

WILMINGTON POST.

WILMINGTON, N. C., APRIL 25, 1868.

Important Order from General Canby.

OFFICIAL.
HEADQUARTERS SECOND MILITARY DISTRICT,
CHARLESTON, S. C., April 6, 1868.

NO. 61.
The Commanding General has received information from different sections of the States of North Carolina and South Carolina, and from members of both political parties, that combinations have been formed or are now being formed, to prevent, delay or hinder the execution of the laws of the United States, or by force, intimidation or threat to prevent persons from accepting or executing the duties of any office or employment under the United States, at the elections to be held under the authority of the law of March 2, 1867, "to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States," and the laws that are supplementary thereto. While he is satisfied that these complaints apply to a few persons only of both parties, it is proper that all such persons should be warned that any attempt by force to prevent, hinder or delay the execution of the laws of the United States, under the authority of which the said election is ordered; or by force, intimidation or threat to prevent any person from accepting or holding any office, or trust, or place of confidence under the United States, as Registrar, Superintendent, Judge, Manager, Inspector or Clerk, or other employment at said election, will be amenable not only to the penalties prescribed under the authority of the said laws, but for violation of the Act of Congress, "to define and punish certain conspiracies," approved July 31, 1861. (Statutes at Large, Volume 13, Chapter XXXVII.)

It is the duty of the civil and military authorities in both States to secure to every registered voter the full and free exercise of his right of suffrage, and this duty must be fully, faithfully and impartially performed; and the Commanding General confidently expects that the people of these States will unite in securing for each other the full and proper exercise of this franchise. But, if in any District or County, or polling subdivision of either State, the election should be prevented or the ballot-boxes or poll lists should be destroyed, or the electors duly registered under the laws of the United States should be prevented by force or intimidation from voting, a new election will be ordered for such District, County or polling subdivision.

To the end that the laws of the United States may be duly executed; that the officers charged with conducting the elections may be protected in the discharge of their duties, and that the qualified electors may be protected in the exercise of the elective franchise, Commanders of Posts are authorized, whenever in their judgment it may be necessary, to appoint, from the officers of the army or of the Freedmen's Bureau, under their command, Military Commissioners for Districts or Counties within the territorial limits of their commands that are so remote from their headquarters that the powers conferred upon Post Commanders cannot be immediately or directly exercised.

The Military Commissioners so appointed are invested with all the powers of the Justices of the Peace of Districts or Counties, of the police magistrates of cities, and will be governed in the execution of their duties by the laws of the State in which they may be serving, except so far as these laws may be in conflict with the laws of the United States or with the orders issued from the Headquarters of this District; and, in addition to any troops that may be placed at their disposal, are given the command of the police force of Districts, Counties, cities and towns; and all police officers, sheriffs, constables and other peace officers are required to obey and execute the orders of the Military Commissioners in all such cases. The Military Commissioners will promptly report all cases in which they assume jurisdiction, and the disposition made of each case. When parties are held for trial, either in confinement or under bail, the case will be so fully reported as to enable the Commanding General to decide whether it shall be tried by a military tribunal or be brought before a civil court.

The jurisdiction herein given to the Military Commissioners will be determined and limited by the authority heretofore delegated to Post Commanders by General Orders No. 32, of May 30, 1867, and General Orders No. 145, of December 6, 1867, and will not be construed as extending to the inhabitants in their ordinary personal relations, unless the civil authorities should refuse or fail to suppress insurrection, disorder and violence, and to give all rightful protection to persons and property, and all persons, whether in authority or not, are required to obey and execute all lawful orders of the Military Commissioners to the same extent and in the same manner that they are required by law to obey and execute the writs of the civil magistrates.

Some of the complaints that have reached the Commanding General apply to colored voters of the two States, and to sections where they have the numerical ascendancy. To them it is proper to say that the elective franchise conferred upon them by law, carries with it no authority to restrict their rights in the free exercise of that right; and that while it is their duty not to regard threats or intimidation as to themselves, any combinations to prevent by force, intimidation or threats the same free exercise of this right by others will be unlawful, and will subject the offenders to the penalties prescribed by law and by military orders. They are counseled to exercise the right of voting in a quiet and orderly manner, giving offence to no one, and after casting their votes, not to linger about the polling places, but to return quietly to their homes and to their customary avocations.

Commanding Officers will give as wide a circulation as possible to this order within the limits of their commands. By Command of Bvt. Major-General E. S. CANBY.
LOUIS V. CAZIANG,
Aide-de-Camp,
Actg. Asst. Adj. Genl.

OFFICIAL:
R. T. FRANK,
Bvt. Lt. Col. & Capt. 8th Infy.

L. A. HART. JNO. C. BAILLY

WILMINGTON.

IRON AND COPPER WORKS.

AND

MACHINE SHOP.

ALSO MANUFACTURERS OF TURPENTINE, STILLS, AND COPPER WORK in all its branches.

Front Street, below Market Street, WILMINGTON, N. C.

HART & BAILLY,

Proprietors.

aug 8

SPECIAL.

WHITING'S

EUREKA POLISHER

Warranted Superior to anything now in use to Cleaning and Polishing all kinds of Metals, Mirrors, Window Glass, Paint, and all such Purposes.

For sale Wholesale and Retail by

GEO. Z. FRENCH,

No. 10 Front Street,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

No. 1.

DIRECTIONS.

Apply with a damp sponge or cloth, and rub dry with a soft cloth or leather, till the lustre appears. No. 1 is to be used for all Fine Articles, and No. 2 for Steel, Iron, and Culinary purposes, and where there is much rust. Be careful to observe the Number. Use but very little at a time.

Price Twenty-five cents per Box.

Read the following Certificates.

MESSRS. WHITING & CO.
Gentlmen.—The sample of WHITE EMBEY polishing material you have sent me is of a fine quality, and cleaning the engines of steamers Fulton and Arago, has proved itself very useful for that purpose, and equal, if not superior, to anything of the kind I have ever seen used. It produces a very bright polish, and enables me to clean and heat of the engine room to a greater extent than when brightened by any other material, and I consider it highly useful for steamships.

Yours, very truly,
Capt. J. S. COMSTOCK,
New York, Feb. 12, 1867.

28th August, 1866.
A. WHITING, Esq., Sir:—I have used your Eureka Polisher and Burnisher in my house, your Eureka Polisher and Burnisher. I find it fully equal to all you say of it. With one fourth the labor and without dirt it gives a superior lustre and more lasting than anything I have ever used. By using a sponge damp with water, with a little of your No. 1 on it, and rubbing the same over any Window, Mirror or Picture Glass, and after it dries, rub it off with a clean cloth, it will clean them in one-tenth the time, without dirt or oil on them, and gives a most beautiful lustre. I am satisfied that if any person uses it, they will never be without it.
M. WILSON,
No. 220 South Fifth St., Jersey City.

BROOKLYN, Sept. 20th, 1866.
A. WHITING, Esq., Sir:—I have carefully used your Eureka Polisher and Burnisher, and I have no hesitation in recommending it as being fully equal to all you claim for it, and think no housekeeper should be without it.
Mrs. VAN ZANDT,
86 Clinton Street Brooklyn.

29th August, 1866.
A. WHITING, Esq., Sir:—I have given Nos. 1 and 2 of your Eureka Polisher and Burnisher in the New York Hotel, a fair trial, and find it all and even more than you recommend it to be. It gives a bright and more lasting lustre, and requires less time, with less work, and without dirt, than anything I have ever seen or used by 100 per cent.
JOHN CRANE,
Knife Cleaner, New York Hotel,
29th August, 1866.

A. WHITING, Esq., Sir:—We have carefully witnessed the use of your Eureka Polisher and Burnisher in our Hotel, and can fully and do cheerfully endorse the above. We can with it clean all the windows and mirrors in our house in one-tenth the time and without dirt. Send us 200 lbs. of No. 1, and 100 lbs. of No. 2.
CRANSTON & HILDRETH,
New York Hotel.

Astor House, New York, Nov. 5, 1865.
Sir:—Under your supervision, we have had your Whitening Eureka Polisher, &c., tried in the various departments of the Astor House. Its quick and clear action, its brilliancy and lasting lustre makes it a very useful and desirable factor for all the purposes you claim for it. In our opinion it is very far superior to anything of the kind now in use. We have and shall continue to use it.
Signed
STETSON & CO.,
Knife Cleaners, New York Hotel,
29th August, 1866.

Sir:—We have used for some time your Eureka Polisher, &c., in our Hotel and can fully recommend it to the public generally, and we can endorse what the Astor House say of it.
Signed
FAYEN & WIELL,
Pacific Hotel, Greenwich Street, near Courtland

Sir:—I have tried your Eureka Polisher, &c., in my Hotel, and most cheerfully endorse what the Astor House say of it, and do with confidence recommend it as a very economical, useful and superior article.
Signed
L. FISK,
Stevens House, 27 Broadway,
New York, Sept. 24, 1866.

A. WHITING, Esq., Sir:—I have tried your Eureka Polisher, Burnisher, and Enameler, and take great pleasure in recommending it as a superior article for the uses for which it is intended. Please send us 100 lbs. of No. 1, and 50 lbs. of No. 2.
J. WARREN COLEMAN,
Superintendent Southern Hotel.

New York, Sept. 24, 1866.
A. WHITING, Esq., Sir:—We have tried your Eureka Polisher and fully agree with the New York Hotel and Southern Hotel, in its value for all purposes you claim for it. Please send us 100 lbs. of No. 1, and 50 lbs. of No. 2.
Bulls Head Hotel, Cor. 24th St., and 3d Av.

New York Hotel, Sept. 1st, 1866.
A. WHITING, Esq., Sir:—Having witnessed the use of your Eureka Polisher at the New York Hotel, we are fully convinced it is all you claim for it, and you can ship to our address 100 lbs. of No. 1 and 100 lbs. No. 2.
Very truly yours,
HITCHCOCK & CO.,
Imperial Restaurant, New Orleans.

September 3d, 1866.
A. WHITING, Esq., Sir:—After a careful and full trial in our stables of your Eureka Polisher and Burnisher, we most cheerfully recommend it, and we are certain that if one who has occasion to use anything of the kind, will be without it. It is by far the best thing we ever saw or used. Please send us 100 lbs. of it at once.
POST & NICHOLS,
National Sale and Exchange Stables,
Nos. 156, 158, 160, 162 and 164, 24th St., N. Y.

I agree with and cheerfully endorse the above.
JOHN ROBINSON,
No. 156 East 24th Street.

New York, Sept. 24th, 1866.
A. WHITING, Esq., Sir:—I have used your Eureka Polisher and Burnisher in various ways in my house and stables, and most cheerfully recommend it as being a very superior article, fully equal to what you claim for it. I shall use it, and think no one who ever does try it, will ever be without it.
CHESTER LAMB,
St. Nicholas Stables, 57 and 59 Mercer St.

New York, June 24, 1866.
A. WHITING, Esq., Dear Sir:—I have used your Eureka Powders in my Saw Manufacturing, and find it very good for polishing on a wheel, but as a Polisher I find it makes a lustre 50 per cent. better than Emory, or anything I have ever used, and with much less labor, which preserves all articles from tarnishing, and from my experience I find that it keeps them so, and that they do not require oiling.
H. R. WARNER,
123, 125 and 127 Worth St.

New York, Oct. 16, 1866.
Sir:—I have given your Eureka Polisher, &c., a critical test, and can say with Mr. Warner, that it is very far superior to Emory. It works quick and requires but little labor, and gives a most beautiful and lasting lustre, and is very economical and will most cheerfully recommend it, and shall use it in all my works.
JOHN BLAIKE,
Electrician No. 74 Ann Street,
New York, Oct. 16, 1866.

oct

TO THE COLORED PEOPLE!

THE NATIONAL

FREEDMEN'S SAVINGS

BANK,

—AND—

TRUST COMPANY

BANK,

BRANCH AT WILMINGTON, N. C.,

No. 71 MARKET ST.,

—OVER THE—

POST PRINTING OFFICE,

On Market between 2d and 3d Sts.

TRUSTEES, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA:

H. D. COOKE, C. H. HOWARD,
E. B. FRENCH, W. S. HUNTINGTON,
J. M. BROADHEAD, GEO. W. BALLOCH,
A. F. KETCHUM, JOS. H. BARRETT,
JNO. R. ELVORES, B. W. BRICE,
J. B. HUCHINSON, WALKER LOUIS,
SAMPSON TALBOTT, J. W. ALVORD,
W. A. BOOTH, H. H. GARNET.

MASSACHUSETTS,
HON. WILLIAM CLAFLIN.

RHODE ISLAND,
HON. THOMAS DAVID.

PENNSYLVANIA,
B. P. HUNT, HENRY SAMUEL.

MARYLAND,
HON. HUGH BOND, SAMUEL TOWNSEND.

VIRGINIA,
HON. J. C. UNDERWOOD.

KENTUCKY,
HON. BLAND BALLARD.

OHIO,
LEVI COFFIN, REV. J. M. WALDEN.

HONORARY MEMBERS,
MAJ. GEN. O. O. HOWARD,
COL. WILLIAM H. SIDELL, U. S. A.

FINANCE COMMITTEE,
H. D. COOKE, of Jay Cooke & Co., Chairman,
W. S. HUNTINGTON, First National Bank,
Washington, D. C.,
L. CLEFLONE, Collector of Internal Revenue,
Washington, D. C.;
GEO. S. COE, American Exchange Bank, New
York.
EDWIN KITCHEN, New York.

EXAMINING COMMITTEE,
J. H. ELVORES, Chairman,
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WALKER LEWIS,
A. B. BARNES.

You have here presented to you, the names of many of the best men of the country, who have gratuitously assumed the care and responsibility of a Company for the safe keeping and investment of your spare earnings.

If you work hard you will earn money the same as other folks. None of you need remain poor if you are careful and do not spend money for Candy, Cakes, Whiskey, or costly clothes. Tobacco and whiskey are two things which all men who are going to save money must neither touch nor taste.

If you will place ten cents with the Cashier of this bank every working day in the year, you will have—the first year

\$31 20
2d " 37 07
3d " 35 05
4th " 37 15
5th " 39 38
6th " 41 74
7th " 44 24
8th " 46 90
9th " 49 71
10th " 52 69

and at the end of ten years you will be worth in cash \$411 13, and all this from saving what you pay for a mean Cigar or a glass of very bad whiskey.

The office of the Bank will be open from 9 to 5—where you can deposit from 5 cents upwards. An opportunity is now offered you to take care of your hard earnings, place it upon interest in a Bank, and when you find yourself thrown upon a bed of sickness you will have something to fall back upon. In your freedom you have nothing to depend upon but your own resources. Freedom brings with it many grave and trying responsibilities. One of the best and most conclusive ways for you to prove that you are equal to the emergency, is to take care of your money, and make it useful—saving the money will bring with it pleasure, pride in yourself—good habits and above all things a good name, and all people will trust you. Men will point you out, "There is an honest sober industrious man" you can trust him; so too will your wife be proud of you, and your children will grow up willing and obedient, followers of your example. By a man saving ten cents a day for ten years, do you suppose he will be content to let that money simply bring him 64 per cent interest? No when he gets say \$250, he will see an opportunity to put it where he can begin a business for himself, though on a small scale, if he pursue the same course then as he did to accumulate that sum, he will soon double, and double the sum he begun with. Thus good people live. Thus whole nations grow great. Thus in cities do Mechanics, laborers, &c., have to their credit from five hundred to 5,000 dollars, in having commenced by 5 cents deposit in a Savings Bank. Take this advice then, avoid evil habits and put your savings in the Bank.

ADAM EMPIRE,
Prosecutor for Libellants.
jan 25

STOVES, GAS FIXTURES, &c.
Cooking, Parlor and Office Stoves,
A LOT OF GAS FIXTURES,
Just Received.
AGENT FOR FAIRBANKS' STAND-
ARD SCALES.
For Sale by
A. H. NEFF.

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aug 11

BANKING.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OF WILMINGTON, N. C.

United States Depository and Financial Agent.

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THIS BANK IS NOW OPEN FOR THE TRANSACTION OF BUSINESS. GOLD AND SILVER COIN, Government Bonds and Securities, NOTES OF SOLVENT and other State Banks purchased and sold.

EXCHANGE ON NORTHERN AND SOUTHERN CITIES always on hand and for sale. COLLECTIONS made on all accessible points in the United States, with prompt returns.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED, and careful attention given to the accounts of business men.

aug. 14

FREEDMAN'S SAVINGS

—AND—

TRUST COMPANY

The business of this Institution will hereafter be conducted by

Mr. GEORGE M. ARNOLD.

Office is in the room over the office of the Wilmington Post.

Office hours from 9 A. M. till 3 o'clock P. M. and from 5 till 8 o'clock, P. M.

Depositors take notice: Depositors take notice: Depositors take notice.

S. S. ASHLEY,
apr 14 1874

BANKING HOUSE

—OF—

JAY COOKE & CO.,

No. 20 WALL STREET,
Corner of Nassau Street, NEW YORK.

WE BUY and sell at the most liberal current prices, and keep on hand a full supply of GOVERNMENT BONDS OF ALL ISSUES, SEVEN-THIRTIES, and COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES, and execute orders for purchase and sale of STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD.

CONVERSIONS.

We convert the several issues of SEVEN THIRTIES into FIVE TWENTIES on the MOST FAVORABLE TERMS, taking the 1st series at GOVERNMENT RATES, allowing a commission to dealers. Circular with full particulars furnished upon application.

JAY COOKE & CO.,
1-17

Treasury of the United States.

DIVISION OF THE NATIONAL BANKS

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 20, 1867.

IT IS HEREBY CERTIFIED THAT THE First National Bank of Wilmington, N. C., a Banking Association organized under the Act to provide a National Currency, secured by a pledge of United States Bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved June 3d, 1864, having complied with the requirements of section 45 of said Act, and with the regulations of this Department, made in pursuance thereof, has this day been designated as a Depository of Public Money, except receipts from Customs, and by virtue of such designation will also be employed as a Financial Agent of the Government.

F. E. SPINNER,
Treasurer, U. S.
aug. 5

MISCELLANEOUS.

BEARD'S PATENT LOCK-TIE,

ALSO

Beards Patent Self-Adjusting Tie,

THE MOST SIMPLE AND GREATEST IMPROVEMENT OF THE AGE FOR

BALING COTTON,

MUCH SAFER FROM FIRE, AND

CHEAPER THAN ROPE.

HAVING SOLD LARGELY LAST SEASON

THE PATENT LOCK TIE,

we can recommend them to give entire satisfaction. We have taken the Agency for the State, and will continue to keep a large supply on hand.

For one of the ties, to dealers, a liberal discount will be allowed.

E. MURRAY & CO.,
Wilmington, N. C.
Aug. 29, '67.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

District of Cape Fear in the District of

WHEREAS a libel has been filed in the District Court of the United States for the District of Cape Fear, on the seventh day of November, 1867, by George Harris, William Harris, and Andrew J. Howell, partners under the name and style of Harris & Howell, owners of the steamer Brandt, of Wilmington, and John F. Gilbert, Master of the said steamer, for the arrest and all other entitled, against the schooner Eva Adele, her tackle, apparel, furniture and cargo—alleging in substance, that the said schooner Eva Adele, while endeavoring to get into the Port of Wilmington, went ashore, on the South side of New Inlet Bar, amid the South Bocaes where she struck fast, and was unable to relieve herself from the perilous condition in which she was then placed. The said John F. Gilbert, Master of said steamer Brandt, upon discovering the condition of said schooner, Eva Adele, immediately proceeded to the place where the said schooner, Eva Adele, was ashore, at the imminent peril of his own steamer, and approached near enough to said schooner, Eva Adele, to receive a line, and draw her from the breakers, and after considerable difficulty succeeded in hauling the said schooner from the shore, and towed her into the Port of Wilmington: and that they are entitled to a reasonable share of schooner and cargo, for the salvage thereof, praying process against said schooner and cargo and reasonable and proper salvage, and that the said schooner, her tackle, apparel, furniture, and cargo, may be condemned and sold to pay such salvage, with costs, charges and expenses.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the motion under the seal of the said Court, to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming the said ship, her tackle, apparel and furniture, and cargo, or in any manner interested therein, that they may appear before the said District Court, to be held in the City of Wilmington, in and for the District of Cape Fear, on the Monday next succeeding the fourth Monday in April, then and there to interpose their claims, and to make their allegations in that behalf.