

Combination Auction Sale

FRIDAY, MARCH 2ND

THE TERMS WILL BE EASY AND SOUVENIRS IN THE WAY OF \$5.00 GOLD PIECES AND CURRENCY WILL BE GIVEN AT EACH STOPPING PLACE.

START FROM JAMES & JAMES' OFFICE, FREE AUTOMOBILES, PROMPTLY AT 10:00 A. M. AND MOVING TO THE PROPERTIES DESCRIBED BELOW, IN THE ORDER NAMED, RETURNING TO JAMES & JAMES' OFFICE WHEN SALE IS OVER.



"Worth making a noise about"

LISTEN FOR THE BAND

No. 1. The W. H. Yopp property adjoining the Market House will be sold in parcels, lots fronting on Front street, the Market House, Water street; also one lot 60 by 60 fronting on the river. Terms will be very easy. You cannot afford to miss this sale. Prompt paying tenants in all of this property. Be on hand for full details. **GOING TO CHANGE OWNERSHIP.**

No. 2. A valuable residence and lot on Market street, No. 1308, lot 150 feet deep to a 30-foot street in rear. 7-room house with all modern conveniences; a steady renter. Excellent location and in this day of high building materials, a good house already built counts. Directly opposite new High School location. Our only reason for selling, **WE NEED THE MONEY.**

No. 3. A valuable building lot on Market street, between 13th and 14th, right near No. 2, but does not adjoin. This lot also runs through to 30-foot street in rear, lot 150 feet deep. Terms, of course. Mr. Speculator and housebuilder, **YOUR OPPORTUNITY.** This owner **MEANS BUSINESS.** Has other deals to carry.

UNITED REALTY COMPANY Telephone 1045 JAMES & JAMES

Market Review, Marine and Weather News

STOCKS.	LOCAL MARKETS.	COTTON.
New York, March 1.—(Wall Street)	Eggs 35c	Wilmington spot 17.00
Heavy tone of today's early market	Butter, 1 lb., Country 25c	Norfolk spot 17.00
resulted from further selling in	Spring Chickens, apiece 25c to 40c	Charleston spot 17.00
the international crisis.	Grown Chickens, apiece 50c to 65c	Savannah spot 18 1/2
Shipping and Mexicans were down 1	Puddle Ducks, apiece 40 to 45	
point with continued heaviness	Guineas, apiece 35c	
in the various equipments and specu-	Beef 9c to 10c	
lating comprising the war group.	Sweet Potatoes, bushel 90c	
United States Steel and Bethlehem	Irish Potatoes, sack \$5.50	
steel issues yielded a pointer more	N. C. Hams, pound 20c	
and Central Leather, General Motors	N. C. Shoulders and Ribs, pound 17c	
and Industrial Alcohol. The movement	Oranges, California \$3.25	
spread to rails. Reading, New York	Orange, Florida \$3.00	
Central, St. Paul and Missouri Pacific	Bananas, 7-8, bunch \$1.10 to \$1.40	
demanded pressure.	Lemons, fancy \$3.50	
	Celery, bunch \$1.30	
	Apples, barrel \$4.25 to 6.00	
	Bell Peppers, bush 50c	
	Beans, Lima 8 3/4c	
	Peas, Black eye 8c	
	Turnips, Canadian Rutabaga 3 1/2c	
	Pork, per lb 12c	
	Cabbage, Florida, pound 15c	
	Corn, per bushel \$1.20	
	Hides, Green 20c.	
	Peanuts, N. C. \$1.30 to \$1.35	
	Peanuts, Virginia 65 to 80	
	Peanuts, Spanish 1.25 to 1.30	
	Wool 28c	
	Beeswax 27c	
	Dry Hides 20c	
	Green Salt Hides 20c	
	Tallow 9c	

CLIP THIS OUT MAY COME HANDY

Tells How to Take Soreness From a Corn and Lift It Right Out.

Hospital records show that every time you cut a corn you invite lockjaw or blood poisoning, which is needless, says a Cincinnati authority, who tells you that a quarter ounce of a drug called freezone can be obtained at little cost from the drug store but is sufficient to rid one's feet of every hard or soft corn or callus.

You simply apply a few drops of this on a tender, aching corn and the soreness is instantly relieved. Shortly the entire corn can be lifted out, root and all, without pain.

This drug is sticky but dries at once and is claimed to just shrivel up any corn without inflaming or even irritating the surrounding tissue or skin.

If your wife wears high heels she will be glad to know of this.—Advt.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river at Fayetteville, N. C. at 8 a. m. yesterday, 14.2 feet.

United States Steel pfd . . . 117 1/8
Utah Copper 110
Virginia Carb. Chem. . . . 37 1/4
Wabash Pfd. 'B' 24 1/2
Western Union 92 1/8
Westinghouse Electric . . . 47 3/4
New York—Total sales 439,400 shares.

GRAIN.

Wheat	Open	Close
May 181	1823 3/4	1823 3/4
July 154 1/2	155 7/8	155 7/8
Corn		
May 101 7/8	102 1/2	102 1/2
July 101 1/8	101 3/4	101 3/4
Oats		
May 57 3/8	57 3/8	57 3/8
July 55 1/4	55 3/8	55 3/8
Pork		
May 3195	3195	3195
July 3130	3130	3130
Lard		
May 1847	1845	1845
July 1852	1840	1840
Ribs		
May 1710	1705	1705
July 1702	1702	1702

SUGAR.

New York, March 1.—Raw sugar firm; centrifugal 539, molasses 452; refined firm. Fine granulated 700 to 800.

Reports of a truce between opposing factions in Cuba were followed by increased offerings in the sugar futures market and prices broke sharply. At noon prices were 16 to 19 points net lower.

SAVANNAH NAVAL STORES.

Savannah, March 1.—Turpentine, quiet, 48 1/2; sales, (—); receipts, 56; shipments, (—); stock 13,646.

Rosin—Firm; sales, (—); receipts, 291; shipments, (—); stock 78,726; Quote: H. D. E. F. and G. 6.00; H. T. K. and M. 6.20; N. 6.35; G. 6.45; W. W. 6.70.

EGGS AND POULTRY.

Chicago, Ill., March 1.—Butter unchanged.

Eggs—Higher receipts 3,655 cases. Firsts 30 1-2, ordinary first 29 to 29 1-2; at mark cases included 28 to 30 1-2.

Potatoes—Lower, receipts 33 cars. Idaho: Oregon, Washington and Colorado 260 to 275; Wisconsin and Michigan white 235 to 250.

Poultry—Alive, higher; fowls 19; springs 19.

NEW YORK SPOT.

New York, March 1.—Spot cotton, steady, middling 17.00.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New Orleans, March 1.—Poor cables and the new developments in the International political situation caused selling of cotton in the early trading here today under which the price fell off moderately, the active months losing 11 to 15 points in the first half hour of business. Rains in Texas stimulated selling to some extent.

Cotton closed steady, 7 points up to 3 down net.

March	High	Close
March	16.55	16.55
May	16.32	16.29
July	16.27	16.25
October	15.58	15.51
December	15.63	15.61

NEW ORLEANS SPOT.

New Orleans, Spot cotton steady 16 points off. Sales on the spot 1,721 to arrive 550.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool, March 1.—Cotton, spot, easy; good middling 11.59; middling, 11.49; low middling 11.31.

Sales, 8,000; 1,000 for speculation

MATE HANCHER IS HERE FOR RECRUITS

Office Will be Opened In City Friday Morning—After Men For The Navy.

Mr. L. A. Hancher, pharmacist mate, second class, of the United States Navy, arrived in the city Thursday afternoon and Friday will open a Naval Recruiting office in the city for the purpose of securing young men for the Uncle Sam's Navy. No. 315 1-2 North Front street has been secured by Mr. Hancher and beginning Friday he will enlist young men for service on the big dreadnaughts of the navy.

Recently North Carolina has been made a distinct district for recruiting purposes and Lieut. J. J. London, U. S. N., of North Carolina is in charge with headquarters in Raleigh. He recently visited Wilmington to make investigations in regard to a local station.

Mate Hancher will be ready to receive recruits Friday morning and he announces that he will be pleased to explain the advantages of the army to any young man who will call at his office. He also states that he will be glad to give any information in regard to this branch of the service whether they wish to join or not.

Bobby Watt, captain and second baseman of the Columbia university baseball team last season, has been turned over to the Chattanooga team by the Detroit club.

TEUTON CONSPIRACY NOW MADE KNOWN BY UNITED STATES.

(Continued from Page One.)

that they were informed of no "authentic reason" for his action.

While the German Chancellor, Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, was making his celebrated speech in the Reichstag in which he deplored the break and protested that Germany had promoted and cherished the friendship of the United States "as Bismarck put it—an heirloom from Frederick the Great," the documentary evidence in the hands of officials here showed that Germany was plotting an attack on the United States by a triple alliance.

American officials wonder, how in the light of these disclosures, German officials will reconcile their plea that the United States put an interpretation on the new submarine orders "not intended by Germany" with the organized disabling of German merchantships in American ports, at a pre-arranged signal from the German embassy here—some of them even before the break was an accomplished fact.

American officials are equally interested in knowing what reception the startling disclosures will meet in Germany and what will be the effect on the German people if they are permitted to know about them.

The evidences at hand are that Mexico, as Germany suggested, communicated to Japan the proposal for an attack on the United States it met with a reception in Tokio which was quite contrary to what Berlin had expected. It is thought here that Germany's announcement that she intended to withdraw the Pacific as part of the making of peace, was carefully planned long ago to attract Japan to Germany's schemes with the prospect not only of occupying the German possessions in the Pacific, adding to her domination of that great ocean, but of settling the long-standing friction with the United States.

Observers believe that the breakdown of schemes so far as Japan was concerned was signalized when the Mexican government suddenly reversed its attitude and announced that it had plainly been indicated in General Carranza's proposal to make peace in Europe by cutting off exports of food and munitions from neutrals.

Aside from the plan to alienate Japan from the Entente and turn that country against the United States, the plot to embroil Mexico in a war against the United States which was to have general financial support from Germany, commands chief attention because it is regarded as proof of long smouldering suspicions of German activities to stir up trouble elsewhere on the western hemisphere, where the United States by the Monroe Doctrine is morally obliged to maintain order.

Reports of German submarine basis in the Gulf of Mexico, hints of possible German influences behind the uprising in Cuba; repeated assertions that German influences were playing upon all revolutionary factions in Mexico with the sole purpose of embarrassing the United States; reports of resentment being stirred up against the United States in Colombia, which already has a grievance because of the partition of Panama; the recent purchase by the United States of the Danish West Indies for the openly announced purpose of her navy.

It is probable that a full account of German intrigues in this country, as well as in Central and South America, of which this government has knowledge may never become publicly known; it is possible that they may, according to turn of events.

It is known positively, however, that evidences of the activities of Count von Bernstorff, sufficient to force his departure from the country at any time, were in the hands of the Government even before it knew of the attempted intrigue with Mexico and Japan.

LYMAN LAW NOT SUNK BY AUSTRIAN.

(By Associated Press.)

Washington, Mar. 1.—It has been officially established that the American sailing schooner Lyman M. Law, was not sunk by an Austro-Hungarian submarine.

The investigations of the American Military Intelligence officers and the secret service along the border have disclosed many German activities there, which now in the light of these revelations can be assigned to their proper places in the sequence of events.

At Columbus, New Mexico, it is charged that German influence were responsible for the Villa raid with the object of forcing intervention by the United States which was expected to draw the attention of the American military forces and munitions and consequently cut down the munitions exports to the Allies.

The army intelligence officers are in possession of information which seems to imply possible connection of Theodore Kock, or Kough, German vice consul at Parral, Mexico, with the attack by Mexican troops on the American cavalry under Major Tompkins while in pursuit of the Villa bandits. Although American officers say they did not find Kock at Parral when they were there, they have received reports that he urged the Mexicans to attack the American troops in order to prevent the capture of Villa, fearing it would be followed by revelations of the alleged German influence behind the raid. One high army officer said:

"I am positive that Koch had something if not a great deal to do with the trouble at Parral."

From other sources information has come to the government of other German activities and influences in Mexico. Dr. Krum-Heller, a German active in Mexico many years is reported to be very close to General Carranza and active in conducting pro-German propaganda in Mexico. Other information in the hands of government intelligence officers is that Maximilian Klaus, a German, is in charge of the Carranza ordnance factories which have been established near Mexico City. None of these facts in itself is regarded as having a direct relation to the proposal of Germany to Mexico and Japan, but it is realized they are collateral evidence of Germany's general plans.

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BRINGING UP FATHER : : : : : BY McMANUS

