

GERMANS HELD AT BAY IN WARSAW

But are Advancing at Other Points On the Great Eastern Battle Front

HEAVY FIGHTING RESUMED IN WEST

Big Scrap Starts On the British Front—French Admit Losses and Also Claim Gains—Germans Striking at Railway Between Warsaw and Petrograd.

London, August 3.—The armies of Germany and Austria-Hungary are being held by the Russians to the west of Warsaw, but are making progress elsewhere on the eastern front, according to official statements from Berlin and Vienna, their most decisive attack evidently being that directed against Wyszkow, a town 35 miles northeast of Warsaw.

Pursuing their policy of cutting the communication of Grand Duke Nicholas heavy German forces have attacked the railway linking the main artery of the Warsaw-Petrograd line at Ostrolinka.

The latest dispatch direct from Warsaw, coming from the correspondent of the Associated Press and dated July 31st, shows that conditions are much better than previously indicated.

In the west heavy fighting again is in progress on the British section of the battle front and there has been resumption of infantry action, with the French admitting the Germans captured some trenches in the Argonne and the Marle-Perthe district, but claiming that counterattacks, won a portion of the lost ground.

MEXICAN BANDITS ON RAMPAGE

American Guard and Soldiers Wounded at the Border Today.

Brownsville, Texas, August 3.—Customs Guard Joe Taylor and three soldiers of troop A, of the 12th Cavalry, were early today wounded in a brush with Mexican bandits at Schriener ranch, 18 miles northeast of here.

The bandits were later surrounded and reinforcements have been sent from Fort Brown to aid the American soldiers.

Twelve of fifteen Mexican bandits are reported to have been killed in a fight with United States cavalry and American possemen in the thick, thorny brush north of Brownsville.

Sergeant McGuire, of the 12th Cavalry, was reported killed; Private Curtis, a posseman, fatally wounded; Joe Taylor, a customs guard, shot in the shoulder, and Deputy Sheriff Monahan, of Brownsville, shot in the leg.

HYPNOTIC TREATMENT IS BEING GIVEN

London, Aug. 3.—Practically every British hospital for soldiers now has on its staff one or more physicians trained in administering hypnotic treatment. According to the medical correspondent of the Daily Mail, the results obtained have in many cases been little short of miraculous.

The chief use of hypnosis has been in cases of shell-shock where, in addition to any actual wounding, the patient is suffering from a pronounced disorganization of the nervous system. This may take the form of complete or partial blindness, loss of hearing or speech, paralysis, melancholia, or loss of memory.

ALLIES' AIRMEN ARE BUSY

Fly Over Capital of Alsace—Lorraine and Drop Many Bombs.

Paris, August 3.—A flotilla of Anglo-French aeroplanes today flew over the German city of Strassburg and dropped 25 bombs, according to a dispatch from Geneva to the Havas News Agency. The extent of the damage has not been ascertained. Strassburg is the capital of Alsace-Lorraine.

KANSAS WOMAN HIKES IT OVER 2,000 MILES

Los Angeles, Cal., August 3.—Carrying with her a curling iron, a small alcohol lamp and a jar of cold cream, which essentially feminine treasures were augmented with a dangerous looking revolver, a canteen and a set of maps, Miss Edith Channel, an attractive and intrepid Kansas City girl, has just completed alone a hazardous 2,000-mile "hike" to this city.

Sun-tanned and showing no signs of the ill-health that started her out on her thrilling and interesting adventures, Miss Channel covered the 2,000-mile trip in four months, having traveled leisurely, with occasional detours for sight-seeing purposes.

When Miss Channel started out from Kansas City she had with her just \$10, eight of which she had spent by the time she reached Topeka. So it was with the limited capital of \$2 that the young woman started for the cross-country trip.

"My knapsack, canteen, maps, kodak and my big revolver weighed a pretty heavy seventeen or eighteen pounds and at first I found myself quickly wearied, especially as I had not been long out of the hospital and was not strong. Then too at first, while I was not afraid, it was rather lonesome work walking all day long by myself.

"I passed an occasional 'hobo,' but at no time did any of them molest me. I was not oversociable with the chance wayfarers I met, for the reason I preferred travelling alone to picking up chance companions.

"All the way across I was very fortunate in finding hospitable section houses where I was welcome to remain over night.

"Once along my route I sought shelter over night at a section house whose only occupants were two telegraph operators. They were as kind as any womanfolk I'd met, and in return for the privilege of sleeping in a box car they had on a spur track there I cooked their dinner and the next morning's breakfast for them and 'sliced' up their quarters a bit.

COUNCIL TRYING TO PREVENT BIG STRIKE

New York, August 3.—Mayor Mitchell's council of conciliation was endeavoring today to formulate a plan that would prevent a strike of 60,000 members of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union. Already 40,000 members of the union have voted to strike, unless the differences with the manufacturers are adjusted to their satisfaction.

"MUST WAIT," SAID JUDGE.

To Girl Who Wanted to Marry a Burglar.

Kansas City, Mo., August 3.—Love may laugh at locksmiths, as has been alleged, but love failed when it attempted to open the locks of the county jail here and permit Miss Violet Boehm, of St. Louis, to marry Thomas Knight, held in the jail for attempted burglary. Miss Boehm is nineteen and Knight is 22.

The girl went to a lawyer and then called on Judge Latschaw. She said she could reform Knight, who readily agreed.

BARON SLAIN WHEN TRYING TO GET HIS CHILDREN

Nobleman Who Figured in Sensational Divorce Killed Last Night

WAS SHOT BEFORE

His Wife Had Charged That He Was Selling Military Secrets of Brazil to the German Government.

Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, August 3.—Baron Altemar Werther, son-in-law of the late Dario Branco, Brazil's famous foreign minister, was killed last night while trying to gain possession of his children, who have been living with his former wife, who obtained a divorce from him.

The divorce trial of the Baroness Werther began in September, 1913, and resulted in sensational disclosures. The Baroness declared her husband seized important diplomatic documents belonging to the ministry of foreign affairs of Brazil and threatened her with death when she protested. The Baron Werther, she asserted, had frequent interviews with Herr Michaelis, then German minister to Brazil. She said also her husband sent to the Krupps and other German firms documents concerning the defense of Brazil.

About a year before the divorce suit was instituted Baron Werther was shot three times by his nephew, but his wounds were not serious. The shooting took place at the Baron's home. The nephew declared it was a mistake, as he mistook his uncle for a burglar.

HEAVY FIGHTING IS REPORTED

Great Guns Booms and Mines Explode On British Front at Ypres

Amsterdam, August 3.—Heavy fighting is in progress on the British front, near Ypres, according to a telegram from Contray, Belgium. The booming of great guns and mine explosions were audible here for hours and was quickly followed by a steady stream of wounded soldiers. Most of the casualties were from shrapnel wounds.

HOTELS TURNED INTO HOSPITALS

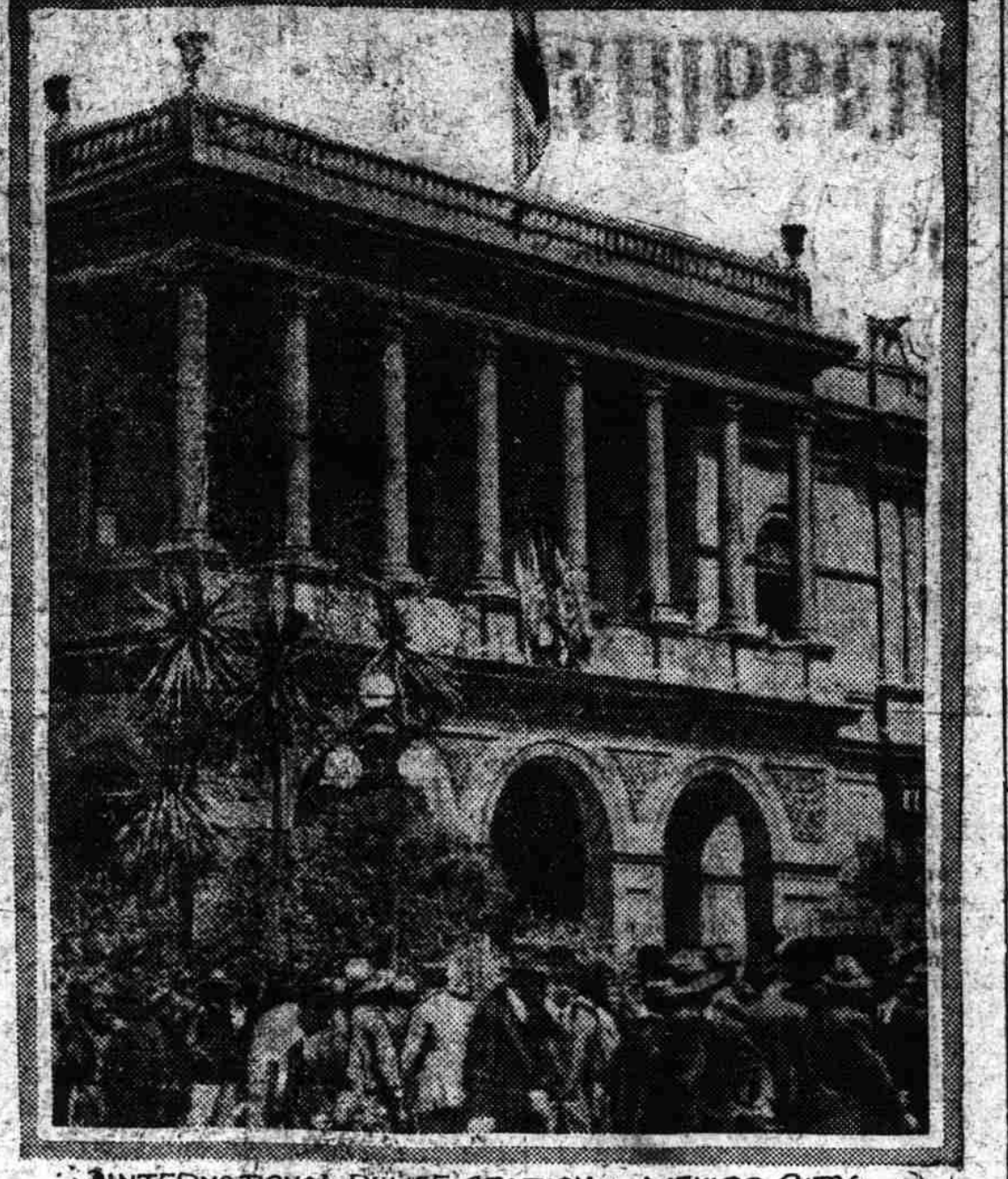
Paris, Aug. 3.—A consequence of the requisition of many seaside hotels for hospitals in connection with other military expedients a great many Parisians who generally go to the seashore have taken villas in the forest regions around Paris. Accommodations are now at a premium in the favorite resorts of the forests of St. Germain and Fontainebleau. Chantilly is too near the scene of operations and Engien is crowded as well as Montmorency, St. Cloud and the popular places of the Meudon Woods. Nearly all the less fashionable suburbs of Paris have benefited.

The latest military regulations allow of no new residence permits within ten miles of the coast from Le Treport, near Dieppe, to the northern frontier, excepting by authorization of the military authorities; this exception is reserved to French citizens or subjects of countries allied with France who own property they propose to inhabit, or whose lease of it antedates August 2, 1914. Exceptional considerations of health may be taken by the military authorities as justification for residence in the region of Berck Plage, between Le Treport and Etaples. All habitations north of Le Treport known to have belonged in time of peace to the subjects of countries now enemies of France cannot be inhabited under any circumstances.

These regulations close many resorts on the channel coast to the summer visitor.

Lumina Pictures Tonight. "The Life Line," a two-reel Lubin, featuring Arthur Johnson and Lottie Briscoe; and "The Starring of Flora Finchurch," with Flora Finchurch and Jack Budget. Adv.

Flags of Many Nations Save International Relief Station in Mexico City



This picture which shows the Red Cross Hospital and International Relief station in Mexico City, where thousands of starving citizens have been fed during the upheavals of the last few months, was made just after General Obregon (Carranzista faction) was detained from sacking the hospital by the standard of flags (center of picture) made up of the flags of 17 nations. These flags were contributed by the consuls and diplomatic representatives of that many nations all of whom lodged vigorous protests against the vandalism with the Constitutional general. He then countermanded his order to loot the building.

RUSSIA WILL FIGHT TO THE VERY LAST

Duma Unanimously Adopts Resolution to This Effect

MAKE RESOURCES AVAILABLE

Federal Reserve Board Laying Plans for Movement of Fall Crops

Washington, D. C., August 3.—Preliminary plans designed to make available the resources of the Federal Reserve system in the annual fall movement of cotton and other crops have been worked out by the Federal Reserve Board.

The board calls special attention to the marketing of the cotton crop because it is "clearly to the common interest that cotton based upon this crop, be protected as far as possible from the danger of demoralization."

It shows that no staple commodity is subject to greater variation in price than cotton. "Sudden and violent fluctuations," it contends, "are clearly to the advantage of neither loaning banks, the producer, the manufacturer nor consumer. They offer on this account an inviting field for speculation."

The board suggests that the reserve banks confer with its members and other interests and points out that cotton producers begin at once storage and insurance as rapidly as arranged.

LOST MANY WORKMEN BY CALL OF WAR

Berlin, Aug. 3.—The famous "A. E. G."—the German electrical company which next to Krupps is the empire's largest industrial undertaking, has published some figures showing the effects of war on its business. Of its huge staff, 20,500 have been called to the colors, and 530 of these have been killed, while 490 have received the Iron Cross.

The company has thus far paid out \$1,250,000 in war benefits to dependants of its employees. Its war orders have been so large that it has \$1,500,000 more in the bank than a year ago. Its present balance reaching nearly \$21,000,000. The company has invested \$2,250,000 in the German war loan, and \$200,000 in the Austrian loan. There are just as many orders on the company's books as a year ago, although its entire foreign business has stopped.

VILLA TROOPS ARE BEING WHIPPED

AMERICAS WILL TRY TO FORCE PEACE IN MEXICO

Important Conference To Be Held Thursday in Washington

ARMS EMBARGO

From All American Countries and Cuba May Solve the Problem—Carranza Agent Fears the Result of Decision.

Washington, D. C., August 3.—When the three ambassadors and three ranking Latin-American ministers meet with Secretary Lansing Thursday to hear President Wilson's plans to ask co-operation of their countries for the restoration of peace to Mexico a course of action will be outlined which all Latin-America will be asked to approve.

It contemplates the restoration of constitutional government without the use of force, if possible, but it has in view joint action of all Americas if necessary.

Although all officials surround the conference with the greatest secrecy and Secretary Lansing said today that no announcement may be made afterwards it is known that one of the first elements is an embargo on arms from all Latin-America to Mexico, and that Central America and Cuba will be asked to close their ports to war material which provides the means for factional leaders in Mexico to continue their campaigns.

The President is not committed to details of any plans, but will invite suggestions from Latin-American diplomats to open the way to a common ground.

Announcement of the conference surprised the agents of the Mexican factions here. The Carranza agent, who had hoped that his course in the last few weeks and efforts to respond to the demands of this government would lead to ultimate recognition, did not conceal some misgivings, but hoped that Carranza's showing of strength would force the conclusion that his provisional government demanded recognition.

EXPLOSION IN BOMB PROOF WORKS

One Civilian Killed and Soldiers Injured at Frankfurt Today

Philadelphia, August 3.—One man was killed and three others seriously injured in an explosion today in the experimental bomb-proof department of the United States arsenal in Frankfurt.

The man killed was James Hawkins, a civilian. The injured are M. Frusco and Athur Lemelet, soldiers, and George Brown, a civilian.

The two soldiers are in a critical condition. Brown is not so seriously hurt. It is understood that an experiment was being made with a high explosive shell.

RADIUM HAS DROPPED IN PRICE

London, Aug. 3.—While most commodities have grown steadily dearer since war began, the price of radium shows a drop of about a thousand dollars a gram in the past year. The reason apparently is that some people who held limited quantities of the available supply were compelled to sell at a loss.

The British Army Medical Department plans to use radium treatment for the benefit of obstinate cases of rheumatism contracted in the trenches.

One Column Was Annihilated Yesterday, According to Carranza Report

VILLA DIDN'T "CUSS OUT" UNITED STATES

American Agent Declares Such Report Was a Mistake—Provision Trains Now Moving Into Mexico City

Galveston, Texas, August 3.—The Villa column, under General Rodolfo Fierros, that recently penetrated Carranza territory as far as Pachuca, was practically annihilated yesterday between Queretaro and Tlaxcala, according to a report reaching the Carranza consul here today.

The Villa troops were caught between the forces of General Obregon and General Gonzalez. Fierros was endeavoring to return north to join the main Villa army when caught in the trap set by Carranza generals.

General Obregon also reported the capture of three million rounds of ammunition in a battle last Friday south of Torreon.

Telegraphic communication between San Luis Potosi and Tampico has been restored and the railway line was being repaired, according to a message from General Castro, in command at San Luis Potosi.

Villa Didn't Say It. El Paso, Texas, August 3.—George E. Carothers, special agent of the State Department, who arrived here early today from Chihuahua City, denies that General Villa declared "if the United States does not like my action it can go to hell."

"I was in a room adjoining the conference on Saturday," he added, "and I am positive that if General Villa used such language I would have known it."

General Villa since Saturday has modified his order of confiscation, Carothers said, and planned to station a representative of the Villa government in each store whose duty it was to see that the profit did not exceed 15 per cent.

Consuls for the United States, France, Germany, Italy and Spain had drawn up a list of questions about the status upon the stock trade and private property of their nationals, which General Villa was to have answered yesterday. Carothers said he left the city before an answer was received.

General Villa early today was reported en route to Juarez. Provisions Entering City. Washington, August 3.—Telegraphic communication between Vera Cruz and Mexico City has been restored. Provisions began entering the city yesterday and other train loads are en route.

TEST OF PROHIBITION IN VIRGINIA

Primaries Today Will Show It Will Be Enforced in That State.

Newport News, Va., August 3.—Whether or not Virginia's State-wide prohibition will be drastic and absolutely enforced virtually will be decided today in the State-wide Democratic primary in which members of the General Assembly will be nominated. The nominations practically mean election.

The General Assembly must provide the machinery to carry out the provisions of the enabling act passed by the people last September and effective November 1st, 1916. The nature of the act of the next legislature will determine the effectiveness of prohibition in Virginia.

Of course, You'll Be There Friday night. "The Feast of Lanterns."—Adv.