

NORTH CAROLINA WILL CONTINUE TO DO HER DUTY

Patriotic Address By Bickett Swept Audience Off Its Feet.

FORECASTS DOOM OF PRUSSIANISM

Spoke Less Than an Hour But Sent Hearers Away With New Feeling Surging in Their Breasts.

(By I. F. Cates.)

Declaring that the Goliath of Prussian militarism will go down in defeat before the young Davids of Democracy, who are rallying to the cause of righteousness and humanity from every nook and corner of the world, Governor Thomas W. Bickett, of the State of North Carolina, delivered an address in the Harbor Island auditorium today at noon that literally swept his audience off its feet and sent his hearers out in the rays of the sunshine with a new feeling surging in their breasts. In many respects it was the most wonderful address ever heard in or near Wilmington, and a criticism of it is almost sacrilegious. The ivory keys give off a hollow sound at the feeble attempts of one to tell a reading public what the Governor said or seek to depict the world picture which he drew and which will remain so vivid in the minds of those so fortunate as to hear him. The address was the closing feature of the Baptist Seaside Assembly and no closing could have been more fitting. The attendance was not so good as it should have been and yet over a thousand sat breathless through his hour's address, hanging on his every utterance and scarcely daring to breathe aloud when he had left off talking.

MADE CLIMAX SPEECH TODAY.



GOVERNOR T. W. BICKETT. His Stirring Patriotic Address Closed the Baptist Seaside Assembly at Wrightsville Beach This Morning.

DECLARES WAY JURORS SECURED IS ALL WRONG

Raleigh Lawyer Addresses State Bar Association at Asheville

SECRETARY DAVIS HIGHLY COMMENDED

Association Thanks Him For His Fine Work—President A. L. Brooks Delivered Splendid Address.

(Special to The Dispatch.)

Asheville, N. C., July 4.—W. H. Pace, of Raleigh, was the principal speaker this morning at the second session of the State Bar Association, which began a three-day meeting here last night. Discussing the jury system, Mr. Pace argued that the present method of selecting jurors by the County Commissioners is wrong. This power should not be in the hands of any political body. The Commissioners cannot know the qualifications of 5,000 to 12,000 men, and political influence plays too much part in the selection of men for juries, he said. Some permanent judicial body should be vested with this duty. Tales jurors should be drawn and not named at random by the sheriff.

The Committee on Law Reform and Legislation, Judge J. S. Manning, chairman, reported that the association apparently has little influence with the General Assembly. An examining board for applicants to practice was recommended, but no legislation followed. The report called attention to what was characterized as the serious plight in which the Legislature left the chartered institutions, through appropriations insufficient for their maintenance.

Secretary and Treasurer T. W. Davis' report shows 695 members, a growth of 100 per cent. in ten years. He was commended by the auditing committee for his efficient work.

At the opening session last night at Battery Park Hotel, more than 100 members heard a notable address by President A. L. Brooks, of Greensboro. He made a powerful argument for what he termed international jurisprudence to take the place of the common law, which is an outgrowth of feudalism. The task is upon us, he said, to establish a system of law to serve as a model for a world-wide democracy, and we must be inspired by democratic principles and must study twentieth century problems instead of eighteenth century precedents. He declared that lawyers will play the chief role in the adjustments which must follow the war, and argued for higher standards of education in the profession. Lawyers must be versed in the philosophy and history of law, and must learn to value the facts of life more than the dry bones of the law.

Tomorrow morning the association will take part in the program arranged to welcome the circuit court of appeals to this city for its first session. There will be other addresses before the convention and officers will be elected tomorrow before adjournment. Senator T. J. Walsh speaks tonight.

RUSSIANS CAPTURED EIGHTEEN THOUSAND.

(By Associated Press). Petrograd, July 4.—In the fighting of Sunday and Monday 4,300 officers and 18,000 men, 29 guns and 33 machine guns were captured by the Russians, the war office announces.

BOMB RAIDS WERE CARRIED OUT

Docks at Bruges Raided—Violent Fighting On Aisne Front.

(By Associated Press.)

London, July 4.—During Monday night and Tuesday morning bombing raids were carried out on the docks of Bruges, by the royal service air machines, according to a statement issued today. "Several tons of bombs were dropped in all and good results observed," continued the statement, which says all the machines returned safely.

A squadron of some 12 to 14 enemy airplanes attacked Harwich from a northeasterly direction about 7:05 o'clock this morning. A number of bombs were dropped and the latest reports state that 8 persons were killed and 22 injured. Only slight material damage was caused.

Fire was opened from the anti-aircraft defenses, and the enemy's formation was broken up, although the low lying clouds rendered the visibility very bad. The raiders also were engaged by our own aircraft from a neighboring station.

After dropping their bombs the enemy's squadron turned seaward without attempting to penetrate inland. The whole raid occupied only a few minutes.

German Attacks Repulsed.

Paris, July 4.—Extremely violent fighting was in progress all through the night on the Aisne front, resulting in the rout of the attacking Germans with very heavy losses, the War Office announces.

The Germans repeatedly hurled large bodies of men against the French, attacking the whole front from the north of the Aisne to the east of the Cambrai salient. The repulse of the enemy was complete.

"His main assaults were almost entirely routed by our fire. At certain points where the Germans were able to gain a footing at the first shock, victorious counter attacks drove them back and they were not able to hold a single metre of our positions.

"Surprise attacks against our small posts in the sectors of Spaigneul and Vauquois were repulsed. The artillery was very active in the region of Hill 304 (Verdun front)."

GENERAL SCOTT ON RUSSIAN FRONT

Witnesses the Recent Battle Between Russian and Teuton Forces.

(By Associated Press.)

Petrograd, July 4.—Major General Hugh L. Scott, chief of staff of the United States army and attached to the American Commission to Russia, arrived at the southeastern front just in time to witness the beginning of the Russian offensive on July 1. He was accompanied by Colonel Robert E. L. Michie, of the general staff; Lieutenant Colonel T. Bentley Mott and Lieutenant Colonel Wm. St. Judson.

Elihu Root, the special ambassador and head of the commission, is in receipt of an enthusiastic telegram from General Scott briefly describing the battle.

Standing on a hill overlooking the Russian and Austrian lines near Zlochoff, General Scott's party had an opportunity of observing the Russian artillery preparation and the charge which followed. General Scott described the artillery preparation as "excellent" and said that he personally saw the Sixth corps of the Eleventh army take three lines of Austrian trenches.

THE DIXIE LEAGUE TO CLOSE SEASON

(By Associated Press.)

Baybridge, Ga., July 4.—The Dixie League, composed of teams in Southeastern Georgia and Eastern Alabama towns, will close its season after today's games, according to an announcement last night by President Ward. Lack of public support is said to have prompted this action. The first half of the league's season will end tomorrow.

FRENCH DEPUTIES STILL BEHIND CLOSED DOORS

(By Associated Press.)

NORTHERN CITIES GIVEN WARNING ON RACE QUESTION

Because of Introduction of Negro Labor on Large Scale From South

AN APPEAL MADE CHICAGO NEGROES

To Prepare to Defend Their Rights—Quiet in East St. Louis—Troops to be Retained.

(By Associated Press.)

Chicago, July 4.—Victor A. Olander, secretary of the Illinois Federation of Labor, and a member of the State Council of Defense, has issued a warning to Chicago and other Northern cities where the same conditions which brought about such frightful results in East St. Louis exist. He calls attention to protests by organized labor against what he terms the unnecessary importation of negro labor in East St. Louis, and says:

"I don't care to say anything about the situation here in Chicago, but there should be an investigation. Unemployment is increasing. Certain classes of employers are seeking cheaper labor—negroes and women—on the pretext that additional labor is needed on account of war conditions. As a result thousands of white men are being thrown out of employment."

At a mass meeting of negroes last night, F. L. Barnett, a negro, a former assistant State's attorney, urged his hearers to be ready to protect themselves against any mistreatment. He said that a short time might see some measures similar to those enacted in East St. Louis, and that Chicago negroes should be prepared to make a stand for their safety and rights.

The killing of Charles A. Maronde, an aged saloon keeper, by negroes, in the "Black belt" on the Southside early today brought out police reserves who took eight negro suspects into custody. Later the police fired at a crowd of negroes in an attempt to stop a fight. One negro was wounded. Chief of Police Schuetter has ordered a force of reserves held at the Fifth street station in the captured section, to prevent any disorder today.

Quiet in East St. Louis.

East St. Louis, July 4.—With approximately 1,400 Illinois National Guardsmen in East St. Louis, today and details patrolling the streets with orders to use all force necessary to enforce order if an attempt is made to resume rioting, all danger of further trouble seemed to have passed.

Aside from numerous small fires, involving but slight loss, there were no disorders last night, and the death list remained at 30. The number of white men killed in the rioting was increased to 4 by the death last night of Detective Wogley, who was shot Sunday night.

Governor Lowden, who arrived here last night, said, after a conference with members of the Chamber of Commerce, that the situation was well in hand. The Governor declared that a large number of soldiers would remain here under Adjutant General Dickson until they were no longer needed, and that if further rioting broke out every guardsman in the State would be sent here.

CHILE RECEIVES SIX SUBMARINES

Built in this Country for England and Transferred by That Government.

(By Associated Press.)

Boston, July 4.—Six submarines, built at Quincy for Great Britain and recently turned over to the Chilean government in part payment for a warship commandeered by the British while under construction at the outbreak of the war, were commissioned at the Boston navy yard today. The vessels had been interned here and the transfer of ownership was made with the approval of the authorities at Washington.

GERMAN CHANCELLOR TO SPEAK TOMORROW

(By Associated Press.)

London, July 4.—Dr. Bethmann-Hollweg, the German imperial chancellor, will deliver an important speech in the Reichstag Thursday, according to a report received at Copenhagen, from Berlin, by the correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph Company.

AMERICAN NATION GLORIOUSLY MARKS FOURTH OF JULY

EXPORT CONTROL TO BEGIN MONDAY

With Issuance of Proclamation by President Requiring License For Coal.

(By Associated Press.)

Washington, July 4.—Control of American exports, authorized in a recent act of Congress, will be put into operation probably next Monday with the issuance of a proclamation by President Wilson requiring that coal shipments and bunkering be licensed. There is a possibility that food shipments may be put under control at the same time.

Newspapers printed in the vernacular are practically unanimous in denouncing the restoration of the Manchu dynasty. They predict it will be short-lived, saying the whole country will rise against Emperor Hsun Tung and General Chang Hsun.

The China Press in a leading article says the question of the moment is the amount of military strength which the Kuo-Min-Pang (Democratic party) is able to muster. The Shanghai Times thinks an armed conflict between the North and the South is imminent and says that the scale of the civil war will depend largely on the attitude adopted by Vice President Feng Kwo Chang.

The North China Daily News does not believe that Southern China will accept the monarchy and says the immediate result of the coup d'etat will be to rally all Republicans under one standard. The Standard says the differences between the navy and the army around Shanghai vanished on Monday morning and that both branches uphold republicanism.

AMERICAN HOSPITAL UNITS OBSERVE DAY

Those Attached to British Army Royally Celebrate Fourth of July.

(By Associated Press.)

British Front in France, July 4.—American hospital units attached to the British army and in charge of six great general field hospitals celebrated the Fourth of July with loyal patriotism. At noon all doctors, nurses and orderlies were drawn up at parade. Bugles were blown, flags were raised and short addresses were delivered by the commanding officers. The British patients took great interest in the exercises.

Later there was a real old fashioned strawberry festival at a British camp, where there are two hospitals. Two games of baseball were played. Last night there was a boxing tournament which included several international bouts, the Americans having brought along some very handy men. The most fun was a 'bout between two small French boys, who were not bigger than the gloves they wore.

The Americans and the Tommies showered them with silver and copper coins. Unable to pick these up with their gloves on, the boys began to grab for the silver pieces with their mouths.

UNIVERSAL SUFFRAGE DEMANDED IN PRUSSIA

Copenhagen, July 4.—The Radical and Socialist papers print an appeal addressed to the government in an attempt to revive a slumbering reform movement demanding the immediate introduction of a bill establishing universal and equal secret and direct suffrage in Prussia. The signers are all men of national prominence. Most of them have hitherto favored the postponement of this reform until peace and several have been opposed to equal suffrage. The latter are now convinced, however, that postponement until after the war may mean defeat of all reform.

GRANT AMERICANS SAME POSTAL RATES

(By Associated Press.)

Paris, July 4.—The Official Journal publishes a decree granting American soldiers and sailors in France, the same postal privileges as are enjoyed by the French military. The letters of the Americans will be carried free and money orders up to 50 francs will be issued to them without any commission charge.

PRESIDENT TAKES DAY'S RECREATION

South Carolina Celebrating the Event—Big Military Observance in Gotham—Other Cities Stage Brilliant Fetes in Honor of the Day.

(By Associated Press.)

Raleigh, N. C., July 4.—Arranged by the county committees of the North Carolina Council of Defense Community patriotic meetings featured the celebration of Independence Day in North Carolina.

The State Council in urging that the meetings be held suggested that among other things those in charge of the gatherings should emphasize the greatness of the war, a wise planning to obtain from every acre of land a liberal yield of food crops, preparations to save fruit and vegetables by canning, drying and preserving, general economy and thrift to eliminate all waste and steps to awaken on the part of the people a desire to do everything possible to add to the comfort and welfare abroad.

Military Event in Greensboro. Greensboro, N. C., July 4.—A sham battle between the Guilford Grays and Company C, engineers, local guard units, featured a patriotic celebration held today on the historic Guilford battle ground. The celebration was planned to recruit the engineering corps to war strength. The Boy Scout troops played a prominent part in the day's program.

South Carolina Celebrates. Columbia, S. C., July 4.—Independence Day was observed generally throughout South Carolina today. Banks, stores and public offices were closed for the day, and many patriotic meetings were held. In Columbia a feature of the day's program was a patriotic meeting held this afternoon on the campus of the University of South Carolina, at which addresses were made by Governor Richard I. Manning and Dr. George B. Cromer, of Newberry. Banks and business houses were closed and morning and afternoon baseball games between the Columbia and Augusta South Atlantic League teams attracted many recreation seekers.

President Takes Day Off. Washington, July 4.—President Wilson, taking advantage of the day to get a needed rest, this morning boarded the naval yacht Mayflower for a trip down the Potomac river, possibly as far down as Chesapeake Bay. He was accompanied by members of his family. Arrangements were made to keep the President in touch with developments of the day by wireless.

Big Program For Gotham. New York, July 4.—A patriotic program featured the celebration of Independence Day in New York. A salute of 48 guns, one for each State, on Governor's Island, followed by a salute and the unfurling of the flag on the block house in Central Park formally opened a patriotic and athletic program in which band concerts, folk dances and military drills took the place of the noise producers of other years. In public parks throughout the great city these exercises were designed as an aid to recruiting for the National Guard and the regular army.

The city's official celebration in city hall park was marked by the singing of the National anthem by thousands of school children, an address by Mayor Mitchell and the reading of the Declaration of Independence.

THE STATE GUARD MOBILIZATION

To be at Times First Decided Upon By War Department.

(By Associated Press.)

Washington, July 4.—The original plan for assembling the National Guard at its divisional training camps in three increments will be carried out, Secretary Baker said yesterday, although the entire force will be drafted formally into the army of the United States on the same day to prevent confusion and injustice in the relative rank of Guard officers. The mobilization dates are July 15 for the eastern section of the country, July 25 for the central section, and August 5 for the western section.

POSITIVE DENIAL BY LLOYD-GEORGE

Of Report That England Did Not Want America in the War.

(By Associated Press.)

Paris, July 4.—The Matin publishes an interview obtained by Hughes Leroux with Premier Lloyd-George, who contradicted emphatically a suggestion that Great Britain was only half pleased with America's entrance into the war. The French writer said there were persons in this country who permitted themselves to be persuaded, no doubt, by German propaganda, that England feared the idealism and passion for justice of America, as it would be felt when the time came to discuss terms of peace. The Premier shrugged his shoulders. M. Leroux writes, and said:

"We not only desired the entrance of the United States into the war, but we solicited it. At the present moment we ask that America shall send us fighters in the greatest number possible, as soon as it can be done. We wish her valiant soldiers who have just landed in France, inspired with such a fine spirit, to mingle their blood with yours and ours for the triumph of the common cause. Is that clear?"

UNCLE SAM'S BOYS TO START AIR SCHOOL

(By Associated Press.)

Toulon, France, July 4.—Seventy American mechanics and bluejackets, commanded by Lieutenants Kenneth Whiting and Griffin, have arrived here to start an aviation school in connection with the French naval center at St. Raphael. The Americans will take a course in the construction and repair of airplanes.

CONFIDENT COTTON WILL BE EXEMPT.

(By Associated Press.)

Washington, July 4.—Senators from cotton producing States express confidence that the South's chief staple will be eliminated from the administration Food Control bill, before it comes up for a final vote and there is a strong movement to confine the measure to control of food, feeds and fuel, as it came from the House. Senator Gore, chairman of House Senate Agriculture committee, today received the following telegram from Fort Worth, Texas:

AMERICANS HELD IN GERMANY

Despite Promise to Release Them—Sailors Held as Prisoners of War.

(By Associated Press.)

Washington, July 4.—About fifty American civilians still are detained in Germany, it was said at the State Department today, although Germany has promised that they will be allowed to leave as soon as certain conditions as to passports are fulfilled.

The government is still negotiating through Spain for the release of the American sailors taken into Germany on the raider Moeve, but there seems little chance that they will be freed. Germany has given notice that the men are considered prisoners of war because they were on armed enemy merchant men.

INTERNED GERMANS BEHOLD CELEBRATION

(By Associated Press.)

Chattanooga, Tenn., July 4.—The 400 German prisoners confined in barracks at Fort Oglethorpe were interested witnesses of the Fourth of July celebration on the drill grounds today. The exercises were participated in by both regulars and cadets of the training camps. A program of various outdoor sports was carried out, including a baseball game between teams made up of former college stars at the officers' training camps at Fort Oglethorpe and Fort McPherson.