



BUSINESS CARDS.

H. CABANISS, ATTORNEY AT LAW And United States Commissioner, SHELBY, N. C.

PRACTICES in the courts of Cleveland and Rutherford counties. Office on West Warren street, 28-4f.

B. Frank Wood, Attorney at Law, SHELBY, N. C.

COMMISSIONER of Deeds for South Carolina, 11-f.

WATT ELLIOTT, Fashionable Barber and Hair-Dresser, SHELBY, N. C.

HAVING secured an expert assistant, is prepared to do all tonsorial work in first-class style. He has moved into his new shop in the Bostic Building on the northeast corner of Marion and LaFayette streets. 14-f.

Babington, Roberts & Co., Printers and Wholesale and Retail Stationers.

Are now carrying the largest stock of STATIONERY, WRAP PING APPER PAPER BAGS, TWINES, &c., of any house in this section of country.

SCHOOL BOOKS A SPECIALTY. Call and see them or send for prices and samples. 43-f.

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Shelby Foundry AND Machine Shops, B. B. BABINGTON, Proprietor.

CANE MILLS, PLOWS and Castings of all kinds. When in need of anything in this line, give me a call. 16.

LIVERY STABLE, CONNECTED WITH THE GUTHRIE HOUSE.

Good Horses and Vehicles at reasonable prices. Call on us before you make engagements with other parties.

Wagons, Buggies and Road Carts for sale. TOMS, CARPENTER & HICKS, 20-6. Rutherfordton, N. C.

A FRESH LOT OF FINE Buggies and Phaetons

Just received at BOSTIC BROS. & WRIGHT'S Warehouse. Call at once and make a selection of the

FINEST LOT Ever brought to Shelby. 7.

NOTICE! I will sell my plantation, one and a half miles east of Cherryville, Gaston county, N. C., said plantation containing one hundred and seven acres and a half, described as follows:

25 Acres Wood Land, 25 Acres Bottom Land, h. s. s. of cultivation, and 57 Acres Upland, in high state of cultivation, 800 Fruit Trees, 2 years old, consisting of apples, peaches, pears and grapes, all of Greenboro's choicest varieties.

This property is improved by a two-story brick dwelling containing six rooms, fire place in every room, designed upon the best plans for taste and band and good well furnishing good freestone water in the yard, good spring near, outbuildings a perfect completion to the dwelling. A good two room tenant house is on the plantation.

Any one wanting to purchase a good plantation or a beautiful home in a good neighborhood and a healthy location will find it to their interest to communicate with or come to see me before buying. Respectfully, J. A. PASOUR, Cherryville, N. C.

HOTELS. Commercial Hotel, SHELBY, N. C.

J. W. KERR, Proprietor.

THE best furnished and best kept Hotel in the Western part of the State. Perfect satisfaction guaranteed. Public patronage solicited.

At the beginning of the year, the Commercial changed hands, and with the new management the house has been refitted and furnished anew. No effort will be spared to maintain its well-deserved reputation. Rooms newly carpeted and neatly furnished. Best servant attendance. Table fare first-class. 4-18-4f.

Central Hotel, W. E. RYBURN, Proprietor, SHELBY, N. C.

THE Largest and most costly building in Shelby. Beautifully located. First-class fare. Polite servants. Large and well lighted rooms. Well arranged office and sample rooms. Telegraph office in building. Omnibus and porter meet every train. 85-f.

BEHIND THE MASK.

Behind the mask—the smiling face Is often full of woe, And sorrow trends as restless pace Where wealth and beauty go.

Behind the mask—who knows the care That grim and silent rots, And all the burdens each may bear Within their secret breast?

Behind the mask—who knows the tears That from the heart arise, And in the weary flight of years, How many pass with sighs?

Behind the mask—who knows the strain That each life may endure, And all the grief and countless pain That wealth can never cure?

Behind the mask—who never know How many troubles hide, And with the world and fashion's show Some spectre walks beside.

Behind the mask—some future day, When all shall be made plain, Our burdens then will pass away, And count for each his gain.

—Good Housekeeping.

October Crop Report.

Climatic conditions favored the gathering of cotton and curing of tobacco during October. There was some falling weather, but sunshine prevailed for the most part, facilitating all out door labor on the farms.

With this month the general correspondence on the condition of crops will cease; occasional questions on particular subjects will be kept up until next spring, when the regular correspondence will be resumed. In the meantime, it is hoped that correspondents will not fail to keep posted on what is being done on the farms, and report all matters of interest under the heading of "General Remarks." In this way the Bulletin will become a medium of exchange of thought among the farmers of the state, and afford much information to the general public.

The average of the various crops harvested are as follows:

Corn has not all been gathered, and the fact is, as indicated by the figures, that the average is not quite so high as the September report would seem to warrant. The average of the corn so far harvested is 83.

The conditions favoring cotton at "opening" stage have been favorable, on the whole, during October. The crop will average in the state 80 points, or four fifths of a crop.

The tobacco crop suffered in September from excessive moisture, and the bright frosty weather following in October has not much improved the condition. The average for the crop may be set at 75.

Rice has improved, the present average being 82.

The crop of turnips seems to be in good condition in all parts of the state, the average being 85, with promise of improvement.

Sorghum is a crop that seldom fails in the state. It has been ascertained that the average in the state has increased some five points during the last thirty days, and is now 96.

The crop of sweet potatoes is about average in North Carolina, and stands at 91.

The reported average of field peas is small, but when it is remembered that most of the pea crops seeded are intended for green manuring, it will not be a small yield, the average being 71.

The winter cabbage is raised almost entirely in Piedmont and Western North Carolina, and the occasional reports from the localities east of the region indicated have conducted to the reduction of the general average, which is set down at 78.

Backwheat is a product of the same localities indicated for cabbage, and is reported small yield, perhaps because there is not a great deal sown; the condition indicates but 82.

Peas are confined almost exclusively to the eastern counties, and is set down at 87.

Millet is one of the leading forage crops, and is very generally grown in the state; the average condition is 87.

The condition of meadows in the state is rather above the average, being 90 at this time of the year. This is due, no doubt, to the autumn rains.

The preparation for the winter crop of oats is very general, and the condition of the land that has been prepared is rated at 94.

Reports indicate that much care has been taken in the preparation of the soil for the seeding of winter wheat. In many localities the reports are over 100, but the general average is 93.

The condition of stock hogs as compared with former years is 92. This is encouraging. The time of farmers and others engaged in raising porkers cannot be more profitably spent than by wisely improving every means to increase the home production of meat. It is one of the heaviest drains on the farmer's purse—if he is so unfortunate as to be obliged to buy his bacon.—Bulletin.

The average tumbler holds half a pint; but the circus tumbler holds about half a keg.—Yonker's Statesman.

A perceptible earthquake shock was felt in Memphis Saturday morning.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS' MEETING.

WHAT WAS DONE ON MONDAY. Claims allowed, New Bonds asked, and Time for Finishing.

The Board of County Commissioners met in regular session in the court house on Monday, with all the members present. The following claims and some smaller ones were allowed:

W. A. J. Hamrick, keeping poor from Oct. 1 to Nov. 1, \$225; J. S. Wray, amount paid S. Young and D. Hamrick for conveying Burgess children to the poor house, \$8; W. J. Morrison, amount paid for repairing stock law fence in No. 11 township, \$1175; A. P. Austell, calling court, fall term, \$9; W. S. Pruet, calling for grand jury, fall term, \$9; J. W. Gidney, B. B. Miller and D. R. Hoyle, 3 days each on finance committee, \$9 each; J. K. Wells, services rendered county, \$5075; F. Y. Hicks, 15 days services and mileage, \$5020; L. C. Smith, lumber furnished for Weaver's bridge, \$6550; D. S. Love, revising, extending and completing tax list for 1888, \$68; same 6 days services and mileage, \$1625.

It was ordered that Col. S. McD. Tate, president of the Southern & Western Air Line Railroad Company, the time for completing and putting said road in running order was extended until July 1, 1889.

It was ordered that the prisoners now in jail be hired out to the best advantage to the county.

A petition for a new road from Waco to Cleveland Springs was received and ordered to be advertised.

The petition to close part of the Rutherford and Lincoln road in No. 9 township having been advertised, and no counter petition having been filed, the road was ordered to be closed.

J. G. Smith reported that he had cut out the road in No. 9 township known as the J. G. Smith road and the chairman of the board of supervisors of that township was ordered to put hands on the road.

The following were released from paying taxes for 1888: C. L. Collins, D. T. Wallace, double tax; Babington, Roberts & Co., W. A. Wray, \$1500 each, on account of fire; R. L. Harmon, J. B. Hamrick, S. R. Simmons, S. L. Wellmon, D. J. McCall and G. G. Pearson, polls.

J. S. Wray, county treasurer, was ordered to pay Covington & Dellinger \$499 of the amount due them out of the levy of 1888 for building the county poor house.

A petition was filed asking for a stock law election in part of No. 10 township and notices were ordered to be issued.

It behooves the farmers to look sternly at facts that affect them in any particular, and especially when their interests are to be seriously involved.

The crop of both corn and wheat are short in this state—shorter than for years past. The wheat crop is also short throughout the United States. Flour has already advanced greatly recently, and the crop of wheat seems to be in the hands of a few monopolists. If this is so, then there is no telling where the price of flour will go.

Farmers, of all other men, should be self-supporting, and the only way to be so is to produce all supplies necessary for farm consumption. The grain, forage and most crops should receive special attention at all times, and under all circumstances, but more especially should they be carefully looked after at this time, as it will be money saved, and that is money made, according to the old axiom.

Be sure, then, to sow wheat. If not able to sow as much as you would like, sow what you can, after having prepared your land well, and I don't think you will regret it. Sow what winter oats if you can, before it is too late. By all means sow land thoroughly prepared and manured in ry, and let it be done without delay, for there is no green forage crop that can take the place of it for spring feeding in this latitude.

Be sure also to have some land well prepared for clover, or some of the grasses, to be seeded next spring—not later than the month of March. These crops here mentioned appear to be small and not of much importance, but are very important to any farmer, and will be appreciated by all who will test them.

JOHN ROBINSON, Commissioner.

Turner's N. C. Almanac 1888 is on our table, Jas. H. Ennis, Publisher, Raleigh. Like an old familiar face, it makes its annual visit to the homes of our people. It is valuable for reference the year round and so true has it been that it is termed the old reliable. Every citizen ought to have one. Price 10cts, to be had of merchants and postmasters or of the publisher.

The customs preventive officer at a New Brunswick outpost collected duty recently on a coffin containing a body being brought into Canada from Boston for burial. An application has been made to the department asking that the duty collected be refunded.

STATE NEWS.

The Albemarle and Raleigh branch of the W. & W. Road will be extended to Plymouth via Jamesville at an early day.

The twenty-sixth annual fair of the Cumberland County Agricultural Society will be held at Fayetteville, November 14th, 15th and 16th.

Millie Poteat, colored, from Caswell county, who is under sentence of death, has been respited by the Governor, until December 7th.

On Tuesday Mrs. F. M. Shelton, of Charlotte, was very dangerously wounded by the accidental discharge of a gun in the hands of her nephew, a youth named Stone.

Strong efforts are being made to secure the services of Rev. Sam Jones for a series of meetings at Winston.

Mr. B. T. McAden, secretary and treasurer of McAden's mill's at McAdenville, died suddenly on Monday of heart disease.

A negro boy 15 years old, broke into S. P. Braswell & Son's safe at Battleboro, Saturday and took therefrom Weaver's bride, \$6550; D. S. Love, revising, extending and completing tax list for 1888, \$68; same 6 days services and mileage, \$1625.

The dwelling of Mr. A. McQueen, at Plain View, Robeson county, was destroyed by fire last Sunday morning, with nearly all the furniture. The fire was accidental. The house was a handsome structure, just completed. There was some insurance on the property but not sufficient to cover the loss.

Mr. S. Frank Pharr, a prominent farmer of Cabarrus county, lost his right arm in a cotton gin last Friday. While Mr. Pharr was working with the gin, his arm became entangled in the saws and was drawn in, the result being that it was literally torn to pieces to a point a few inches above the elbow. Dr. Robert Young amputated the arm near the shoulder.

The Bureau of Labor and Labor Statistics has partially completed its report for this year. It is learned that the report will consist of seven chapters, as follows: Mechanics and wages of employes of mechanics, farm statistics, road law, apprenticeships, manual and technical training, and mining of all kinds. The report will be very full. So far 405 manufacturing establishments, employing over 6,000 persons, have made full reports to the bureau.

Henry Cahill, aged 22 years, the son of a farmer living about four miles from town, left his father's house yesterday morning about eight o'clock. He came to Hickory and about eleven was stowed away in the upper story of the bar-room in a state known as dead drunk. About five o'clock he was found to be dead. He had gathered corn before leaving home and his father says he had not drunk any liquor and was in perfect health so far as he knows. He came to town on horseback and some say he was drunk when he reached here while others say he was cool sober. He was a fine looking young man and was liked by his acquaintances.—Hickory Clipper.

The mail train from Portsmouth on the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad Thursday night ran over and instantly killed a well-known white man named George A. Harding, of Northampton, N. C. The train was about five miles this side of Seaboard, running at a high rate of speed when the man was seen to step upon the track and crouch down with his head toward the engine. Before the train could be stopped the engine had rushed upon him and ground him into a thousand fragments. When the train was stopped scarcely a member of his body could be found. He had been in bad health for a long time and probably ended his life in a fit of desperation.

There was much excitement in town on Friday night last, which grew out of the arrest of a negro by the name of Joe Foster. The noise and cries of Foster caused the large crowd in court house down, and by the time Foster was gotten to the Mayor's office between seventy-five and a hundred darkies, dotted about by a few whites, made a rush for the office, some of them swearing and cursing and making various threats of what they would do. But the officers and those who had been summoned to assist them were firm and cared but little for the threats of the rioters, which at times were disgraceful. A trial was finally had, and Foster was fined \$10 and the cost, in default of which he was sent to jail.—Loudbury Times.

The customs preventive officer at a New Brunswick outpost collected duty recently on a coffin containing a body being brought into Canada from Boston for burial. An application has been made to the department asking that the duty collected be refunded.

CURIOS CLIPPINGS.

Electric omnibuses now run in Paris over a line two miles long, the velocity being a little greater than with horses.

The following quaint sign was seen over a Nevada shanty by a traveller: "Come in An git a squar mole sich as Your Mother Use to Kuk for a Quarter."

A four foot model of an electric submarine boat has been built by a Finnish engineer. It can be steered accurately in horizontal directions, as well as up and down, and is called a success.

A Michigan man who was traveling in Wisconsin bet that twenty out of the next twenty-nine Swedes he met would be named Ole Johnson, and he won. He got twenty-three out of the twenty-nine.—Ex.

The Sioux Indian chiefs lately in Washington were very fond of cigarettes and invariably inhaled the smoke. Thus in the not very remote future all vexatious Indian questions may disappear for lack of Indians.

There was a man in our town, whose name was Reuben Kee. But why he could not get along the man could never see. But when he came to look around, And think, and rub his eyes, He saw at once the reason why—He didn't advertise.

Now Reuben Kee is doing well, As all the people say; He advertises by the year, And month, and week, and day.

A curious case has just been decided upon appeal in a Scottish court. A young woman brought an action of breach of promise against a young man who admitted having been engaged to her. His defence was that she had objected to his smoking and finally said: "Choose between your cigars and me." He made the choice promptly in favor of the weed, and when she sued him the Judge held that by offering the alternative she was responsible for the swain's desertion, and the Supreme court sustained the decision.

When traveling by rail in England you are not only looked after by the officials with great care (for you are under a "parental government"), but by law you are not allowed to be careless, in fact, it is a criminal act to injure yourself, even by accident. In many cases you are locked in the coaches so that you cannot leave the train while it is in motion, but if the door should be unlocked, and you jump out before the proper time, or if you attempt to board a train after it has started, you are arrested and liable to a heavy fine.

Treasurer's Report.

The report of Mr. J. S. Wray, county treasurer, from October 1, 1888 to November 1, 1888 is as follows:

Table with columns: COUNTY FUND, Balance on hand last report, Oct. 19, rec'd of M. N. Hamrick, sheriff, 500 00, Oct. 23, rec'd of M. N. Hamrick, sheriff, 500 00, Oct. 27, rec'd of M. N. Hamrick, sheriff, 100 00, Oct. 31, rec'd of M. N. Hamrick, sheriff, 500 00, By amount disbursed, \$1 636 79, 1 254 05.

SCHOOL FUND.

Balance on hand last report, Oct. 17, rec'd of R. C. Harmon, J. P. fine, 6 00, Oct. 5, rec'd of J. A. Roberts, sale of old school house, 41 20, Oct. 22, rec'd of M. O. McEntire, J. P. fine, 7 00, Oct. 30, rec'd of Z. M. McKinney, J. P. fine, 2 00, By amount disbursed, 63379 58, 74 98.

A Merchant and the Frost.

A Texas merchant a short time ago ordered a carload of coal oil from a firm set in the oil trust and got it at 20 per cent. less than the trust was selling it. When the train bringing the oil arrived, it brought also an agent of the trust, who demanded that the merchant sell him the oil at cost and repurchase at trust prices. Of course, the merchant refused, but he was told that he could either comply or "blow," as a horse would be opened alongside of him that would under all him until he was ruined, and also that he could get no more oil at any price until that was gone. "Forced to comply," the merchant wished to repurchase the whole carload, as he needed that amount, but was told that the trust could not spare him that amount just then, as they had use for a part of it at other points. This is straight, as we have it from the merchant himself as well as several other conversants with the whole affair.—Fort Worth Gazette.

FAMILY SECRETS.

A weak solution of salt is a remedy for indigestion.

Hang up everything that will hang in the kitchen. It will save time when you go to sweep it.

Keep your bread pans and pie dishes free from ill flavor by always washing them in hot water after using.

When out of machine oil use kerosene and fresh lard, equal parts, well mixed, and it will answer the purpose.

Immersing potatoes in cold water for an hour or so previous to cooking improves their quality at this season of the year.

Keep this liquid to soften putty: Dissolve potash in water and mix with fresh slaked lime. Pour off the fluid and bottle for use.

Old wall paper can be very much improved by simply rubbing it well with a flannel cloth dipped in oatmeal.

Olive oil saturated with camphor makes an excellent application for inflammatory swellings; also for rubbing rheumatic joints.

In washing dishes, pots and pans: a wisp of broom corn and a small quantity of soapy water is handy and useful in cleaning them from all bits of grease.

Hold your breath and contract your abdominal muscles, is the remedy for seasickness suggested by an English physician, Dr. E. P. Thurstan, who speaks from experience.

Do not appropriate the best room for a guest chamber. Take that for yourself, your friends, stay is short. Still, make the room as cheerful as possible; hang the wall with pictures, and supply such beautiful things as taste suggests and means allow.

To brighten dingy, spotted gilt frames, moisten a small sponge with spirits of wine or oil of turpentine, and rub gently. The specks and dirt will be removed. Do not use the sponge very wet, and allow the frame to dry of itself without wiping.

An easy way of cleaning the marble on bureau and washstand: First rub as clean as possible with dry chamois, then brush on a thick coat of gum-arabic solution. This dries and then peel it off. It does not come off easily, wash with a clean cloth and a little warm water. Polish the marble with a piece of soft flannel or old felt.—New York Star.

Character As Indicated by the Features.

Memory of Events.—This shown by a wide, full forehead in the center.

Reasoning Power.—A high, long and well defined nose and a broad face exhibits this faculty.

Moral Courage.—This faculty manifests itself by wide nostrils, short neck and eyes set directly in front.

Language.—This faculty is exhibited in many parts of the face, particularly by a large mouth and large, full eyes, opened wide.

Self Esteem.—This fact shows itself in a long or deep upper lip, large self esteem gives one dignity, self-control and perfect independence.

Firmness.—The presence of this faculty, when very large, is indicated by a long, broad chin. Firmness is synonymous with willfulness, perseverance and stability.

Perception of Character.—This is indicated by a low, high nose at the lower end or tip. This faculty is very useful, if not indispensable, to a judge in the exercise of the functions of his office.

Power of Observation.—The situation of this faculty is in the face just above the top of the nose, filling out the forehead to a level with the parts on each side of the nose. It is a faculty very useful, if not indispensable to judge in the functions of his office.

Conscientiousness.—This is shown in the face by a square jaw, a bony chin, prominent cheek bones, and a general squareness of the features of the entire face. To be conscientious means that one has a sense of justice, honesty of purpose, rectitude of character and moral courage.—Fittsburg Dispatch.

How Men Die.

If we know all the methods of approach adopted by an enemy we are the better enabled to ward off the danger and postpone the moment when surrender becomes inevitable. In many instances the inherent strength of the body suffices to enable it to oppose the tendency toward death. Many however have lost these forces to such an extent that there is little or no help. In other cases a little aid to the weakened lungs will make all the difference between sudden death and many years of useful life. Upon the first symptoms of a Cough, Cold or any trouble of the Throat or Lungs, give that old and well known remedy—Boschee's German Syrup, a careful trial. It will prove what thousands say of it to be: "a benefactor of any home."

Subscribe for THE NEW ERA, only one dollar a year, in advance.

NEWS NOTES.

A lake tug exploded near Milwaukee, fatally injuring four of the crew.

A coal pit explosion in France resulted in the killing of eighty miners.

Hon. Michael Henry Herbert has been appointed Charge de Affaires at Washington, vice Lord Sackville West.

An explosion of gas at the Cook's Run mines, near Renova, Pa., caused a loss of sixteen lives.

Mr. Fifer, the Republican candidate for Governor of Illinois, is seriously ill at his residence in Bloomington.

A mysterious civil engineer is reported as being engaged upon a survey of the St. Clair Flats Canal.

The discovery of coal oil in Rockingham, Co., Va., has created great excitement.

An explosion in a Pennsylvania mine, Saturday night, resulted in the killing of about twenty men.

A steamer was sunk in collision with a barque off Cowes, and twenty-two persons were drowned.

The steel cruiser Boston has been ordered to Hayti, and the order sending the Kearsage has been revoked.

The explosion of a threshing machine boiler in Pennsylvania killed five men and seriously injured four or five others.

The Clark O. N. T. spool cotton works at Newark, N. J., are now running on half time, under orders of the spool cotton trust.

A watch made entirely by girls, was presented to Mrs. Cleveland by the working girls of a Philadelphia factory.

A Boston real estate agent is missing with a large amount of money, and a bank president in the same city has made an assignment.

The powder mills at Gamba, Maine, were blown to atoms Monday morning. There were only two men in the mills at the time, both of whom were killed.

Gen. Badeau has received \$10,000 from the heirs of Gen. Grant and has relinquished his claim as joint owner of Grant's memoirs.

There was a very destructive cyclone in Iowa Thursday night; many buildings were demolished, and many others were greatly damaged.

A bold train robbery is reported from a point fifty miles from New Orleans, on the New Orleans & North-eastern Railway; between \$40,000 and \$50,000 were taken from the express safe.

In the Cathedral, in Baltimore, on Sunday, Rev. John S. Foley was consecrated as Bishop of Detroit. The ceremony, which was very impressive, was performed by Cardinal Gibbons.

Stanley has been heard from up to November, 1887. He had been ill, but was then well. Many of his men had died from fever. He was moving in the direction of Wadela, which he expected to reach about the middle of January.

In order to guard against treachery to the Democratic national and state tickets Tammany Hall and the County Democracy entered into an agreement with Colonel Brice and Chairman Murtha to promptly suppress trading wherever it may be detected.

About one hundred and fifty delegates of Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, lately in session in Richmond, called upon the President Saturday. The hope was expressed by the visitors that President Cleveland would be in the White House in November next.

Three negroes in a suburb of St. Louis, Monday, made a dastardly attempt at criminal assault on two young ladies. Two of the villains were arrested, and the father of the girls made a desperate attempt to kill them. The people are greatly excited, and an early lynching is probable.

While Mrs. Stuisanska, of Abbeville, S. C., was crossing a bridge near Abbeville in a buggy with her son, the horse began to back off the bridge and the buggy came apart. Mrs. Stuisanska was thrown off the bridge, and falling twelve feet, struck her head upon a plank and was instantly killed. Her son was slightly hurt.

On last Easter Sunday the wife of Joseph Berkheimer, of Osterburg, Pa., boiled a number of eggs in water colored with a