

WEATHER FORECAST. North and South Carolina--Fair tonight and Wednesday. Cooler in east and central portions tonight.

THE WILMINGTON DISPATCH FULL LEASED WIRE SERVICE

FINAL EDITION

RUSHING WORK FOR GERMANY'S WAR

War Resolutions Will Not Be Passed Today

WHILE U.S. CONGRESS TARRIES BIG NATION STRONGLY ARMING

AMID STORM FINAL ACTION BLOCKED IN SENATE TODAY

SENATE COMMITTEE ADOPTS RESOLUTION ON WAR QUESTION

Every Agency Moving Toward That End In Country Today.

ALL LACKING NOW IS ACT BY CONGRESS.

Cabinet at War Session Discussed Means Necessary to Wage a Victorious War--Passage of Resolutions Blocked Today by LaFollette.

(By Associated Press.) Washington, April 3.--The United States really is at war with the German empire today, awaiting only the formal recognition of Congress. Every agency was moving to gird the Nation against the government which President Wilson, in his address to Congress, characterizes as "the natural foe to liberty."

The Cabinet, at a war session, was called to discuss the extension of credits to the nations already at war against Germany, the raising of money by taxation for use of the United States in the war, the equipment of the navy to the fullest state of efficiency to cope with the submarine menace, and the raising of a great army on the principle of universal liability to service--the first increment of which is to be 500,000 men.

The Council of National Defense and its advisory commission in a joint session, continued the work of mobilization of the National resources to "bring the government of the German empire to terms and end the war," as the President expresses it. The War Department and the army general staff was ready to present to Congress its plans for raising an army just as soon as the legislative body asks for it.

Work in Congress on the resolution to formally declare a state of war existing went forward. The Senate Foreign Relations Committee approved the resolution as introduced without change in its effect. The resolution declares a state of war exists with Germany and directing the President to prosecute war against the imperial German government and to bring the conflict to a successful termination, was presented to the Senate today.

Senator Hitchcock, for the Foreign Relations Committee, asked unanimous consent for its immediate consideration, but it went over under the rules on objection by Senator LaFollette. When Senator LaFollette objected to immediate consideration there was a stormy scene between him and Senator Martin, the Democratic leader. This was interrupted by a burst of applause from the galleries, which Vice President Marshall had difficulty in checking. When order was restored Senator Martin moved that no other business be taken up, and the Senate adjourned at 1:03 p. m., until 10 o'clock tomorrow morning.

\*\*\*\*\* TO MUSTER-IN. \*\*\*\*\* The following telegram was received here by the organizers of the Cavalry Troop here this morning: \*\*\*\*\* Capt. E. A. Metts, \*\*\*\*\* Wilmington. \*\*\*\*\* Congratulations. Continue recruiting. Wire names of officers. Requesting War Department to send officer to inspect at once. \*\*\*\*\* B. S. ROYSTER, \*\*\*\*\* Adjutant-General. \*\*\*\*\*

DR. WAITE MUST DIE, SAYS HIGHER COURT.

(By Associated Press.) Albany, N. Y., April 3.--The conviction of murder in first degree of Dr. Arthur Warren Waite, of New York, for the murder of his father-in-law, John Pock, of Grand Rapids, Mich., was affirmed by the court of appeals in a decision handed down today. Waite is now in Sing Sing awaiting execution.

LONDON PRESS ON WILSON'S ADDRESS

Most Pleasing to the Britishers--Germany's Two Possible Theories.

(By Associated Press.) London, April 3.--Under "Brothers in Arms," the Pall Mall Gazette says today of President Wilson's speech: "The President frames the issue in a setting calculated to stir the deepest emotions of the American people. The Russian revolution enables him to commend it to them as a conflict between the virtues of democracy and the crimes of autocracy. \* \* \*

MAYOR MITCHEL AT SENATE BAR TODAY.

(By Associated Press.) Albany, N. Y., April 3.--Mayor Mitchell, of New York, declared in the Senate today that while he did not use the exact language that formed the basis for the Senate summoning him before it to answer a charge of publishing a false and malicious report, concerning the legislative conduct of Senator Robert F. Wagner, of New York, he did say that it would appear that Mr. Wagner was working more in the interest of Germany than in the interest of the United States. DR. WAITE \*\*\*\*\*

ROOSEVELT CALLS ON WILSON.

(By Associated Press.) Washington, April 3.--Colonel Roosevelt stopped off here today, on his way home from Florida, to call on President Wilson at the White House and congratulate him on his address to Congress. Colonel Roosevelt went to the main door of the executive mansion where he learned that the President had gone over to his offices. He told the chief usher he was only in town between trains and wished to congratulate the President on "his great state paper." The Colonel left his card and departed without seeing the President. \*\*\*\*\*

PACIFISTS NOW TRYING TO STOP ALL RECRUITS

"Peace Fanatics" Making Efforts to Prevent Men Enlisting in the Army.

STILL HISSED ON THE STREETS

Pacifist Delegations Now Working on The Members of Congress--Hold Mass Meeting.

(By Associated Press.) Washington, April 3.--Pacifist delegations here today turned their energies toward trying to persuade Senators and Representatives from voting for the state of war resolution. They also began a campaign to prevent enlistments in the army and navy. Declarations were circulated by persons calling themselves representatives of a non-enlistment league. The signers pledged themselves not to enlist.

Disorders of yesterday, including fist fights and small riots in the headquarters of the Emergency Peace Federation on Pennsylvania avenue resulted today in the disappearance of many of the arm bands and body banners worn by the pacifists. The few "Keep Out of War" arm bands that appeared on the streets were hissed.

At a mass meeting this morning the pacifists adopted resolutions pledging continued agitation against a war resolution in Congress, up to the moment of its passage, and declaring that thereafter their energies would be devoted to preventing conscription.

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(By Associated Press.)

Washington, April 3.--Consideration of the war resolution in the Senate was forced over until tomorrow by objection of Senator LaFollette, and in the House it was delayed by lack of organization of the Foreign Affairs Committee. It is expected to come up for action in both houses tomorrow.

Meanwhile President Wilson and the cabinet discussed all phases of preparations for the entrance of the United States into the war and Administration leaders in Congress began laying plans for raising money, most of it, as the President suggested, by a system of taxation on the present generation.

Soon after the Senate adjourned, as the climax of a stormy scene which arose over LaFollette's objections, the House also adjourned. It will meet tomorrow at noon while the Senate will meet at 10 a. m..

When Senator LaFollette asked that the resolution go over, announcing that he objected under the rules, Senator Martin angrily faced him, saying:

"Of course it is within the power of the Senator to carry this over. He has too much experience to make it necessary for me to tell him that his attitude in a matter of such tremendous consequences."

Senator LaFollette protested against being "lectured" by Senator Martin.

"I had no idea of lecturing the Senator," Senator Martin retorted, "but I have a right to call the attention of the Senate and the Senator to the momentous consequences of the resolutions."

"Its quite unnecessary," LaFollette interjected. "I think I realize it as full as the Senator from Virginia does. I ask the regular order."

Senator LaFollette then insisted that the Vice President sustain and announce the rule against further comment after objection has been made to immediate consideration of a resolution. The Vice President called for other bills and resolutions, and Senator Martin precipitated the adjournment. "I desire to say right here," he announced, "that no other business shall be proceeded with until this matter is settled. I move that the Senate adjourn until 10 o'clock tomorrow."

The galleries greeted this announcement with a wave of handclapping which was not suppressed.

The Senate then adjourned. Senators of the Democratic Steering committee decided later to hold continuous sessions beginning tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock to put the war resolution through.

ROOSEVELT SINGS WILSON PRAISES

Declares Men Must Be Sent to The Firing Line--Not a Defensive War.

(By Associated Press.) Washington, Apr. 3.--Colonel Roosevelt, standing in the midst of a great crowd in the railway station here, dictated the following statement: "The President's message is a great state paper which will rank in history among the great state papers of which Americans in future years will be proud. It now rests with the people of the country to see that we put in practice the policy the President has outlined and that we strike as hard, as soon, and as effectively as possible in aggressive war against the government of Germany. We must send troops to the firing line as rapidly as possible. Defensive war is hopeless. We must by vigorous offensive warfare win the right to have our voice count for civilization and justice when the time for peace comes.

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EARLY MORNING FIRE AT HALLSBORO

Property Estimated at Between \$12,000 and \$15,000 Burned Today.

(By Long Distance Phone.) Hallsboro, N. C., April 3.--This town was visited by a disastrous fire about 7 o'clock this morning and after the flames had been subdued it was found that damage approximating between \$12,000 and \$15,000 had been done. The fire destroyed a planing mill, saw mill, dry kiln and ginnyery of Pierce and Company. The loss is not covered by insurance. Just how the fire started is unknown. \*\*\*\*\*

JUDGE ROUNTREE WIRES SENATOR LODGE.

(By George H. Manning.) Washington, D. C., April 3.--One of the several hundred telegrams received by Senator Lodge today, congratulating him on punching Alexander Bannwart, the pacifist, yesterday, was from George Rountree, of Wilmington. Mr. Rountree's telegram read: "Am requested by several gentlemen to thank you for the blow delivered in the cause of National honor, and to inform you the South stands behind you." Bannwart was released today when Senator Lodge declined to press the charge of assault against him in court, believing he has been sufficiently punished. \*\*\*\*\*

SIBERIAN EXILES RETURNING HOME BY THOUSANDS

Fifty Thousand Sledges Carrying Victims of Old Regime to Railway Stations.

ALL CLASSES OF SOCIETY INCLUDED

Pitiable Conditions of Many of Them--Racing Against Time to Anticipate Spring Freshets.

Tyumen, Siberia, March 31 (Via Petrograd and London, April 3).--Fifty thousand sledges, carrying victims of the old regime back to freedom in the new Russia from the mines and convict settlements of Siberia, are speeding in endless chain, despite the snows of Northern Asia, toward the nearest points on the trans-Siberian railway. Their passengers range from members of the old terrorist societies to exiles banished by administrative decree without trial or even known offense.

It is a race against time, as the spring thaw is imminent and the roads will soon be impassable. Exiles who do not reach the railroad within a fortnight must wait six weeks or two months until the ice melts and river navigation begins.

To witness this unprecedented migration a correspondent of the Associated Press came here with a member of the Duma, M. Rosenoff, and two members of the former Council of the Empire. The three officials were sent by the provisional government to explain to the natives the nature of the great change. Their mission carries them to thousands of heathen Asiatic tribesmen and are especially directed to instruct voters in regard to the coming constituent assembly to decide the form of Russia's new government.

"West of the Urals the Associated Press correspondent only encountered a handful of exiles. The first large party was encountered when the Siberian express reached Ekaterinburg in the Urals. It consisted of 150 political convicts and administrative exiles, including twenty members of the Jewish revolutionary band, mostly from the Verkholensk district, west of Lake Balkal. The exiles were traveling in special cars and had been on the road since March 24.

The cars were met by a vast crowd at the station which cheered them tumultuously. The returning exiles returned the cheers, but they were in a deplorable physical condition, shaggy, uncouth, unshaven and extremely emaciated. Many were crippled with rheumatism, two had lost hands and feet from frost bites.

The exiles had started west so hurriedly that they arrived in an extraordinary variety of incongruous garb. Some wore new costumes supplied by sympathizers and some had handsome fur overcoats covering their hideous jail uniforms. Among the latter was a young millionaire aristocrat from Odessa sentenced to life ten years ago for fomenting a revolutionary mutiny in the Black Sea fleet. Others wore shaggy sheep and wolf skins as a protection from the bitter Siberian blasts. One man from the Irkutsk city jail wore the gold-braided uniform tunic of the dismissed government. (Continued on Page Eight)

Declares State of War With Germany to be Now Existing.

ENTIRE RESOURCES COUNTRY PLEDGES.

Senator Stone Voted Against The Resolution--All Other Members Present Supported It.

(By Associated Press.) Washington, April 3.--The Senate Foreign Relations Committee today approved the administration resolution declaring a state of war exists with Germany, in practically the same form as it was introduced in both Houses of Congress last night. Changes were made to the wording, but the effect remains the same.

The vote was unanimous, except for Chairman Stone, and Senator Borah of Idaho, who was absent. Senator Hitchcock of Nebraska, who will handle the resolution on the floor, went immediately to the House Foreign Affairs Committee to show it the changes the Senate committee had made in order to have it put before both Houses in the same form.

He will report the resolution to the Senate today and an effort will be made to put it through as soon as possible.

The resolution as approved by the Senate committee now is as follows: "Whereas, the imperial German government has committed repeated acts of war against the government and the people of the United States; therefore be it

"Resolved, by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, that the state of war between this and the imperial German government which has thus been thrust upon the United States is hereby formally declared; and that the President be and he is hereby authorized and directed to employ the entire naval and military forces of the United States and the resources of the government to carry on war against the imperial German government and to bring the conflict to a successful termination. All of the resources of the country are hereby pledged by the Congress of the United States."

Chairman Stone, who voted against the resolution, said he would not make a minority report, but expected to speak on the resolution.

COMPULSORY MILITARY TRAINING PROPOSED.

(By Associated Press.) Washington, April 3.--Universal compulsory military training legislation was formally launched today in the Senate when Senator Chamberlain, of Oregon, chairman of the Military Committee, introduced his amended bill providing for training of about 600,000 men of 20 years of age, and in the President's discretion, many thousands more up to 23 years of age. The bill was referred to the committee.

WEST POINT UPPER CLASS TO GRADUATE.

(By Associated Press.) Washington, April 3.--The upper class at West Point will be graduated late this month, instead of in June, according to an announcement made today by Secretary Baker.

President Wilson this morning left the White House and went across the Potomac to a nearby Virginia country club for a round of golf. He planned to return early and keep in touch with Senate and House leaders.