

Advertiser

WILMINGTON DAILY POST

VOL. I. WILMINGTON, N. C., WEDNESDAY MORNING NOVEMBER 27, 1867. NO. 100

THE WILMINGTON DAILY POST.
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IS PUBLISHED EVERY MONDAY.
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One year.....\$3 00
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Meets last Wednesday evening in each month.
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Meets last Wednesday evening in each month.
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TELEGRAPHIC.

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

THE COTTON TAX MEMORIAL.

THE LOUISIANA RECONSTRUCTION CONVENTION.

The Impeachment Question.

POSTPONEMENT OF THE TRIAL OF JEFFERSON DAVIS.

The Alabama Convention.

The Market Reports.

From Washington.

Alabama Reconstruction Convention.

From Richmond.

From South Carolina.

Postponement of Mr. Davis' Trial.

Chase could not preside then, to extend the leave of absence till the term following.
The order of extension of leave of absence of Mr. Davis, and fixing the 22d of March for the trial, was entered by the order of the Judge, and Mr. Davis' trial ended for this term. Mr. Davis did not appear in Court.

Three witnesses, who came into Court, ex-Seq. Sedden, ex-Gov. Letcher and Gen. Wickham, were recognized to appear at the next trial.
Sedden, Letcher, and several other witnesses for the Government, were before the Grand Jury to-day, which shows that Mr. Davis will be tried on a new indictment at the term in March. Mr. Davis will remain here several days. He will not spend the winter in Canada.

Gen. Lee goes on Thursday to Petersburg, to attend the marriage of his son, W. H. F. Lee.

Congressional.
WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—Senate—Mr. McCulloch presented documents and memorial from the Alabama Legislature in regard to the repeal of the cotton tax. Referred to the Committee on Commerce.

A bill continuing in service Generals Howard and Sickles was referred to the Military Committee.

Motley's diplomatic correspondence was called for.

The bill changing the name of Samuel Chase Barney, who claims, though a grandson of Commodore Barney, that his father and uncle had disgraced the name. Passed.

The Senate went into executive session and adjourned.

House—Gen. Grant was called on for the correspondence between himself and others regarding the removal of Stanton, Sheridan, and general matters of reconstruction.

The Military Committee was directed to enquire into the expediency of paying the army weekly instead of every two months.

The Committee on Freedmen's affairs were directed to enquire and report reasons, if any for continuing the Freedmen's Bureau.

Detective Baker was arrested by order of the Judiciary Committee and discharged on payment of costs.

The memorial from the Alabama Convention regarding the cotton tax was referred to the Committee of Ways and Means.

The Committee of Ways and Means was directed to enquire into the expediency of taxing U. S. bonds and National banks for the liquidation of the State debts.

The House then went into Committee of the Whole and adjourned.

Alabama Reconstruction Convention.
MONTGOMERY, ALA., Nov. 26.—The Reconstruction Convention adopted the following article of Constitution:

Article.—The taxation of all taxes on the property in this State shall be assessed in exact proportion to the value of such property, provided however that the general assembly may levy a poll tax not to exceed one dollar and fifty cents on each poll which shall be applied exclusively in aid of the public school fund.

The days session was consumed in discussing the proposition to vest power in the Governor to appoint all Judicial officers.

The Convention finally provided for the election of Supreme Court Judge and Chancellors by the Legislature and all other Judicial officers by the people.

Georgia Conservative Convention.
AUGUSTA, Nov. 26.—The Conservative Convention at Macon promises to be fully attended. The Press are urging on the people the necessity of thorough organization, for the purpose of defeating the Constitution to be submitted by the Reconstruction Convention.

Meetings have been held in various parts of the State, and Delegates appointed.

It is believed the Convention will issue an address, urging the people not to take part in the election for the ratification of the Reconstruction Constitution, hoping by this means to defeat it.

Louisiana Reconstruction Convention.
NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 26.—The Convention succeeded in organizing to-day. The officers stand—President, white; Secretary, Sergeant at-Arms and Door-Keeper, colored.

A committee of thirteen, of which W. A. McMann is chairman, was appointed to draft rules and regulations, pending which, the rules and regulations of the House of Representatives of the United States was adopted.

The New Orleans Times is elected Printer, the Republican falling by one vote.
No other business was transacted.

Foreign News.
LONDON, Nov. 26.—Russia and Austria, and the small powers adhere to a Conference. Prussia counted on objections. England considered it a mere matter of form. The Pope demands statue quo.

FLORENCE, Nov. 26.—Italy has not consented to join the conference. Garibaldi goes to Caprea.
LONDON, Nov. 26.—Another Typhoon has visited Hong Kong, causing much damage.

From New York.
NEW YORK, Nov. 26.—Arrived, steamship Promethes.
A nitro glycerine explosion at Bergen, N. J., killed nine and injured others.

From Baltimore.
BALTIMORE, Nov. 26.—John S. and Geo. D. Wise, were indicted for assault with intent to kill Edward A. Pollard.
The city is crowded with roughs to witness the fight between Colyer and Kelly.

New York Money Market.
NEW YORK, Nov. 26.—Eve.—Money easy at 6 & 7. Discounts 7 & 10. Sterling unchanged. Government bonds steady. Stocks stronger and higher. Gold \$1 89 1/2.

Mess Pork firm at \$30.00. Lard steady. Groceries generally quiet and dull. Naval Stores steady. Turpentine 55 to 56 1/2. Rosin \$3 a \$3.50. Freight steady. '63 Coupons 77. '64 Coupons 64. '65 Coupons 67. '67 Coupons 73. Ten forties 24. Seven thirties 64.

Foreign Markets.
LIVERPOOL, Nov. 26.—Noon.—Cotton closed heavy. Sales 8,000 bales; Uplands 8; Orleans 8 1/2.
MANCHESTER, Nov. 16.—Advices unfavorable. Corn 48s and 8d.

Anecdotes.
Fitz Greene Halleck leaves behind him many a pleasant story of the whimsical peculiarities in his habits of life and of conversation, which will long keep his memory fresh in the mouths and hearts of the inhabitants of the good town of Gaitford. A friend favors us with one which goes to show that he retained to the last, though softened perhaps, by the gentler amenities of declining years, those dazzling qualities of gallantry and wit which made him long ago at once the favorite and the ornament of the polite circles of New York. He was always ready to favor his friends with his autograph, comprehensible only through its unique illegibility.

And once a young lady, fifty six years his junior, preferring her request with an odd expression of mingled sincerity and humor, he said: "Dear lady, my name is at your service any day you will mention it."

In the House of Commons was a noisy demagogue—one of those who are fond of interrupting a speaker with cries of "hear! hear!" The younger Pitt laid a trap to silence him. He began a speech describing a demagogue and scoundrel, in all his various misdeeds and his detestable character, appealing then to the house, in eloquent words, "where can a more disgraceful and contemptible being be found?" "Hear! hear!" cried our noisy friend. Pitt thanked him for his information, and sat down.

The Government press of Rome has just published the census of the population of the city for the year 1867. The city and suburbs divided into 59 parishes, containing a population of 215,873 souls, being an increase since 1846 of 4,872. Of these, 80 are cardinals, 35 bishops, 1,469 priests and ecclesiastics, and 828 seminarists. The occupants of religious houses are 5,047, 2,832 being monks, and 2,215 nuns. These belong to 61 different congregations or orders. There are also 25 seminaries or colleges, among which are the French seminary, tenanted by 88 pupils, that of South America by 33; the German Seminary has 58 pupils, the English 21, the Pie Anglaise 14, the Scotch 12, and the Irish 52, &c. The number of males educated in colleges amounts to 258, and females in seminaries to 1,642; 775 males and 1,088 females live in charitable institutions. The number of families is 42,313, composed of 98,176 males and 95,938 females; to whom must be added 7,360 following the military profession, 81 dentists, 4,650 Jews, and 457 other dissidents. There have been 1,165 marriages contracted during 1867.

The 'Old Oaken Bucket.'—The 'Old Oaken Bucket' was written by Samuel B. Woodworth, while yet he was a journeyman printer working in an office at the corner of Chambers and Chatham streets, New York. Near by, in Frankford street, was a drinking house, kept by one named Mallory, where Woodworth and several particular friends used to resort. One afternoon the liquor was super-excellent. Woodworth seemed inspired by it; for, after taking a draught he set his glass upon the table, and smacking his lips, declared that Mallory's eau de vie was superior to anything he had ever tasted.

"No," said Mallory, "you are mistaken; there was one which, both our estimations surpassed this as a drink."

"What was that?" asked Woodworth dubiously.

"The draughts of pure, fresh spring water, that we used to drink from the old oaken bucket that hung in the well, after our return from the labors of the field on a sultry day in summer."

The tear-drops glistened for a moment in Woodworth's eye. "True, true," he replied, and shortly after quitted the place. He immediately returned to the office, grasped a pen, and in half an hour the 'Old Oaken Bucket' one of the most delightful compositions in our language, was ready in manuscript to be embalmed in the memories of succeeding generations.

During the past twelve years statues for five eminent citizens have been placed in the public squares in Boston. Those thus honored are Franklin, Webster, Mann, Alexander Hamilton and Everett. Probable statues of the elder Quincy and John A. Andrew will soon be added this list.

The last valuation of the property of the State of Ohio is \$1,140,000,000, nearly one half enough to pay the national debt.

CALIFORNIA is going extensively into the culture of cotton. The yield on an average is worth more than \$150 to the acre.

The entire State liability of Tennessee, actual and contingent, is \$32,562,325 59. The whole taxable property of the State is estimated at \$230,966,681.

MASSACHUSETTS has a population of 1,281,700. Its population per square mile is 157.83. There are 63,000 more females than males. There are 208,698 dwellings.

The earnings of the Kansas branch of the Union Pacific railroad, from Kansas City to Hays City, two hundred and seventy-five miles, last month, amounted to \$275,000.

Havana.
The wife of Mr. Jordan, American Consul at Porto Rico, died on board the steamer Columbia, on her last passage from New York to Havana.

The new sugar is expected in the market, in about twenty days.

A Hopeful Sign.
Walking feasts are taking the place of fighting matches, a hopeful sign.

Joel Wetherby, of Chicago, offers to wager \$5,000 that he will walk from the Court House Chicago, Illinois, to the State House at Boston, within 21 days, to commence December 1, 1867, at 12 o'clock A. M.

Says the Albany Journal: "The democratic papers crowd over the late 'resurrection' of their party. Their joy will be short-lived. The ghost has only been raised to judgement."

ELECTION RETURNS.

MORE AND MORE GLORIOUS.

Returns show that eighty six Republicans and six Conservatives and one Independent are elected to the Convention.

Twenty-seven delegates yet to hear from; of whom twenty are probably Republican.

This gives to the Republicans one hundred delegates out of one hundred and twenty.

Glorious reaction—the white citizens of the West have taken quarters in the Republican camp. Let the ball roll on.

The Post of Thursday morning will give returns from all parts of the State.

FOREIGN.

ITALY.

FLORENCE, Nov. 24.—It is reported that General Garibaldi is lying seriously ill in prison at Fagnano, and that his sons have both hurried to his bedside with medical aid.

The journals of this city deny the report that the Italian Government is about to raise a new loan.

PARIS, Nov. 24.—Eve.—Dispatches from Rome announce that the Holy Father, in accordance with the advice of France, has ordered the release of all the Garibaldian's who were taken prisoners during the late campaign.

Transports have been ordered to sail on Monday from Toulon for Civita Vecchia, where they take on board one division of the French expedition in Italy, and return to France.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, Nov. 24.—Noon.—The expected demonstration of sympathy for Allen, Gould, and Larkin took place to-day at noon. The funeral procession numbered two thousand, when formed, and slowly marched to Hyde Park. One of the most conspicuous objects was a large black banner, upon which was inscribed "Man's inhumanity to man makes countless thousands mourn."

On the arrival of the mourners at Hyde Park a solemn meeting was organized. Three stands had been erected on the grounds from which, during the afternoon, the people were addressed by various speakers. Strong appeals were made to the sympathies of the audience, and the hurried executions at Manchester were condemned in bitter terms.

Notwithstanding the nature of the occasion and the character of the assemblage, good order prevailed, and the police were not once called on to interfere. This evening a similar meeting was held at a public hall in this city, which was largely attended by Irishmen. No disturbance whatever occurred, and the city is perfectly quiet.

The prominent Fenian, Colonel Burke, was arrested here to-day, as the alleged organizer of the expedition which threatened the capture of Chester Castle, in February last.

[By Steamer.]
NEW YORK, Nov. 24.—The steamship Saxonia, from Hamburg on the 10th inst., and Southampton on the 13th inst., has arrived.

The *Estendard*, of Paris, says that all the European States have declared themselves in favor of a conference on the Roman question; consequently, the French Government has forwarded a second circular, officially proposing a conference to all, even the smaller States.

In Monday's sitting of the committee of the Lower House of Austria on the compromise with Hungary, the finance minister made a speech in which he announced that henceforth all excess of expenditure over the revenue would be entirely avoided, and that there was every prospect of a settlement of the financial position of the empire.

Understood.

The following paragraph from the Brooklyn Daily News, shows that the Conservative misrepresentations begin to be understood at the North:

THE ALABAMA CONVENTION.—The Alabama State Convention is giving the lie to the sneers and aspersions which are hurled against it by the enemies of Republican reconstruction. It is hardly necessary to say that the reports published in the Democratic and unscrupulous sheets of New York are caricatures, and afford no basis from which a correct judgment can be derived. The real reports of the proceedings show them to be marked with dignity and broad views, and the kindest feelings towards all. No restrictions or disabilities are sought to be imposed, with any view further than to secure the fabric of freedom and equality against the overthrow by the casual predominance, in future elections, of the rebel, negro-hating elements. Doubtless the debates afforded frequent examples of awkward use of language, ungrammatical sentences and mispronunciation, but the ideas of the speakers are right, and show enlightened judgment, laudable motives, and charitable hearts which would do credit to any convention.

Saturday morning the Convention of Louisiana met in the Mechanic's Institute Hall, at New Orleans' to form a new constitution under the reconstruction laws. At the late election there were cast 79,164 votes, of which 75,083 were for the convention. In the Presidential election of 1860 the total vote of Louisiana footed up to but 60,510. Should this convention act promptly, its well ratified without loss of time by the people of the State, and approved by Congress. A Louisiana Congressional delegation may appear in Washington by the middle of March.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

Parker House.
November 26.
W. J. McLeod, Lynchburg, S. C.; Mrs. B. F. McLeod & Daughter, do; Joseph & Parker, Bladen; W. G. Steele, Boston, N. C.; Gunggenheimer, N. Y.; Dr. C. F. Ford and Wife, Marion, S. C.; Charles Whitehead, Georgia; D. P. High & Wife, Whiteville; Miss Louisa Smith, Whiteville; W. J. Everett, W. C. & R. B.; J. Bond Carro, Richmond, Va.; C. M. Smith, Marion, S. C.; John L. Reese, Baltimore, S. Russ, Bladen; F. D. Swind, N. C.; R. B. Dunkley, N. C.; W. H. Frodite, S. C.

WYOMING.

W Lyman, U. S. A.; R. D. Dinnell & Wife, Smithville; E. Lezer & Wife, Smithville; Herman Merwin, Connecticut; M. L. Wood, Fayetteville; T. H. Selby, Raleigh; H. Abram, N. C.

BRAINS AS MONEY.—A good joke is told on a young man who attended a social party a few evenings since. The conversation turned on California and getting rich. Tom remarked that if he was in California he would instead of working in the mines, waylay some rich miner who had a bag full of gold, knock out his brains, gather up the gold and skedaddle. One of the young ladies present quipped that he had better gather up the brains, as he evidently stood in more need of that article than of gold. Tom subsided for the balance of the evening.

THE POOR OF PARIS.—It appears from official statistics that the number of indigent families in Paris, inscribed in the books of the establishment, was, in 1866, 40,644, comprising 105,119 individuals. Compared with 1863, this shows an increase of 888 households and 3,549 persons. In 1853 there was one indigent individual in every 16 inhabitants, while in 1866 the proportion was only one in 17. Sick persons is the number of 58,432 were attended at their own houses, of whom 37,000 were inscribed in 9,344 women were delivered, and the total number relieved by the *bureaux de bienfaisance* was 153,000. In the various hospitals and asylums 18,329 beds are provided for 1868; and bread to the value of 2,515,000 francs will be furnished; in addition to 1,339,140 francs' worth of wine, and 2,089,535 francs of butcher's meat.

MEN OF WISDOM AND MEN OF WORK.—There are wise men of counsel who are the real force of any assembly, Congress or Parliament. Beside them stand the administrative men, who catch the theory, explain it, illuminate, protect it, and bring it to the eyes of the multitude, to the inevitable disgust of the silent working men who did it, and find themselves superseded in the public eye by these public talkers. As soon as a man shows rare power of expression, like Chatham, Erskine, Patrick Henry, or Webster, all great inquest whether of State or of property, crowd round him to be their spokesman, so that he is at once a potentate. It is paid with dignities in England—with seats in the cabinet, earls, and nobilities and the like; in America with parallel dignities and values; in France hardly with less.

A prisoner, who had received notice that he was to die the next morning, was asked by some of his unfortunate companions to share their repast with them. He answered, "I never eat anything that I expect will not digest."

The accidental dissemination of the floral species over wide regions is illustrated by the fact that in the Exposition gardens a great variety of plants foreign to France have spontaneously grown up around the buildings and under the walls. Their seeds were conveyed to Paris in the packing of articles sent from various countries.

The number of spindles employed in Great Britain, in the manufacture of cotton, exceeds 36,000,000. When in good work, as much as 63,994,603 miles of thread are made per working day of ten hours, and sufficient to encompass the earth four times in every minute.

DRESDEN turns out 6000 reams of albuminized paper yearly—enough for one hundred and twenty million photographs. Two million eggs are used in this manufacture.

State Executive Committee.

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T. A. SIKES, of Pasquotank, post office Elizabeth City.

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VINCENT MICHAEL, of Rutherford, post office Rutherfordton.

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