

WILSON PREDICTS HIS OWN RE-ELECTION, AS WITH STRONG HAND HE SWATS THE BOSSES

Declares That Signs Point to a Triumph for Democracy In the Empire State

FIVE THOUSAND PEOPLE FROM PENN. TO HEAR HIM

Makes Direct Appeal to the Progressives and Pleads for a Democratic Congress --Calls Assertion by Roosevelt False.

Asbury Park, N. J., Oct. 14.—President Wilson, addressing five thousand voters assembled as delegations from Pennsylvania at Shadow Lawn this afternoon predicted his own re-election as a certainty. He also asserted that the reports indicated a Democratic victory in New York state.

"If you want to know what New York is going to do at this time, look up the record of what it did to the new constitution proposed by certain gentlemen," Mr. Wilson declared.

"And it did it to the constitution not upon careful examination of what the constitution contained, but upon the universal repute of those who proposed the constitution."

In a direct appeal for Progressive votes, Mr. Wilson lauded the purpose of the two National conventions held by that party but said the delegates had been "deceived and betrayed."

He asserted that in Pennsylvania and New Jersey an effort is being made to saddle on the communities men who have been for years in the confidence of politicians, who have defied the laws of the two states. In this connection a warning was sounded against the danger of electing a Democratic president and a Republican congress.

"A president without a congress is absurd and useless as a figure head," Mr. Wilson declared. "He can get you into more trouble, but he cannot get you out."

Referring to peace and the charge made by the Republicans that the policy of the administration has been weak in dealing with the belligerents of Europe, he said:

"We are saving ourselves in order that we may unite in that final league of nations, it shall be understood that there is no neutrality where any nation is doing wrong."

Vance C. McCormick, chairman of the Democratic committee, was given a noisy greeting by the Pennsylvania visitors as the "next governor of the State."

A Mitchell Palmer, introducing Mr. Wilson, proclaimed him the greatest living Progressive.

"The President said, in part: 'I am especially glad to see you because there are some things which, perhaps, Pennsylvanians are more qualified to tell about than any other people in the United States. They are better qualified to testify as to the subtle means by which the purposes of the people are sometimes dominated by their government. I know how true it is that the people of Pennsylvania have desired men to lead them who would lead them to the light and not again drag them into the subterranean passages of private influence. I want to call your attention to what is happening in Pennsylvania. Then I may make some remarks about what is happening in New Jersey, in order that between us, comparing the expenses of New Jersey with the expenses of Pennsylvania, we may understand a thing or two about the conditions in the nation at large.'

"New Jersey was under the influence of what we used to call a board of guardians, a group of Republican leaders who did not venture, most of them, to offer themselves for election, but who did choose all those who were to offer themselves for election, and did, through those who were elected, absolutely control the fortune of the State. And I am very happy today that I am privileged to have a part in showing the door to these gentlemen. What has the Democratic party done in the nation in the last three years and a half, if you summed it up? It has redeemed the promises of both parties, promises which on one side, I venture to say, were made without the slightest expectation that any one would ever be rash enough to attempt to fulfill them. That is what happened in New Jersey. We dislodged those gentlemen and now with what impudence, they are trying to come back.

"The thing is open, obvious, impudence. But, my friends, it can't be done after the light is turned on.

"And exactly the same thing that is happening in Pennsylvania, the same thing that is happening in New Jersey, is being attempted in the nation at large. I wonder if they suppose that anybody is deceived?"

"The contest at Chicago four years ago and the contest at Chicago this year were for the control of the machinery of the party, and now, after the smoke has cleared away, we have standing before us that familiar Old Guard that has never been disturbed in its possession of power.

"And what I want to call your attention to is that this is not merely a political campaign. I want you to remember that the real source of action and that the real machinery of obstruction is in Congress. Do you suppose that anything could have been accomplished in the last three and a half years if there had not been a determined and willing majority in the Congress? I have not led these gentlemen; I have gone forward with them. I call your attention to the fact that there is not here recorded a single Wilson policy. Everything that I have asked that Congress to do was to write in the pledges of the party itself.

"And so I want you to remember that a President without a Congress, that is heart and soul for the things that he represents, is absolutely as useless as a figurehead. He can get you into trouble, but he cannot get you out.

"And I want to bear witness in this presence to the kind of control which the Republican machine has attempted to air in the United States Congress.

"Several gentlemen, who are supposed to be spokesmen of the Republican party, have in public professed to condemn invisible government, but in private they have counselled and

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MAY STRIKE BACK AT GREAT BRITAIN

Much Disgust Over Statement Made by Sir Robert Cecil.

Washington, Oct. 14.—Refusal of clearance to British steamship from American ports as a reprisal of the British aggression upon the commerce and other rights of the United States is said to be under serious contemplation by President Wilson.

Indignation was expressed by officials today at the tone and contents of a statement authorized in London yesterday by Lord Robert Cecil, minister of war trade. Lord Robert served notice upon the United States that England might consider the Anglo-American commerce and navigation treaty as without validity during the war.

Lord Robert also declared Great Britain would not withdraw her cruisers from some parts of the sea, meaning, it was believed, that she would send them again to watch the entrances to American ports and patrol the steamer lines close to American shores, against which this government already has protested.

"Insolent" was one State Department official's characterization of Lord Robert's assertion that Germany has bargained with neutrals—meaning the United States—and that by sending the U-53 to American waters she was attempting to strike a new bargain with this country.

THE LINER HAS NOT BEEN TORPEDOED

The Hellegolav Steams On to Kirkwall Regardless of Submarine.

New York, Oct. 14.—Somewhere over the Grand Banks of New Foundland tonight the Scandinavian-American liner Hellegolav, reported by Captain J. J. Jones, of the White Star Line freighter, Bovic, to have been chased off Nantucket by a submarine, was steaming on her way to Kirkwall.

A wireless report of her position at noon was received by A. E. Johnson & Co., agents of the line. In it Captain Lars Holst, commander of the liner, made no mention of a submarine. Halvor Jacobson, of Johnson & Co., said he was convinced there must have been some mistake in the report of the chase, or he was certain Captain Holst would have mentioned it. When the Hellegolav reported off Sable Island Mr. Jacobson sent a wireless to Captain Holst if he had seen a submarine and asking for details of the encounter if there had been any. His message was held to be relayed to the liner tonight through Cape Race. He also reported that neither the Hellegolav nor any of the other Scandinavian-American boats carry contraband.

A BUSINESS man THINKS most highly OF his reputation. HIS success and the THINGS that have aided HIM such as

The Wilmington Dispatch's Advertising Columns.

ROOSEVELT AND PERKINS KNOW FIGHT IS LOST

Wilson Is Going to be Re-elected, Declares Progressives' Standard Bearer.

DECLINES HAND OF GEO. W. PERKINS

Vice Presidential Candidate Parker Calls For Support of Wilson—"Burns Up" Roosevelt.

New York, Oct. 14.—"Fearing Wilson's election, Roosevelt and Perkins enrolled as Progressives so as to dicker for the Republican nominee in 1920."

This was the charge made today by John M. Parker, Progressive vice presidential nominee.

Mr. Parker had just concluded a speech at a Hotel Biltmore reception, pledging his support to President Wilson and assailing Roosevelt and Perkins. He turned to the newspaper men and made the additional accusation.

Continuing, Mr. Parker said: "Roosevelt and Perkins enrolled in a party which they say does not exist. They know Hughes will be defeated and Wilson re-elected. They want an anchor to windward. Roosevelt is after the Republican nomination four years hence. Everybody knows that."

"I met Mr. Perkins at Delmonico's last Thursday. He held out his hand. I refused it. I said: 'You don't want to shake hands with me. I am going to burn you up in a speech I shall deliver at the Biltmore next Saturday. I want you to be there. If I make any misstatements you call me down.' Mr. Perkins did not come."

"Where are the Progressive electors upon whom you count in case you secure the vote of any States for Vice President?" Mr. Parker was asked.

"I don't know. May be Perkins does," he replied. "He has in his possession what is left of the Progressive party organization. I shall go on with my campaign. I shall speak in Connecticut and Massachusetts next week and later in Illinois and Indiana."

When George W. Perkins was told of what Mr. Parker said, he laughed and observed:

"Did he say all that? Well, well. Just say I am too busy to answer him."

Mr. Parker was greeted by about 200 at the Biltmore.

HUGHES MONEY GETTING SCARCE

Wilson Stock Commences to Rise In the Betting In New York City.

New York, Oct. 14.—An appreciable increase in the volume of money to be bet that President Wilson will be re-elected caused a further slump in the favoritism of Hughes in Wall Street today. Small bets were made in the financial district at 10 to 7 with the backers of Hughes in some instances offering only even money. A few days ago Hughes was a 2 to 1 favorite.

Edward McQuade, the betting commissioner, concluded a wager of \$700 to \$1,000 on Wilson, while curb brokers placed \$1,600 to \$2,000 on Wilson. A prominent stock exchange firm is reported to have \$100,000 to place on Wilson at odds 7 to 10.

RESTA STILL HOLDS THE CHAMPIONSHIP

Chicago, Oct. 14.—Dario Resta holds his title as champion of the Chicago speedway. He won the 250-mile race today and broke the track record, doing 103.9 miles an hour. Resta drove a Peugeot.

Johnny Aitken, in a Peugeot, gave Resta a good run for first and was only 16 seconds back of the winner. Rickenbacker, in a Maxwell, finished third; Galvin, in a Premier, was fourth; Lewis, in a Premier, fifth, and Henderson, in a Maxwell, sixth. Resta's time was 2:24:16.69.

YOUTH FATALLY HURT IN FOOTBALL GAME

Cleveland, Oct. 14.—While participating in a football game between Ashtabula and Shaw high school here today, Bert Connelly, of Ashtabula, aged 17, was probably fatally injured. He is at Eddy Road hospital unconscious and it is believed he has a broken neck.

HUGHES TELLS THE FARMERS THAT HE'S A MAN OF PEACE

Works Hard in Nebraska in Effort to Get Votes of Rural Sections.

TAKES SHARP RAP AT EIGHT-HOUR BILL

Proclaims That it is a "Gold Brick"—Follows In Wake of Vice Pres. Marshall.

Lincoln, Neb., Oct. 14.—From dawn until far into the night Charles Evans Hughes stumped the broad prairies of Nebraska telling the farmers he was "a man of peace," and denouncing the administration as "having gotten us into several petty, indefensible, inexcusable wars."

He declared only careful application of the Republican protective tariff doctrine could save American business from ruinous depression after the war. He told old railroad men at the junction point at Wymore, they were "handed a gold brick" in the eight-hour bill. He kept pounding home the charges of inefficiency and extravagance against the administration, but he received his heartiest applause when he talked peace.

Vice-President Marshall had just preceded Mr. Hughes through the State declaring that the election of a Republican administration this fall meant war. The governor took occasion to answer the charge in his speech at Fairbury.

"I have heard it said since I came into Nebraska, that some one has been going through the state saying that a vote for me meant a vote for war," he said. "Did you ever hear a more preposterous proposition to represent me? I am a man of peace. I have been spending my life in maintaining the institution of peace. I desire in my way to promote international peace. Who can think without horror of the ravages of war? Who can desire war? I do not desire war. I do not desire petty wars. I do not desire war in Mexico to satisfy a personal vindictiveness against a disliked ruler. I do not like that kind of war."

After reviewing the administration course in Mexico, he continued, "Do not talk to me of a policy of peace in the face of a record like that. That is war ignoble, personal war. I believe in peace, in peace maintained with honor, I believe in peace that is maintained with self-respect. I believe in peace in a work where we desire that friendship of all and all desire the friendship of this nation; a peace which recognizes and maintains the dignity of American citizenship."

"That is the right course of prosperity and stability. It is a great mistake to depart from it. We have had no situation in which responsible and careful conduct could not easily keep us out of war. We have had in Mexico a situation where we did get into a petty war and as I have said, an ignoble war."

Mr. Hughes called upon the administration to call things by their real names. The eight-hour bill "masquerades under a dress it does not deserve, because it is a wage bill," he said.

Pledging a more efficient administration, he said: "I want to see the merit system maintained. It has been betrayed by this administration. We have got to learn that this government is not conducted for the purpose of giving places to incompetent persons because of political activity, but it is conducted to give all the people of the United States the worth of their money and the best government that can be devised."

"Things must be called by their right names. Things must be done in the right way. We will protect American citizens. We will protect property. We will protect the national treasury from waste and extravagance, and we will protect the principles of free government by establishing for all time through this election a proposition that it is rules here that rules here and not force," and not force."

VANDERBILT EASILY DEFEATED KENTUCKY

Lexington, Ky., Oct. 14.—Field Flipping of Curry, Floyd and Richardson, aided by an impregnable line, enabled Vanderbilt to defeat the University of Kentucky 45 to 0. Broken field run by Curry for 80 yards accounted for the fourth touchdown. Rhodes almost equalled Curry's playing for Kentucky, but owing to lack of support from his mates, was helpless.

TORN AND BLEEDING THE RUMANIANS RETREATING

BAKERS CALL FOR AN EMBARGO TO APPLY TO WHEAT

Declare Crop Insufficient and America Should Be Fed First.

STORMY MEETING IN NEW YORK CITY

Had Too Much of a Political Tinge For Bakers' President—Modified Resolution Passed.

New York, Oct. 14.—National politics raised a storm at the local meeting of the National Association of Master Bakers, held at Cooper Union tonight. One congressman was prevented from speaking because he insisted upon introducing an attack upon the administration. A resolution, which had been prepared for presentation to the audience of 400, was abandoned in favor of a milder one.

S. F. McDonald, president of the National Association of Master Bakers, who came from Memphis, Tenn., especially to preside at tonight's meeting, refused to participate because, he declared, the meeting would have a national political tinge.

Mr. McDonald declined to appear after he had attended a meeting of the arrangement committee, at which the abandoned resolution was modified. In his stead, Mr. Savage, head of the Savage Baking Company, of Jersey City, presided.

The resolution, as finally adopted, called for an embargo on wheat exports from this country. The second resolution addressed to the President, called for an investigation into the wheat situation, with the end in view, the resolution stated, "of feeding America first," as reasons for the embargo demand the resolution stated that "all governments of the world have now taken control of the wheat and other food supplies, that the United States crop is insufficient, and that in spite of the abnormal conditions, millions of bushels of wheat are exported every week."

Senator James E. Martine, of New Jersey; Congressman Wm. S. Bennett, of Manhattan, and Congressman Meyer London, were announced as speakers. They failed to appear, but sent letters of regret.

FRENCH GAINED MORE GROUND

Launched Two Successful Attacks On Germans On The Somme.

London, Oct. 14.—In desperate fighting today south of the Somme the French won two successes. They carried a first-line German trench east of Belloy-En-Santerre, and captured by storm the hamlet of Guermont and a sugar factory northeast of Ablain Court.

The battle for Ablain Court continues. Each side has a foothold in the town and fighting of the most sanguinary character is in progress. German troops last night launched a mighty blow at the French positions around Ablain Court. Paris admitted they made progress, but official announcement was made tonight that the ground was recaptured in the counter-attack which resulted in the taking of Guermont and the sugar factory.

While the Germans were being hampered south of the Somme the French launched successful attacks against the Teutons north of the river in the vicinity of Bouchavesnes.

TRAIN RUNS DOWN AUTO AND THREE HURT

Columbus, Ohio, Oct. 14.—Clare Edwards, 18, and Robert Steel, 18, were killed and E. E. Edwards, brother of Miss Edwards, was seriously injured here tonight when their automobile was run down by a Big Four passenger train at the West Broad street crossing. The machine caught fire and was destroyed. The victims were residents of Madison county.

First and Second Armies Hurl-ed Back by Great Rush of Teutons.

MAKING DESPERATE STAND AT BORDER

Led by King Ferdinand The Rumanians Trying to Stop Invasion—Offering Fierce Resistance—The Austro-Germans Pursue Retreating Forces.

London, Oct. 14.—The Russian armies, beaten and torn and all but annihilated, in their attempted invasion of Transylvania, have turned at their own frontier and, at bay are desperately, fiercely resisting the Teutonic invasion of their soil.

Their heroic effort to repel the forces of the central powers is to be led by King Ferdinand himself, according to a report from Bucharest. Russian reinforcements are also being hurried forward.

Berlin, while admitting that at one point west of Vulcanpass the Rumanians have gained a foothold on the line of the dige if hills which form the commanding position in that sector, reports that on the Eastern Transylvania front the Rumanians are still in retreat and are being hard pressed by the Austro-Germans.

Northeast of Kronstadt, where the Rumanians suffered their most disastrous defeat a fortnight ago, the troops of King Ferdinand have recaptured a village on Rumanian soil southeast of Orna as well as a town on the frontier in the region of Petroseny. Bucharest claims the capture up to now, on all its fronts, of 15,000 prisoners.

THE GERMAN STATEMENT. "Berlin, (wireless via Sayville), Oct. 14.—The headquarters statement covering operations in Transylvania says: 'Our pursuit of the Rumanians on the east front is making good progress. They also have been forced to yield along the road from Osika Szereda to Gyimes Pass.'

"In the frontier passes of Budzeland we have gained ground. We captured 292 men, including eight officers and took six machine guns. West of Vulcan Pass the enemy's attacks were repulsed. At one place the Rumanians gained a foothold on the line of the ridge."

GROWING BETTER IN MEXICO, HE DECLARES

Washington, Oct. 14.—Mexican Ambassador Designate Arrendondo said today that conditions in Mexico are rapidly improving and expressed confidence that differences between the United States and the de facto government will be satisfactorily settled.

"In Mexico City, officials are not worried because of the Legalista movement," he said. "I believe it is only one of several efforts to injure President Wilson's chance at re-election. The Legalists believe that if Mr. Hughes is elected they will have another opportunity to present their case to the United States and seek assistance for it from the American people."

TIGERS WON BY BARELY A NOSE

Princeton, N. J., Oct. 14.—An unerring boot by Dave Tibbott from the 45-yard line netted the Tigers the only three points scored in their game with Tufts here, this afternoon. Only two minutes remained for play at the time.

Medford boys who defeated Harvard last Saturday proved a tough proposition for Rush's eleven. They showed two fine running backs in Westcott and Doans, and were very proficient in handling forward passes. The Tigers displayed flashes of brilliant open field work, as well as good driving power into the line. The work of Eddy in returning punts was a fine feature, as was the kicking of Driggs.

SOLDIER KILLED IN DRUNKEN BRAWL

Nogales, Ariz., Oct. 14.—Private G. K. Shiftlitt, Company K, Second California Infantry, whose home was in Salem, California, was shot and killed near here today and his body placed on a railroad track to hide the crime. A train ran over the body, but a coroner's inquest revealed that a bullet wound killed Shiftlitt. Investigations developed that Shiftlitt was killed during a brawl with his associates in the company. A soldier companion has been placed under arrest and the military authorities say they expect a confession.