, considering the straitened condition of the finances.

I enjoy a good laugh, one that rushes out of a man's soul like the breakin' up of a Sunday School; but a laugh that comes to the surface as the hickups come, or backs out of a man like the struggles of a chicken choked with a chunk of half wet doo. I utterly lament.

There ain't no poetry in poverty, but any number of feet of blank verse.—[Josh Billings.]

The official vote of Virginia discloses the fact that nearly fifteen thousand out of seventy-five thousand registered white voters cast their ballots for the convention. This disposes of the race theory. It is not a conflict of races, but one of caste, at which the ex-rebels fear and tremble.—Press.

The stage between Washington and Tarboro', while endeavoring to cross a creek near the latter place, on Monday last, which had been greatly swollen by the rains, was completely overturned,—the driver only escaping by swimming. The horses were extricated after considerable difficulty, but the U. S. Mail was lost, and has not since been recovered. There were no passengers.—Sentinel.

A farmer was seen in a Southern city a few days since, with a wagon drawn by the following animals: One pair of oxen, one steer, one cow, a mule and horse. That must have been a whole team.

A church to the memory of Abraham Lincoln is about being established in London in connection with the Lincoln school in that city.

A Berlin paper amuses its readers by publishing the following, which purport to be important specials despatched from Biarritz:

[Official Telegram.] BIARRITZ, 7th Oct.—9 A. M. His Majesty the Emperor is counting on the buttons of his coat. War! Liberty!

[Official Telegram.] BIARRITZ, 7th Oct.—9:01 A. M. His Majesty the Emperor counts slowly, with pauses and an anxious countenance.

[Official Telegram.] BIARRITZ, 7th Oct.—9:03 A. M. Has Majesty the Emperor has just finished the counting. The last button is Liberty. His Majesty said, sighing, "Ah, that I had more buttons."

William T. Blume, Esq., has been regularly nominated by the Republican Convention of Cabarrus County for the Constitutional Convention. Mr. Blume's sterling integrity and unflinching Republicanism gave him the nomination without a single dissenting voice. With perfect harmony among ourselves, the colored vote a unit, and in a County which gave Holden a majority over Worth, Mr. Blume's majority over the disunionists will be overwhelming.—Standard.

The old flag, first unfurled by Washington at Cambridge, is again to be lifted up, and float in power from the Potomac to the Rio Grande, and the people will hail its coming as the return of an old friend, and in its clear blue no star shall be firmer set, or irradiate a more patriotic light, than the star of North Carolina.—Hon. J. N. French.

So say we all. The people will hail the unfurling of this banner.

The Republican banner is the banner of WASHINGTON. Remember this voters.

"Let our laws and our institutions speak not of white men, not of red men, not of black men, not of men of any complexion; but like the laws of God—the Ten Commandments and the Lord's Prayer—let them speak of the people."—[Horace Mann.]

George Sharpe, of the town of Greenbush, New York, who is over sixty years of age, dug one hundred and eighty-nine barrels of potatoes in three days besides clearing the ground of vines for the pickers. On the last day he dug seventy-four barrels.

PRICE OF FOOD IN LONDON.—The London papers are complaining of the high price of food in that city. Corn has risen 20 per cent. in a month, and the prospect for winter appears decidedly bad. What the poor will do with the rising prices of the necessities of life is a subject they hesitate to contemplate.

THE ASSASSINATION CONSPIRATORS.—The Government has ordered headboards to be put at the graves of the conspirators who are buried in the Arsenal grounds, for the purposes of future identification. The requests of their friends for the disinterment of the bodies in order to give them honorable burial, has been declined.

By the enterprise of his agents the Paris Rothschild received intelligence of the arrest of Garibaldi an hour and a half before the French government received the first despatch. He made half a million francs by the information.

It is said that of the sixty workmen employed in laying pavements in New Orleans, where coal tar is used, and its fumes necessarily inhaled, not one has been attacked with the yellow fever.

Gen. Grant has issued a circular, dated the 2d inst., directing all army officers belonging to Southern stations, who have been absent from their commands on account of yellow fever, to be at their respective posts by the 30th inst.

B. C. Yancey