

THE DAILY TIMES, the Advertising Medium That Gets Direct Results For Its Users

# THE DAILY TIMES

THE THREE EDITIONS Of The Daily Times Cover Every Section of Eastern North Carolina

One O'clock Edition

Price: Five Cents

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES

WILSON, N. C. SATURDAY, AUG. 10, 1918

VOL. 15—NO. 18

## TOWN OF MONTDIDIER IN HANDS OF ALLIES

### THE FRENCH ENTERED THAT PLACE THIS MORNING. 300 GUNS ARE IN THE HANDS OF THE ALLIES AND THE NUMBER OF PRISONERS HAS GROWN TO 24,000

#### GENERAL NAUTIER MUST RETREAT RAPIDLY AND CANNOT MAKE A STAND UNTIL HE HAS COVERED A TOTAL OF TWENTY MILES WE HAVE DRIVEN THE ENEMY 16 MILES.

The Town of Montdidier Has Fallen London, Aug. 10.—The infantry entered the town of Montdidier this morning. Montdidier, which is approximately at the apex of the German salient south of the Somme has been captured by the allies.

#### 24,000 Prisoners Taken

London, Aug. 10.—The number of prisoners taken from the Germans in Picardy has been increased to 24,000, the war office announces. American troops delivered an attack in the angle between the Somme and the Aisne river and achieved remarkable success. The American and British troops have captured the town of Montmarcourt between the Somme and the Aisne river.

#### 100 Additional Guns Taken

London, Aug. 10.—One hundred additional guns were taken by the allies.

#### General Hutier's Army in Bad Shape

Paris, Aug. 10.—The German army of General Hutier is retreating from Montdidier-Noyon line. The retrograde movement of the Germans is being caused by the capture of Montdidier which makes his position untenable and his retreat must be rapid in order to prevent the capture of valuable stores. The Allies are securing great quantities of these and are fighting the rearguards of the Germans who are trying to protect these before they are taken.

#### Hutier Trying to Save the Enemy

Paris, Aug. 10.—The retirement of General Hutier from Montdidier was accelerated and the danger of his being cut off was apparent when Faverolles was captured by the French. The German positions along the Montdidier Royon road are very precarious.

#### Attack Over 16 Miles Front

London, Aug. 10.—On the British front.—The French troops began their attack this morning at four o'clock on the line between Montdidier and the river Oise on a front of approximately 16 miles and at ten a. m. had scored an advance of 4 miles, according to news received this afternoon. The French line at that point runs through Faverolles, Pienens, Rolott, Curville, Rassons Sur-Matz and Vignemont. This line puts Montdidier behind the French line.

#### Only a Few Germans Left

Paris, Aug. 10.—When the allies entered Montdidier this morning they found only a few Germans with machine guns left in the place. The 100 guns captured added to the 200 already taken in this drive makes the capture total 300.

#### Must Retreat Twenty Miles

Paris, Aug. 10.—In the opinion of London the enemy will be unable to hold any part of the line which now

reaches the Somme and the canal from Vesle to Noyon. That would make a retirement of twenty miles. Roughly speaking the allied advance in two days over a front of twenty miles has been twenty miles. On the British front apparently the allies have made an advance average of twelve miles forward with the infantry the tank cars and fast equipment than this.

#### GERMAN CLAIMS

Berlin, Aug. 9.—The German official communication issued today claims that German counter-attacks stopped the Allied progress between the Somme and the Aisne just east of the line Morcourt-Harbois-Caix-Fresnoy-Conteire. The communication admits "we suffered losses in prisoners and guns."

#### THE THRILLING WORDS OF FOCH

##### Four Years of Self Abnegation of Trial of Patience Has Brought You Reward. You Shall Now Force Victory

Paris, Aug. 10.—General Foch, Commander in Chief of the French Armies, has issued the following order of the day to the French troops: "Four years of effort, with our staunch allies; four years of trials, stoically endured, begin to bear fruit. "His fifth attempt in 1918 smashed, the invader retreats, his manpower decreases, and his morale wavers, while at your side your American brothers have no sooner landed than they have made a baffled enemy feel the weight of their blows. "Incessantly placed in the advanced guard of the allied peoples, you have prepared the triumphs of tomorrow. "Not long ago I said to you: 'Abnegation, patience; your comrades are arriving.' "Today I say: 'Tenacity, audacity; you shall force victory.' "Soldiers of France, I salute your banners illuminated with new glory."

#### CLARK WOULD DRAFT EVEN MEN OF 68

New York, Aug. 10.—Declaring that if he had his way he would raise the draft age to 68 and then go to France to enter the regiment commanded by his son. Speaker Champ Clark of the House of Representatives addressed 450 members of the Southern Travelers' Association last night at a dinner held at the Biltmore Hotel. James W. Gerard, ex-Ambassador to Germany, the first speaker of the evening, said that at that moment he would like to be a fly on the wall of the palace at Potsdam to hear what the Potsdam gang were saying about our soldiers.

#### MARKETS

##### COTTON

New York, Aug. 10.—Cotton futures opened firm with October 28.25 to 29.50, Dec. 29.07, Jan. 29.00 to 29.15, March 29.00, May 28.90.

##### STOCKS

New York, Wall street, Aug. 10.—Additional victories of the allies on the western front infused further energy in the stock market today. The war equipments and the shippings led the advance at large fractions to a point with the other active specialties in the rails and the coppers which showed improvement with tobacco and the oils. Liberty bonds were steady and improved, the 3-1-2 reported a net maximum advance to 100.02.

#### PRICE OF GINNING COTTON

Raleigh, N. C.—The price that may be charged for ginning cotton in North Carolina will probably be determined by the producers and ginners or arbitrarily fixed by State Food Administrator Henry A. Page next Tuesday morning at a conference of producers and ginners which has been called for that date.

All ginners who handle more than twenty tons of seed yearly must be licensed before they can operate during the coming season and their charge for ginning will be fixed by the Food Administration which desires that the price it fixes shall be a fixture agreed upon in the prospective conference.

#### AMERICAN CASUALTIES FOR THE WEEK NOW TOTAL 3,758

Washington, Aug. 10.—Including 623 announced yesterday, army and marine corps casualties received from overseas and made public since Monday, when the toll of the victory on the Marne-Aisne front began to come in, now total 3,758. Of these 3,150 were soldiers and 608 marines. Six army lists given out yesterday contained 571 names, including 335 missing in action and the one marine corps list had 52 names. The combined lists yesterday showed an increase of 181 over those Thursday, but their total was less than that of any of the other three days this week.

Nearly one-half of the men named in the army lists today were from Pennsylvania, the total from that State being 239, of whom 79 live in Philadelphia. The other men named were from various States.

The six army lists combined and the marine list show:

	Army	Marine
Killed in action	163	4
Died of wounds	9	5
Died of accident	1	
Died of disease	2	
Missing in action	333	
Wounded severely	20	13
Wounded in a degree undetermined	41	30
Wounded slightly	2	
Totals	571	52

#### COMMITTEES APPOINTED

The captains and their teams announced for the drive on the 19th to relieve the suffering Jews in the war zone of Europe.

The following captains and their teams have been announced for the campaign to help the war stricken Jews who have suffered untold deprivations and hardships. Governor Bickett has set aside August the 19th for this purpose and on that date the following captains and their teams will canvass the community and you will have an opportunity to help in this most meritorious work.

The Woman's Club—Mrs. Walter F. Woodard, Chairman and Mrs. C. L. Coon and H. G. Connor, Jr.

Chamber of Commerce—R. A. Turlington Chairman and Louis Tomlinson and Fred L. Carr.

The Merchants Association—A. B. Carroll Chairman and G. J. Starr and J. C. Brown.

The Commonwealth Club—F. D. Swindell Chairman and J. S. Whitehead and George W. Stanton.

The Tobacco Board of Trade—R. P. Watson Chairman and Will G. Carr and Selby H. Anderson.

Rotary Club—Dr. T. E. Dickinson Chairman and Chas. P. Clark and John O. Williams.

The Travelers Protective Association—B. B. Plyler Chairman and A. C. Bardin and R. C. Jones.

Henry Morgenthau, chairman of the Jewish War Relief Fund in America, in a telegram which he sent the News and Observer yesterday, states that he is confident North Carolina will exceed its quota of \$100,000 for Jewish war sufferers. We regard Governor Bickett's proclamation one of the inspiring incidents of our campaign; it strikingly demonstrates our great National unity in the cause of humanity and democracy which will soon be world-wide.

Mr. Morgenthau said in his telegram.

#### GERMANS DRINK RIVER WATER

##### And As a Result There is an Epidemic of Typhoid

Asheville, Aug. 10.—It became known yesterday that there are many cases of typhoid fever among the interned Germans at Hot Springs although the government medical officers stated that they have the epidemic under control, and that the cause has been traced to the fact that some of the Germans drank French Broad river water. This water was not intended or provided for drinking purposes and the entire sanitary system at the camp is said to be perfect. With the cause located and liceas isolated inside the wire fences of the stockade there is no alarm either in the town of Hot Springs or elsewhere near the camp. Hat Springs is 40 miles from Asheville. The epidemic has delayed the movement of the Teutons to other camps. No official statement on the situation was made yesterday.

There are still about 2,000 Germans at the camp and it is said that there are 100 cases of fever. These figures could not be confirmed, however, and it is believed in Asheville that the number of typhoid cases is much less.

#### THE WEATHER

For North Carolina, partly cloudy tonight and Sunday with the exception of probably showers in the western portion with light and variable winds.

#### A CAR COLLISION

Another collision between automobiles occurred at noon today when the cars of Mrs. E. B. Churchwell and Mr. Hinnant met on the corner of Pine and Vance street. Fortunately no one was hurt and the machines were slightly damaged.

#### Bavarians Filled With Gloom

##### Facing Serious Food Stress

London, Aug. 9.—The Chronicle's Zurich correspondent reports that the Bavaria papers, commenting on the statements made to Minister Breittreich upon the food and economic situation, declare that the outlook for the near future is very gloomy.

Thus, the Nunchner Neueste Nachrichten, after citing the official regarding the food rations and the proposed meatless weeks, adds that the accounts and figures will not conceal the actual misery, and show that the government is not able to prevent a breakdown of the provisioning system in Germany, the harvest situation being worse than in 1917, and the hopes based upon Russia, the Ukraine, and Rumania not being realizable.

Referring to the statements by Minister of War Hellding about the rumors current throughout the German Empire tending to destroy public confidence, the government journals declare that these stories are not disseminated by enemies of the empire, but are born of the terrible situation of the suffering people, who seek an explanation of these endless misfortunes.

#### A GOOD LETTER

The following letter from Edgar Brantley, son of Dr. and Mrs. C. H. Brantley of Bailey will be read with interest here:

Dearest Mother, Dad and All:—I am liking everything fine and I am just as much contented as any boy could be considering everything by being such a distance from you and of course I must include my girl, but there are times for all things etc.

I would like to tell you about my trip and everything in general but if I were to do such a thing as that I could not tell anything when I get back home and now you bet that I am going to keep my eyes open and posted on all that I can so in my estimation I will have somewhat a story to tell when I get home with you again. I have been looking for a letter from you for some time, now you must write me soon and tell me all the news.

I like my work fine and my trouble is a slight cold and even at that I am gaining every day and then it seems to me as if some people need a microscope in order that they might see it.

Now you must not wait for me to write but please keep me posted on all the news and I will always write when I have time.

With love and best wishes to all,  
Your devoted son,  
EDGAR.

## BAKER GIVES GRAVES ORDERS

### As to Conduct of American Forces in Russia. Feeling Against Germans

#### GROWING VERY RAPIDLY

Washington, Aug. 9.—Upon his return to Washington yesterday from Kansas City Secretary of War Baker revealed the fact that the purpose of his sudden journey half way across the continent was to confer with Major Gen. William S. Graves, who is to command the American expedition to Siberia, regarding plans for the expedition.

"I went West," said the Secretary, "to confer with General Graves. General March announced to you yesterday that he was going to head the force to Vladivostok, and I had him meet me in Kansas City so that we might have a conference."

General Graves came from Camp Fremont, California, where he commands the 8th Division, to Kansas City for the conference with the Secretary of war, in which the latter delivered to him oral instructions from President Wilson fully explanatory of the scope, aims and purposes of the Government in the dispatch of this expedition.

The War Department is not yet ready to say anything regarding the size of the force to be sent to Vladivostok, except that it will be a small force. It is understood that the force to be sent by this country will not be above 10,000 men. They will join with the Japanese forces in making it a joint expedition.

#### Ranking General to be Japanese.

As was intimated a few days ago might be the case, Secretary Baker today indicated that the ranking officer would be a Japanese general.

"I suppose the ranking officer would be the Japanese general," said Secretary Baker. "I understand they are going to send a Lieutenant General, and we are sending a Major General, and undoubtedly the officer of the highest rank will preside at any conferences."

"Whether there will be any more definite commander in chief I do not know. I infer from the President's statement that the size of the Japanese force will be approximately the same as our own."

The War Department, for military reasons, does not care to have the exact size of the expedition, or the date of the departure, or its movements disclosed.

Archangel is understood to have been selected by the Entente and American diplomatic envoys in Russia as their headquarters. The State Department was advised by Ambassador Francis today that he had left Murmansk for Kandalaska. It is assumed he is on his way to Archangel.

Murmansk is isolated at present. Although connected by railway with Petrograd, the communications are such that there is now no traveling on that road. Archangel is the centre of activity in the extreme northern regions of Russia, and since it occupation by allied forces and the consequent expulsion of the Bolshevik authorities that city will become immediately the political centre in European Russia of pro-Ally Russians of every political party.

#### Russians Greatly Impressed.

The action of the Allies along the Murman coast and at Archangel, together with the military successes of the Czechoslovak forces operating against the Bolsheviks and the decision of the United States and Japan to reinforce the Czechoslovaks in Siberia, have already had marked effect in the Russian political situation. The State Department was informed today of the creation on Aug. 2, of a few government for the northern regions of Russia. The government was proclaimed by members of the constituent assembly. The districts it embraces are Samara, Volodga, Archangel, Viatka, and Kazan.

The response of the leading spirits in Siberia to the announcement by the American and Japanese governments of immediate military assistance to the Czechoslovak army

## THE SUN IS SHINING

### On Our Side of the Fence and the Kaiser Knows it Preparing

#### TO PROTECT THE RHINE

With the American Army, Aug. 10.—From selections of the German Army there are being drawn a certain proportion of officers and some of the sturdiest soldiers for the formation of a force of half a million men which is to receive special training and have special organization. These are to be no Poles or Alsaticians in this army, but only fighters. The Kaiser believes he can trust no one last.

This German force is not to be used as a hammer in any new drive for Paris; it is not to be used for any blow against the British. It is not to be used to "punish" the Americans; but, according to information reaching allied commanders, it is being formed for no other purpose than to stand back of the Rhine against an invasion of Germany.

It so happens that any allied approach to the Rhine would be through the Alsace-Lorraine line, a large part of which American forces stand. It is this force that the Americans will face when, with the French, we get ready to "take the war to Germany."

Come what may between now and that time, the Kaiser wants to be sure to have the force with which to make the stand for the Fatherland and himself.

Then the formation of such an army for such a purpose at such a time, when the Kaiser needs all his available forces on the western front, what could better show that the German high command realizes that the tide of war is about to turn, if, indeed, it has not already done so. One may not say that the war is almost won, but one may say that the sun now shines on our side of the fence. Up to three weeks ago, for months the Allies waited to see what the Germans were doing and wondered where they would strike next, now it is the Germans who wonder where the Allies will strike next. The war will continue to be thus.

Far more in value than the terrain won back from the Germans in the last three weeks is General Foch's action in taking the initiative which, with the help of American troops and the French and British, he will maintain.

For the first time since Russia broke down the Allies now have a numerical superiority of effective men. While for some time the numerical superiority in France has given us a side superiority as to actual numbers, the recent fighting has brought us into the line and support positions in sufficient numbers, the presence of whom, coupled with the German losses of the last month, places us in a position of superiority of men ready to fight.

The proprietors of the New Briggs hotel are engaged in erecting a building in the alley leading to the New Briggs hotel. It will be occupied when finished, by the Farmers Union Trading Company.

#### WILL MEET HERE TUESDAY

The Colored Firemen's Association will meet in this city Tues., Aug. 13, and will be entertained by the local organization.

On account of the war and the difficulty of securing transportation for their outfits there will be no tournaments and no exhibitions for medals or prizes. The proceedings will consist mainly of a business session.

and to Russia has been gratifying. Already military chiefs are organizing Russian volunteers for the new Russian army which is expected to be created by loyal Russian forces in parts of the country, whose overthrow is not only to overthrow the Bolshevik regime but to re-establish order in Russia and to bring the Russian front against the Central Empires.

The successes of the Allies in Siberia to the announcement of a profound effect upon the opinion, which had been led by the Bolsheviks to believe that the war must be a stalemate.