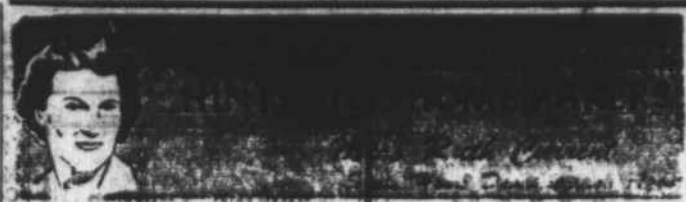




MOTORISTS

Do You Know How the New NORTH CAROLINA Safety Responsibility Act Affects You? Let us explain this new law effective January 1, 1954.

Macon Insurance Agency
R. S. JONES, Manager
Room 25, Bank Bldg.
Representing
THE TRAVELERS,
Hartford



DISH TOWELING ADDS COLOR—Dish towels can be delightful and colorful additions to the kitchen. Toweling can be used with striking effect for curtains, tablecloths, place mats, aprons, as well as for drying dishes. When you buy dish towels, look for quality in the material—it will give you maximum service and satisfaction. Read the label, examine the material before you buy—fiber content, colorfastness, and other washing instructions should be found on the label. Before investing in a large supply of one particular color of towel, purchase one or two and test them in your washer.

Choose a firm, rough textured fabric that is not too thin. Kitchen "crash" is the term used to describe toweling that has a hard texture to reduce linting. The hard texture of crash also makes towels more absorbent.

A "world" of fun can be had in decorating your kitchen and dining area with kitchen toweling. The only limit is that of your own imagination!

CLEANING PIANO KEYS—Water and not enough sunlight will turn ivory piano keys yellow. To clean these yellowed keys, use a soft flannel dampened with wood or denatured alcohol. Then be sure that your piano keyboard is uncovered part of the time. On some new pianos, plastic keys are being used. These may be cleaned with a damp cloth.

SCISSORS AND SCISSORS—

Good scissors or shears even though expensive are a better buy than poor quality ones. Look upon them as life time investment. They should be made of high-grade steel, properly hardened and tempered. When they are chrome plated they will resist rust and stay sharpened longer.

When cutting a garment from a pattern use sharp shears. Place material on flat surface and use long, clean strokes. Shears are suitable for this purpose. They have a certain weight and are made with a bow handle consisting of a large oval and a smaller oval. This type of handle is made for the right hand or for the left hand. Two or three fingers of the cutting hand can be inserted in the large oval, thus making possible greater force and long, clean strokes, even on heavy material.

PINKING SHEARS have blades with jagged edges and produce a satisfactory finish for closely woven fabrics. They are not planned for cutting out a pattern from fabric and if so used, will produce a very poor result.

SCISSORS are light and have ring handles, slightly oval and of equal size. Only one finger is used in each handle, since no special effort is required. They have slim blades and sharp points.

FRESH FRUITS—Wipe off newly-bought fresh fruit with a clean, slightly damp cloth before you put it away. This not only cleans the fruit but helps

to check rot that may have been transferred from other fruits. Oranges and grapefruits are more easily peeled if you put them in boiling water for a few seconds first.

State College Answers Timely Farm Questions

Q. How much of each cut of meat is found in a side of beef?

A. On the basis of a 100 pound side there is 14 pounds round steak, 3 pounds of heel pot roast, 3.5 pounds of hind shank, 3.5 pounds of rump (bone in), 1 pound of rump knuckle, half a pound of flank steak, 3 pounds of flank stew, 8 pounds of sirloin steak, 5.5 pounds of porterhouse steak, 6 pounds of plate, 3.5 pounds of brisket (bone in), 3 pounds of rib (6th and 7th), 5 pounds of rib (8th to 12th), 1 pound English cut, 6 pounds arm pot roast, 11 pounds of blade pot roast, 6 pounds of neck (bone in), 4 pounds of fore shank, 2 pounds of lean meat, and 10.5 pounds fat, trim and bone.

Q. If I feed plenty of good silage, do my cows need hay or some dry roughage, also?

A. Only a few direct comparisons of milk production from cows fed silage with and without other roughage have been made. On the basis of results so far, it appears that at least a small amount of hay is desirable—but absolutely necessary for top production. If you have adequate silage but limited hay, you should feed small amount of hay (2 to 5 pounds per day) and feed plenty of silage.

Q. Is it true that North Carolina is now producing its first winter milk surplus?

A. Of Grade A milk, yes.

Whether it is a temporary condition, or will last through the winter months is still a guess. The increase per producer throughout the state ranges from 10 to 25 per cent. One of the large milk products cooperatives, with exactly the same number of producers as a year ago, is now receiving 20 per cent more milk.

Q. How much organic matter is needed in the soil?

A. There is not a specific organic matter requirement for crop growth. Organic matter is not utilized as such by plants. We can say that a 100-bushel corn crop will require from 150 to 200 pounds of nitrogen, but we cannot say that the same crop of corn will need a given amount of organic matter. Many of the effects of organic matter on crop growth are indirect. Soils that contain higher amounts of organic matter are generally considered more productive largely because of its favorable effects on soil properties and plant growth. Most plant materials contain nitrogen which is released upon decomposition. Legumes such as clovers or alfalfa are higher in nitrogen than non-legumes. The residue from this decomposition results in organic matter which contains a lower percentage of nitrogen than the original material. This nitrogen is released more slowly than from undecomposed plant materials. Thus, organic matter reported by soil tests will generally release only a small amount of nitrogen annually.

Q. Why don't soil tests reports show the nitrogen content of the soil?

A. Nitrogen becomes available to plants through decomposition or organic matter and applied fertilizers. The amount of nitrate nitrogen varies from week to week depending upon many factors such as temperature

and moisture. Heavy rains will carry out the soluble nitrogen and more nitrification must take place to replace it. An analysis of the total nitrogen present in soil is not a good guide to the amount that will be available at any given time for plant growth. Since it is rather difficult to "build up" a high soil nitrogen level that will remain for several years, the nitrogen fertilization practices must be considered for each crop. Whether to use nitrogen, and the amount to apply, would depend on the requirements of the specific crop. A knowledge of crop residues and manures recently added plus the organic matter content of the soil will give information relative to what material can be decomposed to furnish available nitrogen. Most soils in North Carolina are low in nitrogen.

Legal Advertising

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE

Having qualified as executor of estate of Sue Hodge McCollum, deceased, late of Macon County, N. C., this is to notify all persons having claims against the estate of said deceased to exhibit them to the undersigned on or before the 2 day of January, 1954, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate settlement. This 2 day of January, 1954. JAMES G. MCCOLLUM, Executor

D22-4tc-JJ-J14

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE

Having qualified as executor of estate of Callie Morgan, deceased, late of Macon County, N. C., this is to notify all persons having claims against the estate of said deceased to exhibit them to the undersigned on or before the 14 day of December, 1954, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate settlement. This 14 day of December, 1953. CLAUDE MORGAN, Executor

D17-6tp-J21

ADMINISTRATRIX' NOTICE

Having qualified as administratrix of estate of Tommie Woodrow Cowart, deceased, late of Macon County, N. C., this is to notify all persons having claims against the estate of said deceased to exhibit them to the undersigned on or before the 17 day of December, 1954 or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate settlement. This 17 day of December, 1953. DOLLIE LOUISE COWART, Administratrix

D22-6tp-J28

EXECUTORS' NOTICE

Having qualified as executors of the estate of Louise Bascom Barratt, deceased, late of Macon County, N. C., this is to notify all persons having claims against the estate of said deceased to exhibit them to the undersigned or to J. H. Stockton, process agent, on or before the 27 day of November, 1954, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate settlement. This 27 day of November, 1953. WATSON BARRATT, HELEN AUGUR, Executors

D10-6tp-J14

NORTH CAROLINA MACON COUNTY

Under and by virtue of the power of sale vested in the undersigned trustee by a deed of trust executed by Henry Odell Stiwinter and wife Nancy Stiwinter, dated April 2, 1953, and recorded in the office of Register of Deeds for Macon County, North Carolina, in Book

No. 46, page 119, of Mortgages and Deeds of Trust, said deed of trust having been executed to secure certain indebtedness therein set forth, and default in the payment of said indebtedness having been made, I will on Friday, January 15, 1954, at 12 o'clock noon, at the Court house door in Franklin, North Carolina, sell to the highest bidder for cash the following described land:

Situated in Sugarfork Township, Macon County, North Carolina, and described as follows: All the lands described in a deed from J. T. Houston, Fred Houston and wife Ella Nora Houston, to Henry Stiwinter, said deed bearing date of 12 September, 1929, and registered in the office of the Register of Deeds for Macon County, North Carolina, in Book R-4 of Deeds, page 501, said tract containing 55 acres, more or less.

This 11th day of December, 1953. GILMER A. JONES, Trustee D22-4tc-JJ-J14

If you weren't interested in Macon County, you wouldn't be reading The Press.

RUPTURED?
If So. Get The New Sutherland Truss Guaranteed for Life See W. A. Steele, Franklin

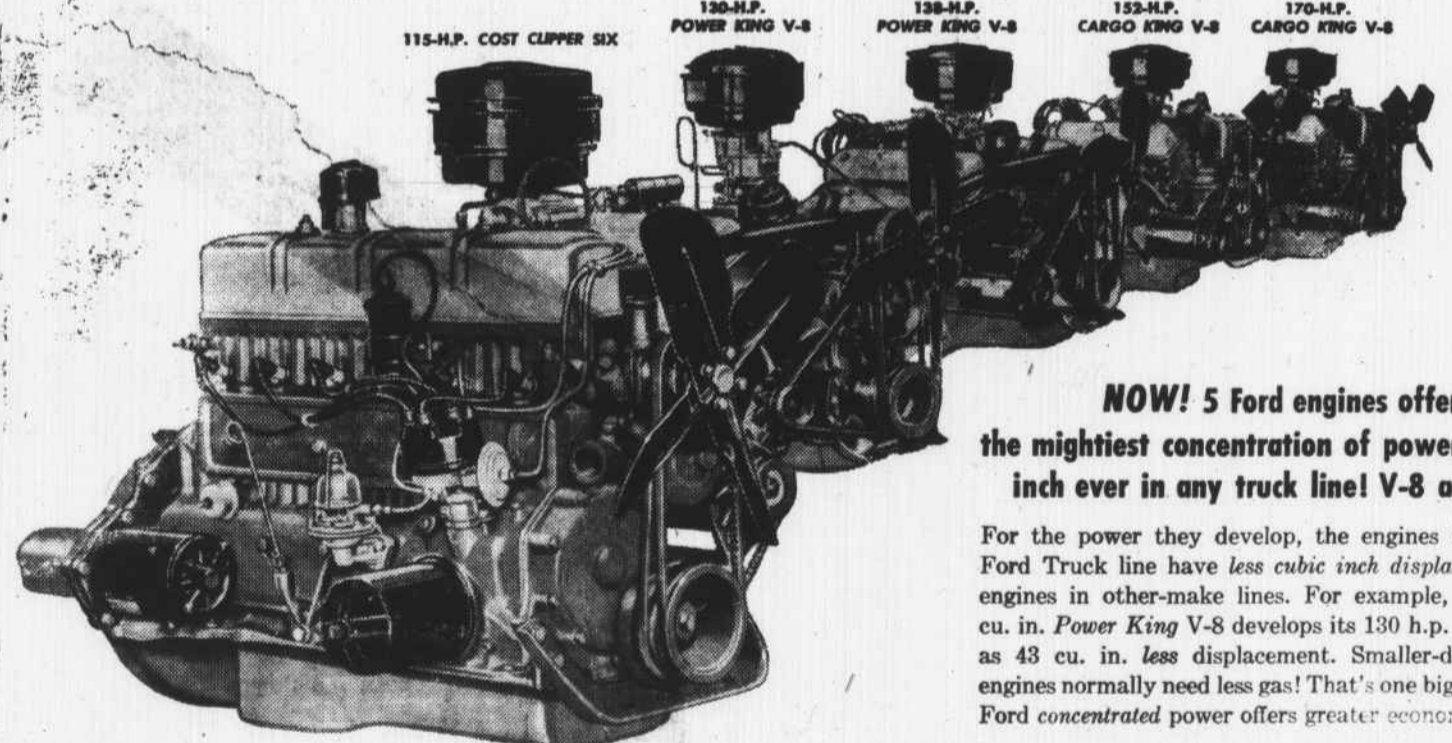
To Relieve Suffering
COLDS take 666
LIQUID OR TABLETS—SAME FAST RELIEF

RADIO And TELEVISION SALES—SERVICE All Work Guaranteed City Radio Shop Allen Ordway, Mgr.

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Announcing for '54 NEW FORD TRUCKS with TRIPLE ECONOMY!



NOW! 5 Ford engines offer the mightiest concentration of power per cubic inch ever in any truck line! V-8 and SIX!

For the power they develop, the engines in the 1954 Ford Truck line have less cubic inch displacement than engines in other-make lines. For example, Ford's 230 cu. in. Power King V-8 develops its 130 h.p. on as much as 43 cu. in. less displacement. Smaller-displacement engines normally need less gas! That's one big reason why Ford concentrated power offers greater economy!

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New Ford F-900 Six Job, G.V.W. 27,000 lbs., G.C.W. 55,000 P.W.

CONLEY MOTOR COMPANY

Phone 69

Franklin, N. C.

NOTICE

The annual stockholders Macon County Building will be held in the Building the 21st day of January, p. m.