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BONUS MEASURE GOES TO COMMITTEE

Parties Divide When Proposal Is Submitted to National Congress

Washington, July 15.—The administration won its battle in Congress today when the Senate, responding to President Harding's recent request recommitted the soldiers' bonus bill indefinitely to the Finance Committee.

The vote for recommitment was 47 to 29, and was interpreted by Democrats to mean the "death" of the bill but by Republican leaders to mean postponement for only 12 months, with no substantial loss to war veteran beneficiaries.

Both parties divided on the roll-call, nine Republicans voting against while eight Democrats joined the bulk of Republicans for recommitment. Republican losses on the vote were offset exactly by Democratic accessions, as two more Republicans were paired against recommitment and three more Democrats for the motion.

How Senators Voted

For recommitment: Republicans, Borah, Brandegee, Calder, Cameron, Cummins, Curtis, Dillingham, Edge, Ernst, Fernald, Frelinghuysen, Gooding, Halo, Kellogg, Kenyon, Knox, Lodge, McCormick, McKinley, McNary, Nelson, Moses, New, Nicholson, Norbeck, Oddie, Penrose, Poindexter, Shortridge, Smoot, Stanfield, Indiana, Sterling Wadsworth, Warren, Watson, Weller and Willis—39.

Democrats: Dial, Glass, King, Myers, Simmons, Underwood and Williams—8.

Total for recommitment—17.
Against: Republicans: Bursum, Capper, Elkins, Harrel, Jones, (Washn) Ladd, LaFollette, Norris and Sutherland—9.

Democrats: Ashurst, Culbertson, Broussard, Caraway, Fletcher, Gerry, Harris, Harrison, Heflin, Hightcock, Jones, (N. M.) Hendrick, McKellar, Pitman, Robinson, Sheppard, Stanley, Walsh, (Mass.) Walsh, (Mont.) and Dutton, (Ga.)—20.

It was also announced that Senators Phipps, Republican, Colorado, and Townsend, Republican, Michigan, who were absent, were paired in favor of recommitment and that Senators Reed, of Missouri, and Trammel, Florida, Democrats, were paired against recommitment.

A motion of Senator Kenyon, Republican, Iowa, to have the bill brought back at an early date was rejected, 69 to 7. Senator Pittman, Democrat, Nevada, thereupon announced he would make a motion every week here after to bring back the bill from the committee.

Strong clashes between Democratic opponents and Republican advocates of recommitment marked the closing debate. But they were mild as compared to the scenes which followed the roll-call. Among those incidents was a challenge by Senator McCumber, Republican, North Dakota, champion of the bill, to Senator Reed, Democrat, Missouri, to settle a question of veracity "outside," and shouts of "sit down," made to Senator McCumber by Senator Watson Democrat, Georgia.

Too Much Rain for the Picnic

Last Saturday was too rainy a day for people to enjoy picnics. There was said to be twenty-five hundred people who assembled at the John W. Yelvington bridge in Cleveland township for a get-together picnic last Saturday. There was so much rain that quite a number of people left before dinner. Dr. C. C. Taylor of the A. & E. College, Raleigh, was there to make a speech, but it was too rainy to have a speech. The people took to the automobiles for shelter. Dinner was served at 2:30 p. m. Besides the regular dinner carried there was a great deal of Brunswick stew and barbecue.

The place is all right for an ordinary time but there is too much red clay there for a rainy day picnic. One man stated the case by saying the people had planned for a good time and a great day but were rained out.

Mr. Robert Blauvelt, of Wilson, spent Sunday in the city.

COUNTY HOME AGENT'S WORK.

Report of Johnston County Home Demonstration Agent, January 3, to June 30th, 1921. A View of the Work Done.

Clubs: Barbour, Batten, Brogden, Benson, Emit, Glendale, Johnson, Micro, Kenly, Meadow, Mill Creek, New Hope, Pine Level, Plain View Pleasant Grove, Polenta, Pomona, Princeton, Royall, (Elevation), Selma, Smithfield, Thanksgiving, Wilson's Mills.

Membership—380.
Consultations 390; Letters 711; Circulars 842; Bulletins 1,655; Visits to club members 108; Meetings 105; Attendance 4,089; Miles 2,986.

General Remarks for January

Work with clubs—increased work with memberships, lessons in poultry and sewing work. On group center with Supt. Hipps and other educational workers. Held meeting in County Home Demonstration Advisory Council in my office to plan work. Held Dairy School with Specialists and County Agent (my part of the program was the preparation of milk dishes). Assisted some club members in marketing products. Find much interest in curing hams and canning sausage.

Since my arrival in Johnston County I have been favorably impressed with the fine spirit of cooperation existing among all County Workers. They have done everything possible for me and the work which I represent. I am deeply indebted to Miss Mamie Sue Jones, my predecessor, for the services rendered during the first week.

General Remarks for February

Special meetings attended: Group meeting of teachers and "New Conference in Raleigh."

During our short month I have continued work with By-Products of Meat Curing, Canning Sausage, Curing Hams, Sewing and Poultry.

I also helped plan School Domestic Science equipment, Sunday School Banquet and two Dairy Schools.

As chairman of Domestic Science Department of Smithfield Woman's Club, I gave to an appreciative class of twenty women, a lesson on Fish, and working with steam pressure.

I am delighted with the increased interest in Demonstration Work among girls, women and teachers. Our membership is growing rapidly.

General Remarks for March

Gardening, Poultry, Food, Clothing, Millinery Demonstration, Making over six old dresses, Altering Patterns. Special Easter Program—Food value and preparation of egg dishes, also appropriate games.

Two Dairy Schools—Farm and Home Demonstration Agents With Specialist from Dairy Division. (Home Demonstration Agent gave food value and preparation of milk dishes.

Helped a family can 76 quarts of beef. (Father cannot eat pork.) Helped bride with Interior Decoration of home.

Enrollment of girls and women still growing.

Four requests for work where there is no organization.

General Remarks for April

Gardening.
Curing meat.
Clean-up week.

Requests coming in.
Helped plan group commencement programs.

Special meeting, Smithfield, Woman's club—Sanitary and whiskey condition in town and county.
Group commencement—Thanksgiving, Pleasant Grove and Wilson's Mill, Organized Johnson Club.

Suggestions for commencement dresses and decorations.

General Remarks for May

Special work in millinery this month. Also helped a goodly number of girls and women plan commencement dresses.

More women cooperating with Home Demonstration Agent than here before.

Ordered three canning outfits and other canning supplies for club members.

Gave two programs in convenient kitchen, and have request for another.

Gave one yeast bread demonstration and have requests for three others.

Planned exhibits for fairs.

Arranged for Johnston County delegates to attend Short Course for Club girls at Peace Institute, Raleigh.

General Remarks for June

Special—Assisted with State Short Course at Peace Institute, Raleigh, (Continued on page 8)

MORE ABOUT CO-OPERATIVE SELLING

National President Farmers Union Strong for Plan; Makes Appeal

Charles S. Barrett, president of the National Farmers' Union is chairman of the organization committee of the Georgia Co-operative Marketing Association for cotton. Mr. Barrett's appeal to the cotton growers of Georgia to support the co-operative marketing plan is given, in part below.

Since the same conditions confront North Carolina cotton farmers as confront Georgia cotton farmers and since the cooperative marketing program—Mr. Barrett advocates is identical the same as the North Carolina cooperative marketing program for cotton and tobacco, his message is of interest to all North Carolina farmers and especially to members of the organization of which Mr. Barrett has been for fifteen years the national head:

Uncle Reuben, I am talking to you! If any other will listen, they will be more than welcome. And with our whole community realizing as it does, for the first time today, how deeply its entire prosperity is dependent upon yours. I hope there will be many.

But it's YOU I'm talking to, Mr. Farmer not only because it's your language that I am accustomed to speak but because what I have to say concerns your interests above all.

I want to talk to you about the Georgia Cotton Growers' Cooperative Association and what it means to you. And first, I want to explain to you why I have accepted the chairmanship of the organization committee that is trying to bring that association into being.

Because it is my duty. Because, knowing what I do of the merits and the meaning of this great co-operative movement, if I failed to face it I would be a shirker and a coward.

Because I know that his thing is RIGHT.

Because I know that victory in this battle means the final triumph of the American farmer in the great war the forces of which I have had the privilege to lead or with which I have been associated have been waging in his behalf for a generation.

Because I know that this thing spells economic freedom to Uncle Reuben!
That is why I accepted the chairmanship of the organization committee of the Georgia Cotton Growers' Cooperative Marketing.

Uncle Reuben, take my word for it—this is a mighty serious business, deserving your interest, and your attention, and your action, more than anything else that lies before you today.

I am not asking you to rely upon my own judgment exclusively, even though what happens to be the result of 25 years of intimate acquaintance with farmers' cooperative marketing efforts all over the world. I only want you to consider the fact that I have talked this thing over very carefully, not only with some of the foremost farm leaders, but with great numbers of the biggest economists, statesmen, business leaders and financiers in the United States, and not one has yet revealed a flaw in the plan.

For the Lord knows how long all the farm leaders and all the farm educators, and all the farm papers in this country that are worthy of your trust have been preaching co-operative marketing to you. They have spent their energy and some of them that have come and gone like ships that pass in the night have spent their whole existence in educating you to the point where correct action was possible.

Uncle Reuben, that point has been reached today. The fearful blow that our present system of distribution has handed to you inside of the last two years has opened your eyes like nothing before.

Uncle Reuben, you have at last waked up to the fact at least, I hope you have—that you are a genius for producing the food and clothing of the world, and the world's greatest fool when it comes to selling what you have produced.

Uncle Reuben, you have got to the point where you are thinking at last, (Continued on page 8)

SPECIAL SESSION TO BE HELD DECEMBER 6

Legislature Will Consider Finances of Cities and School Deficit

The General Assembly of North Carolina will meet in special session, December 6, to provide relief for the North Carolina municipalities suffering from the invalidation of the 1921 Municipal Finance Act and to cure a \$700,000 deficit in the school funds of the State.

Agreement for the call of a special session was reached by Governor Morrison and the Council of State yesterday but the formal call has not yet been made. Reasons for the special session were set forth by the Governor in a statement issued late yesterday afternoon.

It was the sense of the Governor, and Council of State that the cities, although thrown back on the revenue encompassed within the limits of a ten per cent increase over that available from taxes, levied in 1918 can get along very well until December when the special session will authorize them to bond the deficit created or to borrow the money to meet, starting the slate clean again with the re-enacted 1921 Municipal Act. The same is true of the \$700,000 school fund deficit which the counties will be asked to carry by advancing the State's share of the fund until December when the legislature can provide for its payment.

The re-classification of the teachers by which North Carolina advanced from the bottom of the list of States to the fourteenth is assigned by the Governor as the reason for the deficit and a reason which the Governor feels no shame for. The growth of the school and the advancement of the teachers were just beyond the imagination of the State Superintendent when he made his estimate of expenses.

Governor Morrison's statement follows:

"The Council of State unanimously gave their consent this morning for me to call an Extraordinary Session of the General Assembly to assemble on Tuesday, the sixth day of December next.

"It is with very great reluctance, and after the most careful consideration, that we reached the conclusion that an Extraordinary Session of the General Assembly could not be avoided without great injury to the State, and to the towns and cities of the State. I had very earnestly hoped to the contrary, but the statements from many towns, and cities of the State disclosed the fact that most of them are already seriously hampered and cannot hope to go for two more years under the present authority to borrow money and levy taxes.

"The General Assembly of 1919, which enacted the Revaluation Legislation, provided that the towns and cities of the State could not levy in the aggregate more than ten per cent more taxes than was levied in 1918. The towns and cities of the State had looked forward to an increase in their revenues from the usual revaluation made every four years for many years. The limitations placed by the General Assembly upon them which forbade their collecting more than ten per cent more, than in 1918, denied the towns and cities of the State the usual increase in their revenues, which had taken place at each four year period for many years.

"If the Revaluation Bill had never been passed, and the property had been valued in the old way, the towns and cities of the State would have had their revenues increased much more than was done under the Revaluation with the ten per cent limit. It was an unusual limitation upon the right of local self-government in the towns and cities. The Municipal Finance Act passed at this same session of the General Assembly restricted and changed the old law with reference to the right of towns and cities to borrow money for necessary purposes. The towns and cities, in consequence of this, were very much hampered for two years. It was generally expected when the General Assembly met in 1921, that this limitation of ten per cent in excess of the revenues of 1918 would be removed, and the Municipal Finance Act did remove it, and gave

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SIGN POSTS FOR STATE ROADS.

Give Directions and Distances at all Crossings; Mile Posts Will Be Added Later; Placing of Sign Post To Be Well Under Way by Sept.

North Carolina roads are going to have sign posts on them as soon as the district engineers get their maintenance plans into operation and care of the roads will include maintenance of sign posts at every crossing that will give the wayfarer accurate and understandable information as to whether he is headed, how far it is, and if there are any detours to be made, the condition of the detour.

Orders to this effect have been issued to the district engineers by State Highway Engineer Charles M. Upham. The nine district men have been asked to submit to the chief their notions of what the signposts ought to look like and from among the nine one design will be selected and made standard for the whole State. Anywhere the traveler sees one of the signs he will know that it is accurate and official.

With the constantly developing stream of automobile travel in North Carolina, the sign posts will be of invaluable help to the people of the State. No concerted effort has ever been made to properly mark roads, although some work in this direction has been made by counties. Largely it has been left to the whim of the local advertiser and as often as not sign posts get the traveler hopelessly lost.

Mile posts will be added to the roads as permanent construction progresses. The sign posts are for immediate use, and later the roads will be marked with a standard design of stone markers to give the mileage. Mr. Upham hopes to have the placing of sign posts well under way in the State before the first of September. Designs by engineers are to be submitted immediately and after that they will be made in quantity lots.—News and Observer.

Autos in Rock Quarry

Uncovery of a more or less general practice of driving insured automobiles in the 70 feet of water in the old rock quarry a mile east of the city reporting them lost and collecting the insurance money, got under way yesterday when Bagwell & Bagwell, prominent firm of insurance brokers here, instituted dredging proceedings in the quarry.

Two automobiles were hooked, and brought part of the way to the surface, but broke from their moorings and slipped back into the 70 feet of water. The steering wheel of one car, thought to be a Hudson missing for some weeks past, was brought to the surface. Fragments of the other car hooked indicate that it was a Ford. Operations will be continued today, and until the quarry has been thoroughly fished.

A crowd of several hundred people watched the fishing yesterday afternoon, and will probably gather to watch it again today. No happenings in the city has stirred more widespread interest than the development of rumors that many lost automobiles were at the bottom of the hole blasted here in years past when considerable quantities of stone were quarried.

Neither of the members of the Bagwell firm could be seen last night, but it is understood that rumors have been coming to them for a week or more past that more than one "lost" car upon which they had recently paid the owner insurance was at the bottom of the quarry. News of the efforts to get them out spread and hundreds of people were there yesterday afternoon to witness the program of the investigations.

The deflation period, with the price of automobiles and the inclination to buy fallen flat, is believed to have impelled owners in need of money to drive their cars into the quarry and report them lost or stolen. What secrets the dredging will eventually develop are awaited with the keenest sort of interest. Bigger crowds are expected out for today's continuation of the investigation.—News and Observer.

A number of the younger crowd here enjoyed a delightful party Wednesday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Avera, who live near town, Misses Mary and Jane Avera being the hostesses. Mrs. S. T. Honeycutt chaperoned the crowd.

JUDGE F. H. BROOKS CALLS MEETING HERE

Representative Crowd Present to Lay Plans Against Liquor Traffic

Quite a good sized representative body of men and women from all quarters of Johnston county met in the Baptist church here Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock pursuant to the call made through the local papers by Judge F. H. Brooks to consider the proposition of ridding Johnston County of the liquor making, selling and drinking business.

Judge Brooks took charge of the meeting and announced Hymn No. 209 "Standing on the Promises of God," stating that upon His promises this meeting had been planned and the work undertaken. After this song, Rev. H. W. Baucom, pastor of the Baptist church, made a very earnest prayer for the meeting and work about to be undertaken. Hymn No. 305, "More Like the Master" was sung after which Rev. C. A. Jenkins, of Clayton offered a very touching prayer for the people engaged in the whiskey business that God might turn them from their ungodly business. Hymn No. 208, "There's Power in the Blood" was sung and Judge Brooks then made a statement of the purpose of the meeting, telling how that while lying in bed nursing a sprained ankle, he had felt impressed that the time was ripe for a crusade for righteousness in Johnston County and a campaign against the liquor traffic—not only to catch and convict the blockaders and bootleggers in the courts and sentence them to the roads, but to capture them for and with Jesus and convert their souls. He stated that he had been Judge of the Recorder's Court for the past ten years that he had tried and convicted 261 persons for making or selling liquor; had imposed road sentences totalling 68 years and six months, imposed fines aggregating \$2780.00 and suspended judgment in sixty cases. He stated that in studying the situation he had been impressed with the fact that the liquor problem had not yet been satisfactorily solved and that not until the love of Jesus Christ got hold of the lives and hearts of the men engaged in the business would it be stopped.

Judge Brooks stated that numbers of men and women from various parts of the county had written him approving the proposed plan of calling all Christian people of the county to join in prayer at sunset each evening for the next thirty days asking God to help them to get right with God—to stop drinking the damnable stuff and to stop lending their aid and support to those making liquor, and to prepare the hearts of the men engaged in the nefarious business for a great revival campaign in every community in the county designed to reach these men. He said, however that in response to the card he sent out, that he had received one adverse opinion and then read a letter from Elder E. F. Pearce, of Boon Hill township, which was as follows:

Princeton, N. C. R.F.D. 1
July 13th, 1921.

Hon. F. H. Brooks,
Smithfield, N. C.
My dear friend:

"Your card received today. I beg to say that I have not read nor heard of the proposed meeting there in the Baptist church next Sunday to devise plans to rid Johnston County of the awful whiskey traffic.

"I want to say in the outset that I am as much opposed to drunkenness as any one. I can truthfully say that all the Primitive Baptist in Johnston county or anywhere else are opposed to drunkenness. I can say truthfully the Lord is not in your planning. The Lord is not in your meeting. The Lord is not in your plans to rid Johnston county of the awful whiskey traffic. Whiskey is like everything else that is sinful, it is an evil sinful curse here among the people and that to stay. Why, I say the Lord is in none of your doings to rid Johnston county of this evil, is because you said on your card 'that we are expecting to undertake great things for the Lord.' Jesus says: 'Without me ye can do nothing.' Where is your strength to remove these things? We have none. Vain is the help of man. The Bible says: Rev. 22:11 'He that

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