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## REPUBLICANS WANT A SHOWDOWN BY CANDIDATES

Ball Started Rolling by Senator Borah Of Iowa—He Writes Lowden to Find Where He Stands—Similar Letters Sent Other Presidential Prospects—Foreign Interests Work—“Will You Maintain Foreign Policy of United States or Abandon It?” Borah Asks.

Washington, Jan. 1.—Intention of republican senators opposed to the league of nations to request all republican presidential candidates to place themselves on record as to the issues involved in the league was disclosed tonight by Senator Borah, republican, Idaho, who made public a letter addressed to Governor Lowden of Illinois, an aspirant for the republican nomination.

Governor Lowden was asked to say whether he favored “any policy, alliance, league of partnership” \* \* \* to “abandon our traditional foreign policy and enter into understandings and combinations which would embroil us in all European conflicts and turmoil.”

“Those for whom I speak,” Senator Borah said, “have no intention of confining these and similar questions to yourself.”

Senator Borah charged in his letter that powerful European and American interests were co-operating to draw the United States into European affairs, through the league of nations if possible and if not “by secret and tacit agreements.” Declaring that the questions and policies involved must come before the next administration, regardless of America's entrance into the league. The Idaho senator said the personal views of presidential candidates should be stated.

“For nearly a hundred and fifty years,” said the senator's letter, “we have in this country, regardless of parties adhered to a distinct foreign policy—no entangling alliances or partnerships with foreign powers and no interference by foreign powers in American affairs. If you should be nominated and elected President would you exert your influence and the influence of your administration to maintain this foreign policy or would you consent in any way to its abandonment or its substantial modification? Do you believe, in other words, that the time has come when we should abandon the policy of no entangling alliances, no partnerships with European powers?”

“I ask these questions because, regardless of what may or may not be in the platform, the next administration will have to meet this issue in different ways.” \* \* \* “Powerful forces in this country co-operating with equally powerful and persistent forces in Europe, are determined to draw the United States into association and partnership with European powers, to embroil us in all European turmoil and conflicts to utilize our young men in policing the territories and fighting the racial and dynastic battles of the old world and placing upon our taxpayers the burden of the financial and economic life of both Europe and Asia, and these forces will continue their efforts to bring about these things after the election. If they cannot do it in one way they will do it in another. If they cannot succeed by open agreement they will endeavor to succeed by secret or tacit agreements. We, many of us, feel, therefore, that we would like to know what your views are upon this problem and what it will be your purpose to do should you be honored by an election as President.”

Senator Borah said American operations in Russia were in violation of the constitution and against the wishes of the American people, but in made in Versailles.

“This is but an intimation,” Mr. Borah continued, “of what is to happen should we conclude to abandon our traditional foreign policy and enter into understandings and combinations which would embroil us in all European conflicts and turmoil. Our young men would be asked to sacrifice their lives in such secret and unconscionable affairs as this in Russia. And Mr. Taft, as I understand from his public statement, is in favor, if necessary, of conscripting our young men for that kind of service.

## Change in Preaching Appointments.

Rev. S. F. Hudson will preach at Pauline Baptist church in Bentonville township the second Sunday morning in January at 11 o'clock. The appointment for Benson Grove church has been changed from the second Sunday afternoon to the second Sunday morning at 11 o'clock. Rev. J. R. Everett will fill the appointment there next Sunday. He will preach at Pleasant Grove church in the afternoon at 3 o'clock.

## GOODS ON 2,616 OF REDS SEIZED

“Perfect Cases” Found Against Half Of Aliens Caught—Reports Are Incomplete—From Coast to Coast Dragnet Of Federal Agents Closes On Radicals and Literature.

Washington, Jan. 3.—“Perfect cases” against 2,616 of the more than 4,500 persons arrested last night and today in radical raids over the country had been reported to the department of justice this afternoon, Assistant Attorney General Garvan announced.

The reports, Mr. Garvan said, deal mainly with the arrest of aliens and are far from complete. By cities they show:

New York, 201 “perfect cases,” voluminous amount of literature, records and books of the organization were seized.

Newark, 300 “perfect cases,” and high officials, including the state organizer for the communist party, were taken. Implements of destruction also were captured.

Detroit, more than 600 persons arrested, 207 of whom have been examined without release of any.

“House of Masses,” believed to be the headquarters of all radical elements in that city, was raided and vast quantities of propaganda material taken. The editorial board of The Glos Bobotnichy, including Wincenty Dmowski, was arrested. This paper is the alleged organ of the Polish communists and Dmowski is an Austrian Pole. His assistant also was arrested.

Hartford, 12 persons arrested and the charter and literature of the local communist party were seized. Twelve arrests were also made at Bridgeport, five at Waterbury and five at Ansonia.

San Francisco, 28 persons, including 11 Germans, eight Russians, one Norwegian, one Italian and one Chinese arrested.

Kansas City, among the 40 arrests reported was Meyer Loonin of New York, described at the national secretary of the Jewish branch of the communist party. Those taken were mostly Russians and Croatians.

Toledo, 13 arrests and records of great value to the federal agents taken.

St. Paul, 30 arrests. Failure to gather in more radicals was blamed to publicity given local raids on the night previous.

Cleveland, nearly 100 arrests reported. Examination of the prisoners has resulted in the release of few.

Youngstown, more than 100 “perfect cases” resulted from the raids. All membership books and records of the local parties seized.

Buffalo, 73 persons were held without bail and others are still being examined.

Chicago, approximately 300 held by federal agents.

Baltimore, 24 persons arrested and several tons of literature and the membership roll of the Lettish branch of the communist party seized.

Boston, heading the list of 600 arrests was the name of Koralius, national communist party organizer. Brockton, 100 persons arrested, practically all of them Lithuanians. Their local society officers were raided and its charter and dues record taken.

Philadelphia, arrests totaling 125, of which the local authorities reported more than 100 were “perfect cases.”

Trenton and Camden, N. J., every known leader of the communist and communish-labor organization in these districts included in the 116 arrests.

St. Louis, most of the 55 arrests were Croatians who were found in the coal fields in Illinois and the foreign quarter of St. Louis.

The arrests in New Hampshire were estimated at more than 200, but details had not reached the department.

Pittsburgh agents reported the arrest of 24 and at Denver six men were in custody.

## Girl Is Fatally Burned.

Fayetteville, Jan. 3.—Sallie Hodges, four year old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John M. Hodges, of this city, was fatally burned as a result of playing with matches at noon today, her death occurring four hours later.

The upper portion of the child's clothing caught from the lighted match. Her arms and face were severely burned and internal injuries were suffered.

This was the second accident of the kind which occurred here today. The other happened three hours earlier when Charles E. Berryhill, government printer at Camp Bragg, was badly burned about the body by an explosion which occurred when he lighted a fire after pouring gasoline in the stove. He will recover.

The costliest watch in the world is a jeweled timepiece in the possession of the Pope, which is estimated to be worth \$30,000.

## SEIZE RADICALS IN CHICAGO; PALMER'S REQUEST IGNORED

State Authorities Arrest 200 After Attorney General Asks Them To Desist.—Federal Official Pursuing Pussycat Policy, Prosecuting Officer Charges.

Chicago, Jan. 1.—Raids resulting in the arrest of 200 or more Industrial Workers of the World, communists and other radicals were carried out today under direction of State's Attorney Maclay Hoyne, who tonight in a statement attacked Attorney General Palmer for the failure of department of justice agents to co-operate. Agents of the military intelligence branch of the central department of the army aided the county prosecutor.

Mr. Hoyne said the raids had been timed for 4 o'clock New Year's day. He said he recently had gone to Washington to confer with government officials. At noon today after receipt of a personal letter from Attorney General Palmer asking him not to proceed with the plan, department of justice agents withdrew, Mr. Hoyne declared.

“Apparently Attorney General Palmer, or some of his friends, are and are pursuing a pussycat policy,” playing politics with the situation, asserted the state's attorney. “Expressing my opinion as a citizen and democrat, I do not believe Nero or any other fiddler can be elected president of the United States.”

Edward G. Brannan, chief of the bureau of investigation of the department of justice, refused to comment on the absence of his men from the raids.

The prosecutor asserted that daily in Chicago members of radical organizations addressed meetings and urged their hearers to “await the one big day,” and that their purpose was nothing less than the overthrow of the government. Mr. Hoyne declared that the I. W. W., the communist party and the communist labor party members and anarchists and syndicalists were distributing tons of seditious literature. He said today's raids were only the beginning of his drive, which he declared was intended to drive all radicals from Cook county. His investigation, he said, had disclosed that the leading agitators in “this criminal conspiracy centered their activities in Chicago, New York, Boston, Cleveland, Detroit and Seattle.”

Mr. Hoyne declared, his men had been armed with 200 search warrants and that in addition a number of warrants charging conspiracy had been issued by Judge Hugo Pam, of the criminal court. Four men were arrested on the latter warrants today. Among them was George Andreytchine, an I. W. W., released on bond some time ago from Leavenworth prison, pending action on the appeal of 92 I. W. W. convicted of the violation of the espionage law.

Anne Grovasky, 34 years old, was the only woman arrested. She and 27 men were taken from I. W. W. headquarters. James Crowley, secretary of the I. W. W. was arrested.

Paper Consumption Near Record.

Washington, Jan. 1.—Consumption of newspaper paper during the last three months reached a record-breaking point, along with prices, the federal trade commission reported in a summary today. The average cost of newspaper at mills at the beginning of December was \$3.90 a hundred, the commissioner reported, as against \$3.75 a year ago. In 1916 the price was \$1.88, the lowest in several years.

High prices failed to cut down consumption, however, and the commission estimated that in 1919 14 per cent more newspaper was used than in 1918. During the fourth quarter of 1919, particularly, newspaper consumption was running up, and the commission said that the increase then over the similar period in 1918 would be between 25 and 30 per cent.

December figures have not yet been tabulated. In November, 1919, the 727 publishers reporting to the commission used 161,602 tons of newspaper, compared with 123,874 tons in November, 1918.

## HOLLY SPRINGS NEWS.

Christmas was very quiet in this section.

Mr. and Mrs. Vine Edwards and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Alkey Worley broke bread at Turkey with their daughter, Mrs. Ed Oliver, Christmas.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Creech of near Smithfield spent Christmas with Mrs. Creech's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Edwards.

Mr. J. E. Lane and sister, Zilphia, motored over to their sister's, Mrs. Annie Creech, Christmas night.

Mr. Gilbert Holand and family motored through this section Friday.

Mr. J. E. Lane of Rocky Mount was in this section recently visiting his brother, Mr. W. W. Lane.

REX.

## WHY TRANSFER TO WILMINGTON

Both North Carolina Senators and Federal Judge Connor Gave Their Consent—Representative Pou Says He is Powerless.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 2.—Both the North Carolina Senators and Federal Judge Henry G. Connor, according to information Representative Pou obtained at the Department of Justice today, gave consent to the transfer of the United States Marshal's office from Raleigh to Wilmington. Mr. Pou went to see officials of the Department today after receiving telegrams from interested parties in Raleigh protesting against the removal of the office and pointing out that clerks in Marshal Bellamy's office had resigned rather than go to Wilmington.

Chief Clerk Stewart, of the Department, showed Mr. Pou the letters written by the Senators urging that the application of Marshal Bellamy for removal be granted. He also told the Fourth district member that the Department was informed that Judge Connor and District Attorney Warren regarded the change as beneficial to the business of the courts of the eastern district.—R. E. Powell, in News and Observer.

## REPORTS CUBANS “WILD OVER SUGAR”

Winston Groceryman Secures Option On One of the Largest Sugar Mills On Island.

Winston-Salem, Jan. 3.—President E. J. Neal of the Taylor Grocery Company, wholesale, has returned from Cuba, where he went on December 8, to look after the tremendous contract of his firm in conjunction with Gilmer Bros., for Cuban sugar.

He reports an entirely successful trip and while there secured an option on one of the latest and most modern sugar mills in Cuba, with a capacity of 300,000 bags a year, the investment representing several million dollars.

Neal says that the Cuban people are wild about sugar, declaring that they are making money at four cents, but they are able to get 11 and 12 cents for turbinated and raw product, respectively.

The new crop is being ground now. A large part is already sold, much to be delivered to the states. The situation in Cuba is not easy as it would be desired, as about 200,000 tons of the crop has been reserved by the Cuban government's proclamation.—News and Observer.

## We Must Stick to Livestock.

In connection with what we said last week about hog prices, it is well enough to again call attention to the fundamental facts which make livestock raising necessary as a part of any permanent program of good farming. By steadying our minds with these thoughts we shall avoid getting swept off our feet by every temporary change of wind or fortune. Especially shall we avoid repeating the mistake suggested by us last week when we said that “The Southern farmer has always increased his hog-raising when prices were high and discontinued it when prices went down again—in other words, he has bought his breeding stock and gone into the business on a high market and sold and gone out of business on a low market, thus making losses absolutely certain.”

Let the Southern farmer who is just getting started with hogs keep his head level. The prices of livestock, although they have declined, more than almost any other products, are still on a level which will produce profits to the man who raises or keeps livestock on the farm for the true purposes for which livestock should be kept, namely, to consume the by-products or those materials which are not marketable and also to furnish the best market for those crops which must be grown in order to maintain soil fertility.

The real trouble with livestock production in the South, indeed with our whole system of farming, is that we have not yet learned that the cornerstone of good and successful farming in the South is soil improvement. On this cornerstone all other things desirable in farming may be built, but without this firm and essential foundation the whole structure of our agricultural system must go to ruin.—Progressive Farmer.

## For a Rich Diet.

If you feel that you would enjoy a rich diet, chew on the corner of your newspaper. The pulp from which the paper was made has increased in cost 633 per cent, chiefly during the last five years.—St. Paul Pioneer Press.

A process has been invented in Italy for making sidewalk tiles from screenings of old brick pavements.

## RAIDS AGAINST REDS.

Object of Concerted Movement Against Radicals to Secure Deportation—Hundreds of Leaders Placed Under Arrest.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 2.—Launching a concerted and carefully prepared movement against communist and communist labor groups of radicals, agents of the Department of Justice tonight conducted raids in 33 cities, extending from coast to coast.

Raids were conducted in the following cities: New York, Baltimore, Boston, Buffalo, Chicago, Cleveland, Denver, Des Moines, Detroit, Grand Rapids, Hartford, Indianapolis, Jacksonville, Fla., Kansas City, Los Angeles, Louisville, Milwaukee, Newark, Omaha, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Portland (Maine), Portland (Oregon), Providence, San Francisco, Scranton, Spokane, St. Louis, St. Paul, Springfield (Mass.), Syracuse, Toledo and Trenton.

The object of the raids, Assistant Attorney General Garvan said, was to obtain for submission to the Department of Labor cases for deportation of “a very large number of our most dangerous anarchists and radical agitators.” Agents of the department, he added, went out prepared to catch the radicals “with the goods on.”

The general charge of attempting to overthrow the government by force and violence was placed against the persons arrested during the raids.

## GLENDALE NOTES.

Church was held at the Free Will Baptist church Sunday.

On Sunday evening, January 4, 1920, at the home of Mr. P. A. Boyett, Mr. James Atlas Pittman and Miss Mittie Allen were united in the holy bonds of matrimony by Mr. Boyett, J. P. The bride was attired in a beautiful goingaway gown of Alice blue taffeta with accessories to match. The bridal party were as follows: Misses Delia Lewis and Martha Renfrow, Messrs. Ernest Renfrow, Jasper Pittman, Johnnie Pittman, Herman Pittman, Talton Edwards, Jeuston Allen. After the ceremony Miss Alberta Boyett rendered “Everything” at the piano. After many congratulations the happy couple motored to their home at Glendale.

Miss Alberta Boyett of Princeton spent the week with her brother, Mr. Paul Boyett of Kenly.

We regret very much that Miss Margaret Britt was called home by the sudden death of her nephew, Master Jack Bridges of Lumberton.

Miss Etta Godwin has returned to her school at Morrisville after spending the holidays at home.

Miss Violet Wade and Mr. Earl Merritt returned to their home at New Bern Saturday. They were accompanied by Goldsboro by Misses Lela Currin and Ethel Blackstock and Messrs. Ronald Holland and Festus Woodard.

The Glendale High School has just completed an extra room and expects the new teacher this week. Also the school has a new truck which will go on the road Monday morning.

Mr. Ronald Holland has returned to school at Buies Creek.

Misses Ethel Blackstock and Lelia Currin motored Friday night with friends to Selma to the movies.

Mr. Jas. W. Woodard, Mr. L. B. Boyette, went to Wilson Saturday on business.

Miss Elsie Boyett was hostess of a delightful party Saturday evening, given in honor of Miss Violet Wade of New Bern. Delicious refreshments were served and various games enjoyed.

On December the 24th there was a Christmas tree given in the school chapel. A program of music and recitations was rendered, after which the tree was stripped of its many beautiful gifts. A large crowd attended and reported a good time.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Holland have returned to their home after spending the holidays at New Bern.

Prof. J. C. Reid, superintendent of Glendale high school, has returned after spending the holidays at his home at High Rock.

School opened Monday with a full attendance of over two hundred students. So far the work has been the best in the history of the school.

Last Tuesday evening there was a party given at the home of Miss Etta Godwin in honor of Miss Violet Wade of New Bern. Delightful games and refreshments were enjoyed by all.

Misses Lou Nichols, Maggie Parker and Fannie Whitley of Selma, have returned to school at Glendale after spending the holidays at home.

## BROWN EYES.

## A Lesson.

What a lesson the Senate is giving the world in the high cost of dignity.—The Boston Herald.

“How you gettin' on wid youah 'rithmetic, Lou?” “Well, I done learned to add up de oughts, but de figgers bodder me.”—Selected.

## NATIONAL CENSUS BEGAN THURSDAY.

Eighty-five Thousand Enumerators Will Be at Work Two Weeks.—Totals to Be Known in May—Figures Expected to Show Population Of 107,000,000 to 112,000,000—\$22,000,000 for Job.

Washington, Jan. 1.—An army of 85,000 census enumerators will begin promptly at 9 o'clock tomorrow the work of counting the men, women and children of the United States and of collecting certain information about the resources of the country.

The taking of this census, the fourteenth in the history of the nation, is expected to require only about two weeks, but figures showing the total population probably will not be available until the end of April.

The count is expected to show a population of 107,000,000 to 112,000,000, as compared with 93,000,000 in 1910. The estimated population July 1, 1919, was 106,871,294.

The census includes the collection of data on farms, manufactures, forests and oil production, in addition to the enumeration of persons.

This will be the first census taken in the winter. The change was made so the enumeration might be completed before election primaries this summer. For the first time, also, women have been employed as supervisors. The maximum pay is four cents a person, with a special higher rate for farm hands. Congress appropriated \$22,000,000 for this work.

The first census, taken in 1790, in the administration of George Washington, showed a population of 3,000,000.

## MINT IN 1919 MAKES 501,000,000 COINS.

All Records for Money Production Broken in Philadelphia; 130,000,000 Dollars Melted.

In coining 501,000,000 pieces of American money of all varieties, representing five-sevenths of the production of the country, the government mint at Sixteenth and Spring Garden streets, broke all records in the year closing night before last. Besides such production for domestic use, 90,000,000 pieces were manufactured for foreign countries.

Silver dollars numbering 130,000,000 were melted into silver bars during the last year and exported to India, according to Adam Joyce, superintendent of the mint. The British Government sends silver coin to India, he pointed out, because the people there will keep gold in their possession and not use it for trading purposes.

With the exception of the gold McKinley piece manufactured last year on the anniversary of the former President's anniversary, no gold coins have been minted for the last three years in the Philadelphia mint.

Gold and silver amounting to \$500,000,000 is stored at the mint at present. It is kept there for the United States Treasury as security for various issues of paper money. Prior to the war \$700,000,000 was in store at the mint.

Because of the large numbers of cents, nickels, dimes, quarters and halves in circulation at present, there is no reserve supply of these coins in the mint this year. Ordinarily a half million dollars' worth of each denomination is held in reserve.—Philadelphia Ledger.

## Railway Mileage Shows Decrease.

Chicago, Jan. 1.—Statistics compiled by the Railway Age show that the year begins with the development of the railroads of the United States nearer a complete standstill than at any time since the first rail was laid in America.

“In the year 1919,” says the Railway Age, “the total mileage of new lines built in the United States was 686 miles. This is the smallest figure which has ever been recorded by this paper. Furthermore, it does not represent a net increase in mileage. During the year 689 miles of main line railway were abandoned for operations. Prior to the year 1915 the mileage of the country was steadily increasing, although the rate at which it was increasing had been diminishing for some years, and especially since 1910.

The available statistics indicate that since 1916 the mileage of line abandoned has been substantially greater than the new mileage built.

## Modern Enoch Arden.

Durham, Jan. 1.—J. R. Page of Wake county, returned to his home in this city during the Christmas holidays, a modern Enoch Arden. Released from army service, he returned expecting to be greeted by his wife. Instead, Mrs. Ida Page Griffin welcomed him. Mrs. Page had married P. A. Griffin during her husband's absence, having been notified of his death.