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THE PRIMARY FOR SENATOR

MUCH DISCUSSION AS TO WHETHER IT WILL NOT INJURE PARTY

OTHER STATE NEWS

(W. J. MARTIN.)

Raleigh, N. C., July 20.—Rev. George W. Lay, rector of St. Mary's School, had the misfortune to sprain his ankle in a fall last evening on Fayetteville street so that he will be confined to his home for a couple or so weeks with his ankle in a plaster cast.

It is learned that W. M. Carter, who was one of the defendants in the million two hundred thousand dollar damage suit of Ware-Kramer Company vs. American Tobacco Company here, in which the jury gave damages amounting to \$70,000, and in which the charges as to Carter were non-suited, has since the termination of the trial here filed his complaint in the suit for damages he instituted some time ago against The Asheville Citizen and The Raleigh News and Observer, the amount claimed being \$10,000 against each newspaper. This suit was instituted on the strength of an editorial in the Asheville Citizen and copied by the News and Observer, commenting on a news story setting out the charges in the Ware-Kramer suit as to Carter having as an agent of the American Tobacco Company procured a position as sales manager for Ware-Kramer Company and set about to destroy the trade of Ware-Kramer Company. In the recent trial against the trust the plaintiffs failed to sustain their charges against Carter and it is on the strength of this that he now undertakes to press his suit against the newspapers, whose editorials here based entirely on the question of whether the allegations of Ware-Kramer Company were true.

There is a considerable diversity of opinion here in the discussion of the probable course of the impending Senatorial contest and the proposed Senatorial primary for trying out the strength of the four candidates with the people. The view is expressed by some that there should really be a general primary for the party called by the State Executive Committee before the State Democratic convention next July and that this primary should be for all State officers as well as for the Senator. Against this proposition there is the contention that the executive committee would have no moral right to call such a primary for the reason that the last Legislature definitely refused after long and spirited discussion to enact a general State primary has as decidedly detrimental to the interests of the Democratic party, especially in the west. The other solution of the primary problem is that it should be a question for the State convention in July, the convention to adjust the details to assure the complete settlement of the fight at the polls so that there could be no development that would ultimately precipitate this contest in the 1912 Legislature. The advocates of this plan of primary would have it prescribed by the convention that no one be allowed to vote for Senator who does not show that he has just voted the full State Democratic ticket before he offers to take a hand in the primary vote for Senator. The end that all zealous Democrats, jealous for the welfare of the party and its unification desire especially to see attained is the keeping of the Senatorial fight from undue influence on the State ticket, especially the nomination for Governor, around which the principal State ticket contest will center. They want to see this Senatorial contest pulled off in such way as will leave the party in standard fighting trim as against the opposing political party, and it is generally regarded as the weightiest problem that the State organization—the State Chairman and the executive committee—has to solve to steer the party through this Senatorial clash and in the end present a solid and victorious front in the general election and for future conflicts.

Hon. M. L. Shipman, Commissioner of Labor and Printing, finds after personal inspection into the Cranberry mine accident some weeks ago in which L. C. Tolly, a miner, was killed, that the explosion of a blast of powder that did the fatal work was due to the effect of the detonation of drills on a blast of powder that had failed to go off with a number of others when the fuses were ignited. He says his experience in the inspection of the Cranberry mines was one to stir the fears of the uninitiated such as he. Mr. Shipman says the number of visitors to the mountains for the summer is something immense, exceeding all previous records and that business is good along all lines. Cranberry mines are in the new county of Avery, just getting its county government organized, and Mr. Shipman says affairs are developing fine. There will be a primary soon in Avery on the question of the

NEWS ITEMS OF GENERAL INTEREST

MATTERS OF IMPORTANCE HAPPENING THROUGHOUT THE COUNTRY

Chicago, July 20.—Because her husband met with financial troubles, Mrs. Ellen Gordon and Katherine Rose, her 5 months old baby, lost their home and lived in Jefferson park for three weeks. The pavilion where they huddled when the rain pelted them too hard, had no side walls. It required almost all of the small income of James Gordon to buy the baby condensed milk. Gordon's wages were garnisheed, and this cost him his place. For 17 nights out of 21 the mother held the baby in her arms all night under the open sky.

There is much contradiction among witnesses before the Lorimer investigating committee as to what Hines did say with reference to the Lorimer election fund.

Richmond, Va., July 20.—The Senatorial contest in Virginia is warming up. Representatives Jones and Glass are putting up a strong fight, and are losing no time canvassing the State in the interest of their candidacy. Senators Martin and Swanson, too, are not idling their time, but are in close communication with their lieutenants throughout the State and are sanguine that when the votes are cast, after the general primary, they will have a sufficient number to insure their retention in the Senate.

Washington, D. C., July 19.—The Department of Agriculture's crop report, showing the condition of the principal crops on August 1st, will be issued at 2:15 p. m. Wednesday, August 9th. It will announce also the preliminary estimate of yield and quality of winter wheat, the acreage of buckwheat, hay and clover, and the condition of the corn crop in farmers' hands on August 1st. The report showing the condition of the cotton crop on July 25th will be issued Wednesday, August 2nd, at noon.

Havana, July 20.—The process of removing the water surrounding the wreck of the Maine was practically completed yesterday evening when the water level in the cofferdam had been lowered 18 feet, leaving the wreck surrounded by islets of mud, small pools and sink holes of green slimy water. The soundings show now a depth in excess of four feet.

Wilmington, N. C., July 20.—Manifesting in a most substantial way its confidence in the future of Wilmington, the directors of the Seaboard Air Line, at a recent meeting in New York, authorized an expenditure of \$200,000 for still further improvements at Wilmington, the amount being immediately available. All told this will make about \$400,000 spent by the Seaboard in the enlargement and improvement of its terminals at this port within the past three years.

Several Killed in Train Accident.

Pittsburg, July 20.—Five trainmen were killed in the derailment of a freight at Bryant Station, from a broken wheel. The dead are: F. McCunnighan, of Connellsville, Pa.; Jos. O'Connell, of Johnstown, Pa.; Charles Iverson, of Chicago; Matthew O'Neill, of Sharon, Pa.; and Sam Mattingly, of Pittsburg, Pa.

THE WEATHER

Washington, D. C., July 20.—For North Carolina: Generally fair except probably local thundershowers tonight or Friday, with not much change in temperature; light variable winds.

Weather Yesterday Over Cotton Belt.

Showers have fallen in all districts, except the Memphis and Oklahoma, with some heavy local rainfalls. The rainfall in Texas occurred in the southeastern and northeastern portions of the State. The temperatures continue moderate. The following heavy rainfalls are recorded: New Bern, N. C. 1.05 Augusta, Ga. 2.38 Alabama, Ga. 1.10 Fort Gaines, Ga. 1.20 Alexandria, La. 1.30 Clifton, La. 1.30 Lafayette, La. 1.40 Monroe, La. 2.00 Amite, La. 2.00 Melville, La. 1.83 Eufaula, Ala. 1.10 Fort Deposit, Ala. 1.10 Nacadoches, Texas 1.60

location of the county seat the contest being between Elk Park, Montezuma and Old Field-To-Too.

Ae requisition from the Governor of South Carolina for the extradition of J. E. Crouch to Williamsburg county, S. C., to answer the charge of breach of trust, was honored today by Governor Kitchin, Crouch being in jail at Charlotte.

THE SHAH DEFEATED

FORCED OUT BY RUSSIA--WAS TRYING TO REGAIN HIS THRONE

IRGAN ESCAPES

St. Petersburg, July 20.—The rebels headed by the deposed Shah of Persia, Mohammed Ali Mirz, have been defeated on the Persian frontier. Mirz has escaped into Russia.

SO DIFFERENT FROM HEYBURN.

In striking contrast to Senator Heyburn, of Idaho, Senator Dixon, of Montana, lauds the valor of the North Carolina soldier. Senator Dixon spoke as follows in the Senate on Tuesday:

"I am a Southerner born. My mother's people served in the Confederate army, while my father's kinsmen, some of them, served in the army for the preservation of the Union. I think, without a feeling of egotism, I may say that I can sometimes feel that I can look on the period of the Civil War with as broad a catholic spirit as any patriotic American can do. Personally I have only the greatest feeling of tribute, feeling of admiration for the heroic men who laid down their lives for the lost cause of the Confederacy. I doubt whether in all history there is any more superb example of devotion to what they believed to be a principle than that which inspired the people of the South from '61 to '65. At the same time the principle for which they contended was eternally wrong. I remember two years ago visiting the battlefield of Gettysburg in company with Senators Cummins, of Iowa, and Brown, of Nebraska. I remember when we reached the point on Cemetery Ridge where Pickett's charge broke through the Union lines at one place, I told the Senator from Iowa the story of the 26th North Carolina Regiment that was recruited in my own country and in which charge some of my own kinsmen laid down their lives. It was with a feeling of pride that I told him the story of the record of the 26th North Carolina Infantry which held the record of both armies, Federal and Confederate for loss in battle during that entire period and when we reached that point where the big bronze book lay open at the little clump of trees telling on one side the story of valor and bravery and the heroism of the men who wore the gray and on the opposite page of the bronze the equal valor and heroism and devotion of the men who wore the blue, I took off my hat, not metaphorically, but physically it seemed to me that we stood on holy ground, if there were any such within the confines of this republic.

"At that point in passing I want now to correct a little error I think of the school text and newspaper history of this country relating to that phase of the civil war. The ordinary school history and magazine refer to that heroic charge of heroic men as the charge of Pickett's Virginians. General George Pickett was himself a Virginian, but as a matter of cold fact and actual history the majority of the men who constituted Pickett's division that charged across a mile of open ground in the face of 150 Federal cannon and 80,000 rifles, were North Carolinians, and as I called the attention of the Senator from Iowa to the record in the bronze book that lay open there it occurred to me that the majority of these regiments that made for themselves names on the page of history were North Carolina regiments.

"I myself at this time step from what I wanted to say to give public utterance to that fact that the men of my own native State may not be robbed of their part in that heroic struggle."

Senator Dixon recalled that in the past he had made contributions to the Confederate monument at the county seat of his native county and he added, "I did it with a great feeling that I was in a small way contributing to the perpetuation of the memory of those heroic and brave men."

Has Disease Now Unknown.

Washington, Pa., July 20.—Suffering from a mysterious tropical malady absolutely unique in the annals of medicine, the wife of the Rev. William C. Johnston is at the home of her mother, unable to return to her husband, a missionary in the Cameron district, in West Africa, noted as a death trap for the white race.

Examination of the blood of Mrs. Johnston has revealed the presence of germs unlike any ever seen by bacteriologists. In symptoms the disease is similar to the dreaded sleeping sickness, epidemic in other parts of Africa than the Cameron district, yet physicians declare positively that the case cannot be diagnosed as one of the sleeping sickness.

Some of the best known scientists in the country are studying the case.

WANT INCREASE

OF 4 CENTS ON C. & O. IF DEMANDS ARE NOT GRANTED

A STRIKE LIKELY

Richmond, Va., July 20.—If the differences between the machinists and boiler-makers and other trades on the Chesapeake & Ohio are not settled, twenty-five hundred men along the line from Newport News to Chicago will be involved. They demand an increase of four cents an hour. A strike is likely.

\$10,000 Not Mentioned.

Washington, D. C., July 20.—B. A. Johnson, formerly on the staff of the American Lumberman of Chicago, was again called to the witness stand when the Lorimer investigating committee resumed its session. Johnson is one of the men who was on the train going from Duluth to Virginia, Minn., when C. F. Wiehe, secretary of the Hines Lumber Company, is alleged to have told Burgess that he contributed \$10,000 to the Lorimer election fund. Johnson again told the committee that he was present in the smoking compartment of the car when Wiehe and Burgess were there, and that no such conversation as Burgess described with Wiehe took place.

Johnson weighs over 300 pounds. He stated that he "occupied several seats in the smoking room," and when everybody in the room laughed Johnson also smiled, and explained that he had occupied them "at different times."

Johnson was cross-examined. Nothing of importance was developed in the cross-examination until Senator Fletcher questioned the witness.

"You appear to be a man of intelligence and character, and I say this because I want to ask you some questions which may appear to be personal," said Senator Fletcher. "I want to ask if you had been drinking that night on the train."

"No, sir," replied the witness. "Had Burgess been drinking?" "I do not think so." "How about McGowan?" "I do not think any one in the smoking compartment had been indulging."

"Mr. Burgess has told this committee that a conversation regarding Senator Lorimer's election occurred at that time in that compartment, between himself and Mr. Wiehe, and you have told us that no such conversation took place," said Senator Fletcher. "How do you reconcile these two statements?"

"I do not attempt to reconcile them," replied Johnson. "Could any such conversation have been held?" "Not in my presence. It was so startling as told by Mr. Burgess that if it had occurred it would have made an impression on me."

John B. Price, of Seattle, Wash., was the next witness. Price was another of the passengers in the train from Duluth to Virginia, Minn., in March, 1911, when the Burgess-Wiehe conversation is said to have occurred. Price was in the smoking compartment on the trip. Burgess, Price, Wiehe, Johnson, McGowan and some of the Weyerhaeuser brothers were present. The conversation was on reciprocity, jury service and a certain waterway improvement project.

"Was there anything said by any one about the election of Senator Lorimer?" asked Judge Hynes, counsel for Edward Hines. "No, sir."

"Anything said by Mr. Wiehe about having contributed \$10,000 toward Senator Lorimer's election?" "No, sir."

"Were you in the smoking compartment when these conversations are said to have occurred all of the time?" "With the exception of about one minute, when I went out into the car to see if any baggage was there."

HOT OFF OF THE WIRES

FOUR NERVY ROBBERS. Held Up 300 Laborers and Secure \$10,000.

Janesville, Wis., July 20.—Three hundred Italian laborers on the Chicago and Northwestern, were held up by four robbers who obtained from them at the point of a pistol \$10,000.

AVIATORS GATHERING FOR RACE

After \$50,000 Offered by The London Daily Times. London, July 20.—Aviators are gathering for a race from London to Edinburgh on Saturday for the \$50,000 offered by the London Daily Times.

REFUSED TO GIVE DETAILS

Of His Investigation to the Stanley Committee. Washington, July 20.—Senator Aldrich was a witness before the Lorimer committee today. Corporation Commissioner Herbert Knox Smith declined to give the details of his investigation of the steel trust before the Stanley steel investigating committee.

Train Plunged Into Trestle.

Muskegee, Okla., July 20.—A passenger train on the Midland Valley Railroad plunged into a trestle near Avenet today injuring many people.

Killed Engineer and Escaped.

Buffalo, N. D., July 20.—A Northern Pacific passenger train was held up by three bandits who shot Engineer Olson twice, robbed the passengers and escaped.

Arrested At Side Of Dying Wife.

Louisville, Ky., July 20.—Clarence Colbert, trailed by detectives for months for forgery, visited the bedside of his dying wife, where he was arrested today.

Fell 800 Feet.

Berlin, July 20.—Aviator Heink today fell 800 feet and will die.

Black Hand Outrage.

Chicago, July 20.—Failure to pay black hand demands resulted in a bomb wrecking the store of Vincent Cognatu today.

Most Of It Water.

New York, July 20.—After admitting that the stock of the American Sugar Company had been unloaded on 10,000 women in various parts of the country who lost their money by its decline in value, Washington B. Thomas, chairman of the Board of Audits and head of affairs, was asked the question if not most of the \$90,000,000 capital was water.

"The witness would not answer. 'Would you not say that the actual value of the company's property and business is \$40,000,000 instead of \$90,000,000?'"

"I couldn't say off-handed." Congressman Malby took the witness in hand and asked him whether Havemeyer and his rival, Arbuckle, did not have a conference and agreed to end the war.

"They had some agreement, but I did not know about it." "Was not this agreement reached after the American Company had entered the coffee field against Arbuckle?"

COWARDLY ASSAULT.

Drunken Brute Fires Gun Into Face of Wife Killing Her Instantly. Richmond, Va., July 20.—Detectives are still at sea on the Beattie case.

Richmond, Va., July 20.—Police and detectives are hot on the trail of the drunken brute who fired Wednesday night into the machine of Mr. H. C. Beattie and instantly killed his wife who was sitting by his side.

Mr. Beattie saw a staggering figure in the road and stopped the machine to allow the party to get out of the way. The man said, "You want the whole road, do you, and you were trying to run over me."

Seeing a gun in his hand Mr. Beattie assured him that he had stopped the machine from hurting him. The man raised the gun and fired point blank in the face of his wife who fell over dead.

CHOLERA HELD IN CHECK

FOREIGN STEAMERS DETAINED AT QUARANTINE

FEARS SUBSIDING

New York, July 20.—The cholera situation is well in hand. The Italian steamer Prince de Del Piedmont, has arrived at general quarantine.

Wiley Case Gets Worse For Attorney.

General Wickersham.

Washington, July 20.—News and sensational developments occurred in the Dr. Wiley case. It was ascertained at the Bureau of Chemistry that the Remsen Board, which decided that benzoate of soda is not a harmful substance in food, is now being paid, it is said, in violation of the same law which Dr. Wiley is charged with breaking. Members of the Remsen Board, who are said to be hostile to Dr. Wiley, are drawing \$2,000 annual salary each, \$4000 more apiece than the law allows.

What makes this alleged violation of the law more glaring is that Attorney-General Wickersham himself passed on the legality of the payments and put his O. K. on it, while later he recommended that Dr. Wiley be dismissed for exactly the same kind of a transaction.

The Remsen Board salary matter is to be brought before the House Committee on Expenditure in the Department of Agriculture, which will begin to probe the Wiley matter as soon as Secretary Wilson makes his recommendations to President Taft on the charges.

The Remsen Board, it is alleged, while their work was finished more than a year ago, it is still on the payrolls.

When this was called to the attention of Chairman Moss, of the committee, this morning, he declared that that committee "certainly intended to get at the bottom of the Remsen Board matter at the same time that the Wiley charges are investigated."

WHERE THEY PLAY TO-DAY.

National League— St. Louis at New York. Cincinnati at Brooklyn. Pittsburg at Boston (2 games.) Chicago at Philadelphia. American League— New York at Detroit. Boston at Cleveland. Philadelphia at Chicago. Washington at St. Louis.

To Sell Exposition Site In October.

Norfolk, Va., July 20.—Sale of the Jamestown Exposition property, embracing all the belongings of the receivership estate, was directed yesterday by Judge Waddill in the United States Court. The sale will be made by commissioners, yet to be appointed, and probably will occur in October.

The special commissioners who were nominated to the court are: H. H. Kerr, R. H. Baker, R. M. Lett, H. C. Davis and H. H. Rumble. The decree of sale affirms the right of mechanics' liens to precedence of the Jamestown Exposition first mortgage of \$400,000, heretofore decided by the court, when the liens are valid. The commissioners of sale, according to the decree, will divide the property, in which is included the site of 226 acres, exhibit and State buildings, into parcels and to offer it for sale both in parcels and as a whole.

TO-DAY'S MARKET

COTTON. New York, July 20.—Cotton opened as follows: July, 13.50; August, 13.00; September, 12.30; October, 12.17. The market opened from 1 to 8 points higher. Both futures and spots are active in Liverpool.

New York, July 20.—At noon the market was as follows: August, 12.77; October, 12.02; December, 12.01; January, 12.01.

At 3 o'clock the market closed as follows: August, 12.79; September, 12.18; October, 12.00; December 12.01.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

New York, July 20.—Stocks opened weak with Canadian Pacific off 1-4; Steel common, American Smelting and Southern Pacific 1-8; Amalgamated Copper, Erie, common and Union Pacific 3-8; Erie preferred, 1-2; Southern Railway, 1-4. The curb is irregular.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

Chicago, July 20.—The opening in September wheat was 87 1-8; July, 85 1-2; July corn, 62 3-8; September, 63 1-8.