TREMS OF SUBSCRIPTION INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE Tri-Weekly one year.....\$6 00 the serious inconvenience of the travelling RATES OF ADVERTISING: Avertisements will be inserted at \$1 00 per square for first insertion and 50 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Ten lines or less, solid minion type, constitute a

IS PUBLISHED EVERY MONDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION : One year \$2 00 Advertisements \$1 per square.

BUSINESS CARDS.

WM. LYNCH, MERCHANT TAILOR. CLOTHES CUT AND MADE IN THE LAT-North East Cor. Market & Second Sts., WILMINGTON, N. C. NO FIT --- NO PAY.

DANIEL A. SMITH, Manufacturer and Dealer in all kinds of Parlor, Dining Room, Chamber and Office Furniture. Mattrasses, Feathers, Window Shades, Wall Paper, &c., also Sash, Blinds and Doors. SOUTH FRONT ST., WILMINGTON, N. C.

JOSEPH H. NEFF, SHIP CHANDLER.

AND DEALER IN SHIP STORES, GROCERIES, HARDware, Paints, Oils, Boats. Oars, &c. No's 22 Water, and 2, 4 & 6 Dock Street, WILMINGTON, N. C.

GEO. Z. FRENCH, No. 10, South Front Street,

Wilmington, N. C., WHOLESALE DEALER IN

Groceries, Provisions. Wines, Liquors. Cigars. Wood, Willow, and Common Crockery Ware.

Cotton and Naval Stores Bought or Received on Consignment.

H. DOLLNER, G. POTTER, J. CAMERDEN DOLLNER, POTTER & CO. Commission Merchants

New York. Liberal cash advances on consignments of Naval Stores, Cotton and other Southern produce.

E. WESCOTT. DEALER IN GRAIN,

South Side Princess, near Water St.,

WILMINGTON, N. C. K EEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND A FULL supply of Corn, Meal, Homony, Flour, Oats, Peas, Rye, Bran, Hay, &c., &c.

VICK, MEBANE & CO., GROCERS,

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Corner Chesnut and Water streets, Wilmington, N. C.

O. C. HATCH, L. G. ESTES, M. F. HATCH. New York. Wilmington, N. C. New York. HATCH, ESTES & CO., GENERAL

Commission Merchants, NO. 132 FRONT STREET, CORNER OF PINE NEW YORK.

CONSIGNMENTS OF COTTON & NAVAL stores solicited. Usual advances made and Aug. 5th, 1867.

JNO. C. BAILEY L. A. HART. WILMINGTON. IRON AND COPPER WORKS. -AND-

MACHINE SHOP, A LSO Manufacturers of TURPENTINE STILLS, and COPPER WORK in all its

Front Street, below Market Street, Wilmington, N. C. HART & BAILEY. Proprietors.

AS. T. PETTEWAY.

ROGER MOORE PETTEWAY & MOORE'

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS NORTH WATER STREET,

WILMINGTON, N. C. SOLICIT CONSIGNMENTS OF COTTON, NAVAL STORES AND COUNTRY PRO-Being AGENTS for the Manufacturers are prepared to fill, on the most reasonable terms, orders for

GEO. KIDD'S CELEBRATED COTTON GINS, ZELL'S RAWBONE SUPER-PHOSPHATE,

BROWN'S COUNTER, PLATFORM and RAIL-ROAD SCALES. Have constantly on hand FERTILIZERS of all

NORTH CAROLINA.

CLOSED.—Since the death of Capt. Far-rell, the Weldon Hotel has been closed, to six months...... 3 50 community. It will continue closed, we understand, for some week and more yet. Roanoke News.

> WEATHERISH. - Wind, snow, hail, a freeze and a sleet, has been the order of the day for some two days past. - Roanoke News.

On Saturday, the 7th inst., the cotton house of Mr. W. S. Battle, near Rocky Mount, set on fire by the carelessness of some of the hands employed on the farm, and several thousand pounds of cotton was destroyed, inflicting upon Mr. Battle quite a serious

We learn that a fire occurred at the Taylor mills in Nash county on Friday, destroying the entire property, which was very val-

HENDERSON. - Henderson is to have a new

carriage factory. Mr. G. B. Harris of Henderson, has been selected by the Grand Lodge of F. and A. Masons to deliver an oration upon the life and character of Wm. F. Collins, Past Grand Master of the State.

Calvin Betts, Esqr., has been appointed J. S. Commissioner.

NORTH CAROLINA.—The latest arrival sequently exhibited his order of arrest' to ment, however, for figures, when nature was from the Albemarle and Chesapeake canal Mr. Jenny at the Controller's office of the exhibiting her pover in one of its grandest informs us that the waters in the sounds and city of New York; and in answer to inquiries forms. There was a roar and a snock, and rivers are very low. The steamers Kate, as to the nature or the charges against him, then shot forth flames and stones full one Roans ke, and several sailing vessels bound replied: 'My account of Grant's fighting on thousand teet in height, at intervals of from to this port, were seen ashore on the Black- the Rapidan and at Spottsylvania.' When one to five seconds, according to the watch water Flats and elsewhere. During the Mr. J. suggested that it might be his slander of one of the party. These tremendous connorth winds prevailing, their going affoat may not be anticipated, as the winds eject all water from the sounds, rivers, &c .- Nor-

We regret to hear of the keath of T. Jeff. Utley, Esq., of this County, which occurred at his residence a few days since, after a lingering illness .- Raleigh Standard.

WEATHER.

RENEWED SNOW STORM. - The snow-storm of yesterday was the severest experienced during many years. It commenced about 11 A. M., at which time if was impossible to see twenty yards ahead along the river. The steamer James A. Gary, with a full cargo of cotton for Baltimore, sought a harbor in want of coal. - Norfolk Journal, Dec. 16th.

WINTER IN EARNEST. - Yesterday was a shivering Sunday. The clouds threatened snow. The wind was cold and piercing and people hurried through the streets as if bent on errands of life and death. There was snow in Richmond, and we should not be surprised to hear of it nearer home. -- Norfolk Journal.

Sleighing in Norfolk, Va., on the 14th inst.

A few cool nights and bracing mornings last week have restored good health in our town, and we have not heard of any new cases of yellow fever since.-Vicksburg Republican.

THE STORM .- From all quarters of the North and Northwest, we hear reports of a severe gale that has been prevailing for several days past, blocking up railroads and impeding travel. On Thursday the storm reached this city, and during that day and night it swept the streets and harbor with almost the fury of a hurricane. Yesterday morning the violence of the gale had not abated, and the various steamers plying between this city and other points were consequently unable to make their regular trips. The steamer Geo. Leary, Captain Hill, of the Old Bay Line between this city and Baltimore, was obliged to put back on Thurs day night, on account of the heavy gale on the bay. It is also stated that the fine little steamer, Eolus, Capt. McCarrick, was driven ashore on York river.-Norfolk Virginian.

Those who knew President Lincoln best have no hsitation in pronouncing utterly untrue many of the stories told by his enemies regarding his well known habit of relating anecdotes. Some of these stories have risen to the dignity of calumnies, and while and no intelligent southern man can afford there was no proof that they were true, there to ignore it, as the old leaders of that section a little of the children will think you don't 174,717. It is necessary that a majority of was almost as little evidence that they were false. One of these slanderous reports which has been used by enemies of Mr. Lincoln more than any other, is quite conclusively refuted by Mr. F. B. Carpenter, the artist, and a sincere admirer of the late President, in the following letter to the Independent; -Boston Daily Advertiser

"The charge that President Lincoln indulged in unseemly levity on the battle-field of Antietam-calling for ribald songs and vulgar Jokes, in the presence of the wounded, the aying, and the unburied dead-has been from time to time repeated, and industerion sly circulated by the enemies of the union party, throughout the country. Mr. Horton, late editor of the New York Day Book, has embodied the story in his 'Youth's History of the Civil War' (written from the southern standpoint, to offset a similar work from the northern point of view, published in Boston); and the Boston Post, of so recent a date as Sept. 28, 1867, referring to a criticism in the New York Tribune upon President Johnson's speech at the Atietam Cemetery ceremonies, says; 'Perhaps it' (the Tribune) faculties, and an ample filial bounty of her sons. one else had sung the song which the late lamented President Lincoln sang, when galloping at the head of a party of visitors over that field of battle.'

It is stated that property to the value of ten million of dollars is frozen up on the New York Erie canal Boats containing the state of the sons.

"Believing the charge to have been a malignant fabrication; I have long sought for evidence to prove the fact. Very lately there has providentially come into my hands the most complete and incontestible vindication of Mr. Lincoln's character; and I am now prepared to prove the origin and authorship

of this calumny.

Its author was Mr. Joseph Scovill, the New York corespondent, during the war, of the London Herald and London Standard, whose letters, over the signature of 'Manhat-tan,' will be long remembered by the Ameri-can people for their virulent disloyalty and think and feel about affairs South.

perversion of all facts which favored the northern cause.

"Two or three weeks after the battle of Antietam, in one of Mr. Scovill's gossiping London letters, he mentioned the fact of Mr. Lincoln's visiting the battle-field, and therein invented and wrote the slander since republished so many times by Mr. Lincoln's that date will show that the first time the story was printed in this country, it was as an extract from a letter to the London Herald by its New York correspondent (No.

of New York City, met Mr. Scovill in Carleton's bookstore shortly after the publication of the letter containing this charge. He said to him, 'Scovill, how came you to write that nonsense to the London press about Presid- tions where the about and irregular wall ent Lincoln at Antietam

'Why,' replied Scovill, 'it was intended only as a joke. I received,' he continued, compelled, on approaching the summit, to the pounds sterling for that letter. I have to skirt a little round to the southeast, for two

count of Gen, Grant's advance toward Richof President Lincoln at Antietam, instead, vulsions were repeated, and then came the joke, nobody believes it here; it was written to please those fellows over there,' reiterating his assertion that the letter containing the fabrication 'produced him £10 sterling.'

Hon. Henry Wilson at Richmond. [From the Boston Daily Advertiser.]

Mr. Wilson is reported by telegraph as visiting Richmond again on one of the political missions in which he has before now rendered good service. The statement of his operations is meagre enough, but it is still sufficient to bring out the fact that he has called to the minds of the Virginians two important points, of which the South have special need to be reminded just now. It will be remembered that the President in his message is not ashamed to say that the object of the reconstruction acts was to place the South under negro domination. But, says Mr. Wilson, -and we believe the tacts will bear him out,-not fifty thousand whites are disfranchised in all the South and it is idle to talk of this disfranchisement putting the South under negro rule.

The truth is that if we except South Carolina and Mississippi, there is probably no Sta'e in the South where the whites would not have the preponderance if they choose to register themselves, and even the registries, we believe, will show in several States a white majority. Doubtless the negro element has obtained the control in several States in the conventions, but the efficient cause of this is simply the contumacy of a part of the white population, who have taken measures to secure negro domination so far as they can, with the obvious hope that the whole system of reconstruction might thus be rendered odious. The language of the President and his friends contributes to foster this hope, and it is well that it should be frankly explained, by a man who can secure general attention, that the working of this thing is fully understood, and that the southern people are in danger of making for themselves a bed in which they will be sorry to

Their danger of being held to what they have done when they least expect it, is the second of the two points made by Mr. Wilson. The present generation, he is reported as saying, will be gray before the reconstrucare trying to do. The declaration of Mr. Wilson in this respect is a friendly warning, and those chiefly interested will do well to

A Happy Family.

the family, two of whom died; the rest lived of settlement is fast approaching. Conserand are married and affluent. Pitt Cooke, vatism will not save you. The people will York house of Jay Cooke & Co.; Henry D. turmoil and contention any longer. Hostilone in Washington, and Jay himself ope- sult in evil. The people see it, and underrates in Philadelphia. Sarah E. Cooke, the only daughter, is married to a wealthy speculator, William G. Moorhead, who lives right royally in the City of Brotherly Love. his forced resignation of the Irish Chancel-Eleutherus Cooke, the father of this happy lorship and his supersedeas by Lord Campfamily, died about three years ago at the bel. A violent tempest arose on the day of currency. green old age of seventy-six, retaining his the latter's expected arrival, and a friend rewonted energy to the last. Mrs. Cooke, who is a little over seventy, still lives in the old family mansion in the enjoyment of all her faculties, and an ample participant in the fully, "but it won't make him throw up the

and nearly four million bushels of grain of all kinds, besides a large quantity of other city and drowning the inhabitants. produce, are frozen in.

Missouri is profitting by the immigration to the United States. It is estimated that 200,000 persons have come from abroad and settled in Missouri within a year,

South can learn how the Northern people

The Eruption of Vesuvius. A letter from Naples, dated November 20th, gives the following particulars of the eruption of Vesuvius :

During the last two years a small cone has been formed by the matter gradually ejected from this sulphtrous hole; we could scarcely see its head above the walls of the an extract from a letter to the London Herald by its New York correspondent 'Manhattan.'
which has been running and spluttering and storming with all the arrogant impatience of youth since last Weinesday. It has sent "Mr. E. H. Jenny, a well-known citizen forth an immense quantity of lava, convertadmits of a pas sage

ten pounds sterling for that letter. I have to put just such stuff as that in my letters to please such fellows as they are over there.'

"Mr. Jenny fortunately put this statement in writing soon afterward, and has thus on record the very words of the conversation.

"Subsequently Scovill wrote a letter to the "Subsequently Scovill wrote a letter to the conversation."

"Subsequently Scovill wrote a letter to the southeast, for two reasons—first, to get on the blind side of the wind, which might have brought down up on us an inconvenient shower of stones: and, secondly, to obtain a better view of the main ream, which was fed only by the great crater, but by another orifice opened outside, London Herald purporting to give an ac- about twenty feet in diameter. From this spot the stream of lying fire, full twenty to mond; and so grossly misrepresented the thirty feet in width, poured down to the battle of Spottsylvania that when the latter bottom of the mountain rapidly, where it came back to this country, as published both met with no obstacles, and where it did in the London Herald and London Stand- struggle energetically until it carried everyard, Gen. Dix wrote Scoville to consider thing before it. To the edge of the crater himself under arrest, and report at his office, Scovill told Gen. Dix that he was very ill, scorching; and what woud have been the conand thought he had not three weeks to live, and begged not to be sent to Fort Lafayette. down upon us? It was difficult, therefore, to form any fair estimate of its size, but one to Washington, and in the mean time he must | might have supposed that it was not over consider himself under arrest. Scovill sub- seventy feet in diameter. It was not a mohe replied: 'That was intended only as a descending shower, composed of stones of various sixes, some certainly a ton in weight, judging by the bulk. We could mark thir course by the eye as long as they retained their red heat, but on appoaching the earth they blackened, and then the ear alone could tell what was spotting and pitting the earth around.

England.

London, December 13.—The London Times counsels acceptance of President Johnson's view on the disputed question of naturalization and allegiance as announced in

his annual message. London, Cecember 13.-A daring attempt was made to day to release the recently arrested Fenian, Colonel Burke, who is confined in Clerkenvell prison. Powder was placed beneath one of the prison walls, and was exploded it is supposed, by one of Burke's confederates. The whole side of the wall was blown out. The force of the explosion was so great that the adjoining buildings were destroyed. Many persons were injured, and it is feared some lives were

London, December 13-9 P. M.-The explosion at Clirkenwell had very serious consequences, but was not successfull in facilitating the rescre of Burke. The prisoner was confined in an interior cell, and could not escape by the breach in the wall. He has been removed to a place of greater security. The explosion was tremendous in its effect. The prison valls and neighboring buildings are a mass of ruins. Some lives must have been lest. It is wildly rumored that as many as 30 persons have been killed, and that some bodies are buried in the ruins. During the morning repairs had been commenced on the walls. Later in the day some unknown men were seen to roll a barrel, which doubtless contained powder, under Person, the place where the repairs were being made. Shortly afterward the explosion took place. Two men and a woman were found in the vicinity, and have been arrested on suspicion The excitement is so great that it is impos sible to obtain any correct account of the

At a union meeting of the Rochester Pres- Yadkin, byterians, the other day, the Rev. Dr. Shaw Surry, (N. S.) said he had known and loved the Stokes, tion acts are revoked. The South will have | Rev. Dr. Hall (O. S.) for twenty-seven years. cause to regret its blindness, if it falls into but had never exchanged pulpits with him. any mistake on this branch of the subject. They had just appointed a meeting for the Union, The President's diatribes will go for noth- first exchange. Dr. Hall had said to him: Wake, ing; the elections will be found to have "You can't trot around in my pulpit as you quite another meaning from that ascribed to do on your own platform in the 'Brick,' but them at the South, and the reconstruction you have my full permission to run up and will stand. The intent of the North in this down thepulpit stairs." He had said to Dr. matter is as clear as it was two years ago, H., "I'll excuse you from trotting around the amount to much.

> The Fort Smith, Ark, times appears to have a correct view of the needs of that State. It says;

"Arkansas is getting anxious for railroads, This is the history of the recunious fami-ly of Cooke, of which Jay is the great and gration, and will therefore vote for a speedy shining light: There were six children in settlement with the United States. The day Of this number we may calculate on 90,000 the eldest, has partial charge of the New not allow you to keep the whole country in Cooke, the youngest has entire control of ity to the Congressional policy will only restanding, will not accordingly."

Lord Plunket is said to have actually fell

Hankow, China, has had an extraordinary ten million of dollars is frozen up on the flood. Yang tse-kiang, having fallen 4 feet New York Erie canal Boats containing 6 inches, suddenly rose in 48 hours 5 feet 6 over one hundred thousand bushels of po- inches. The Chinese say that in the provtatoes, seventy thousand barrels of apples ince of Shanse, a column of water suddenly sprung from the earth, deluging a whole

The owners of the Richmond Libby Prison have presented a bill to the Quartermaster's Department for the use of that building during the time it was occupied as a military hospital after the close of the war. The gentlemanly proprietors don't charge anything for the years during which it was occupied by Union troops before the end of the war.

A new carriage factory is to be started in Bridgeport, Conn., capital \$50,000. A leading feature of the concern will be the manufacture of the concern will be the manufacture of coaches and carriages composed of India rubber, for which a patent has been obtained.

They are an entirely new style of Plano, finishment in the most superb manner, with four full round corners front and back, heavily carved Legs and Lyre, Serpentine Base richly moulded, and each instrument is fully WARRANTED for five years.

GROVESTEEN & CO., 409 Broadway, New York.

dec 7 From the above, the Conservatives of the thing for the years during which it was facture of coaches and carriages composed

THE GOLDEN SIDE. BY MRS. M. A. KIDDER.

There is many a rest in the road of life. If we only would stop to take it : And many a tone from the better land, If the querulous heart would make it! To the sunny soul, that is full of hope, And whose beautiful trust ne'er faileth, The grass is green the flowers are bright,

Though the wintry storm prevaileth. Better to hope though the clouds hang low, And to keep the eyes still lifted; For the sweet blue sky will soon peep through, When the ominous clouds are rifted! There was never a night without a day, Or an evening without a morning; And the darkest hour as the proverb goes,

Is the hour before the dawning.

Or the miser's hoarded treasure

There is many a gem in the path of life,

Which we pass in our idle pleasures,

That is richer far than the jeweled crown

It may be the love of a little child, Or a mother's prayers to heaven, Or only a begger's grateful thanks For a cup of water given. Better to weave in the web of life A bright and a golden filling,

And to do God's will with a ready heart, And hands that are swift and willing, Than to snap the delicate minuite threads Of our curious lives asunder; And then blame Heaven for the tangled ends, And sit and grieve and wonder.

The vote for and against Convention in liamson, Republicans. the State of North-Carolina. We give below the vote for and against a Con-

vention, as far as received: 1,182 0,000 000 Buncombe 1012 Brunswick 944 Chatham, Chowan, 1,042 Cabacrus, Camden. 700 maj. 000 Caldwell 000 331 Catawba, Cherokee, 0,000 Carteret, Caswell, Clay, Craven, 000 594 3,186 1,720 900 Cumberland 000 Currituck. Columbus. 577 1,055 Duplin, 0,000 Davidson. 0,000 Davie, 000 Edgecomb. 1,062 1,460 Franklin. 770 84 638 000 1,766 Granville, Halifax, 2,543 737 000 000 175 0,000 000 56 000 Haywood. 0,000 1,329 000 redell. Johnston. 605 000 000 349 283 162 447 000 000 Jackson, 1,134 677 Lincoln McDowell Mecklenburg. 1,604 400 maj 000 000 000 0,000 744 maj. 2,928 0,000 1,091 Northampton 0,000 000 000 000 746 000 600 540 389 74 000 000 785 230 194 96 89 000 34 000 0,000 Pasquetank, & Camden 565 maj. Rowan, & Davie 2,610 1,048 1,026 0,000 Robeson, Rutherford Randolph, 000 Richmond. Rockingham ,129 803 853 176 maj

The whole registered vote of the State is Jones, Republican. this vote, to wit, 87,300, shall have been cast on the question of a Convention. We have returns as above 42,545 votes in 42 Counties. If the vote of the Counties to be heard from should be in proportion to the above Counties, the whole vote of the State on the question will not be less than 130,000. or 100,000 for a Convention.

1,059 4,026 2,200 1,645

At the close of October there were 384 political journals in France, 1681 non-political journals, an increase in the former class of 48, and in the latter of 246, since the first of January. No "warning" was given or journal suppressed during these ten months. Russia owes a funded debt of 1,219,443, 535 roubles, or \$765,000,000, and has in circulation about 800,000,000 roubles in paper

Snow.—The first snow in this section, this season, fell on Saturday night last. There was snow along the line of the N. C. Railroad, between Charlotte and Goldsboro'. last Thursday.

We learn that very heavy snow storms have prevailed at the North within the last few days, ste pping the passage of trains.-Charlotte Democrat.

election has been held. The territory is so large that the work has been delayed. The registration is, however, completed, and and shows 56,666 whites, and 47,480 blacks. Texas will call a Convention.

List of Members Elect to the Constitu-

tional Convention of North Carolina Anson.-Henry E. Chilsten, Geo. Tucker, Republicans.

Alamance.—Henry M. Ray, Republican. Burke and McDowell .- John S. Parks, W. A. B. Murphy, Republicans. Brunswick.—E. Legg, Republican. Beaufort.—Samuel Stilley, W. B. Rodman,

Republicans. Bladen.-A. W. Fisher, F. F. French, Republicans.

Bertie. - Lee, - Robins, Republi-Cleaveland .- Plato Durham, Conserva-

Caswell.-Wilson Carey, Republican, Phillip Hodnett, Independent.

Cumberland,—Maj. W. A. Mann, Rev. J. W. Hood, Republicans. Craven.-Hon David Heaton, W. H. S. Sweet, C. D. Pierson, Republicans. Catawba.—Dr. J. R. Ellis, Conservative. Cabarrus.—W. T. Blume, Republican. Chowan.—John R. French, Republican.

Carteret.-Abraham Congleton, Republican Columbus. - Linnon, Conservative.

Chatham.—John A. McDonald, W. T. Gunter, Republican. Davidson.-Isaac Kinney, Spence Mullican, Republicans. Duplin.-John W. Peterson, Samuel High-

smith, Republicans. Edgecombe.—Henry A. Dowd, J. H. Baker, Republicans. Franklin.-James T. Harris, John H. Wil-

Forsyth -E. B. Teague, Republican. Guilford.-Rev. G. W. Welker, A. W. Tourgee, Republicans. Gates.—Timothy H. Lassiter, Republican.

Granville.-John W. Ragland, J. J. Moore, . Mayo, Republicans. Gaston.—M. J. Adjylott, Republican. Harnett.—J. M. Turner, Republican. Halifax.—J. H. Renfrow, J. J. Hays, Heny Eppes, Republicans.

Hertford, J. B. Hare, Conservative.

Johnston.-Dr. Jas. M. Hay, Nathan Guley, Republicans. Jones.—David D. Colgrove, Republican. Lincoln.-Joseph H. King, Republican. Lenoir.-Richard W. King, Republican. Mecklenburg.—Edward Fullings, Silas M.

Stillwell, Republicans. Montgomery.-Dr. Geo. A. Graham, Reublican. Nash.-Jacob Ing, Republican. Northampton,-Henry T. Grant, Roswell

C. Parker, Republicans. New Hanover.-Gen. J. C. Abbott, S. S. Ashley, A. H. Galloway. Republicans. Orange.-John W. Graham, Dr. Holt, Conservatives.

Person.-Dr. Wm. Merritt, Conservative. Perquimans .- Dr. William Nicholson, Republican. Pasquotank and Camden .- C. C. Pool, Mattchett Taylor, Republicans.

Pitt.-Gen. Byron Laflin, D. J. Rich, Republicans. Robeson.-O. S. Hayes, Joshua L. Nance. Republicans. Rutherford and Polk.-Rev. W. H. Logan, Jesse Rhodes, Republicans.

Rowan and Davie.—Dr. Milton Hobbs,

Allen Rose, Isaac M. Shaver, Republicans. Rockingham.-Henry Barnes, John H. French, Republicans. Randolph.-R, F. Trogden, T. L. L. Cox.

Republicans. Richmond.—Richmond T. Long, Repub-Stanly.-L. C. Morton, Republican. Wake.-B. S. D. Williams, S. D. Frank-

lin, J. P. Andrews, James H. Harris, Repub-Warren,-John Reid, John A. Hyman, Republicans.

Wayne.-Maj, H. L. Grant, Jesse Hollowell, Republicans. Wilkes, Iredell, Alexander, Caldwell.-J.

Q. A. Bryan, Calvin J. Cowles, C. C. Jones, Wesley George, Jerry Smith, Republicans. Wilson.-Wiley Daniel, Republican. Greene. - John M. Patrick.

Madison, Buncombe, Henderson and Transylvania.-G. W. Gahagan, Thos. J. Cand ler, James H. Duckworth, Republicans. Mitchell and Yancey .- Julius Garland Republican.

Republican. Macon, Clay and Cherokee.-G. W. Dickson, Mark Fay, Republicans. Moore.—Sween S. McDonald, Republican. Sampson. - Joseph D. Pearsall, Alexander Williams, Conservatives.

Haywood and Jackson.-W. B. G. Garrett,

Union.-William Newsom, Republican. Washington and Tyrrell.-Edmund W. Martin.-S. W. Watts, Republican. Onslow.—Jasper Etheridge, Republican.

Stokes.-Riley F. Petree, Republican.

Yancy.-Garland, Republican. The above returns foot up 96 Republicans. 10 Conservatives, and one Independent. We count, with the 96, two Republicans from Bertie, whose names in full we have not learned, and do not, therefore, give them in our list. Thirteen delegates to hear from nine of whom are in all probability Repub -

OUR LATEST IMPROVED

New Scale Piano-Forte.

NOTICE.—After the most flattering testimonials from the first Pianists in the country, who, at our solicitation, have tested them in the severest manner POSSIBLE, have been pro-

The Finest Square Piano-Forte Made in the World.

It has always been our policy during the Thirty-six Years that we have manufactured Pianos, twelve thousand of which are now in use in the United States and Europe, to give the finest in-strument at the lowest cost. Our superior facil-ities enable us to offer them from one to three hundred dollars less than any other first-class

Texas is now the only State in which no election has been held. The territory is so arge that the work has been delayed. The registration is, however, completed, and and shows 56,666 whites, and 47,480 blacks. Texas will call a Convention.

House.

The tone of these instruments are remarkable for their peculiar sweetness and great brilliancy. Never losing their quality when forced to their utmost capacity. The lower register retaining its positiveness does not destroy the middle and upper registers by mingling with them in disagreeable confusion. The refined beauty of tone being equally delightful to the unpracticed and to the most cultivated ear.