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DR. LIEBNICHT WILL START REVOLUTION

HAS 15,000 TROOPS AT HIS DISPOSAL. NO AUTHORITY IN BERLIN AND PEOPLE AT MERCY OF MARAUDERS. WINSTON CHURCHILL SAYS THAT ENGLAND WILL NOT REDUCE HER MARITIME POWER NO MATTER WHAT ANYBODY SAYS.

Paris, Dec. 5.—Havas Agency—A terrorist revolution under the leadership of Dr. Liebnicht, the radical Socialist will break out in Berlin on Friday evening, according to advices from the Zurich correspondent adds, has 15,000 men well armed at his disposal. The population of Berlin, according to the report at the mercy of gangs of marauders and there appears to be no authority in the city.

England Will Maintain Naval Supremacy

London, Wednesday, Dec. 4th.—British naval authorities deem it unnecessary to demand the return of Heligoland to Great Britain from Germany, according to the speech of Winston Spencer Churchill delivered at Dandee tonight. Churchill also said that the government deemed it necessary to nationalize the railroads. Continuing he said, "We enter the peace conference with the expressed determination that there shall be no limitation imposed on our rights to maintain our naval defenses. We do not intend no matter what appeal is addressed to us to prevent England's navy from maintaining its well tried and well deserved supremacy."

Will Release 100,000 Men

Washington, Dec. 5.—Secretary Daniels announces the release from the navy of twenty per cent or about 100,000 men employed on account of war-time necessities. These men will be released by states, as quickly as possible in order not to interfere with the excellence of the service. Private motor boats and yachts which have been taken over by the government will be released to their owners as quickly as possible.

THE SURGEON GENERAL'S MESSAGE

"The end of actual fighting in the world war will not lessen the necessity for this campaign. Rather, it will become a greater war emergency measure than ever. Cessation of hostilities will center attention on the return of the victorious American forces. On entering the service the men became subject to Army and Navy discipline, which, in the control of Venereal Diseases within the ranks, is rigid. Prior to demobilization, the tense fighting morale of the forces is bound to relax. The men will be buoyant in spirit and eager to celebrate. When mustered out they will return to those conditions in civilian life which have been responsible for Venereal Diseases in the Service. Many of them will contract it as a result. Unless all cases of Venereal Disease have proper treatment during the period of reconstruction, the scourge will reach alarming proportions. The time from now on is the most critical of all. Rupert Blue, Surgeon General.

WARMER TOMORROW

For North Carolina fair tonight and Friday. Warmer on Friday with gentle to moderate and shifting winds becoming south.

The government accepted your pledge in good faith and spent the money to bring the war to a close, now the government is counting on you to buy the stamps.

MAY DEEPEN CAPE FEAR

River at the Bar and Spend \$398,000 to Make it Thirty Feet

HOUSE CONSIDERING IT

Washington, Dec. 5.—Representative John H. Small stated today that the committee on rivers and harbors would likely approve the new project for deepening of the bar at the mouth of the Cape Fear river within the next ten days. The proposal is to deepen the bar below Southport from twenty-six to thirty feet the job entailing an expenditure of \$398,000. "I think that the committee will act favorably upon the proposal," said Representative Small today. However, the committee will have first to approve the project and it will have to be incorporated into the next rivers and harbors bill.

PEANUT CROP IS 3 MILLIONS SHORT

Meeting of Growers in Carolina and Virginia Held at Suffolk

Raleigh, Dec. 5.—Peanut growers from the leading producing counties of North Carolina and Virginia met at Suffolk, Va., last Saturday and heard reports of cost of production, and crop and market conditions from the representatives of the Federal Bureau of Crop Estimates, office of farm management, and bureau of markets. It appeared that the growers, as well as the cleaners, had been laboring under a wrong impression that the present crop is larger than last year's. According to the last report of the Bureau of Crop Estimates the crop for the United States is about three and a half million bushels less than for last year. The opinion was expressed, reports Mr. W. R. Camp, Chief of the North Carolina marketing work that last year's crop was scraped clean. In fact that buyers were looking in vain for peanuts, but now when the season has only begun jobs and consumers of peanuts have very largely ceased to place orders with the cleaners. Prices have slumped from ten to five and seven cents a pound, with no market at all in many places. With all Europe, with the exception of Denmark, South Russia and Hungary, under the necessity to import food, and with a special need for fats, and with prices of food products generally remaining about the same, there appears no reason for there being a slump in the price of peanuts alone.

MARKETS

COTTON

New York, Dec. 5.—Cotton futures opened steady with December 27.10, January 26.00, March 24.90, May 24.15, July 23.75. Spots Wilson market 25.25.

STOCKS

New York, Wall Street, Dec. 5.—Stocks made a rather indifferent response at the opening of today's trading to the action of the money committee in restoring margins to the twenty percent rate. Initial prices were irregular. Stocks, Coppers, Equipments and the Motors receded fractional recessions, but the market soon steadied on moderate buying of rails, shippings. Other specialties including tobacco and sugars were higher. 4th Liberty bonds 4 1-4 were again active at the new low record of 96.14.

CARTER GLASS NOMINATED

Washington, Dec. 5.—Representative Carter Glass was today nominated by President Wilson as Secretary of the Treasury of the United States.

WANT ROADS RETURNED

To Private Ownership. Executives Adopt Resolution at Conference. Want Them LEFT IN GOOD SHAPE

New York, Dec. 5.—Executives of railroads comprising more than 90 per cent of the rail mileage of the country, in conference here yesterday adopted a resolution favoring a return of the roads to private ownership and expressing the hope that the remaining period of federal control would be such as to leave the properties in the highest state of efficiency.

Government ownership and operation of railroads was characterized as "not conducive to the highest economic efficiency of the country," and it was suggested that "private initiative, enterprise and responsibility in creation, extension, improvement and operation should as a matter of national policy, be fostered and preserved." The meeting also voted that "assurance be given to the director general of railroads and his associates of our earnest desire to co-operate with them in the performance of their important and difficult trust and in the adoption of plans for the return of these properties to private management and operation; which plans shall be just, alike to the public, to the owners of the properties and to the employees engaged thereon."

LOOK AFTER SPRINK-

LING PLANTS

Raleigh, N. C., Dec. 5.—In every part of North Carolina here are manufacturing plants that have system of automatic sprinklers installed for fire protection and with the advance of real winter weather the danger of these being put out of commission by freezing looms large and Insurance Commissioner James R. Young, fire marshal for the state, urges that these sprinklers be thoroughly safeguarded against freezing now as an impaired sprinkler system is a liability and not an asset. This inspection and precaution against freezing should include making sure that the heating plant is adequate for extremes in weather that may be expected; that the system is in thorough order with parts and supplies of all sorts at hand for any repairs that may become necessary; that all drains are in proper condition and that any parts of the system in any way exposed by windows, doors or between the ground and the first floor by windows, doors or between the ground and the first floor are amply boxed in and insulated against freezing.

The Commissioner urges that the night watchman as well as workers about the plant generally be instructed thoroughly as to the use of all fire apparatus and the purpose and methods of handling all valves and connections. He suggests that fire extinguishers should be recharged something like once a year to assure their being in perfect order and they should be insulated against cold if kept in exposed places.

WILSON TURNS TO WORK

On the George Washington at Sea—Dec. 5.—President Wilson spent most of yesterday on the steamer in the office set aside in his suits of rooms with his stenographers attending the large pile of letters and telegrams awaiting his attention. As soon as the ship swung into the sea from the ovation accorded him as the vessel started on her trip he turned to his desk.

According to the waiter who has attended the German Emperor and Empress on former occasions the party dined quietly last evening.

NINETEEN HUNDRED

AMERICANS RETURN

New York, Dec. 5.—The British transport ship Onea with 1,922 American troops aboard arrived from Liverpool today. This is the fourth ship to bring returning soldiers from abroad.

BUSINESS WANTS REPRESENTATION

At Peace Conference. Think Business Should Receive Consideration in SHAPING WORLD AFFAIRS

Atlantic City, N. J., Dec. 5.—Four thousand men representing virtually every branch of business and industry in the country assembled here yesterday in reconstruction congress, listened to messages on readjustment problems delivered by Secretary Redfield, Charles M. Schwab, Director General of the Emergency Fleet Corporation and President Wheeler, of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States.

Mr. Wheeler urged that American business should be represented at the peace conference in France. Mr. Schwab made an appeal for a great merchant marine, and declared that labor should be permitted to organize in individual plants and share in the country's prosperity. Secretary Redfield said that no rash hands should be laid on wages; that the proper spirit of trade is not excessive profits, but service.

There was some talk here last night that a committee of American business and industrial men might go to Europe during the peace negotiations.

Secretary Redfield prefaced his speech with the statement that his remarks were not to be taken as an official announcement. "I am more and more impressed," said Mr. Redfield, "in reading current discussions and reflecting upon them with the truth that readjustment is very largely a state of mind—that requires not so much a program of a mixed line of procedure as an evolution."

Mr. Schwab said a great merchant marine is essential for the ultimate success of the United States, and its successful operation is not for the benefit of any one man or class of men or any one branch of business but for the good of every citizen of the country.

Taking up the question of labor, Mr. Schwab said:

"I am one of the men who believe in the fairness of American labor. I am one of the men who believe that the only foundation upon which anything can permanently rest is the economic use of everything, whether it be labor, material, manufacture or what not. Any foundation of organized labor or capital, that is on a false basis must fail."

"I am not opposed to organized labor. I believe that labor should organize in individual plants or amongst themselves for the better negotiation of labor and the protection of their own rights; but the organization and control of labor in individual plants and manufactures to my mind, ought to be made representative of the people in those plants who know the conditions."

"In the years gone by I seriously doubt many times if labor has received its fair share of the prosperity of this great country. We, as manufacturers, have got to open our eyes to a wider vision of the present and the future with reference to our workmen. We have got to realize that many unjust demands will be made by labor as they probably have been made by capitalists and employers in the past. That is one of the lessons this great war has taught us—true democracy."

Mr. Schwab said that he had telegraphed the President a few days ago begging to be relieved of his duties as head of the Emergency Fleet Corporation, important as the work is, to take up what he believed to be more important duties. "I felt that having 170,000 employees of my own and a payroll of twenty-five million dollars a month, I could be of greater service to this nation and this country by retiring from the work I had in Philadelphia to the study of important questions that would arise in connection with this transition period in the various industries in the United States."

Thirty-six related industrial groups met last night and considered questions affecting their particu-

FRELINGHUYSEN WANTS WILSON

WILL DEMOBOLIZE AT THIRTY CAMPS

Among the Camps Named for Demobilization is one for This State

CAMP GREENE CHARLOTTE

Washington, Dec. 4.—Thirty camps have been designated by the war department today as demobilizing centers to which enlisted men will be transferred for dismissal from the army. The camps in this section will be Sevier in South Carolina, Greene at Charlotte and Wadsworth at Jackson, S. C.

PERSHING PRAISES VALOR OF SOLDIERS

Commanded Pays "Supreme Tribute" To Heroism

Washington, Dec. 5.—General John J. Pershing's account of his stewardship as commander of the American expeditionary forces was given to the public yesterday by Secretary Baker. It is in the form of a preliminary report to the Secretary, covering operations up to November 20 after the German collapse. It closes with these words from the leader of the great army in France, expressing his feeling for those who served under him:

"I pay the supreme tribute to our officers and soldiers of the line. When I think of their heroism, their patience under hardships, their unflinching spirit of offensive action, I am filled with emotion which I am unable to express. Their deeds are immortal, and they have earned the eternal gratitude of our country."

The report begins with General Pershing's departure for France to pave the way for the army that was to smash German resistance on the Meuse and give vital aid to the allies in forcing Germany to its knees nineteen months later. Its striking feature is the section devoted to "combat operations" where it told the story of fighting by the man who directed it.

General Pershing views the encounters before March 21 of this year in which American troops participated as a part of their training and dismisses them briefly. On that date, however, the great German offensive was launched and a crucial situation quickly developed in the allied lines which called for prompt use of the four American divisions that were at that time "equal to any demands of battle action."

REPUBLICAN FROM ALASKA

Washington, Dec. 4.—James Wick arsham, Republican was elected Alaskan delegate in 1916 by a plurality of 47 votes over Clary A. Sulzer, the House Election committee, formally reported today in deciding an election contest from that territory. Sulzer obtained a certificate of election after a court litigation in 1916 and has occupied the seat ever since.

WILL HEAR FROM CUMMINS

Washington, Dec. 4.—Action on the resolution of Senator Cummins of Iowa proposing that a committee be sent to France to attend the sessions of the peace conference was considered today in executive session by the Senate Foreign Relations Committee. Action was deferred until Senator Cummins could appear before the committee and be heard.

Interests in the work of reconstruction.

Bernard M. Baruch, chairman of the War Industries Board, in a letter read to the congress, said the cancellation of contracts. "The government will not, I am sure," he said, "cancel any industry of the country to which it is entitled to pay each and every contract."

TO SPECIFICALLY DECLARE

WHAT HE MEANS BY THOSE FOURTEEN POINTS AND SAYS THAT HE SHOULD NOT STAND FOR ANYTHING UNLESS THE PEOPLE OF AMERICA ARE FIRST AGREED ON THEM. EVEN HAVE WARM TIMES IN THE ELECTIONS OF COLD BLOODED ALASKA.

Washington, Dec. 4.—A general discussion of President Wilson's 14 principles was started in the Senate today by a speech of Senator Frelinghuysen of New Jersey who advocated a resolution which he had introduced calling on the President to make a public declaration interpreting the principles.

Senator Frelinghuysen said that the President's 14 principles should not on behalf of the American public be interpreted by him until the American people had given their assent.

RED CROSS TO KEEP UP RELIEF WORK

Washington, Dec. 5.—Future plans of the American Red Cross under which the great organization built up during the war will be devoted to peace time relief work not only in the United States but throughout the world were outlined in a statement issued last night by Henry P. Davison, chairman of the war council.

Mr. Davison, who was speaking to the 3,864 chapter and 22,000,000 members of the mercy organization, said it is confidently believed there need be no further campaigns for funds. Instead the annual Christmas roll-call for members will constitute the foundation of the Red Cross.

"Since the armistice was signed," said Mr. Davison's statement, "I have had an opportunity to confer in Paris with the heads of all American Red Cross commissions in Europe, and later in Washington with the President of the United States, the war council of the Red Cross divisions of the United States. I am, therefore, able to speak now with knowledge and assurance in saying that the beneficent work of the American Red Cross is to go forward on a great scale—not alone, as heretofore, for purposes of relief in war, but as an agency of peace and permanent human service."

"Since America's entry into the war, the purpose of our Red Cross has been primarily to aid our army and navy in the care of our own men under arms, and, secondly, to extend relief to the soldiers, sailors and civilians of those nations which were fighting our battles along with their own. With the funds which have been so generously contributed by the American people, this war work of the Red Cross will continue and be completed with all possible sympathy and energy.

Wherever our soldiers and sailors may be, the Red Cross will stay with them until they are demobilized.

THE VICTORY WAR SAVINGS DRIVE

The Victory War Savings Drive was on in this city last night in full blast.

The city was divided into wards and the captains and their teams were busy in order to make victory sure for Wilson County over all the counties in the State for Wilson has already gone over the top and holds the pennant for raising her quota first.

Mr. Ben Flora of Richmond and Mrs. T. B. Bell of near Wilson are here at the bedside of their father, Mr. Ephraim Flora who is critically ill.

Buy War Savings Stamps.