

The Smithfield Herald.

F. T. BOOKER, PROPRIETOR.
One Dollar & Fifty Cents per year.

Entered in the Post Office at Smithfield at Second Class matter

SATURDAY, APRIL 23, 1887.

EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

THE Atlanta Constitution says Mr. Cleveland is to be the next President, if he lives.

THE Indians are becoming civilized very rapidly. Recently a son of the forest swindled a real estate agent out of \$8,600 by the process known as the gold-brick game.

CONGRESSMAN SPRINGER agrees with Ex-Governor Palmer that there is no doubt that Cleveland will be for the second time the Democratic nominee. There is absolute unanimity in this opinion among the Democracy of the Northwest.

THE Raleigh News-Observer urges that the Raleigh Board of Trade send representatives to appear before the Inter-State Commission when it meets at Atlanta to speak for Raleigh, and to state what the interests of Raleigh are in the matter.

THE independent press is beginning to realize the demoralizing and dangerous nature of John Sherman's plan of reducing the surplus by spending it lavishly in all manner of local undertakings. The policy of overriding the Constitution and sneering at those who regard it will never be endorsed by the voters of the United States.

THE New Haven News says the Democratic party, in short, is in a situation where it can recruit itself very strongly from elements which, up to the nomination of Mr. Blaine, the Republicans always claimed as their own. At a time when voting independence is active, the party has a rare chance to incorporate with itself a body of voters not only respectable in numbers, but high in standing, broad in moral influence and always willing and eager to put the shoulder to the wheel when a civic reform is at stake.

CARLISLE ON DEMOCRACY.

At a reception to John G. Carlisle, given by the Kentucky Democratic Club in Covington, on the 18th inst., Mr. Carlisle made a short speech, from which the following extract is taken: "I want to say to all Democrats that we would be unworthy of our name if we allowed any number of reverses to dishearten us. The growth of the Democratic Party in the last 25 years has been wonderful. At the close of the war we were entirely out of power, we had no offices or patronage, and were practically ostracized from a share in the affairs of the Government. The Democracy had a political faith founded on the principle of Jefferson, and they fought for it gallantly without hope of reward. There has never been a time since 1876 when the majority of the people were not in favor of the principles of the Democratic party. I want to impress upon the necessity of standing to your principles in any emergency, and at all elections, no matter how small and unimportant they may seem to be. No party can be successful in any country unless it has principles upon which it will stake its existence before the people. This country is full of vagaries on the powers of Government. Some want it to become a great eleemosynary institution for the care of everybody; some want it to purchase the railroads and telegraph lines; some want it to interfere with the people's private business; some want it to loan money to indigent people. It is impossible to enumerate the schemes to rob the tax-payers for the benefit of somebody else. We must overcome the Socialistic theories abroad in the land. We must stand everywhere for the protection of both capital and labor. We must stand everywhere for the rights of men to do business with their own money in their own way. If the Democratic party does not do this it might as well cease to exist."

SHALL WE USE ALASKA AS A PENAL COLONY?

The Herald's suggestions concerning the convict labor system of the United States have received marked attention by the press in all parts of the country.

What shall we do with our prison population? This question is asked by every one, but as yet it is without a satisfactory answer. It is one of the most puzzling problems of the day—almost as difficult as squaring the circle. It is the nightmare of the publicist and the despair of philanthropy.

First, let us take a look at the army of convicts. It is true they have largely forfeited their right to our consideration by criminal deeds which have made it necessary for society to pen them up within narrow quarters. They are, however, the involuntary wards of the State, and the State should see to it that when their terms expire they shall be none the worse morally for their confinement, but if possible, better. That is the object aimed at though, perhaps, it is seldom attained. A thousand herded criminals are not easily reached or affected by reformatory influences when mixed with the stern severity of prison discipline.

They ought to be made to work in some way, both for their own sakes and because they can thereby cover the expense incurred by the State. It is an ascertained fact, which we should not ignore, that prolonged idleness produces physical and mental deterioration of the most alarming character. Why not? Their thoughts afford them only the most wretched companionship. The review of their past lives naturally drives them frantic, and they literally beg for something, anything, to do. Their work, however, should not be such as to bring them into competition with the sturdy laboring class. That is the crux of the problem.

Next, let us look at our wage earners. Right here we stumble against a serious factor in the puzzle, and one that has heretofore taxed the invention of our philanthropists in vain. The laborer says with emphasis and force that a man who is confined for a heinous crime ought not to be allowed to interfere with his, an honest man's opportunity to make a living. He is certainly right in that matter. He complains very justly that the manufacture of any given article, such as a stove or a brush, by prisoners whose time and skill until recently have been purchased at about sixty cents a day, reduces his own wages and does him thereby a manifest injustice. The workmen of New York have been thinking about this subject very seriously, and they ask why the criminal class should be permitted to reduce the daily earnings of honest craftsmen. They demand, therefore, that some plan shall be devised by which this evil may be abated. Rich men do not suffer in consequence of a prison population, sixteen thousand strong in this State, engaged in manufacturing goods for the markets, but poor men do suffer, because the competition crowds down the rate of wages. They cannot live on prison fare. They have rent to pay, coal to buy and children to clothe, and if they find fault with the present order of things the whole community will admit the justice of their criticism.

What then ought to be done? Something, very clearly, and that right off. It is a kind of Gordian knot, and if it cannot be untied, why, it must be cut, that's all. The workmen are to be considered first and their rights protected at all hazards. They must not be allowed to suffer because we happen to be in a quandary about these prisoners.

The Herald has suggested a penal colony in Alaska. It is a well known fact that transportation to Australia was an advantage in every way. It was a good thing for England and a good thing for the prisoners. They worked in the open air, built roads, cleaned away forests and got the country ready for the settlers who have made it one of the commercial centres of the globe. Besides, the criminals were removed from the scene of their former lives and from many temptations. In not a few cases they turned over a new leaf and on the expiration of their terms became landed proprietors, in some cases wealthy and upright citizens. Australia was a perfect govt. to scores on scores who would have ended on the scaffold if they had remained in England.

Why may not Alaska be used for the same purpose? It is remote, its climate is not rigorous, it is a virgin territory. It may be opened up and developed by

prisoners with long terms, who can clear away the forests, lay out roads and get it ready for the population which is sure to flow into it by and by. The men who begin by working under duress, as in Australia, may some time become farmers with a new life before them. And more than that, the competition of their labor with that of our sturdy wage earners will cease. It may be a good thing for the criminals and it will certainly be a good thing for the working men throughout the country.

This is a matter decidedly worth thinking about.—N. Y. Herald.

CUTTING AFFRAY.

On Wednesday morning at Wilson's Mills Mr. W. I. Cotheran, a white man, employed by Mr. Wilson as overseer on his tobacco farm was cut quite badly on the face and neck by a negro boy. The wound is an ugly one but we are glad to learn that it is not necessarily a serious one. The negro boy made good his escape.

LATE NEWS NOTES.

The cotton crop in sight is 6,196,199 bales.

The business portion of Crescent City, Fla., has been destroyed by fire.

Six bodies have been found at Rondout floating in the Hudson River.

MR. ALEXANDER R. LAWTON, of Georgia, has been appointed Minister to Austria.

STEAMER TASMANIA, from Bombay for Marseilles, was wrecked south of Corsica.

INCENDIARY fires in the N. Y. Zeitung building caused damage amounting to \$16,000.

The business portion of North Middletown, Ky., was almost totally burned on the 18th.

THREE keepers in a Buffalo insane asylum are under arrest for murdering a patient.

THE Pope has decided the question of the Knights of Labor in favor of that organization.

MAJ. BLAINE, brother of Jas. G. Blaine, is lying at the point of death at Hot Springs, Ark.

AN attempt to float fraudulent Virginia State bonds in several Northern cities has been exposed.

JIM BATES, a notorious desperado, was killed by the officers in pursuit of him in the Chichowie Mountains, Tenn.

TWO young women were burned to death in a house in Smith county, Va.; three other persons were so badly injured they cannot survive.

MR. BLAINE may come South, but he has not the nerve to bring that Augusta speech of his along and read it after he gets into Dixie's land.

THERE is reported a combination of the freight hands on the Pan Handle Railroad to compel their vindication against suspicions of thievery.

SUIT is brought for half a million dollars against the estate of the late ex-Senator Knowles, of Warren, Mass., in behalf of the heirs of a former partner.

OFFICER STONE, of Augusta, Ga., who arrested F. A. Blackwood in South Carolina and carried him into Georgia, has been indicted by an Aiken City Grand Jury for kidnaping.

GEN. NATHANIEL GREENE, the greatest soldier of the Revolution after Washington, is to have a monument at the Federal Capital after the elapse of a hundred years. He died in 1784, and was born in Rhode Island.

ABOUT 3,000 carpenters are returned to work at Chicago on the basis of eight hours and thirty-five cents an hour. All employers appear to be willing to engage men on these terms, provided the men applying are skilled workmen.

CONGRESSMAN "SUNSET" COX, of New York, supporting himself with a cane and a trifle weak yet as the result of his recent illness, is again a familiar figure on the streets of Washington. Mr. Cox will remain at the national capital until some time in May. He will then return to New York and probably spend the summer at his country seat in Sullivan county. Meanwhile Mr. Cox will not be idle. He is now engaged in writing a new book to be called the "Divisions of a Diplomat." It will embody the result of Mr. Cox's observation and study while the American representative at the Ottoman court. It will be ready for the press early in the coming summer.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HON. JEFF. DAVIS,
Ex-President of the Confederate States,
—ANT—
Gen. Joseph E. Johnson
WILL BE AT
Smithfield May 10th,
—BUT—
MASSENGILL & LEE'S
NEW STOCK OF
GROCERIES
HAS ALREADY ARRIVED.

WHEN you want a good No. 1 barrel of Flour go to Massengill & Lee, and call for 2 Johns. Every barrel warranted.

THE Finest Chewing Tobacco in Smithfield is the F. F. E.—Frank's Finest Flavor. Try it and be convinced. For sale by MASSENGILL & LEE.

KEROSENE and "Red Oil" always in stock, at MASSENGILL & LEE.

CORN, CORN CORN, AND MEAL, MEAL, MEAL, at MASSENGILL & LEE.

BESIDES everything else usually kept in a Grocery Store, from a car-load of Meat down to a Clay Pipe. Call and examine goods and prices before you buy elsewhere. Respectfully,
Massengill & Lee.

OPIUM and Whiskey Hab. Rescued at home with out pain. Book of particulars sent FREE. B. M. WOOLLEY, M.D., Atlanta, Ga. Office 62 1/2 Whitehall St.

Head Quarters —FOR—
Ward Plows —AND—
CASTINGS,

STONEWALL & CLIPPER Plows
STOVES AND TINWARE,
CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE,
Shovels, Forks and Hoes.

Sash and Doors,
Paints and Oils,
Locks, Hinges, Nails and Iron,
—AND—
All Kinds of

HARD WARE
Low for Cash at
E. J. & J. S. HOI J
Smithfield, N. C.

STOP AT THE
COMMERCIAL HOUSE,
NEAR THE DEPOT,
A. B. GODWIN, Prop'r.
Dunn, N. C.

THE ARLINGTON HOTEL,
GOLDSBORO, N. C.

This House, one of the finest in the State, is ELEGANTLY
FURNISHED,
And conveniently situated. Its tables are furnished with the best market afford, and its servants are always polite and accommodating. We spare no pains to make the

New Arlington
a home-like place for its guest.
L. A. DODD, Proprietor.

ANOTHER CALL!
I have a
Fresh Flour
HAXALL MEAL
In Nice White Sacks,
MEAT, COFFEE, SUGAR

Salt, Tobacco, Snuff,
Also Ship Stuff, Bran, Hay and Oats for Sale.

STAPLE DRY GOODS
SHOES & HATS
Always in Stock.

I handle
SOLUBLE PACIFIC,
AND
Compound Guano,
Dissolved Bone Phosphate,
N. C. LIME PHOSPHATE AND KAINIT.
ALSO PLOWS AND CASTINGS.

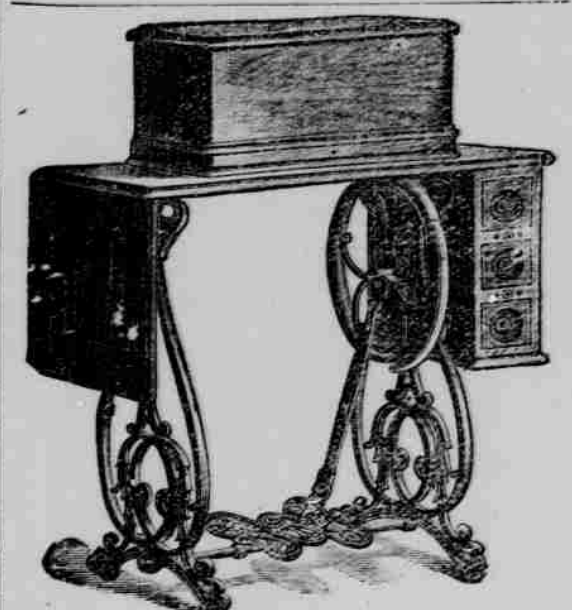
The only house in Smithfield where you can buy anything and everything.
Respectfully,
Wm. M. Sanders,
Opposite Fisher's Store.

EDWARD W. POU JR.
—(o)—
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
SMITHFIELD, N. C.

Practices in any court. Special attention paid to the settlement of estates and the collection of claims.
MEXICAN PENSION CLAIMS TAKEN.
OFFICE IN COURT HOUSE.

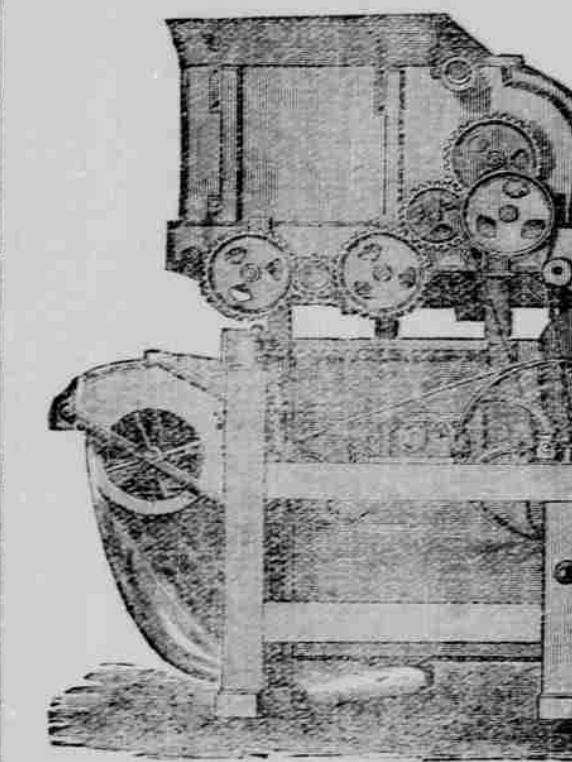
NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.
By virtue of an execution in my hands for collection in favor of Adrian & Vollers against Henry Holt, I shall sell at public auction for cash at the Court House door, in the town of Smithfield, on Monday, 23d of May, 1887, all the interest of the said Henry Holt in excess of his homestead in a certain tract or parcel of land in Boon Hill Township, Johnston county, containing 280 acres, the said excess being about 250 acres, in possession of a levy made by me on said excess 20th day of February, 1887, and to satisfy said execution and costs. This 26th February, 1887.
D. W. FULLER, Sheriff.
Ed. W. POU, Jr., Attorney.



Automatic Sewing Machines
will positively supersede shuttle machines FOR FAMILY USE. No family wants a shuttle machine after trying an Automatic.
Send for Circular. **AGENTS WANTED.**
Address 72 West 23rd St, NEW YORK, N. Y.

WANTED to buy a good outfit. Apply to BLAKE BROS., 14-16-18 N. C.



JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT
FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL USE.
PARSONS' MAKE HENS LAY PILLS
FOR MAKE HENS LAY PILLS.
These pills were a wonderful discovery. No other like them in the world. Will positively cure every ailment of the female system. No matter how long it has existed, it will give you relief. First out about 1870, and now it is the best remedy for all ailments of the female system. Sold everywhere, except by mail for 10c in stamps. In 10c 50c 1.00 2.00 3.00 4.00 5.00 6.00 7.00 8.00 9.00 10.00 11.00 12.00 13.00 14.00 15.00 16.00 17.00 18.00 19.00 20.00 21.00 22.00 23.00 24.00 25.00 26.00 27.00 28.00 29.00 30.00 31.00 32.00 33.00 34.00 35.00 36.00 37.00 38.00 39.00 40.00 41.00 42.00 43.00 44.00 45.00 46.00 47.00 48.00 49.00 50.00 51.00 52.00 53.00 54.00 55.00 56.00 57.00 58.00 59.00 60.00 61.00 62.00 63.00 64.00 65.00 66.00 67.00 68.00 69.00 70.00 71.00 72.00 73.00 74.00 75.00 76.00 77.00 78.00 79.00 80.00 81.00 82.00 83.00 84.00 85.00 86.00 87.00 88.00 89.00 90.00 91.00 92.00 93.00 94.00 95.00 96.00 97.00 98.00 99.00 100.00

Sheet Music A Specialty.
PIANOS. ORGANS.
Krauch & Bach. KIMBALL.
Behr Bros. New England,
CHICKERING. MILLER,
Emerson, Whitney,
HALLETT & DAVIS. BRIDGEPORT.

SHEET MUSIC;
ALL THE NEW POPULAR AIRS IN STOCK.
Novelties Received Weekly.
TEACHERS ARE OFFERED SPECIAL INCENTIVES.

Sewing Machine Needles.
There are many qualities of Needles; the Best are Cheapest. Singer Needles 25 cents per dozen. All others 5 cents each, 50 cents per dozen. I can furnish ANY PAIR of any make SEWING MACHINE. Orders by mail will receive careful attention. Remittances can be made in postage.
I am asking for business that will save buyers money.

Let the Goods Talk.
J. L. STONE,
Raleigh, N. C.
Machine Needles of Every Style

IF YOU WANT TO SAVE MONEY
Buy Your Drugs, Patent Medicines, Paints, Oil, School Books, Fancy Goods, Cigars, Tobacco, Snuff, Confectioneries, Lamps, and in fact everything in our line, from
B. R. HOOD,
Third Street,
Smithfield, N. C.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

JOHNSTON HIGH SCHOOL,
WILSON MILLS, N. C.
R. L. HOLLOWELL, Principal
Both sexes admitted. Students prepared for any college, or for business.
Thoroughness in every department. Special advantage in Languages. All who will give me an opportunity will be delivered in July on English, Latin, Greek, and French. Regular lectures given by the principal. School building in good condition. Good board with private families \$7.00 per month. Tuition \$1.50 to \$2.00 for all English branches. Languages extra.
Next term begins Jan. 3rd, 1887. For further particulars address
R. L. HOLLOWELL, Prin.,
Wilson Mills, N. C.

GLENWOOD HIGH SCHOOL,
GLENWOOD, Johnston Co., N. C.
D. L. ELLIS, Principal.
Miss W. A. CARVER, Teacher of Music.
Unsurpassed advantages in both departments.
SPECIAL FEATURES—A Library of Choice Books; Pedagogical Lectures for young teachers; Monthly Lectures on Current Topics; A Museum of Minerals and Curiosities.
EXPENSES:
Academic, \$1.50 to \$2.00 per month. Music and use of instruments, \$5 per mo. Correspondence invited.
Address, H. N. B'ZZELL,
See Trustees,
Or the Principal, Glenwood, N. C.
Fish, Fish, just received at Blake Bros.
If you wish to get the highest cash prices for Hams, chickens and eggs, see Blake Bros. before you sell.

THE EXCELSIOR COTTON GIN FEEDERS AND CONDENSERS
Guaranteed to be Equal to the Best. Picks the Seed Clean, Gins Fast and Makes a Fine Staple.
The Circular Roll Bar is Patented, and no other manufacturer can use it. Send for Circular. No trouble to communicate with parties wanting these machines. Old Gins Repaired at short notice and cheap.
Massey Cotton Gin Works,
MACON, Ga.

PATENTS.
M. ALEXANDER,
(Successor of the old firm of Alexander & Co., Wash. D. C.)
Patent Solicitor and Atty.
26 Years in Patent Practice.
Have secured more than Fifty Patent State Inventions and several Foreign. No. 219 Street, Washington, D. C.

D. LANCELL'S ASTHMA AND CATARRH REMEDY.
\$1
18 WEEKS
THE POLICE GAZETTE has been cited, severely reprimanded, and is in the United States for having published a notice of ONE DOLLAR.
Life risk discount allowed to promoters, agents and clubs. Tangi's Dispensary, N. Y.
Address all orders to:
RICHARD FOX,
FRANKLIN SQUARE, N. Y.

James H. Pou,
Attorney-at-Law,
SMITHFIELD, JOHNSTON COUNTY, N. C.
Will attend the Federal Court at Raleigh and the Courts of Johnston, Sampson and Harnett counties.
Collections made in these counties by my Law Office at Cash Rates, or by my Agents.

S. R. and J. A. MORGAN,
Carriage Manufacturers
—AND—
UNDERTAKER
VEHICLES at Rock Bottom Prices.
Deal in all kinds of new and second hand Buggies and Wagons, Harness, Saddles, Trunks, etc. Left in store, very low for sale. Collins and Davis, Carriage Builders in our office.
Consult your interest, and give them a call and examine these fine goods, you will not be disappointed. Satisfaction guaranteed.

STOP AT THE CUMBERLAND HOUSE,
Near the Depot,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
D. H. BELL, Proprietor.
This is the largest house in the city, is situated in a beautiful grove, has every modern convenience and is in the business part of the town. Polite attention and good food.

W. POLK,
POU & MASSEY,
Attorneys-at-Law and Real Estate Agents,
SMITHFIELD, N. C.
If you wish to buy land or build land, let us help you. We can negotiate loans, for land or other terms on real estate in Johnston county. Persons wishing to build houses, or other money on mortgage of land, may find their interest to call on us.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO THE FARMERS
OF
Johnston, Wake, Wayne and
HARNETT COUNTIES.
I am now prepared to fill all orders for improved
Cane Mills and
Evaporators.

That gave such universal satisfaction last season. Makes the finest sugar ever made. All who will give me an opportunity will be delivered in July on sugar, and be presented with a premium of 100 lbs. of sugar for every package of the finest sugar.

CANESEED,
To distribute among neighbors. Will sell cheap terms, and at lower prices than any other sold in the State that can be made. Every one warranted to be a first quality, and know it to be so.

COTTON SEED CRUSHER
Is perfect, the best ever made. Will crush seed into oil and meal, and will give you 100 lbs. of oil for every bushel of seed. I have you one during the good season, and know it to be so.

PERFECT,
Warranted to be made in my mill. Will crush seed into oil and meal, and will give you 100 lbs. of oil for every bushel of seed. I have you one during the good season, and know it to be so.

FINE HOMINY
For stock feed. Buy one trial year, and you will make your own feed. It is selected from the above process, and will deliver at market price. Address:
R. L. LASSITER,
SPLOSA, N. C.

PATENTS.
M. ALEXANDER,
(Successor of the old firm of Alexander & Co., Wash. D. C.)
Patent Solicitor and Atty.
26 Years in Patent Practice.

D. LANCELL'S ASTHMA AND CATARRH REMEDY.
\$1
18 WEEKS
THE POLICE GAZETTE has been cited, severely reprimanded, and is in the United States for having published a notice of ONE DOLLAR.

D. LANCELL'S ASTHMA AND CATARRH REMEDY.
\$1
18 WEEKS
THE POLICE GAZETTE has been cited, severely reprimanded, and is in the United States for having published a notice of ONE DOLLAR.

D. LANCELL'S ASTHMA AND CATARRH REMEDY.
\$1
18 WEEKS
THE POLICE GAZETTE has been cited, severely reprimanded, and is in the United States for having published a notice of ONE DOLLAR.

D. LANCELL'S ASTHMA AND CATARRH REMEDY.
\$1
18 WEEKS
THE POLICE GAZETTE has been cited, severely reprimanded, and is in the United States for having published a notice of ONE DOLLAR.

D. LANCELL'S ASTHMA AND CATARRH REMEDY.
\$1
18 WEEKS
THE POLICE GAZETTE has been cited, severely reprimanded, and is in the United States for having published a notice of ONE DOLLAR.

D. LANCELL'S ASTHMA AND CATARRH REMEDY.
\$1
18 WEEKS
THE POLICE GAZETTE has been cited, severely reprimanded, and is in the United States for having published a notice of ONE DOLLAR.

D. LANCELL'S ASTHMA AND CATARRH REMEDY.
\$1
18 WEEKS
THE POLICE GAZETTE has been cited, severely reprimanded, and is in the United States for having published a notice of ONE DOLLAR.

D. LANCELL'S ASTHMA AND CATARRH REMEDY.
\$1
18 WEEKS
THE POLICE GAZETTE has been cited, severely reprimanded, and is in the United States for having published a notice of ONE DOLLAR.

D. LANCELL'S ASTHMA AND CATARRH REMEDY.
\$1
18 WEEKS
THE POLICE GAZETTE has been cited, severely reprimanded, and is in the United States for having published a notice of ONE DOLLAR.

D. LANCELL'S ASTHMA AND CATARRH REMEDY.
\$1
18 WEEKS
THE POLICE GAZETTE has been cited, severely reprimanded, and is in the United States for having published a notice of ONE DOLLAR.

D. LANCELL'S ASTHMA AND CATARRH REMEDY.
\$1
18 WEEKS
THE POLICE GAZETTE has been cited, severely reprimanded, and is in the United States for having published a notice of ONE DOLLAR.

D. LANCELL'S ASTHMA AND CATARRH REMEDY.
\$1
18 WEEKS
THE POLICE GAZETTE has been cited, severely reprimanded, and is in the United States for having published a notice of ONE DOLLAR.