

WILMINGTON POST.

WILMINGTON N. C., DECEMBER 5, 1867.

POST OFFICE DIRECTORY.

MAILS CLOSE. Northern through mail, 7:30 P. M. Daily... Southern mail, 8:00... W. C. & R. R. P., 8:00... Fayetteville via Warsaw, 8:00... Smithville via Steam, 8:00... MAILS ARRIVE. Northern way mail, 7:30 P. M. - Delivered from window at 8:15 P. M. Northern through mail, 2:30 A. M. - Delivered 7:30 A. M. Office open from 7:30 A. M. to 6 P. M. Sundays, 8:30 to 9:30 A. M. ED. R. BRINK, P. M. Post Office, Wilmington, N. C., Nov. 17, 1867.

How New York was Carried by the Democrats.

The Citizen, edited by General Halpine, himself a Democrat, makes the following statement relative to the New York election: It is notorious that the Tammany organization, utterly unscrupulous, and with uncontrolled access to the city treasury, must have spent an aggregate of not less than \$300,000 of private and public money in the recent contest. All the pay rolls of the city departments for the past two months have been lengthened and strengthened by thousands of sinecure "inspectors" and other place holders - assigned to nominal duty, but really with no other charge than to electioneer for the Tammany candidates. Apart from these sources of public or place-holding corruption, we have reason to know, beyond any question, that the friends of one single Tammany candidate subscribed and paid out in his behalf, and for his private benefit, in the late contest, a sum more than four times the aggregate of the entire sum in the hands of the Democratic Union treasurer for the conduct and organization of our entire campaign.

It is notorious, also, that with the enormous money power thus placed under its control, there was an enormous illegal "treating" vote organized and registered in the Tammany interest - not less than from 17,000 to 20,000 fraudulent votes - of which not less than from 10,000 to 12,000 reached the ballot box in favor of the Tammany candidates; the remainder being either scared off by the activity and early arrests of the police, or being unable, from sheer lack of time between sunrise and sunset, to vote in as many election districts as they were registered in - one case having been trustworthily reported to us of a man who was registered in no less than fifty-eight election districts! Holding these facts in view, let us now consider and review what was the fate of our candidates.

From the Mountains. The white Republicans of this State who stood firm on Tuesday and Wednesday last and voted their ticket, will do to count upon hereafter. Our colored friends may rely implicitly on such men. - Standard.

If our colored friends and our white friends of the eastern and middle portions of the State will give a little attention to the Blue Mountains of the western portion of the State they will discover that the whites who will do to "count upon" are as thick as blackberries in August. They would always do to count upon. They have big and loyal hearts, and they have gained a glorious success in the face of every scheme that could be concerted or thought of to divide and distract their efforts. What few freedmen we have stood like a wall of stone, and the white Republicans have, amidst the storms of epithets, taunts, and jeers which have been continually heaped upon their devoted heads, stood as firm as the eternal rocks upon which the avalanches of snow and ice that pour down from the steep and cliffs of their native mountain heights, over which the eagle of liberty soars and looks down with contempt, in the proud triumph of his gifted powers, bestowed by the same Almighty hand that created the love of freedom and liberty within the breasts of all mankind. - Asheville Pioneer.

A Holly Springs Auctioneer and General Auctioneer.

Holly Springs, Mississippi, possesses an auctioneer named Lee Roberts, who is quite a droll character in his way. He carries an empty satchel, having lost an arm in the memorable siege of Atlanta. Roberts is a strong conservative, of course, but as soon as General Ord had become domiciled in the town, called to pay his respects. In introducing himself he said: "General, my name is Lee Roberts - Captain Roberts. I'm the principal auctioneer of this town, and thinking that probably you may have some condemned horses or mules, old army wagons, spoiled meat, or something else to sell at odd times, I would like to have the job." The General, seeing that he had an odd genius to deal with, commenced questioning him. "Captain Roberts, I see you have lost an arm; how's that?" "Your folks shot it off at Atlanta," responded Roberts. "At Atlanta, ah!" resumed the General, "by the way, I've been told that a one-armed auctioneer has been cursing Gill (the Radical) recently shown up in the (Avalanche) about the streets; are you the man?" "I believe I am, sir," replied the Captain, with a bow. "And I suppose," continued the General, looking out of the corners of his eyes, "that you'll be cursing me next?" "Not at all taken aback, Roberts straightened up, and looking the General straight in the face, said: "Well, General, I have never done so. I don't see any room for it; but (a polite bow) if ever you get to be as d---d mean as this man Gill, I'll give you the best I've got in the shop."

The General fairly "roared" when Roberts finished, and replied: "Well, Captain, if I have any occasion for an auctioneer's services, you shall certainly have a showing. Good day."

The latest demand for proscriptio in Virginia comes, not from Mr. Hunnicutt, but from John Minor Botts, the model of the "White Man's Party" Republican. He calls for a declaratory act to include members of the Constitutional Convention among "State officers" who are required to take the oath of purification. He wishes to send the Convention of its Conservative members, fearing that they will labor to incorporate odious provisions in the Constitution, so as to secure its rejection. There may be some danger of this, but it is better to give rise to the Conservatives, who will do better to do the work of the Convention than to do it themselves.

Workmen in Ohio glass factory recently by mistake carried a barrel of sugar instead of salt into the furnace, and procured some very novel chemical changes. The experiment cost \$1000. Among recent improvements in "stock," it is stated that Vermont has a new breed of cats with short tails, the advantage being that the appendage is so small that it is stepped on or soaked upon, and when they go out on the door can be closed without any trouble. Australia has a very perfect method of raising sheep, which is as follows: The sheep are kept in a pen, and the water is supplied to them by a pipe which runs down the side of the pen, and is connected with a tank of water at the top. The sheep are kept in the pen until they are ready to be shorn, and then they are taken out and shorn. This method is said to be very successful, and is being adopted in other parts of the world.

Glycerine, in its pure state, is a clear, colorless, liquid syrup, of a sweetish taste, being the sweet principle contained in oil and fatty bodies. Although its existence has long been known to science, yet, like many articles of kindred nature, its value to science long remained unknown. In 1844 its value for medicinal purposes was first discovered, in which year it was first introduced into the London Hospital for diseases of the skin, deafness, and other complaints. In Russia this article is extensively used by all classes, who apply it to the face, hands, and ears, as a protection against intense cold, as it will not freeze at any temperature, and excludes the air without evaporation; it is also much used as an adjunct to the bath, softening the skin pleasantly, and also bears a high reputation as a lotion for the complexion. In the arts its uses are manifold; by perfumers as preservative fluid for flowers and fresh plants, in photography to keep pictures in an unfinished state, and also in keeping the colors of organic bodies. Large quantities of this article are consumed by manufacturers of chewing tobacco, who find it valuable in maintaining the softness of their products while imparting sweetness to the taste.

North Carolina. The stereotyped, incessantly reiterated falsehood that the Republican party in the South is a negro party, has received no more signal, overwhelming rebuke than in the late North Carolina election. A very decided majority of her registered voters are whites; her people are white by a large majority; of her eighty-eight counties, but thirteen have more blacks than whites. She is eminently a conservative State, having gone heavily for Harrison in 1840, and decidedly for Clay in 1844. Her population is almost wholly native to her soil; and in 1860 but 331,081 were slaves out of a total of 992,667. Yet, in spite of a damaging feud among the Republican leaders (whites) she has just rolled up 25,000 majority for a Convention, and at the same time elected a large majority of Radicals as delegates.

That Convention - representing no caste, no faction, but the whole people - will soon meet, and will waste little time in framing a Constitution adapted to her wants and needs, securing equal rights to all her citizens regardless of color. A Governor and Legislature will thereupon be elected, and representatives chosen to and welcomed to seats in both Houses of Congress. That done, is there a human being blind or mad enough to suppose that it can ever be mad again? - N. Y. Tribune.

An English Chancery suit, recently commenced, has developed some facts concerning the construction of chignons, and other hirsute deceptions. Thus it appears that mohair, or the hair of the lama goat, is largely used for head dresses, mustaches, and wafers. It is first boiled until all the animal matter is extracted, then washed in a hot bath of salt and water; then it is plunged into a bath prepared with sulphate of copper, where it remains twenty-four hours; then it is boiled in catechu liquor, to which, after a while, sulphate of iron is added; finally it is washed in warm soap suds, and then dried.

Valuable Discovery. Immense deposits of valuable phosphates, said to be superior to Peruvian guano and of incalculable value, have been discovered on plantations hitherto considered of little value, stretching along the banks of the Ashley river for miles above Charleston. A company has been formed, backed by Northern capitalists, to utilize these deposits, which consist of animal remains, forming a thick substance for many miles. The subject excites much talk here.

Death of Rear Admiral Sloat. The telegraph informs us of the death of Rear Admiral John D. Sloat, in New York, on the 28th inst. Adm. S. entered the navy on the 12th of February, 1820, and received his commission as rear admiral on the 25th of July, 1866. He has had seventeen years and six months sea service, besides twenty years and three months on shore duty. He returned home from his last cruise in December, 1852.

The city of Paris has presented the Empress Eugenie with a *dijon* in remembrance of the banquet given to the sovereigns at the Hotel de ville last July. The ornament is a reproduction of the city arms, azure being represented by a magnificent sapphire, on which are encircled small *flours de lis* in gold; gules is formed of an enormous ruby, whilst the symbolical vessel is executed in powder of diamonds. The whole is surrounded by a row of diamonds within one of large pearls. The wives of high city functionaries wear a similar ornament as a badge on their left shoulder. The Empress wears it on the corsage of her dress, attached to a bow of tricolor ribbon.

The General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church. NASHVILLE, Nov. 29. - The General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church in the United States adjourned today to meet in Baltimore on the third Sunday in May next. The action of the assembly a year ago in excluding colored people from the ministry has been rescinded, and all persons having the requisite recommendations will hereafter be admitted.

IN GENERAL. When the jubilant republicans of New York were receiving the cheerful returns from the presidential election of 1860, and each despatch brought reports of larger majorities than its predecessor, one enthusiastic individual, who had not been too abate-minded, unable to contain himself longer, sprang to his feet and cried: "Mr. chairman and gentlemen, I move that we make the whole d---d thing unanimous."

Rev. J. S. C. Abbott has been lecturing on Jouis Napoleon in the West, but with little success, the audiences not having the admiration for the Emperor which the lecturer manifests. Some of the Southern papers are urging an entire abandonment of the culture of cotton in that region. They say that even when the tax is removed they cannot compete with other parts of the world in raising this staple cheaply.

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Treasury of the United States. DIVISION OF THE NATIONAL BANKS. WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 20, 1867. IT IS HEREBY CERTIFIED THAT THE First National Bank of Wilmington, N. C., a Banking Association organized under the Act "to provide a National Currency, secured by a pledge of United States Bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved June 2d, 1864, having complied with the requirements of section 45 of said Act, and with the regulations of this Department made in pursuance thereof, has this day been designated as a Depository of Public Money, except receipts from Customs, and by virtue of such designation will also be employed as a Financial Agent of the Government. (Signed) F. E. SPINNER, Treasurer, U. S. aug. 5

FURNITURE. FURNITURE. manufactured by F. KRUTINA, 96 AND 98 EAST HOUSTON STREET, NEW YORK CITY. all this furniture consisting of PARLOR, CHAMBER, DINING ROOM and LIBRARY SUITS, is of the latest styles, and manufactured of the very best material, under the personal supervision of the proprietor and guaranteed. Parties in the South desiring fine household furniture can be supplied direct from the manufactory, or those about visiting New York will find it to their advantage to examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere. ALL GOODS WARRANTED. aug. 8 3moed

MISCELLANEOUS. OUR LATEST IMPROVED New Scale Piano-Forte. NOTICE. - After the most flattering testimonials from the first Pianists in the country, who, at our solicitation, have tested them in the severest manner POSSIBLE, have been pronounced The Finest Square Piano-Fortes Made in the World. It has always been our policy during the Thirty-six Years that we have manufactured Pianos, to make them of the best material, and to use in the United States and Europe, to give the finest instrument at the lowest cost. Our superior facilities enable us to offer them from one to three hundred dollars less than any other first-class Home.

THE PATENT LEVER TRUSS CO. No. 409 Broadway, New York. C. AUG. GREGORY, M. D. PRESIDENT. WHITE'S PATENT LEVER TRUSS and FEMALE SUPPORTER differ in principle from all others. No pressure on the back. It is light, clean, and easy. Persons ruptured should at once procure THIS, the best Truss, to prevent HERNIA, and secure a permanent cure against STRANGULATION AND SUDDEN DEATH. Directions for Ordering. Measure around the body two inches below the top of Hip Bone. State the side afflicted. If less or more, and give plain directions about sending. Cash must accompany the order. A special department has been created for the treatment and radical cure of Hernia and kindred diseases. It is under the special care of the President of our Company, who is acknowledged by the profession to have no equal in this specialty. By wearing the Lever Truss and bathing the afflicted parts with DR. GREGORY'S CELEBRATED HERNIA LOTION, the most obstinate cases can be cured. Price for Truss varies from \$5 to \$20 dollars according to quality, the condition of the Rupture. Hernia Lotion is \$5 per Bottle or \$5 for Two Bottles. JOHN T. HILDRETH, Gen. Agent. aug. 21

THE HEALING POOL! A N. E. Bath for Young Men on the Crises of Solitude, and the Diseases and Aches which create impediments to MARRIAGE, with sure means of Relief. Sent in sealed letter enveloped free of charge. Address, Dr. J. SKILLIN GORDON, Howard Association, Philadelphia. sept. 29 4c

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FRENCH'S COLUMN. GROCERIES AND Provisions. THE LARGEST Stock and Assortment IN THE STATE. SOLD AT NORTHERN PRICES FOR CASH. I OFFER Extraordinary Inducements TO CASH BUYERS. COUNTRY TRADERS WILL DO WELL TO CALL AND Examine my Stock before Purchasing Elsewhere. The Stock Consists of ALE, DRIED APPLES, ALLSPICE, SALT BEEF, DRIED BEEF, BACON, BOTTLES, BRANDY, BROOMS, BUCKETS, BASKETS, BLACKING, BAGGING, BITTERS, all kinds, CHEESE, OODFISH, CANDLES, CASSIA, COFFEE, CLARET, CIGARS, CANDY, CRACKERS, DEMJOHNS, FLAVORING EXTRACTS, FLOUR, DRIED and PICKLED FISH, GIN, GINGER, GLUE, HAMS, HOPS, HERRING, INDIGO, JELLIES, KEGS, KEELERS, LARD, LEMONS, LEY, MOLASSES, MATCHES, CONDENSED MILK, MEAL, NUTS, all kinds, OYSTERS, PORK, PORTER, PAIRS, PEACHES, RAISINS, RUM, RICE, SYRUP, SUGAR, STARCH, SOAPS, SNUFF, SEINES, SALARATUS, SARDINES, SALT, SODA, TOBACCO, TWINE, TUMBLERS, TUBS, TEAS, VINEGAR, WINES, all kinds, WHISKIES, YEAST POWDERS, And many other Goods too numerous to mention.

WANTS. WANTED. WHITE OAK and HICKORY TIMBER - Logs or Bolts. I AM now paying TEN DOLLARS PER CORD for White Oak Bolts; saved into 34 or 48 inch lengths. Bolts may be quartered or not, as Contractors may prefer. Wood must be sound and free of knots, not less than 14 inches in diameter, and suitable for sawing staves. I will give a contract for 100 M. FEET CYPRESS LOGS. to be not less than 15 inches in diameter at the small end, and cut into 10, 12, or 14, feet lengths. All logs to be sound heart Cypress, free of knots, and suitable for sawing Shingles. Also, Juniper, Poplar, &c., wanted. TERMS - CASH ON DELIVERY subject to my wharf, foot of Castle Street. All timber subject to inspection. Oct 9 J. C. MANN, Wilmington, N. C.

Wanted! FOR THE ENSUING YEAR A DWELLING HOUSE with seven or eight rooms, Kitchen and Stable. To be within five minutes walk of the Market. GEO. Z. FRENCH, No. 10 South Front St. aug. 18. MISCELLANEOUS. TO SHINGLE MANUFACTURERS. THE undersigned offers for sale the patent right to manufacture and use in any of the Southern States, the MILLER SHINGLE MACHINE, which is one of the best machines for sawing shingles, in use. This machine was patented on the 13th of July, 1858, and has been much improved since; but owing to the war, has not been introduced into the South. It is adapted for Staves as well as shingles, cutting them even, or with any taper desired. The saw first enters the bolts on the side, and consequently turns out better work than can be done by most other machines. It is simple in its construction, not liable to get out of repair, and is built entirely of iron. It occupies a space of four feet by six, but can be built of any size, the ones now in use being for staves or shingles from 33 inches down. GEO. Z. FRENCH, No. 10 South Front St. aug. 18. COUNTRY or STATE RIGHTS Very Liberal Terms. Machines can be manufactured in this city, where all the patterns are on hand, if desired. A machine can be seen in operation at the subscriber's mill, on Castle street wharf. For further particulars, address or call upon J. C. MANN, Wilmington, N. C. oct 8-1f

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