

AN ULTIMATUM TO GERMANS

UNLESS THEY SEND THEIR ANSWER REGARDING SIGNING AT ONCE. THE SIGNING TO TAKE PLACE AT TWO O'CLOCK FRIDAY AFTERNOON, THAT IS IF THE GERMANS WILL NAME AND SEND PLENIPOTENTIARIES.

(By the Associated Press.) Paris, June 25.—Up to 4:45 o'clock no word had been received regarding the plans of the Germans for signing the Peace Treaty. The peace leaders were visibly perplexed over the situation.

(By the Associated Press.) PARIS, France., June 25.—If the heads of the Allied forces in Paris do not hear from Weimar regarding the German delegation who are to sign the peace treaty, an ultimatum will be sent according to a dispatch by Reuter's Telegraph Limited. The ultimatum will demand the appointment of plenipotentiaries and the name of the officials.

Postponed the Matter. (By the Associated Press.) Washington, June 25.—After two hours discussion of the resolution of Senator Fall of Mexico to declare that a State of Peace existed with Germany the Senate Foreign Relations Committee adjourned without action.

Plan to Sign Friday at Two O'clock. (By the Associated Press.)

Paris, June 25.—The treaty of peace will be signed either Friday or Saturday although the day has not been definitely fixed. It has been decided to conduct the ceremony of the signing at two o'clock Friday afternoon. The peace Secretary it is stated is without definite information as to when the German peace delegates will arrive at Versailles. The dilatory tactics on the part of the Germans has created some uneasiness in conference circles and therefore the time of the signing of the treaty is in suspense.

Herr Haniel Hanfhauser the acting German representative at Versailles is also apparently without information.

Overwhelming Turkish Forces Menace Greeks in Asia Minor (By the Associated Press.)

PARIS, June 25.—The situation in Asia Minor is serious, according to official advices received by Reuter's, Ltd., Bureau today, which state that the Turkish forces outnumber the Greeks four to one and threaten to drive the Greeks out of Asia Minor. The Greek forces are reported to be retreating before the Turks, who are supplied with good artillery and plenty of ammunition.

The Greek General Nide has decided to make his first defensive stand along the line running north and south through Pergamos, Magnesia, Nymthaiou, and Aidin. Greek reinforcements are expected to reach him within three or four days. The largest Turkish forces are advancing from Denizli Turkish troops have already occupied Nazli and are proceeding against Aidin.

American Commander In the British Capital (By the Associated Press.)

London, June 24.—General Pershing arrived in London today. He was met at Dover by Major General John Biddle, the American commander in England, and came to London by automobile.

The General will remain in London tonight and tomorrow morning will go to Oxford to receive the degree of Doctor of Civil Laws from Oxford University.

Canned Cats and Dogs.

Copenhagen, June 25.—The riots in Hamburg are attributed to the condition of food dealers have been selling to the people in that city. In a number of cases it is alleged that customers have found the meat of cats and dogs among the canned goods which was sold them.

BRINSON AND ABERNETHY

Joint Discussion Promised Between the Congressmen of Third District.

AND NEW BERN LAWYER

(By the Associated Press.) WASHINGTON, June 24.—A joint discussion between Representative Samuel L. Brinson and Charles L. Abernethy, fellow-townsmen and candidates for Congress in the 1920 primary, is imminent and as a forerunner of the promised political debate in the Third North Carolina Congressional District Representative Brinson today challenged assertions contained in the announcement of Mr. Abernethy as a candidate for Congress. The incumbent in his statement issued today assures the public that he will forego a newspaper controversy and by implication fore-shadows a joint discussion that will eclipse in dramatic appeal and public interest any words engraved on the printed pages.

The writer can state on reliable authority that a joint canvass of the district will unquestionably be made by the incumbent and Mr. Abernethy who has formally announced his candidacy. The formal card of the New Bern lawyer and the statement of Representative Brinson are here reproduced with reproduced will participate a controversy that will find judgment in a joint discussion. The stock law of Pender and neighboring counties and the debate that always revolves around the subject will be displayed with a controversy none the less ardent in its contentions. Here is the full statement as issued by Representative Brinson:

"I noticed in Sunday's New Bernian an interview with Hon. C. L. Abernethy in which he definitely announces his candidacy for Congress.

"Every few days when political matters quiet down—I have noticed that Mr. Abernethy gives an interview reviewing his grievances and stating that the people are urging him again to run for Congress.

"I have been awaiting an authoritative announcement of his candidacy and I saw in Sunday's paper definite announcement was made, and as justifying it, he gives ill treatment accorded him by the party and my own improper conduct in accepting the nomination when tendered me last year.

"This seems to call for a statement from me and with this statement the matter ends until the campaign begins next year. I shall engage in no controversy now.

"I presume Mr. Abernethy will challenge me to a joint discussion when the campaign opens, as he did Colonel Dortch, and if so, opportunity will be afforded for a review of these matters about which he complains, and also, a frank discussion of other matters which his candidacy will make pertinent and interesting.

"At this time for the benefit of those who are unfamiliar with the facts—I shall briefly notice one or two of Mr. Abernethy's statements:

First: As to impropriety of my accepting the nomination. I was under no obligation whatever to vote for Mr. Abernethy in the primary, and yet I did so because he was a citizen of my home town.

"I let this fact control me and voted for him. Subsequent events have shown that many other citizens of New Bern who voted for Colonel Dortch knew Mr. Abernethy better than I did.

"I not only voted for him but when I heard that he was not in daily conference with Republican leaders—after Colonel Dortch's nomination—and was considering the arrangement arrived at between it-

ACCUSED OF DOUBLE DEALING

Milan Paper Reveals the Inside Facts of Italian Policy at Peace Conference.

DEEPLY OFFENDS WILSON

MILAN, June 22.—Apropos of the dramatic downfall of the Orlando-Sonnino regime the Milanese democratic journal Il Secolo, is finally permitted to publish a chapter of fact which throws a flood of light on the Italian policy at the Peace Conference.

At the preliminary meetings of the Cabinet held in Rome, during December last, Sonnino scored a majority of the determining votes that Italy was to go to Paris demanding the fulfillment of the famous compact of London and nothing else. Indeed at a council of war held on December 26th., Sonnino imposed Italy's renunciation of Fiume in spite of stout opposition from General Diaz, the Italian Commander in Chief.

During those discussions Orlando at first favored the minority view, according to which the London compact should serve as a weapon for vindicating national rights, while the annexation of the city and port of Fiume on the score of its Italian majority was to be negotiated for in exchange for Sebenica, where a majority of the inhabitants are Croats. Subsequently, however, Orlando came entirely under Sonnino's sway and this says the Secolo, explains his hesitations, equivocations and reticence which terminated by rendering him obnoxious to everybody.

"The story goes in Paris," says the Secolo, "that Lloyd George once said Orlando represented the biggest failure in his political life. Lloyd George had always succeeded in making compromises with everybody, but in Orlando he had never found a single consistent point upon which to work."

Orlando was welcomed in Paris by the Big Three at the outset of the conference as one on whom they could count for cordial understanding and fruitful co-operation for they regarded Sonnino as "too much compromised by his political history."

While Orlando acted as sole spokesman at Paris, confining himself to the agreement mapped out in the compact of London, he was at the time, so the Secolo alleges, engaged in stirring up noisy and incessant nationalist demonstrations throughout Italy, particularly on the Fiume question, "with the object of making the conference believe that our delegation was far more moderate than the country."

At the outcome of these nationalist demonstrations Orlando obtained Sonnino's reluctant consent in the middle of March to propose to the conference, through Signor Barzilai, the annexation of Fiume, but always provided that the compact of London were preserved intact. This demand, however, made little impression, because everybody at the conference was fully aware that the Italian Minister of Foreign Affairs was really unfavorable to the project.

Without his approval direct negotiations were next opened up with the Jugo-Slav representatives, with the result that on April 11th., an agreement was reached securing to Italy four-fifths of the Austrian tonnage, while the Jugo-Slavs contented themselves with a single ship. Promising headway was further made relating to the Fiume settlement when a preliminary order from Orlando ruptured the negotiations of April 23rd.

When the Italian delegates had made their starting exodus from the conference a pooling of the Austrian shipping was decided on by the higher economic council. Nevertheless the Italians on their return resumed their conversation with the Jugo-Slavs, and on May 16th., at a reception at the Hotel Crillon were formally assured by the head of the American delegates that the American delegation not only would strive to obtain the approval of the conference for a private and immediate arrangement arrived at between it-

MEETING CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

High School, Atlantic Christian College, Parks, Roads And Aviation Field.

CONSIDERED LAST NIGHT

A meeting of the Chamber of Commerce was held last evening with President Tomlinson in the chair and Secretary Barlow at his post. There was a fine attendance. A number of interesting matters were discussed, among them the report of President Tomlinson with reference to the Wilson Housing Corporation. He said that pledges of \$100,000 had been subscribed, a temporary organization had been made and a charter secured. A permanent organization will be made next Monday night week, and a man selected as manager, J. V. Joslyn of Washington City, who is with the United States Corporation at present.

Mr. Barlow stated that every year it had been the custom to entertain the boys corn and pig clubs of the county, under the direction of the Home and Farm Demonstrators, Mrs. Boyett and Mr. Ferguson. He stated that Mrs. Boyett was calculating to have the girls at a meeting on the second and third and this was to culminate on the 5th of July with the meeting here. He mentioned the usual program, the lunch at the school and moving picture shows.

On motion of Col. Bruton it was referred to the entertainment committee with Mr. Welsh in charge.

Mr. Barlow brought up the matter of a landing field for flying machines. He stated that aviators were pleased with the Country Club. He said we are on the main line of the Atlantic Coast Line and this is a very convenient place to stop. He suggested that a committee be appointed to confer with Directors of the Country Club, Leazar, Austin and others. A permanent marker is placed to notify flyers. The committee will take up this matter with directors of the Country Club.

President Tomlinson stated that the schools of the city are greedily crowded. The trustees had the right to issue bonds but they want to be in line with the wishes of the people. There is no better time to build a high school. The trustees (Continued to page Six)

WEATHER

—Showers Tonight.—

For North Carolina showers probably tonight and Thursday with moderate southeast winds on the Coast.

ally and Jugo-Slavia relative to the tonnage question, but that if this agreement could be extended in the equal manner to the whole question of territorial settlement in the Adriatic, President Wilson would be immensely pleased, and would himself undertake to get it sanctioned by the conference.

Unfortunately, this happy prospect was again frustrated through the action of Orlando, who insisted that the Italian delegates must obtain a definite settlement that self-same day.

With regard to the personal relations between Orlando and Wilson the Secolo avows that after the former's return from Italy these became glacial. "I was evident Wilson had never pardoned his having excited all Italy against him," it says. "The President of the United States did not think he had offended the Italian people in his public declaration of April 24, and attached personal blame to Orlando for having, as Minister of the Interior, with the censorship under his control allowed so many vulgar insults to be printed in Italy against him."

"In fact, the matter had become embarrassing in America itself, where Wilson's antagonists found themselves driven to uphold him on the Italian question simply on account of the violent and indecent campaign which Orlando had permitted the Italian press to foment against the head of the American State."

CONSTANTINE IS HARD UP

POLICE GUARD THE MARKETS

On Account of the Hucksters' Strike. Trying to Prevent Removal

OF DECAYED VEGETABLES

New York, June 25.—With a police guard around the vegetable market and a convoy with every truck load of vegetables from the market the first appreciable effect of the hucksters and teamsters strike was seen here today. This action was taken by the police in order to avoid trouble. The strikers absolutely refused and endeavored to prevent the board of health from removing decaying vegetables from around the market, which endangers the health of the city.

DANIELS TO MAKE TRIP WITH FLEET

(By the Associated Press.)

Washington, June 24.—Secretary to the Navy Josephus Daniels will be a passenger on one of the battleships when the Atlantic fleet is assigned to the new Pacific fleet. The vessels will be mobilized at an Atlantic port the latter part of July and leave for the West Coast by way of the Panama canal early in August. Secretary Daniels will make the voyage. One of the vessels of the new Pacific fleet will be the super-dreadnaught Idaho, the newest battleship of the navy. This vessel will take President-elect Pessoa home to Brazil and will then proceed to the Pacific Coast.

MARKETS

COTTON

New York, June 25.—The cotton market opened steady at a decline of from 7 to 32 points, with active months selling from 5 to 40 points below last night's close, as a result of weak cables, and a denial of the reports that the Manchester Spinners had refused to accept the settlement demands of the strikers, and also on account of the circulation of July notices amounting to some 16,000 bales.

New York, June 25.—Cotton opened steady with July 32.15; October, 32.14; December, 32.15; January, 32.00; and March 31.85.

At noon the market was as follows:—

January, 32.07; March, 31.93; July, 32.52; October, 32.45; December, 32.34.—Spots Wilson Market, 31 cents.

The market closed at 3 P. M., as follows:—

January, 32.52; March, 32.37; July, 32.95; October, 32.76; and December, 32.70.

STOCKS.

(By the Associated Press.)

New York, June 25.—The early dealings on the stock exchange today indicated further short selling, and the opening showed a decline in Oils, Shippings, tobaccos and Utilities. This was off set by the moderate strength in the secondary rails, Food issues and specialties including Mexican petroleum, Tobaccos preferred and smelting.

Some of these specialties yielded from one to three points, while Union Pacific, and some other prominent stocks gained from one to one and one half points. There was a firmer tone before the end of the first half hour.

Troops after Scheidemann (By the Associated Press.)

London, June 25.—A number of soldiers have been arrested in Weimar according to a dispatch from Copenhagen charged with planning the murder of Philo Scheidemann. The plotters it is said planned to carry out their program on Monday morning.

THE FORMER KING OF GREECE WAS GETTING MONEY FROM THE KAISER, BUT THIS WAS CUT OFF. MAKING UP TO FORMER GOVERNMENT.

Paris, June 25.—Former King Constantine of Greece who has been living in retirement in Switzerland is in financial difficulties. The former King had been supplied with funds by Emperor William and when this source of supply was cut off he did not know what to do. It is said that Constantine is trying to become reconciled with the Greek Government.

NINETY-NINE BEFORE MEDICAL EXAMINERS.

(By the Associated Press.)

Raleigh, N. C., June 25.—The class of candidates before the North Carolina Board of Medical Examiners this year numbers ninety-nine. That number registered yesterday morning and took the first examination yesterday afternoon at the Centennial School building. Of the number sixty-eight are coming up for their licenses to practice and the others are taking examinations on the first two years of their study. Three of the applicants are women and the division as to races is—93 white and 6 colored. There will be two examinations a day for the next three days, one commencing at 9 a. m., and the other at 2 p. m. All the members of the board are present except Dr. Isaac M. Taylor, of Morganton, who is detained by illness.

Yesterday the board announced the result of the examination on Monday of the thirty three reciprocity applicants from other states. Ten of the number were rejected. The names of the successful ones will be made public along with the names of the successful applicants from this State.

Will Accompany King and Queen.

(By the Associated Press.)

Brussels, June 25.—Cardinal Mercier and General Leman, defender of Liege in 1914 will probably accompany King Albert and Queen Elizabeth when they visit the United States this fall. The date for the visit of the distinguished party has not been fixed, but they are expected either in September or November.

FIRST DAY GAMES IN PERSHING STADIUM

Pershing Stadium, Paris, June 23.

—With a baseball victory over the Canadian nine and the placing of three men in the finals of the 100 and 115 meter dashes, the American team got away to a good start on the first day of the inter allied games held in Pershing Stadium. An international crowd of 25,000 persons watched the contests. R. Simpson, of Columbia, Mo., record holder in the high and low hurdles, 120 and 220 yards respectively, and Pat Ryan of the Irish-American Athletic club, New York, champion hammer thrower, unfurled the stars and stripes at the opening of the game, with aviators flying overhead.

Athletes from the British dominion shared the honors of the day with the Americans by winning two of the four principal races.

In the 100 metres dash, Edward Teschner, Lawrence, Mass.; Sol. Butler, Hutchinson, Kans., and C. W. Paddock, Pasadena, Cal., all won their heats, while Private J. Howard, Canada, and Lindsay, of New Zealand captured their heats in the same event. The time made by the sprinters was not extraordinary. The day was cold and clear.

In the baseball game, W. B. Fuller, formerly of the Washington American League team, shut off the Canadians 5 to 0, much to the delight of 5,000 American soldiers in the bleachers.

Miss Margaret Wilson, daughter of President Wilson, was an interested spectator of the games today.