

# THE CAPE FEAR.

WILMINGTON, NORTH CAROLINA, FRIDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 3, 1876.

10 CENTS A WEEK

## GENERAL CITY NEWS.

### THE FIRST WARD.

Devane, Dunham, London, Kerr. A good crowd turned out in the First Ward last night. The speaker's stand was tastefully decorated with United States flags, First Ward campaign flag, Chinese lanterns and campaign lamps.

A little after 8 o'clock the Tilden and Vance Guards marched up Fourth street to the stand, bearing in connection with their lamps, new and neat transparencies, with fine pictures of Tilden and Hendricks, also a crayon portrait of Zebulon B. Vance, the next Governor of North Carolina.

Capt. Wm. M. Parker, President of the First Ward Democratic Club, opened the meeting with some pleasant remarks.

Maj. Devane led off, followed by Maj. Dunham and Mr. John London. These gentlemen made able and convincing arguments, full of logic, which could not but impress their audience that reform was needed and reform they would have at the hands of Samuel S. Tilden and Gov. Vance.

Edwin W. Kerr, Esq., of Sampson, having arrived about the time the speaking commenced, repaired immediately to the place where his duty called, and his patriotic sentiments led him, and delivered a speech of sterling worth, bringing glad tidings from Sampson and Bladen counties, where he has been doing yeoman work for the past forty days. We regret our inability to give a general outline of Mr. Kerr's speech, but suffice it to say it was one of his finest efforts.

Among the audience there was quite a number of colored men who listened attentively to the speakers. This is the last general rally of the First Ward Democratic Club before the election. It will take its place in the grand jubilation over the great victory which will be won by the Democrats next Tuesday.

**Old Duplin.**  
A CAPE FEAR correspondent at Kenansville writes under date of Nov. 1 that a number of colored men will vote in this election for the Democratic ticket. This correspondent states that the CAPE FEAR is just beginning to reach the people of the county and to be appreciated by them, and says that as a result of the interest taken in our new enterprise large numbers of subscribers may be expected soon from the county seat as well as from the towns along the railroad.

The crops of corn, cotton, peas, etc., in that section are unusually fine; business is brisker than it has been for several years, with promise of still further improvement.

**HON. GEORGE DAVIS.**  
Speaks To-Night.  
Hon. George Davis will address his fellow-citizens this evening at the City Hall. A tremendous crowd will doubtless be present to hear this gifted orator and popular favorite.

**Bad Condition of Streets.**  
Second street, between Chestnut and Red Cross, is and has been for the last five years, in an awful condition. Near the corner of Mulberry the street has been cut down and left so fearfully bad that on a dark night a pedestrian might step off and seriously injure himself. The middle of the street is as good as the sidewalk to walk on.

**Challengers.**  
The following are the Democratic Challengers in the First Ward:—Lower Division—John Barrey, John Bisset, John M. Henderson, W. W. Dent, Wm. M. Parker.  
Upper Division—O. M. Fillyaw, Alex. Wiggs, S. H. Terry, Jesse Ives, O. A. Wiggins.

**New Advertisements.**  
R. H. Millard.—Kenansville Male and Female Seminary. English, Latin, Greek, French and Mathematics taught. Terms from \$15 to \$25 for tuition.  
Raleigh News.—Daily \$5, Weekly \$1 per annum.  
Aldine magazine and other publications.  
N. Jacobi.—Hardware.

At a joint discussion at Clark's Mill, Bladen county, yesterday, between Mr. N. A. Stedman and Gen. Abbott, we learn that Joseph came out at the little end of the horn with about three inches of his coat-tail cut off.

A small colored boy was run over while coming from the Weldon Depot last night, by a carriage, and injured, though not seriously. His name was not ascertained.

## IMPORTANT INFORMATION.

### The Number of Persons Registered, Places of Registration, Registrars, Etc., Etc.

**FIRST WARD.**  
**Upper Division**—Newly registered; white 38; colored 128. Old registration, 996, both colors. We could not get separate lists for the two races.  
Registrar—Charles H. Thomas, colored.

Inspectors—Democratic, M. M. Johnson and ———; Republican, Henry Brewington and Wm. Pinney, both colored.

Supervisors—Democratic, John D. Love; Republican, Henry Brewington, colored.

Place of registration—Tucker's store, on the corner of Fourth and Harnett streets. Hours from 7 to 8 o'clock a. m. and 12 to 2 p. m.

**Lower Division**—Newly registered; white 28; colored 198. Old registration 174.  
Registrar—A. A. Dudley, colored.

Inspectors—Democratic, W. D. Mahn and Jno. H. Strauss; Republican, James Heaton and George Robinson.

Supervisors—Democratic, R. C. Orrell; Republican, John H. Brown, colored.

Place of registration—A. A. Dudley's store, on Fourth street, between Brunswick and Bladen streets. Hours—There are no particular hours, as the store is open all day, and persons can register at any time.

**SECOND WARD.**  
Newly registered; white 67; colored 49.  
Registrar—Geo. Berden, colored.

Inspectors—Democratic, W. M. Hankins and Marcus Bear; Republican, Geo. H. Jackson and Jos. H. Neff.

Supervisors—Democratic, H. C. Brock; Republican, Stacy VanAmringe.

Place of registration—Register of Deed's office. Hours—from 9 a. m. to 1 p. m. and 2 to 5 p. m.

**THIRD WARD.**  
Newly registered; white 62; colored 71.  
Registrar—Allen Evans, col.

Inspectors—Democratic, James B. Huggins and J. H. Allen; Republican, Alex. Hostler, colored, and John Hargrave.

Supervisors—Democratic, James W. King; Republican, A. H. Morris.

Place of registration—Gibben Lodge, on Princess, between Seventh and Eighth streets. Hours—8 1/2 A. M. to 10 A. M., and from 12 M. to 2 P. M.

**FOURTH WARD.**  
Newly registered; white 66; colored 93.  
Registrar—W. H. Spicer, colored.

## THE PROSTRATE STATE.

### SENATOR RANDOLPH'S OBSERVATIONS.

**Testimony of Republican Judges Against Chamberlain.**  
Ex-Governor Randolph, of New Jersey, and now one of the United States Senators from that State, is at the present time at Columbia, South Carolina. He went there for the purpose of ascertaining by personal observation and inquiry the actual facts in regard to those districts of South Carolina declared by President Grant, on the authority of Governor Chamberlain, to be in an insurrectionary condition.

With this object he "saw and conversed with public men from Charleston, Columbia, Aiken, Camden and Edgefield," and the result of his investigations has given in the form of a letter to the public. The great bulk of Governor Randolph's information was derived from Republican sources. It cannot, therefore, be fairly charged that the facts he gives are tainted with political partisanship.

The points upon which he sought to be specially informed were two. First, whether it was true that violence and insurrectionary disturbances really existed in those districts that Chamberlain alleged to be filled with turbulence and next, were the State authorities defied and resisted in the service of judicial process? The conclusions reached by him from the testimony of "ten out of the eleven judges exercising jurisdiction in the State, from the sworn affidavits of more than one-half the sheriffs of the counties, including those styled insurrectionary, and from the declarations made to him by many other civil officers, we give in his own words:

"Of one and all the districts alleged to be insurrectionary, I can say that no village population of New Jersey is more quiet or peaceful, and with a single exception, arising from causes non-political, none of these districts have been disturbed."

All the judges told him they knew of no cause that warranted Chamberlain's proclamation, or that of the President of the United States, and several of them assured him in private conversation that "the civil power, prior to the proclamation, was full and ample in all the counties, and they branded the Governor's assertion to the contrary as a libel on the State."

Judge Bryan, of the United States District Court for South Carolina, corroborated all that had been said by the ten State judges. He said he was astonished at the Governor's proclamation. \* \* \* Judge Bryan is now apprehensive as to the safety of the white families scattered about the sparsely settled portions of the State. He fears that the tendency of the Governor's proclamation and of the presence of Federal troops, will be, in the hundreds of townships where the troops will not be stationed, to give license to the base and brutal passions of the lower classes of negroes.

Touching the condition of the elections, Senator Randolph says: "The board of State canvassers consists of the Secretary of State, the Comptroller General, the Attorney General, the Chairman of the Committee of elections of the House. Four of these officers are Republicans. With them rests the entire power of count. Of these six final canvassers four are candidates for re-election. In a word, the members of the State board are absolutely and finally judges of their own election."

"The county boards of canvassers consist of three commissioners of election. They are appointed by the Governor. He has nominally selected two commissioners from the Republican side and one from the Democratic.

"By public proclamation he invited the two political committees to designate their choice. He also announced that no candidate for office would be appointed by him. The persons named by the Democratic committee have not generally been appointed. Of the Republican commissioners, selected by the Governor, in nearly every instance the appointee is a Republican officeholder, or a candidate for election at the coming election; thus they will canvass the returns of their own elections. It will be observed that the Governor appoints the commissioners of the county; a majority Republican, they, in turn, appoint three managers for each polling precinct, a majority Republican. These managers control the ballot-box, count the votes, and make returns to the board appointing them. The reception of the votes, their count, their canvass by the county board, and their final canvass by the State board are always and wholly within Republican control."

Of the military power of the State the following was ascertained: Its militia is composed entirely of negroes. To them, and them alone, are State arms and ammunition given. Officers and men are Republicans, and Republicans only. The State has purchased over a half million dollars' worth of arms within the seven years past. They are now wholly within the control of the negroes and their leaders.

**An Old Tree.**  
The celebrated old orange tree at Versailles, called Le Grand Bourbon, recently died at the age of 455 years. It seemed in good condition, and its death was a surprise. The Queen of Navarre gave the seed to her gardener, who planted it in a box in 1421 at Pampeluna. It was a great novelty on reaching maturity, and was confiscated from the constable of Bourbon, in 1532, by Francis I., and transported to Fontainebleau. In 1684 Louis XIV placed it in the garden of Versailles.

In the Walker homicide case, Salem, N. J., a verdict of guilty of manslaughter was returned against all the prisoners. This is the prize fight case.

## TELEGRAPH AND CABLE.

### TILDEN'S DETERMINATION.

**Proclamation Against the Use of Money at Elections—Orders Prosecuting Offenders.**  
Associated Press Telegrams.  
NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—Gov. Tilden this a. m. issued a proclamation regarding the improper use of money at elections. The proclamation concludes: "Now, therefore, I call upon all District Attorneys and other public officers to be vigilant in detecting and diligent in prosecuting persons guilty of the crime referred to within their respective counties, and I respectfully ask all good citizens of the State to aid them in their efforts."

**RIOT IN MISSISSIPPI.**  
What Radical Teaching Results in.  
Associated Press Telegrams.  
NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 2.—General Ruger, commanding the department, received a dispatch from Artesia, Miss., stating that a meeting there yesterday ended in a free fight and the wounding of six negroes, one of them mortally. United States troops were called upon by the citizens and their prompt appearance prevented further disturbance. All quiet now. The citizens desire the troops to remain to prevent a repetition of the riot.

**THE ARMISTICE.**  
Russia's Attitude.  
Associated Press Telegrams.  
LONDON, Nov. 2.—The latest report of the situation at Constantinople is that the Porte's six week's armistice is considered a counter-proposition to Russia's ultimatum. Ignatieff rejected the Porte's offer and gave the Turks forty-eight hours from Tuesday night to reconsider the matter. The furniture of the embassy is prepared for shipment and the Russian consuls in the interior are ordered to move within reach of the frontier.

**CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.**  
Another Hell Gate explosion took place yesterday.  
The new State government of Colorado was inaugurated yesterday at Denver.  
The glove factory of H. D. Simpson, on Chatham street, N. Y., was burned Thursday.  
Frank Beeche, young book-keeper of West Troy Bank, N. Y., defaulted for \$4,000 or \$5,000.

Three ice houses and several stables and outbuildings were burned at Carondelet, Mo., Wednesday afternoon.  
A Pennsylvania railway train was wrecked near Linden Depot, N. J., and two employees were probably fatally injured.

There were five yellow fever interments at Savannah yesterday. Thos. J. Walsh, a retired merchant, died yesterday.  
The Congressional Association express their love for and sympathy with Beecher and give him a brotherly whitewashing.

The New York World states that the article headed "Read, Ponder, Reflect" and credited to that paper is a brazen forgery.

## A WORD

**To Authorities and Citizens.**  
To the Cape Fear.  
In order to prevent a repetition of the disgraceful riots in our streets last election day, it is to be hoped that no liquor will be sold on next Tuesday. The law should be executed with the most rigid care. Of course the functionaries will not fail to go through the perfunctory duty of publishing the order, but let every citizen who values good order give his moral aid to this matter. Seal up the dram shops and all will go on smoothly; otherwise the crazed brain of one drunken man may cause irreparable mischief.

The above communication is timely. Let the election be quiet and orderly.

**Turning Over.**  
As soon as the news was received in Oakland county, Michigan, of the horrible Canby massacre in South Carolina, the Hayes and Wheeler club of that county promptly hauled down the Hayes and Wheeler banner and hoisted the Tilden and Hendricks flag! He writes that the State may now be relied upon for a Democratic majority.

The *Observer* says there has been no such enthusiasm since 1840 as that in Charlotte Wednesday night. The speakers were Judge Cooke, of S. C., and Cols. Shoher, Steele and Bennett, of this State. We regret that Mr. McDowell junior editor of the *Observer*, fell from his horse and was rendered insensible.

**MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.**  
**Financial and Commercial.**  
NEW YORK Nov. 2.—Money 3 1/4 @ 4 1/2 per cent. Sterling exchange quiet at \$4 8 1/2. Gold firm at 100 3/4 @ 100 1/2. Government securities strong but steady—new \$5 11 1/2. States quiet and nominal.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—Flour is without decided change and moderate business doing south on hour quiet; common to fair extra \$5 1/2 @ \$5 60; good to choice \$6 05 @ \$7 75. Wheat is without decided change, with a moderate export and milling demand. Corn is slightly in buyers' favor, with moderate trade for export and home use—ungraded western mixed 50 @ 60 cents; old western mixed in store 59 1/2 @ 60 cents; yellow 59 1/2 @ 60 cents. Oats slightly in buyers' favor and rather more doing. Coffee quiet and firm. Sugar quiet and firm at 9 1/2 @ 9 3/4 cts. for fair to good refining; refined easier at 10 1/2 @ 11 cents for standard. A. Molasses—refining stock scarce and quiet; grocery grades steady; new crop New Orleans, good to choice, 60 @ 65 cts. Rice quiet at 4 1/2 @ 5 cts for Louisiana; and 5 1/2 @ 6 cts for Carolina. Tallow steady at 8 1/2 @ 15-16 cents. Rosin steady. Spirits turpentine firm at 39 cents. Pork steady—new mess \$17. Lard quiet and steady—steam \$10, choice \$10 10. Whiskey irregular and unsettled at \$1 12 @ 1 15. Freight more steady.

**BALTIMORE, Nov. 2.**—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat, prime grades steady—Howard medium dull and heavy; Penn. rec. \$1 28 @ \$1 33 Maryland, red, good to prime \$1 28 @ \$1 38; amber \$1 40 @ \$1 42; white \$1 25 @ \$1 40. Corn—southern white 48 @ 42 cents; yellow 48 @ 54 cents.

**Cotton Markets.**  
NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—Cotton firm, with sales of 772 bales at 11 15-16 @ 11 1/2 cents; consolidated net receipts 107,882; exports to Great Britain 46,482; to France 3,488; to the continent 12,622; channel 1,100; net receipts 575; gross receipts 5,383; futures closed barely steady, with sales of 34,000 bales as follows: November 11 7-16 @ 11 15-16 cents, December 11 9-32 @ 11 1/2 cts; January 11 15-16 @ 11 3/32 cents, February 11 13-32 cents, March 11 7-32 cents, April 11 9-32 @ 11 3/32 cents, May 11 9-16 @ 11 12-32 cents, June 11 9-32 @ 11 3/32 cents, July 11 7-32 @ 11 15-16 cents, August 31-32 cents.

**SAVANNAH, Nov. 2.**—Cotton active—middling 10 1/2 @ 10 3/4 cts; net receipts 3,417; gross receipts 3,808; sales 1,800; exports coastwise 2,504.

## COMMERCE AND FINANCE.

### WILMINGTON MARKETS.

**CAPE FEAR OFFICE.**  
November 2, 1876—6 P. M.  
Cotton—Market firm with sales of 375 bales at prices showing an advance on last report. The official quotations are: low middling 10 1/2, middling 10 3/4, and good middling 11 cents. Ordinary and good ordinary were not quoted, and the prices of those grades were to some extent nominal, and not of as ready sale.

**Spirits Turpentine**—Our market opened firm with sales of 50 casks city distilled at 35 cents and 100 casks regulars at the same figures. Market closed quiet.

**Rosin**—Steady with a better demand for the grades above good strained; the sales were, since our last report, 500 lbs. good strained at \$1 80, 100 lbs. (H) No. 1 at \$1 80, and 473 lbs. (I) good No. 1 at \$2 00.

**Tow**—Market firm with a continued good demand. We quote sales at \$1 75 in water and \$1 80 in order.

**Crude Turpentine**—Official quotations firm at \$1 50 for hard and \$2 25 for soft and virgin, with reported sales of the day's receipts at these figures.

**DAILY RECEIPTS.**  
Cotton 685 bales, spirits turpentine 299 casks, rosin 637 bbls., tar 159 bbls., crude turpentine 538 bbls.

**Regular Wholesale Prices.**  
The quotations, it should be understood, represent the wholesale prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

**Shipping**—Gunny 13 @ 15 cts. Double Anchor 14 1/2 @ 15 cts.

**Bacon**—North Carolina: hams (new) 13 1/2 cts. shoulders 10 1/2 @ 12 cts. sides (N C choice) 12 1/2 @ 14 cts; western smoked hams 17 @ 18 cts, sides 11 1/2 @ 12 cts, shoulders 9 cts.

**Beef**—On the hoof 4 1/2 cts.

**Barrel**—Spirits turpentine: second hand, each, \$2; new New York, each \$2; new city each \$2.

**Beeswax** 26 @ 28 cts.

**Bricks**—Wilmington \$ 6 @ 8; Northern \$12 @ 14.

**Butter**—North Carolina 15 @ 20 cts; Northern 25 @ 35 cts.

**Candle**—Sperm 25 @ 45 cts; tallow 14 @ 15 cts; damantine 13 1/2 cts.

**Cheese**—Northern factory 14 @ 15 cts; dairy cream 14 1/2 @ 14 cts; State 12 1/2 @ 13 cts.

**Coffee**—Java 24 @ 25 cts; Rio 19 @ 22 cts; Laguayra 24 1/2 @ 25 cts.

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