

TERMS TO CLUBS.

5 and under 10, each, one year, \$1.25  
10 or more, each, one year, 1.00  
It is not required that Clubs be made up at one Post-Office. The number is all that is necessary to secure the rates to those who constitute the Club, as the paper will be directed to as many different Post-Offices as there are subscribers, if desired. Payment must accompany every order. A copy of the paper will be furnished without charge to those who raise Clubs of 10 or more.  
Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, or Registered Letter. Post-Masters will register letters when desired.  
Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.  
Specimen copies forwarded when desired.

North Carolina Election,  
AUGUST 6th, 1874.

A SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION, SIX JUDGES OF THE SUPERIOR COURT, TWELVE SOLICITORS, CONGRESSMEN, MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATURE, AND COUNTY AND TOWNSHIP OFFICERS ARE TO BE CHOSEN.

FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION:  
STEPHEN D. POOL, OF CRAVEN.

FOR JUDGES.

First District—MILLS L. EURE, of Gates.  
Fourth District—ALLMAND A. MCKOY, of Sampson.  
Fifth District—BART H. OLMEN, of Cumberland.  
Seventh District—JOHN KERR, of Caswell.  
Eighth District—THOMAS J. WILSON, of Forsyth.  
Ninth District—D. SCHENCK, of Lincoln.

FOR CONGRESS.

1st District—JESSE J. YEATES, of Hertford.  
3d District—ALFRED M. WADDELL, of New Hanover.  
4th District—JOSEPH J. DAVIS, of Franklin.  
5th District—ALFRED M. SCALES, of Rockingham.  
6th District—THOMAS S. ASHE, of Anson.  
7th District—WILLIAM M. ROBINS, of Rowan.  
8th District—ROBERT B. VANCE, of Buncombe.

SOLICITORS FOR FOURTH AND FIFTH JUDICIAL DISTRICTS.  
Fourth District—WILLIAM S. NORMENT, of Robeson.  
5th District—SAMUEL J. PEMBERTON, of Stanly.

RADICAL CONSISTENCY—THE STATE CANDIDATE OF THE RADICALS PROVEN TO BE A KU KLUX.

The evidence that Thomas R. Purnell, Radical candidate for Superintendent of Public Instruction, was a member of the Ku Klux Klan is overwhelming. Mr. Mathes, editor of the *Winston Sentinel*, says that Purnell was initiated into the Order of the White Brotherhood in the town of Winston in the presence of R. P. Dicks, Mr. Mathes and others. He also publishes a statement from Mr. Amos Willis, a well-known and respectable citizen of Davidson county, as follows:

I am positive and certain, and I know the fact that T. R. Purnell was a Ku Klux, thoroughly versed in the signs and secrets of the order. I gave Purnell the signs before I spoke to him on the subject, and he replied by signs, whereupon, each being convinced that the other was a member, we joined in a conversation about the order and he knew all about it, and admitted that he was a member.

Mr. Robert Dicks has telegraphed Mr. Mathes that he has forwarded a statement to the same effect.

Heretofore these statements were made and generally believed by Conservatives. These latest statements appear to fix the matter beyond dispute. Mr. Purnell was a Ku Klux. He took the signs and grips. He conversed with members about the business of the clan, whatever that was. If the Ku Klux were, as has always been charged by Radicals, a band of assassins and desperadoes, Mr. Purnell is as responsible as anybody else for acts of lawlessness committed by them. Some of the Republicans profess to have a holy horror of the Ku Klux. Mr. Purnell, their candidate, was a member of that secret society. How can they vote for Mr. Purnell? Where is their consistency, if they do?

On the testimony of responsible and influential gentlemen it is now clearly established as the sun in heaven that the Republican candidate for the only State office to be filled this year was a member of the Ku Klux Klan. Will all the Republicans, who have bitterly denounced members of this secret order as roughs and cut throats, eat their words and vote for Thomas R. Purnell? Are they prepared to endorse the Ku Klux at this late day after denouncing them in terms of fierce and bitter hate?

The colored people generally will vote in this election. Will the white men stay at home, when the issues are so tremendous?

MAKE UP CLUBS.

Now is the time for getting up Clubs to the WEEKLY STAR. Show the paper to your neighbors and friends, and get them to join in. We want the biggest subscription list in North Carolina.

Remember that this is the year for an important general election in which all North Carolinians are interested. All Conservatives should do their utmost to increase our circulation, as they can thereby contribute materially to the success of the Conservative cause.

We have no club rates for any but yearly subscribers; but for 10 or more subscribers the paper is only \$1.00 per copy per year.

Bestir yourselves, friends, before the campaign fully opens. Nothing is easier than to secure a club of 10 or 20 subscribers.

GRANT'S OFFICE.

Grant offered the office of Postmaster General to Eugene Hale, but when it was ascertained that this was a part of Mr. Speaker Blaine's advancement movement on the Presidential chair, there arose a hitch. Mr. Hale declined and Grant gladly accepted the declination. Score down: Grant is anxious for the third term.

This was Part First of "the Comedy of Errors in Selecting a Postmaster General," being a sequel to that other rich drama, "How not to Choose a Chief Justice until after a Considerable Wait." It was a neat thing while it lasted, but it left a painful impression on the mind of Mr. Blaine. Perhaps we might say that it was something of a chillblain under of season. But the Second Act is likewise good, that is to say, a successful way of showing how to do a wrong thing. Barely missing a Cabinet officer who would intrigue in the interests of a powerful rival, the President decides to recall his Minister to Russia, who is a perfect Jewell of Republican partisanship, and invest him with the command of one of the Departments, one that exerts its influence on elections more powerfully perhaps than any under the Government. Only the other day Gov. Jewell was sent to St. Petersburg. To recall him at this early day to take charge of a Government Department seems a little like Presidential fickleness, though it may be only an additional evidence of Grant's partiality for his favorites.

He honored Jewell by sending him on a first-class mission. He pleases him, it is hinted, by calling him to fill a Cabinet position. The whole affair is as farcical as the fight with Senate over the Chief Justiceship.

A COPY FREE.

Notwithstanding the present low price of subscription, we have decided to send one copy of the WEEKLY STAR free to every person sending a club of 10 or more cash subscribers. This is equivalent to 11 copies for \$10.00; or, about 90 cents per copy.

THE SAVINGS BANK SMASH.

Year after year the poor colored voter has allowed the sharp-jawed, long-nosed, sneak-eyed gentleman from New England to lead him about by the proboscis whithersoever the adventurer would. Blindly he has voted as the carpet bagger would dictate. Cuffee has been cheated out of his rights, privileges, liberties and all by these knightly braves from the slums and penitentiaries of the North. Even his little earnings have now been gobbled up—the mickles he carefully stowed away for a rainy day in the National Savings-bank. The concern has burst. The bank is "broke." The fraud is known. Poor deceived ones—miserable deivers.

There is a lesson in this disaster the colored men of the South should learn. Let them henceforth trust to their own sense of right, their own judgment, and put themselves no more in the control of sharpers and vagabonds.

Some sort of excuse will be made for the explosion of this bank, but the best form of words known to the language can frame no true excuse. The ring at Washington used the funds of the bank, and the result is the naked truth. The vile District ring has no greater crime to answer for than this scoundrelism practiced on the unsuspecting negroes of the South by the connivance or ineffectuality of the Freedman's National Bank. They borrowed money to use it lawfully in corrupt schemes, they squandered the money and left the lender penniless, perhaps—perhaps shared with him the plunder. We do not know.

PURNELL DENOUNCES THE CIVIL RIGHTS BILL AS "THE MOST DAMNABLE OUTRAGE."

"Purnell, in a speech at Hendersonville on July 1, said the Civil Rights bill was the most damnable outrage that had ever been perpetrated upon the civilized nations, and that the author ought to be held up to the execration of mankind."

This is an extract from a private letter just received by a gentleman in this city from a friend in the mountains. The words, says the letter-writer, are the speaker's almost verbatim. Tommy didn't talk that way in the East. Tommy is a dough-face. In the negro counties he is quiet as a mouse on the Civil Rights question. In the mountain region, among white men, he becomes a savage opponent of special rights for colored people. Tommy has no peculiar privilege that we know of permitting him to advocate one doctrine in one part of the State only to utterly repudiate it in another. Tommy is either a Civil Rights man or he is not a Civil Rights man. If he is a Civil Rights man he ought to be manly enough to let his mountain friends know it. If he is a bitter enemy of Civil Rights, as his Henderson speech would seem to indicate, let him tell the Republicans of the East that he is. There is no getting on both sides of the fence, Ku Klux Tommy. You must know that your brilliant career is closely watched by your many admiring friends, who would be pained to see you add further indiscretions and blunders to those you have already committed. There is a regular mail connecting us with the far Western country. We down here may not hear from you in a day, but we will certainly hear in a week, or less time, any remarkable statement like that contained in the above extract. And newspapers have much pleasure in publishing the doings and wise sayings of enterprising, talented young men, like yourself. Tommy, walk a chalk, little boy.

As Logan has always aspired to be the Jefferey of North Carolina, this notice to view his stately remains should be generally heeded most gratefully. It will be good to be there.

For the Morning Star.  
COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.  
Messrs. Editors: I see in this morning's "Star," that the county taxes on Real and Personal property amount to upwards of fifty-three thousand (\$53,000) dollars, and I learn that the taxes paid by merchants and others not included in the property tax above named, will amount to, at least, fifteen thousand dollars additional, making an aggregate of county taxes to be collected from the people of New Hanover county for the years 1874, of sixty-eight thousand (\$68,000) dollars.

Now, how many, do you suppose, of our struggling tax payers, know what is to become of this vast sum, wrung from their hard, and oftentimes scanty earnings? Will it not be well for them to consider at the coming election, 6th of August next, what sort of persons shall have the handling of this money?

The County Commissioners, then to be elected, will have the spending of every cent of this vast sum of money, and it consequently becomes the duty and interest of every good citizen, and *sed citius* too, to see that every candidate voted for as a County Commissioner, is honest and capable of spending sixty-eight thousand (\$68,000) dollars for the best interests of New Hanover county.

I know there are some beggars and "non-complexes," that are struggling to get on the Board of County Commissioners, for the chance it affords them of making the pitiful sum of \$2 per day during the sessions of the Board. It would be much better for tax-payers, if this class must be fed at the public expense, to pay them this miserable pittance and keep them where their impotence will hurt no one but themselves.

For 10 or more subscribers to the WEEKLY STAR, the price is only ONE DOLLAR per copy per year—

At this price we ought to have subscribers at every Post-Office in North Carolina. Who will send the next Club?

ONSLOW.

Mr. Davis spoke to five hundred people at Jacksonville, Onslow county, last Monday. We learn that his speech was enthusiastically received and that the county is alive to the issues of the campaign and will give her usual majority.

CAPT. W. S. NORMENT.

This gentleman, the Conservative candidate for the Solicitorship in the Fourth District, is doing yeoman service in the canvass. He is a fluent, pleasant, effective speaker, and makes a fine impression. He will be elected by a considerable majority.

There is a movement in Georgia for the union in a great central university of all the universities and colleges of the State. The following able committee to perfect a plan of combination has been appointed by Gov. Smith: Rev. J. O. A. Clark, ex-governor; J. E. Brown, Gen. John B. Gordon, Hon. B. H. Hill and Dr. David Wills, the last recently President of Oglethorpe (Presbyterian) University, in Atlanta. The Savannah *Advertiser-Republican* believes that the great majority of the thinking men of the State heartily approve this patriotic plan for establishing an educational institution that will place Georgia in the very front rank with Virginia, Massachusetts and Michigan, in the liberal patronage of her educational institutions. Yet it is feared that there are high and influential dignitaries in the various denominational colleges who think the design will retard the progress of their own religious sect, and who will, forgetting the good of the people at large, and the glory of the State, work for the success of their pet institutions. A grand university in North Carolina would do more for the cause of high culture and progress in the State than all the denominational and independent colleges that could be started.

APPOINTMENTS TO SPEAK IN THE SEVENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT.  
The Hon. George Davis will address the people at the following times and places:  
Shoe Heel, Robeson county, Friday, July 10.  
Kenansville, Duplin county, Tuesday, July 14.

COL. WADDELL'S CANVASS.  
Hon. A. M. Waddell, candidate for Congress, will address his fellow-citizens at the following times and places:  
July 11th, Saturday—The Hollow, Bladen Co.  
July 13th, Monday—Elizabethtown, Bladen Co.  
July 14th, Tuesday—White Hall, Bladen Co.  
July 15th, Wednesday—Brinkley's, Brunswick Co.  
July 16th, Thursday—Whiteville, Columbus Co.  
July 17th, Friday—Deep Gordo, Columbus Co.  
July 18th, Saturday—X Roads, Columbus Co.  
July 19th, Sunday—Bank's Store, Columbus Co.  
July 20th, Monday—Shalotte, Brunswick Co.  
Other appointments, as desired, will be hereafter made.

The city circulation of *The Morning Star* is twice as large as that of any other Wilmington paper. Its city and country circulation is larger than that of both the other Wilmington Dailies combined.

LAST LOOK AT LOGAN.

They seem to think, up in the Charlotte Judicial District, that Logan is the Last of the Mohicans. The sprightly Concord *Sun*, with a generous sadness worthy of Mark Twain among the innocents abroad, extends this touching invitation to the Radical party and the rest of mankind:  
Any one of our readers who may desire to take a long farewell of, and last look at Judge Logan should not fail to come to Court next week. This is the last opportunity of ever beholding his remains, and those of his friends and admirers who fondly cherish his memory should not debar themselves this last high privilege. He can be seen at the Court House any day during the week, except on Tuesday; on that day D. Schenck will address the people and Logan will be hid from public view.

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COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.

Synopsis of the Proceedings.  
A regular monthly meeting of the Board of County Commissioners was held yesterday.  
B. G. Larkins having completed Long Bridge to the satisfaction of the Board, and having filed a bond for the proper maintenance of said bridge, it was ordered that he be paid for the same the sum of \$106, according to the contract.

It was ordered that the polling places for the election in August be the same as heretofore established and used at the election in 1873, the only change being in Third Ward in the city of Wilmington, which is changed to Gibblem Lodge building, corner of Eighth and Princess streets.  
It was ordered that the tax books of the city and the several townships for the year 1874, as prepared by Geo. D. Flack for the Board, be approved, and the Clerk was instructed to make the necessary certificate and affix the county seal and turn the said books over to the Sheriff of the county for the collection of the taxes therein.

It was ordered that Wm. Sherman be paid \$200 for putting a drawer in Beatty's Bridge.  
Petition of R. H. Phinney, in reference to a license to retail spirituous liquors, was granted.

The following is a list of Judges and Poll-holders appointed by the Board for the election to be held on Thursday, August 6th: WILMINGTON TOWNSHIP.  
First Ward (Upper Division)—D. M. Smith, Register; Wm. Phinney, Owen Dove, O. A. Wiggins, L. J. Thornton, Polling place, Thornton's Cart House.  
First Ward (Lower Division)—John H. Brown, Register; T. C. Lewis, Robert Orrell, W. H. Bradley, Jas. A. Lowrey, Voting place, Brooklyn Engine House.  
Second Ward—J. J. Cassidy, Register; Jas. F. Post, J. C. Lumsden, Chas. Mallett, Sr., Geo. F. Jackson, Polling place, Court House.

Third Ward—E. M. Shoemaker, Register; H. VonGlahn, C. F. M. Bissenberger, Jas. Dry, L. E. Rice, Polling place, Gibblem Lodge Hall.  
Fourth Ward—Wm. McLaurin, Register; W. P. Oldham, Walter G. MacLain, C. S. Servos, J. K. Cutlar, Polling place, Ann Street Engine House.

Fifth Ward—Anthony Howe, Register; Geo. D. Flack, Frank Singletary, John McEntee, Hiram Hankins.  
Cannell Township (North side)—A. V. Horrell, Register; J. B. Croom, A. M. Colvin, Ephraim Hawes, Geo. McDuffie, Polling place, Point Caswell.  
Cannell Township (South side)—Henry Hall, Register; Geo. N. Corbett, W. S. Pridden, Sandy Holmes, Jackson Lewis, Polling place, at the Gum.  
Hornett—W. W. Humphrey, Register; J. Ennett, James Grant, D. C. Davis, Jordan Nixon, Polling place, Humphrey's house.

Federal Point—Stephen Kears, Register; Sol Reeves, H. L. Horn, Jos. Burris, Joseph Davis, Polling place, Little's Store.  
Masonboro—Elijah Heylett, Register; J. J. Beasley, Henry Martindale, W. H. Waddell, Joseph Smith, Polling place, Perin's Creek.  
Cape Fear—H. E. Scott, Register; Samuel Davis, E. F. Sanders, Murphy Ward, Emanuel Williams, Polling place, Williams' house.  
Rocky Point—A. Gamburg, Register; Robt. Marble, G. W. Hill, D. T. Durham, David H. Armstrong, Robt. Marble, G. W. Hill, Polling place, Rocky Point Depot.  
Hadden—John Penny, Register; Jas. H. Moore, P. H. Hand, Thos. Lewis, John Kinney, Polling place, Burgaw Depot.

Union—J. D. Sellars, Register; S. C. Fillyaw, John D. Powers, Rufus Garris, Elijah Tate, Voting place, South Washington.  
Grant—Alfred Lloyd, Register; R. J. Nixon, D. McMillan, Thos. Nixon, Andrew Nixon, Polling place, Sandy Run.  
Holly—Thos. Williams, Register; Jacob S. James, W. B. Player, Samuel Hill, Samuel Rochelle, Polling place, Shaking Creek.  
Columbia—C. M. Deloway, Register; G. F. Walker, H. S. Everett, Seymour Wagstaff, Bryant Gurganus, Polling place, Piney Woods.  
Littletown—J. V. Bivens, Register; F. H. Bell, W. W. Larkins, John Bell, Jno. W. Williams, Polling place, Lillington.  
Adjourned until this morning, at 10 o'clock.

Politics in Cumberland.  
At a Mass Meeting of the Conservatives of Cross Creek Township, held in the Town Hall at Fayetteville on Friday evening, July 3rd, at 8 o'clock, of which W. C. McDuffie was Chairman and A. A. Harrington, Secretary, the following resolution, introduced by ex-Senator W. C. Troy, was unanimously adopted:  
Resolved, That it is the sense of this Convention that our able candidate for Congress, Hon. A. M. Waddell, has fully and thoroughly satisfied the minds of our people upon his action in Congress; and has placed the white people of this district under lasting obligations to him for his bold and emphatic opposition, both in Congress and upon the stump, to the infamous civil rights and social equality proposition.  
Copies of this resolution were ordered to be printed and circulated throughout the entire Congressional District.

The meeting was large and enthusiastic. A Democratic-Conservative Campaign Club was organized for efficient work in the canvass, of which Dr. W. C. McDuffie was elected President, W. F. Campbell Vice President, A. A. Harrington, Secretary, J. H. Myrover, Corresponding Secretary, and Chas. Haigh, Treasurer.  
Speeches were made, including one from S. H. Flablate, Esq., of this city, who, we are assured, responded in a earnest, eloquent, cheering effort to the repeated calls made upon him.  
Old Cumberland is wide awake!

Fire at Magnolia.  
On Tuesday night, about 10 o'clock, the quiet town of Magnolia was thrown into excitement by the alarm of fire, which proved to have originated in a dwelling occupied by Mr. J. T. Groves. The family barely escaped with their lives, saving comparatively nothing, not even sufficient clothing to dress themselves in. The fire originated, it is supposed, about the stove. Among the furniture consumed was a fine piano. There was no insurance on the furniture or building. The loss, we regret to learn, falls heavily on a worthy young man and his family, who were illly able to sustain it.

County Commissioners.

An adjourned meeting of the Board of County Commissioners was held yesterday morning.  
Commissioner Morris was appointed Chairman *pro tem*, during the absence of Chairman Martin this summer. Mr. Morris was authorized by the Board to sign warrants on the Treasurer for payment of county claims.

Jos. D. Sellars, John Lillington, S. P. Hand, Jesse Jordan and John Kinney were appointed jurors for the purpose of adjusting a land claim at Leesburg, the said jurors having been appointed on report made by H. A. Colvin, County Surveyor and Prosecutor, and petition of James C. Murray, Noah Murray and James Murray.  
It was ordered that the contract for the care of the sick and indigent at the County Poor House be extended with H. E. Scott in accordance with proposition as notified May 17th, regarding the erection of buildings and other matters; the contract to be drawn up and submitted to the Board for approval.

James D. Dry, in the Third Ward of the city, and W. H. Waddell, of Masonboro, were excused from serving as Registers of Election and J. C. Scott was appointed, vice Dry and John Ottoway, vice Waddell.  
Application of Trustees of Holly Township for authority to levy a tax to defray the township expenses, was not granted, as the application was received too late, the taxes having been levied and the books being in the hands of the Sheriff for collection.  
Report of T. E. Rivenbark, John J. Moore, Johan Boney and David Johnson, the jury appointed by the Board in the matter of determining the boundary lines of the land of Mrs. Martha Johnson and the heirs of John E. Johnson and John D. Powers, was received, but an appeal was prayed for and ordered granted on filing of bond as required by law.

The Board then adjourned subject to the call of the Chairman.  
The Slender Suit—Arrest of James Heaton—Application for Reduction of Bail, &c.  
James Heaton, a member of the last Legislature from this County and present Republican candidate for Superior Court Clerk on the regular ticket, was arrested yesterday on an indictment for slander, at the instance of Mayor W. P. Canaday, of this city. He was taken before Maj. J. C. Mann, Superior Court Clerk, who fixed his bail at \$10,000, the amount of the damages claimed by the plaintiff. We learn that Mr. Heaton has applied through his counsel, Judge Cantwell, for a reduction of the bail, on the ground that it is excessive, and that he will have a hearing before Judge Russell this afternoon, at 4 o'clock, defendant in the meantime remaining in the custody of the Sheriff or one of his deputies.

Robeson Politics.  
A friend at Lumberton informs us that the Radical Convention which assembled there on the 4th inst. was again a failure. They put out a ticket, it is true, but great dissatisfaction was expressed that day, and is still rife. Dr. R. M. Norment leads the ticket, vice W. P. Barnes, removed because he did not suit Norment as a colleague. Alonzo G. Lewis has also been displaced and E. K. Proctor nominated in his stead for Register of Deeds. The Board of Commissioners has been revised, Proctor's place being supplied by a colored man. Sinclair, our friend informs us, is rampant, and says he will stump the county against some of the Radical brotherhood and also against the ticket put forth by the Rads. last Saturday.

An Additional Luminary.  
A gentleman writing to us from Point Caswell under date of the 1st inst., speaks as follows of an astronomical phenomenon which startled the natives of that quiet burgh: "About 3 o'clock P. M. two distinct suns were seen here, the new one not looking quite as glaring as the old one, but had enough of brilliancy about it to keep any one from gazing directly at it for any length of time. The position of the new sun was a little West of the old one. This fact can be attested by reliable witnesses."  
This throws Bald Mountain in the shade!

Politics in Brunswick.  
The July Convention of the Radicals assembled at Smithville on the 4th, four townships being represented. There was a great amount of talk by the Sheriff and others, the affair winding up in throwing Rosafy overboard entirely, a complete repudiation of the Town Creek Convention and a call for a new Convention to assemble at Town Creek on the 15th inst. Legg, Davis and Griffin were the delegates to said Convention.

We learn further that the Convention finally broke up in a row and that there was considerable fighting.  
State and County Taxes.  
The tax books for 1874 were turned over to the Sheriff yesterday, and he will commence the collection of the same immediately. This is rendered necessary from the fact that the law requires him to visit every township during the present month. The aggregate valuation of real and personal property in the county is \$7,958,742.  
Total county taxes to be collected this year..... 53,300.47  
Total State taxes..... 57,931.74  
Grand total State and county, \$111,232.21  
About one-eighth of the entire tax of the State is paid by the county.

Change of Appointment.  
We are informed by the Conservative Executive Committee of Bladen County that Col. Waddell has changed his appointment of July 14th from Dalton to White Hall, Bladen County. His opponent, Neill McKay, will also be present.

The C. C. M. E. Open to Polkton.  
By a special dispatch from Laurinburg, received from Col. S. L. Fremont, General Superintendent, we learn that the Carolina Central Railway is now open for business to Polkton. Passenger trains will run regularly to that place on and after the 10th inst. For the present freight to that point must be prepaid.  
Murat Halstead is editor of the *Cincinnati Commercial*. Murat is a leader by his namesake, the celebrated Commander of Napoleon's cavalry. He, unlike Waterson, the brilliant editor of the *Louisville Courier-Journal*, thinks Grant will not be re-nominated. The politicians, he thinks, will fear for his election. The *Courier-Journal* says: "No party is strong enough to carry him through the storm of opposition to a third term. Influential men and newspapers in the Republican party would revolt, they have already revolted, at the mere suggestion of a third term." Which is right on the third term question, Waterson or Halstead?

Russell on Civil Rights.

Opinion of Judge Russell in the Master of the Late Theatrical Improvito.  
[From The Morning Star of October 24, 1873.]

The following is the decision of Judge Russell in the case of *Hooten*, *Sampson*, *Robinson* and *Price*, who sued out peace warrants against Mr. E. J. Pennypacker, Lessee of the Opera House, a week or two since. The circumstances are sufficiently explained in the document which follows:—  
This is a proceeding before a Justice of the Peace, wherein the defendants were bound in a recognizance to keep the peace upon the complaint of one E. J. Pennypacker. It appears from the evidence that Pennypacker is the proprietor or tenant in possession of a certain public Theatre or Opera House in the city of Wilmington; that defendants, having procured tickets, presented themselves at this Theatre, and attempted to get admission there; that the prosecutor refused them admittance, upon which they attempted to force their way in; that he forcibly resisted their attempt; that one of them succeeded in getting inside the house, while the others were prevented from entering. On the next day, the prosecutor having been that day, and the house when opened again for another public entertainment, and having formed and expressed a purpose to prevent them from entering the Theatre, he applied to the city for a police force to suppress disturbance and protect him in his possession; and also instituted this judicial proceeding. That defendants themselves, it is proved, were forbidden by the prosecutor, and that they did present themselves for admittance in a manner that might well have been considered menacing and disrespectful, and that they established by the evidence that they cherished a purpose to repeat their attempt and to accomplish it by force, seems to have been honestly believed by the prosecutor, and that he was not to be established by all the circumstances. From these facts it follows that the prosecutor was justified in suing out this process; and the question whether he was or was not to be considered a party is not to be considered. No one is allowed to assert or enforce a mere civil right by resorting to violence.—  
If one has my property and wrongfully withholds it, I have a right to take it from him forcibly. If one wrongfully obtains possession of the house of another, the owner, although he have an absolute title and an unquestionable right to the premises, must not violently seize the premises and forcibly eject the possessor. If he does he is answerable to the criminal law, and it will be no defence for him to set up title in himself. This is so even in the case of a party in possession is a mere wrong doer, a trespasser *ab initio*. An inn keeper or common carrier has no right arbitrarily or capriciously to refuse to entertain or carry a passenger. Yet, if they do unlawfully so refuse, it is not for the injured party to take upon himself those powers which belong only to the officers of the law, and thus seek to enforce his rights by force, or by a resort to force not authorized by any legal process. To allow it would be to authorize the commission of acts of violence, and to encourage anarchy and subversive of all public order and safety.

Enough appeared in the examination of these cases to show that in truth there was a controversy between the parties, and that the defendants, who are men of color, to accommodations and privileges in this theatre equal to those enjoyed by other persons. Assuming that this has been established, the right of the general public, that it is conceded by the State, and that there is nothing in its objects or character which relieves it from those legal rules which apply to the general public, and that the public has an interest and which are established or permitted for the public good—as to all of which there was no evidence before a jury, no opinion was expressed that this is a case in which the right of the defendants to precisely the same accommodations and the same treatment as other persons, will not be questioned. The pretension that any person or class of persons has a right to a public place whose doors are open to all but them and denied to them only on account of color or race, will not be tolerated by any Court honestly and sincerely desirous of expounding the Constitution and laws according to their true intent and meaning. It may be that the manager of this theatre has the right to separate different classes of persons whose close association is not agreeable to such manager, and that he may have a right to discriminate against any; but that the accommodations given, the comfort, style, convenience and all other considerations for which the parties pay their money, shall be the same to all, without any discrimination, is a substantial cause of complaint by any. This opens a wide field of argument into which I have not the time to enter. The defendants, by adopting a course of conduct, which they believed to be a right, have rendered themselves amenable to this proceeding. If it was their purpose to test a legal right, they ought to have kept inside of the law—  
It is adjudged that the warrants are dismissed at the cost of the defendants.  
[In re-publishing the above opinion, we have italicized that portion to which we wish to call special attention.—E. S. STAR.]

There are indications that the adoption of the new Ohio Constitution will be made a partisan question. The Democratic Committee of Wayne county has declared against it, and the Cincinnati *Enquirer* calls upon the Democracy in all of the other counties to follow the example, adding: "It has been clearly shown to be a partisan Constitution—the design of which is to give the Republicans the majority in the General Assembly for all time to come, even when they are largely in the majority. The Legislative appointment with its unequal system no Democrat can sustain either in policy or principle. There are other things equally objectionable in it. It will be a dark day for the Democracy of Ohio when the new Constitution is put upon them."

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