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The Highlands 冽aranian
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Our "Horseback Doctors"
$\mathbf{T}_{\text {Press }}^{\text {HIS suggestion comes from a reader of The }}$ Press:
Four young men, natives of Macon County, left home many years ago, in the days when dollars were few and far between here. They went out to get professional educations.
Then they came back to spend their lives serving the people among whom they grew up. They were the four "horseback doctors" who have died in re-
Rogers, and Dr. J. H. Fouts.
Each was remarkable in his own way. And they all had at least one thing in common: They came back home to practice, when they might so easily have gone where the hardships were far fewer and
the remuneration far greater.

Why not, asks The Press reader, a memorial to Hacon's four "horseback doctors"
To which this newspaper adds:
Who has a suggestion as to the form such a memorial should take?

## Are You Registered?

Voters in Franklin and Highlands, if they are to participate in the May 6 town elections, must be registered. And Saturday of this week is the last This is not a new registration, but, if these elections are like most that have been held in the past, a lot of people will not be permitted to vote because they took it for granted their names were
registration books, instead of making sure.
registration books, absentee while in the service and who have come back home need to register, if they are to vote. Newcomers to the two communities
are not registered. And many persons will find, if they check, that they may have registered for a bond or other election, but that didn't put their names on the town registration list.
Better check with the registrar-this week.

## A Tough Problem

Like Macon, Transylvania county has voted bonds for construction of new school buildings. Like Macon, it had hoped for some state aid on its building program. And, like Macon, it now faces the
problem presented by the tremendous increase in building costs.
So similar are the situations that The Transylvania Times might well have been writing about
$\begin{aligned} & \text { The new board of education at its initial meeting last } \\ & \text { week decided to defer a decision on the date for begin- }\end{aligned}$
$\begin{aligned} & \text { ning the extensive school improvement program until } \\ & \text { after the matter can be fully explored with the advisory }\end{aligned}$
arter tine ma.
$\begin{aligned} & \text { School officials here hoped that the recent legislature } \\ & \text { would approve a school building program under which }\end{aligned}$
the county would have received $\$ 125,000$ to help provide
$\begin{aligned} & \text { new bulldings and repair others. The assembly, however, } \\ & \text { falled to appropriate the } \$ 10,000,000 \text { sought, which means }\end{aligned}$
$\begin{aligned} & \text { that our pproblem is essentially what it was when the } \\ & \text { session began. With this additional money, officlals felt }\end{aligned}$
$\begin{aligned} & \text { session began. With this additional money, offictals felt } \\ & \text { that they culd execute the program as orignally plan- }\end{aligned}$
$\begin{aligned} & \text { that they could execute the program as originally plan- } \\ & \text { ned, despite greatly increased building costs in recent }\end{aligned}$
months.
School housing, The Times has catititioned a policy of de-
lay. Perhaps st would be more accurate to say a pollicy of
$\begin{aligned} & \text { caution dependent on the time needed to asseass all fac- } \\ & \text { tors involved and to calculate the results both on the }\end{aligned}$
$\begin{aligned} & \text { immediate problem and the cittizenshtp generally. We } \\ & \text { have been rather disposed to endure for a while longer }\end{aligned}$
in the certain knowledge that the improvements prailable.
$\begin{aligned} & \text { the people cannot be provided wot bee necessary to enu- } \\ & \text { For reasons which it should } \\ & \text { merate here, curtailing the program would surely cause }\end{aligned}$
$\begin{aligned} & \text { merate here, curtaill } \\ & \text { deep dissatisfaction. }\end{aligned}$
The blunt truth of the matter is that economic forces
generated by the post-war bullding revival have inter--
$\begin{aligned} & \text { be considereco in this sight, for it has a very definite } \\ & \text { bearing on the future of the whole school system-not }\end{aligned}$
$\begin{aligned} & \text { bearing on the future of the whole school system-not } \\ & \text { only its physical plant, but its morale and efflciency as } \\ & \text { well. }\end{aligned}$
$\begin{aligned} & \text { While the major bullding program has been postponed } \\ & \text { temporarily here, it is encouraging to note that needed }\end{aligned}$
repars are being made in practically every school in the
county.

There is one important factor in the situation that the Brevard newspaper fails to mention-a factor that is important in the consideration of any school

A child's time in school is short, at best; all too he is equipst meet life as an adult, and how well the school he attended. Every day he spends in a poor or a mediocre schoul is a day virtually losttime he can never recover.
Good schools 10 years from now won't educate the children who are in school today

## - Others' Opinions

## TURN ON THE LIGHT

We are still hoping that Representative Rex Cass of Forsyth County carries out his threat to let the people of the state
know something about the manipulations which brounht about now something about the manipulations which rougha been
the "gag" rule in the legislature in 1941. This rule has been very successfully utilized to block every a attempt of the people
of the state, who bellieve in true democracy and the right of of the state, who believe in true democracy and the right
the people to have an election and express themselves on the -Kinston Free Press.

## A MAN

One who has self-contidence but does not show it.
One who keeps his word, his temper, and his triends.
One who wins respect by beling respectable and respectful.
One who understands people, and can make himetif
One who understands people, and can make himself under
stood by people. One who has a
One who is silent when he has nothing to say-Exchange.
PART NAMES $1 N$ MIDDLE?
What does ye think will be the fashion as to how candidates fer Governor part their names in 1946?" was the Odd Codger s
question this morning. He was asked what prompted such foolish question, seeing that Shakespeare had asked: "What's in a name?
The Old Codger replied: "Ye shows ye ain't familiar with
history. Don't ye know that the last two Governors parted their name in the middle -J. Melville Broughton an' R. Gregg
Cherry. Jest now Mayne Albright, W. P. Horton, Charlie JohnCherry. Jest now Mayne Albright, W. P. Horton, Charlie John-
son, Libby Ward, Lt. Gov. 'Stag' Ballentine, John Kerr, Tom Pearsall, Thad Eure, Barker of Durham, an' the 37 other varie-
ties air a-wonderin' how they 'll write their first names out like ties air a-w./nderin' how they'll write their first names out like
Charlie Aycock an' Bill Kitchin or adopt the J. Melville an' $\mathbf{R}$. Charlie Aycock an' Bill Kitchin or adopt the J. Melville an' R.
Gregg method ov signin' their middle name."-The Rhamkatte Roaster in The News and Observer.

## AVING THE SOIL

A recent announcement from the soil conservation service
of the Department of Agriculture, emphasizes two important of the Department of Agriculture, emphasizes two important
points. First, the efforts to save the topsoil of this country and second, the fact that we still have considerable distance to go. The statistics of the past are not encouraging, as the service
estimates that between 1895 and 1930 a full million acres of top estimates that between 1895 and 1930 a full million acres of top
soil were lost each year, and that more than 50 per cent of the soil were lost each year, and that more than 50 per cent of the
country's farmlands have been damaged to some degree by wind or water erosion; and that this cost annually amounts to
a about four billion dollars.
It is reported that since 1930 the damage has been slowed o approximately half a million acres per year. A great victory
came to those who have worked for conservation in 1935 when congress passed the soil conservation act and the Soil Conservation service was made a permanent part of the department of agriculture.
It is with gratification that we can point with pride to the
fine work that has been done here in Haywood county this line under the supervised direction of our county farm agents, who have given expert advice to our farmers.

## TAXING OUR ECONOMY

Because of a reduced peanut production last fall money has
not circulated quite so freely in this section during recent months, farmers and business operators déclare
To aggravate the adverse economic situation we went ahead dollars in the last quarter of 1946 for alcoholic beverages. There were some profits, to be sure, but when we collected one dollar in profits three others were sent away. And the transctions with.
One doesn't have to be for or against prohibition to realize
that an economy can't stand up under such a burden. If we had a normal or even a bumpcr peanut crop last fall we would have been little better off because a large part of the income was taken out of legitimate business channels. There is little difference in the net result when hundreds of thousands of
dollars are taken out of circulation by a near crop failure and when hundreds of thousands of dollars are diverted from legitimate business channels.
The money spent for beverages in this county last year was
in sufficient amount to head off a depression for at least a in sufficient amount to head off a depression for at least a
year. If we had saved that amount not even a complete crop failure could have thrown us off our economic balance.
It is too late to do anything about that which is already
gone under the bridge, but it will be well even at this late date to save back some of our liquor dollars for the preverbia
rainy day.-Williamston Enterprise. SKIRTS
Skirts are what women wear where men wear pants, the bigges
pairs.
Of course that doesn't mean that women do not in many figuratively speaking, they don't look so good. Either there's not enough slack to take up or there's too much taking up What slack there is.
head or stepped into, but once they're in they generally adhere to a middle course.
Skirts follow a. waistline which varies according to the design of the upper garments which they have to meet, vertically,
at least. If they don't meet horizontally, that's a matter of girth control.
When skirts get out of shape, it's frequently because they
have become hipped on their subjects. But one really shouldn't blame skirts for their lack of foundation.
There used to be such things as underskirts but they've long
since been given the slip. Skirts leave uncovere
they're very deceptive; the shorter skirts are the longer they make people look. When skirts are long enough to have trains, have gone into the top parts of the dresses of what that should ave gone into the top parts of the dresses of which they ar shoulders can do is become a strap-hanger.
Skirts in some countries
then they call for mower.
You never know what the styles will be in skirts from one
season to another but when they pop at the seams, fall to
meet in the back or offer increasing zipper resistance on the side, you may reasonably conclude e that they're getting on fuller.
To be sure there's a great deal that we've left unsald about skirts, but it's still the season of the year when breezess may
catch up the subject at any moment and cerry it on to new


